"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.

Fair Wednesday; Thursday cloudy; light to moderate west winds.

For full weather report see Page 23.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,863. * * * NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 12, 1912.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

ART COMMISSION LETS IN THE LIBRARY

Gives Consent to Stover's Plan to Put Frick's Gift in Central Park.

"DEEMED IT THEIR DUTY"

Can Be Stopped Now. Only if Board of Estimate Refuses Funds to Tear Down the Arsenal.

The Municipal Art Commission, at a meeting of eight of its nine members at City Hall yesterday afternoon, approved Park Commissioner Stover's plan of moving the Lenox Library offered to the city by H. C. Frick, over to the site of the Arsenal in Central Park to serve as headquarters for the Park Department.

This act on the Art Commission's part was made in the face of protests by the Park and Playgrounds Association, the Henry Street Settlement, and many civic bodies, as well as against the vote of Charles Howland Russell, one of the members of the Art Commission at the meeting.

Park Commissioner Stover, who was present at the meeting, refused, on leaving, to discuss the approval of his plan, but he received a number of congratulations as he left the City Hall. He was accompanied by Thomas Hastings of Carrere & Hastings, the architects, who will build Henry C. Frick's new residence on the Lenox Library site after that building's removal.

Secretary J. Q. Adams of the Art Commission, after the meeting said that he had understood from Commissioner Stover that the work of removing the Lenox Library building and of reconstructing it on the Arsenal site would begin within the next few days, and that the public of this city could expect to see the Lenox Library building standing complete and reopened on the site of the present Arsenal at about this time next year. The Lenox Library building will be removed stone by stone, Secretary Adams said, each stone being numbered as it is taken down. The stones as they are taken out of the building will be taken over to a point near the Arsenal. When all is in readiness the Arsenal itself will come down and the Lenox Library will go up in its place.

Only one force can possibly keep Park Commissioner Stover's plan from going through, Secretary Adams said, and that would be the refusal of the Board of Estimate to allow the Park Commissioner an appropriation for tearing down the Arsenal. The taking down of the Lenox Library building and its removal to any site which the city chooses will be done at Mr. Frick's expense. It will cost approximately $200,000, according to Secretary Adams. Mr. Frick's gift has already been accepted by the city, and all that the Art Commission had to pass upon yesterday was the site on which the historic building should be re-erected.

After the Art Commission's meeting yesterday Robert W. de Forest, its President, drew up a statement for the newspapers explaining why the commission had chosen the Arsenal site rather than at the Sheep Fold or the Sixty-fifth Street Transverse Road. The concluding sentence is: "The approval by the Art Commission of this site in no way precludes the city authorities from suggesting any other and better site, if such can be found and utilized in time to avail of Mr. Frick's gift." As the city authorities, with Mayor Gaynor's approval, in accepting Mr. Frick's gift, directed the Art Commission to choose a site, any such "suggestion" on the part of the city authorities now seems hardly possible.

A Matter of Duty.

Mr. de Forest explains that the function of the commission is "purely negative," and it could only approve or disapprove proposed sites. They were led to approve, the statement says, because no more space would be taken from the Park, because the Library is considered valuable architecturally and because Mr. Stover said it was needed for offices. The commission takes notice of the strong public feeling against park buildings, but they agree with Mr. Stover that this proposal differs from the rest.

This is the statement of the Art Commission:

Henry C. Frick has generously offered the Lenox Library Building to the City of New York, and to bear himself the entire expense of removing this building and reerecting it at whatever site the city may designate for that purpose. His offer has been accepted by the Mayor, and the city, through the Park Commissioner, with the approval of the Mayor, has applied to the Art Commission for its approval of the erection of the building on one of four sites in Central Park, viz.: Either on the north side of the Sixty-fifth Street transverse road at the point where the path into the menagerie passed under said road, or on the site of the sheepfold, west of the West Drive and just north of the Sixty-fifth Street transverse road; or on Central Park West on the axis of Sixty-eighth Street, or on the site of the Arsenal.

The Park Commissioner states thta the building is required to meet the needs of the Park Department for its general offices, and to make possible the removal from the Park of the old Arsenal Building now used for this purpose, which occupies, as he states, substantially the same area as the Lenox Library Building would occupy. He also states that if the Arsenal site is selected it will accomplish the removal of not only the old Arsenal but of the adjacent restaurant and of the nearby public comfort station.

The function of the Art Commission in this matter is purely negative. It is not within its official duties to choose a site for Mr. Frick's gift. It is only within its function to approve or disapprove any particular site proposed by the city authorities. The only alternatives now presented to the Art Commission are therefore these:

They can disapprove all locations on the ground that the building should not be placed within the confines of Central Park. In such case the city would lose the opportunity of providing headquarters for its Park Department without expense to itself; the old Arsenal would remain in the Park and continue to be used as the Park Department headquarters, and one of the most important products of the genius of Richard M. Hunt, one of America's most distinguished architects, would presumably be destroyed. For Mr. Frick states that he intends to build himself on its present site, and the opportunity to preserve this product of Mr. Hunt's genius, which is so generously offered by Mr. Frick, as we understand, must be availed of promptly to be availed of at all.

If, on the other hand, the Art Commission approves the Arsenal site, the city will attain headquarters for its Park Department without expense, three utilitarian structures which altogether occupy Park space no less—as we are informed by the Park Commissioner—than that which will be occupied by the Lenox Library Building will be removed, and Mr. Hunt's most important building will be preserved.

Choosing between these alternatives the Art Commission deems it its duty to approve the Arsenal location.

The members of the Art Commission realize that there is a strong public opinion in New York in favor of preserving Central Park for the original purposes for which it was established and to which it has been devoted. They are in sympathy with this view, and if the present project involved any greater occupation of Park space for utilitarian purposes than now exists, they might easily reach a different conclusion. The Park Commissioner insists strongly that the Park Department requires headquarters, and that these should continue to be, for practical reasons, in Central Park, where they have been for many generations past. He also calls attention to the fact that by locating the Lenox Library Building where the Arsenal is situated, and quite aside from any reason for preserving a building so important in the development of American architecture, its erection there will only be

Continued on Page 3.

ISAACS IN THE CABINET.

He Is the First British Attorney General Ever Included.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, June 12.—The announcement that the King had approved the appointment of Attorney General Sir Rufus Isaacs to be a member of the Cabinet creates a precedent, inasmuch as he is the first Attorney General ever included in the Cabinet.

The chief ministerial whip authorizes the statement that the appointment is entirely personal to Sir Rufus, and is not intended necessarily to be a permanent arrangement.

One explanation of the appointment is the desire of the Premier to strengthen the legal element in the inner Council of the Ministry, in view of the withdrawal of Lord Loreburn, but The Daily Mail points out that in no Cabinet in recent times has the legal element been stronger, thus justifying H. G. Wells's criticism that the country is governed by lawyers. Seven members of the Cabinet are barristers or solicitors by profession, namely, Asquith, Lloyd-George, McKenna, Birrell, Lord Haldane, Lord Morley, and Sir Rufus Isaacs.

"Thus," says The Daily Mail, "the legal profession is steadily strengthening its grip on the government of the country and displacing the business and landowning elements. The same tendency is observed in the French and American Governments."

CHEAP FISH BY MOVING VAN.

Housewives' League Sends Forth a Touring City Market To-day.

A traveling fish market, managed by the Housewives' League, will make its first tour of the city to-day. Hereafter on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays the league will sell fish at enough above the wholesale price to cover expenses.

The "market" is contained in a large van of four tons capacity. Three salesmen in white uniforms will preside over the van, which will make ten half-hour stops in different parts of the city.

Here is the schedule for the traveling fish market for to-day: 9 to 9:30 A. M., southwest corner Fifty-fifth Street and Third Avenue; 9:45 to 10:15 A. M., southwest corner Sixty-first Street and Third Avenue; 10:30 to 11 A. M., southeast corner Park Avenue and Sixty-sixth Street; 11:15 to 11:45 A. M., southeast corner Seventy-second Street and Third Avenue; 12:30 to 1 P. M., southwest corner Eighty-first Street and Third Avenue; 2 to 2:30 P. M., Columbus Avenue and Ninety-second Street; 2:45 to 3:15 P. M., Ninety-eighth Street and Columbus Avenue; 3:30 to 4 P. M., northeast corner 103d Street and Columbus Avenue; 4:15 to 4:45 P. M., southwest corner 111th Street and Broadway; 5 to 5:30 P. M., northeast corner of 103d Street and Broadway.

Mrs. Julian Heath, President of the Housewives' League, has sent word to the captains of that organization to give notice of the new enterprise to the rank and file, numbering 170,000. The league will endeavor to make a success of the first trip to-day.

This new movement of the Housewives' League to reduce the cost of living is being financed, it is said, by a wealthy man, whose name is withheld. He has promised, if the fish market on wheels is a success, to equip other vans in similar fashion and to send them over routes both here and in Brooklyn, selling fresh vegetables as well as fish.

HARK! THE BROOKLYN BOOMS

Borough Across the Bridge Would Like to Name a Vice President.

Brooklyn hankers for fame as a "Mother of Vice Presidents." There are those in politics there who seem to think that any favorite son of the Borough of Somnolence should take to the drowsy life of thefirs t mate of the Ship of State as a duck takes to water.

Yesterday the borough offered its fourth "Vice Presidential possibility" when ex-Judge Jacob Brenner, one of the delegates to the Republican National Convention, pirouetted into the limelight with a hand-made boom for Congressman William M. Calder, which he proceeded to launch with a few well-chosen words. Mr. Brenner believes that Brooklyn should have the Vice President.

Efforts to obtain Mr. Calder's views on the effort of Judge Brenner to retire him from the public eye were futile. He has led an active life, and several of his friends say that he is alarmed at the possibility of becoming Vice President.

Brooklyn now fairly resounds with Vice Presidential booms. Besides that of Mr. Calder, there are those of Congressman William C. Redfield, ex-Controller Herman A. Metz, and Congressman John J. Fitzgerald, Democrats.

Mr. Metz has no desire to be lost sight of by his friends for four long years. When he sees his boomers approaching he dodges behind fruit stands and into dark alleys.

"I am a fretful sleeper," says he, "and, besides, I do not need the rest."

GERMAN SAILORS FIGHT FIRE.

Aid Tenants of Flatbush Houses to Escape from Burning Homes.

Five German sailors and an American sailor who apparently had been guiding them around Coney Island jumped from a Smith Street trolley car last night and ran to East Ninth Street, near Avenue O, in the lower part of Flatbush, where a fire had spread to four frame houses. They assisted men, women, and children to get out of the houses.

Three alarms were turned in, for the flames threatened to spread. Much damage was done to the home of Frank Hahn, a real estate dealer of 1,443 East Ninth Street; to a house adjoining, and to two houses in East Tenth Street which backed on these.

How the first started is not known. It was discovered in a barn behind the Hahn home, to which it spread first.

THIEF IS HOST TO SAILORS.

Is Entertaining Seven at Coney with Stolen Funds When Caught.

Eighteen-year-old Curt Treufeldt, son of a well-to-do resident of Berlin, came here three weeks ago to study and went to live with Henry Lichtenstein of 165 East Fourth Street, in the Parkville section of Brooklyn. Lichtenstein's wife is a distant relative of the boy. On Monday he left the house and didn't return. The Lichtensteins missed $285 in cash and $800 worth of jewelry.

Last night Marquis Mears, an automobile dealer, who lives at 171 East Fourth Street, and who knew Treufeldt and had heard of his disappearance, saw him in the Bowery at Coney Island. He had one American and six German sailors with him and was buying everything in sight. Mears called the attention of Policemen Weinberg and O'Neil to him.

In the station house the boy admitted the theft and was locked up. He didn't say what had tempted him to steal.

Reduced Rates to Chicago.
Account Republican National Convention. Tickets via Pennsylvania Railroad sold June 14, 15, 16 and 17, good returning to reach original starting point on or before July 5. For full particulars consult nearest Ticket Agent.—Adv.

ARMY FLIERS KILLED IN A 30-FOOT DROP

Lieut. Hazelhurst and Al Welsh, Professional Aviator, Victims of Airship Test.

UP IN NEW WRIGHT FLIER

Military Death Toll in This Country Brought Up to Four—First Fatality at College Park.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Lieut. Leighton W. Hazelhurst, Jr., of the Seventeenth Infantry, one of the most promising of the younger aviators of the army, and Al Welsh, one of the most daring professional aviators in America, were instantly killed in a flight at the Army Aviation School at College Park, Md., at 6:30 o'clock this evening.

They had just left the ground in a new Wright "army flier" which was receiving its official climbing test when the biplane, rounding a turn, pitched forward and fell like a plummet, a distance of about thirty feet. In an instant the new army flier, in which Gen. James Allen of the Signal Corps had invested such great hopes and expectations, was a crumpled mass of débris upon the ground. Lieut. Hazelhurst and Welsh were thrown out of their seats by the impact. Hazelhurst's neck was broken and Welsh's skull was crushed.

The new Wright machine, which recently arrived here from Dayton, Ohio, was being put through next to the final round of an official test. It had completed the speed and other tests and nothing but the climbing and endurance tests remained to be accomplished. The climbing test was to be the machine's specialty. It was also the hardest requirement. The specifications called for a straightaway climb to an altitude of 2,000 feet, nearly half a mile, inside of ten minutes, with 450 pounds dead weight aboard, besides the gasoline, oil, and water. Lieut. Hazelhurst weighed 175 pounds, Welsh weighed 150 pounds, and 125 pounds of gun shot had to be carried to weigh down the machine to the carrying load required by the specifications.

Start of the Fatal Trip.

After making several beautiful flights in the new machine, Welsh announced at 6:15 o'clock that he was ready to make the climbing test—next to the last of the ten requirements asked of the machine by the War Department specifications. With Lieut. Hazelhurst as his passenger, Welsh entered his seat and off the machine shot like a bird. They climbed rapidly on the first circuit of the field, and when they reached the north end of the field and were making the turn, the biplane suddenly pitched forward and plunged to the earth. This occurred shortly after Welsh had indulged in a slight dip of his craft as a signal to the officers to take time on the start of the long upward climb.

The little group of officers standing near the hangars, the men who constituted the official board in charge of the test, never dreamed that the fall from so low an altitude would have such serious results. They rushed up to the crumbled biplane to find both men had been instantly killed.

Those in this group were Capt. Charles De Forest Chandler, commanding officer of the Army Aviation School; Capt. Paul Beck, the veteran Curtiss machine flier of the army; Lieut. Harry Graham, one of the new aviators; Lieut. Roy C. Kirtland, Lieut. Henry H. Arnold, and Lieut. Thomas De Witt Milling, all experienced members of the Army Aerial Squad.

Hazelhurst Almost Escaped.

An hour before the accident occurred Lieut. Hazelhurst, who wanted to return to Washington early to-night, had asked Capt. Frederick F. Hennessy of the Third Field Artillery, now stationed at College Park as a student of the Curtiss biplane, whether he would be willing to take his place in the Wright machine with Welsh. Capt. Hennessy agreed to do this, but just as Welsh was running the Wright biplane out of its hangar, Lieut. Milling, who is instructing Capt. Hennessy, directed him to enter the Curtiss machine. Capt. Hennessy did this, while Lieut. Hazelhurst clambered through the wires into the Wright flier, only to meet death a few minutes later.

Welsh had been at College Park almost a week demonstrating the new Wright flier, built along special lines for the Government, and regarded by the late Wilbur Wright as the best craft he and his brother had ever built. It had to meet ten very rigid tests, and army men believed it would fulfill every expectation. Gen. Allen, who had been observing its behavior at College Park for the last few days, was delighted with the showing of the new flier. It acted beautifully. In every flight except the final one it responded perfectly to every manipulation of its levers by Welsh.

The Wright aviator was jubilant, and to-day expressed the desire to finish the tests this afternoon, so that he might "go home" to-night. During the afternoon Lieut. Hazelhurst had made several pretty flights with Welsh, and just before he stepped into the biplane Lieut. Hazelhurst told Capt. Chandler that upon returning from the high climb he thought he would be willing to make his test for his regular license as a pilot before sunset. He had been under instruction by Lieut. Milling and was ready to try for his license.

Climbed to Machine Smiling.

So it was with smiles, characteristic of both men, and especially of Hazelhurst, that they climbed into the flier and were whirled away. At the time there were four other machines out of the hangars—two Wright and two Curtiss biplanes—ready for a gala round-up of the afternoon's work, but the accident put a sudden stop to the demonstrations and depressed beyond expression the little colony of military aviators.

When found the bodies of the aviators were several feet from the machine. They had evidently been thrown from their seats as the craft plunged toward the ground. Welsh's head was a mass of blood. Hazelhurst was on the ground with his neck twisted toward the right. He seemed to have died without a struggle. He wore special headgear, but it gave no protection against the breaking of his neck. Welsh wore no headgear. It is believed by army officers that he might not have been killed had he worn such protection. The men were taken on stretchers to the hangars, placed in a fast automobile and rushed to the Walter Reed Army General Hospital in Takoma Park.

The body of Lieut. Hazelhurst will be shipped probably to Georgia. Welsh's body will be sent to New York Thursday.

The deaths of Hazelhurst and Welsh mark the first accident of any kind among army aviators at College Park. The accident brings the death roll of American army aviators up to four. The first to lose his life was Lieut. "Tom" Selfridge, killed in September, 1910, at Fort Myer, in a fall somewhat similar to that of to-day during the test of the original army Wright flier.

Orville Wright, who was then piloting the craft, was seriously hurt and lingered under treatment at an army hospital six weeks and recovered. Selfridge was a passenger. In the second army accident, Lieut. John Kelley was killed at San Antonio in March, 1911. Kelley was in actual manipulation of the machine. Hazelhurst, like Selfridge, was only a passenger.

Lieut. Hazelhurst was a new-comer at the aviation school, and he had just been taught to fly one of the Wright machines and was considered one of Capt. Chandler's most promising pupils. Born in Georgia July 25, 1886, he was appointed from Mississippi, entering West Point in 1904. He was commissioner Second Lieutenant of the Seventeenth Infantry

Continued on Page 3.

Exciting Conventions Of Other Days.

William Gorham Rice, who was assistant private secretary to Grover Cleveland when Governor of New York, tells of scenes at the gatherings of 1876, 1884, and 1892 in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

5,000 STRIKERS RIOT IN PERTH AMBOY

Streets Filled with Special Police Called to Put Down I. W. W. Disturbers.

CASHIER DANGEROUSLY HURT

Attacked and Badly Beaten by Mob—Factory Officials Forced to Leave—Property Damaged.

Special to The New York Times.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., June 11.—The streets of this town are filled to-night with special policemen and detectives summoned from New York, in addition to the regular police, and between them and the several thousand men who quit work to-day in five of the big factory plants of the town there have already been several clashes. More men are expected to go on strike to-morrow, and the police and city officials are filled with unrest at the prospect, for the strikers have shown themselves unruly and ready for violence. The men demand a 15 per cent. increase in pay, and half time extra for overtime work.

Attacks were made to-night on several officers and workmen of the factories, and windows in all the plants were smashed by sticks and stones thrown by the mob. So far the plants affected and the number of men on strike in each are:

	No. Men.
The Standard Underground Cable Co..	2,500
The American Smelting and Refining Co.	1,200
The Barbour Asphalt Co.	500
The Atlantic Terra Cotta Co.	400
The Lehigh Valley Railroad Co.	200

With the exception of 1,500 men of the Underground Cable Company all these men quit work at 2 o'clock to-day. The others went on strike at the Cable Company last night. Their action is the result of the work of labor agitators, who have been here for several weeks. They have held many meetings, announcing them as Socialist gatherings, but it is believed that this was a cloak to conceal the operations of the Industrial Workers of the World. The speakers at the meetings are now believed to have been agitators of this organization.

In point of numbers the strike already has assumed fairly large proportions, and if it remain in force for another twenty-four hours many other workers, at present sticking to their posts, will be forced to quit through inability to continue their work without the co-operation of those now out.

When the majority of the strikers quit work at 2 o'clock to-day they flocked to the saloons, and when two meetings were called in Washington and Columbia Halls at 4 o'clock they were already greatly excited. What occurred in these meetings was carefully kept secret, the announcement being made that the proceedings would not be made public until to-morrow. Then the strikers scattered to the respective plants which they had left.

They armed themselves with sticks and stones and whatever else they could obtain for missiles and bombarded the various plants. Windows were smashed and the regular and special policemen seemed powerless to cope with the men. They continued lingering in the neighborhood of their former places of work until closing time to-night, and then attacks were made on all who left the plants.

E. M. Faircloth, Assistant Cashier of the American Smelting Company, attempted to leave the plant and was attacked by a crowd. James Scanlon and Howard Sedon, gang foremen, who had remained at work, went to his assistance. The three were badly beaten before special policemen rescued them, and it is feared that Mr. Faircloth's skull may have been fractured.

Frank Huber, assistant engineer at the Barbour Asphalt Company, was set upon and beaten, and only rescued when a dozen policemen charged the strikers with night sticks. Frank Bolan, a gang foreman in the same plant, was also badly beaten.

Harry Scala, a watchman at the Standard Cable Company, tried to carry dinner into the special policemen who have been housed in the plant. He was attacked and beaten and the dinner taken away from him.

Officials of several of the plants who live in New York chartered a steamboat and sailed for their homes to avoid contact with the strikers.

To-morrow an attempt may be made to bring strikebreakers in this way and to land them at piers within the yards of the various plants. Mayor Garretson will swear in 100 additional men as special policemen also, and hopes that his force will then be able to maintain order. Three strikers were arrested to-night.

CANADIAN PACIFIC EXPANDS.

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy Plans Double Tracks Through the Rockies.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Quebec, June 11.—Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, President of the Canadian Pacific Railroad, announced today that he had a scheme for double-tracking the main line of the Canadian Pacific betwene Calgary and Vancouver.

"The desirability of this double track, one that is forced upon the company, is," he says, "not only by the great growth of transcontinental traffic but also the remarkable developments which are expected to take place as a result of the opening of the Panama Canal.

"I cannot tell you when we will start this work, but the preliminary surveys for it are already being carried out. It is a big job, for it will cost between $60,000,000 and $70,000,000. The Canadian Pacific Railroad has already begun the reorganization of its operating service in the British Columbia division. The entire operating force of District 2, which is the portion of the line between Kamloops and tidewater, will be removed from Vancouver to North Bend, 129 miles inland.

WINGFIELD MADE SENATOR.

Nevada Mine Owner to Serve Out Nixon's Term.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., June 11.—Gov. Oddie announced this afternoon the appointment of George Wingfield of Goldfield to serve out the late Senator Nixon's unexpired term in the United States Senate.

Mr. Wingfield made a large fortune in the mines at Goldfield when he and Nixon were partners. The partnership was dissolved three years ago.

ROOSEVELT ALIGNS TAFT WITH BOSSES

Colonel's Ire Thoroughly Stirred by the Rejection of His Kentucky Delegates at Large.

TAFT IS FORCING HIMSELF

The Rank and File of the Party, the Colonel Declares, Will Not Stand the Nomination of President Taft.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., June 11.—"Such conduct comes dangerously near being treason to the whole spirit of our institutions; to the whole spirit of Democratic free government."

That is the charge Col. Roosevelt made against the "bosses" and the members of the National Committee who have decided contests against him in a statement which he gave out after his return to Sagamore Hill to-night. The Colonel spent the day at the Outlook office receiving reports from his managers in Chicago, and the late reports that told that the delegates at large from Kentucky had been awarded President Taft thoroughly aroused his ire.

The Colonel was asked if he would not give some further expression on the vote over the delegates at large from Indiana who were given to President Taft by a unanimous vote. Much surprise had been expressed, the Colonel was told, that even the members of the National Committee who are for him voted for Mr. Taft in these contests.

He said that his supporters in the National Committee had agreed to go the limit in refraining from voting against Taft contesting delegates where there was the slightest doubt as to the merits of the case, in order to shame the Taft faction in the committee and force them to give him a square deal on contests which should be decided in Roosevelt's favor.

Will Fight All the Harder, He Says.

The Colonel said that the action of the Taft forces in "stealing the delegates at large from Ohio" had indicated pretty clearly that they were not willing to give him a fair deal of the cards, and that the vote on Kentucky to-day came as confirmation of that attitude on the part of his opponents. So from now on he said he would wage his fight with renewed vigor. It is known that he has been counting on adding several delegates to his column, especially when the contests are heard on the cases brought in Mississippi, Texas, and Washington. In another comment on the Indiana vote, the Colonel declared that what "these bosses did in the thirteenth Indiana district showed what they intended to do to nominate Mr. Taft." And he added:

"Unfortunately there is no law to touch the astounding conduct of which the National Committee has been guilty."

To-night Col. Roosevelt, as he was standing on the porch of his home at Sagamore Hill, laughed at the reports which had stated that he would be well on his way to Chicago by now. "You see I am here," he called to the reporters. "I am not on my special train."

Here Is Col. Roosevelt's Statement.

"The question at Chicago becomes clearer with every vote of the National Committee. It is simply whether the people have the right to nominate whomsoever they wish for the highest office in their gift, or whether by deliberate theft and fraud, certain machine leaders, acting in the interest of special privilege, are to be permitted to deprive the people of this right. By an overwhelming majority where they have had the opportunity to express their wishes at the primaries, the plain people, the rank and file of the Republican Party, have repudiated Mr. Taft. Now we are face to face with the question whether the people rule the Republican Party or whether the party is to be ruled by the discredited bosses whom the people have themselves repudiated.

"Massachusetts has just defeated Mr. Crane as a delegate to the Chicago convention. But Mr. Crane is in Chicago, acting under the orders of Mr. Barnes in the steam roller tactics. Franklin Murphy has just been defeated in New Jersey as a candidate for delegate and all twenty-six New Jersey delegates are for me. But Mr. Murphy is on the National Committee at Chicago taking part in the effort to pack the convention against the choice of the Republicans of his own State. Mr. Penrose has just been defeated for delegate in Pennsylvania. But he is a Taft leader on the National Committee. Mr. Mulvane of Kansas has just been defeated for National Committeeman in Kansas: Mr. William Allen White taking his place. But Mr. Mulvane is on the National Committee acting with Mr. Penrose. The Taft people were overwhelmingly beaten in Kansas and Pennsylvania, yet Messrs. Mulvane and Penrose, the two Taft lieutenants, are foremost in the effort to thwart the will of the people who have just defeated them.

Says Taft Men Are Not "Regular."

"These men prattle about regularity. Who are the regulars? The great majority of the Republican rank and file, who have just been overwhelmingly repudiated by the bosses, or the bosses, who have just been overwhelmingly repudiated by the rank and file? To whom does the Republican Party belong? I hold that it belongs to the plain people, who make up the enormous majority of its rank and file. Mr. Taft, through his lieutenants, acts on the belief that the party belongs to the bosses. Mr. Barnes has now appeared in Chicago as Mr. Taft's chief lieutenant. The National Committeemen like Messrs. Penrose, Mulvane, Murphy and company have no claim to speak for the Republican Party, have no claim to consider themselves regular. They have just been repudiated by the Republican Party. They have no wish for Republican success. Their actions make it evident that in their anger at the party that has repudiated them, they now seek to bring the party down to share their own disaster. But these men no longer have political power in their own States. In one week more, they will be thrown out of the National Committee, and they are seeking to bring that party to utter destruction. They err if they believe that the theft of delegates by beaten and discredited bosses will be tamely acquiesced in by the mass of the Republican Party. The mass of the Republican Party will never consent to accept the view that either party regularity or party loyalty can be conditioned by theft.

"At the Presidential election of 1904, thirty-three States gave Electoral votes to the Republican nominee. Of these twenty States, Illinois, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Maine, Missouri, Vermont, New Jersey, Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas, Wisconsin, South Dakota, North Dakota, West Virginia, Washington, Oregon, and California, have had direct primaries, or at least primaries which give some show to the people to express their views, and all but two of them have declared overwhelmingly against Mr. Taft. Out of about 3,000,000 votes cast, Mr. Taft got less than one-third. In other words, out of these thirty-three States which have voted for a Republican nominee for President, the rank and file in twenty have had a chance to declare their will, and where they have thus declared it Mr. Taft has obtained but one-third of the votes, and only about one-eighth of the delegates.

"The vote at the primary in most States has been large. In Ohio, for instance, the vote at the Republican primary was about 80 per cent. as large as that at the election of the last Republican candidate

Continued on Page 2.

CASSIDY A LIFE SAVER.

Ex-Boss of Queens Rescues Two Boys from Drowning.

Joseph Cassidy, ex-President of Queens Borough, saved two boys from drowning at Far Rockaway yesterday afternoon. The rescued boys are William Geoghegan, son of Judge P. A. Geoghegan of Manhattan, with a cottage in Jarvis Lane, Far Rockaway, and John Blake, son of Peter Blake of Cedarhurst. The boys went for a swim in the ocean, and ventured too far. Neither could swim, and they got beyond their depth. Young Blake sank twice before he was rescued.

Mr. Cassidy was swimming when he heard the Geoghegan boy, who was floundering about in the water, cry for help. He swam to where the two boys were struggling, but before he could reach them the Blake boy had gone down. Cassidy dived after him and brought him to the surface and managed to keep his head above water. Cassidy not only supported the Blake boy, but also succeeded in getting hold of young Geoghegan, and he kept them both above the surface until Lifeguard Wanser reached them.

Wanser relieved Mr. Cassidy of one of his charges, and the two men then brought the youngsters safely ashore. The lads soon revived and were able to go home. Both expressed gratitude to Mr. Cassidy for saving their lives.

METHODISTS FIGHT DIVORCE.

Chicago Preachers Decide to be More Careful in Remarriages.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Methodist preachers of Chicago have agreed that hereafter they will not marry divorced persons who refuse to grant ten days for the examination of their records. These preachers believe that this precaution will tend to lessen the number of divorces.

This was decided on yesterday after the Rev. Francis Miner Moody of San Francisco, Field Secretary of the California State Commission of Marriage and Divorce, had told the clergymen that 100,000 divorces have been granted in the United States in the last year, this being seven times as many as were granted in Europe. Divorce, since 1870, has increased three and a half times as rapidly as the population, said Mr. Moody.

"Vigo County, Indiana, holds the divorce record, having more separations on its books than Reno, Nev. Illinois is worse than South Dakota and California is the worst State in the Union," he said.

ABANDON MEAT BOYCOTT.

Pittsburgh Butchers Talked the Women Out of Ten-Day Abstinence.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., June 11.—The Pittsburgh women's clubs have broken away from the meat boycott started by Mrs. Julian Heath of the New York Housewives' League. There will be no ten days' abstinence in the city. The butchers talked the women out of their plan by offering to co-operate to reduce prices.

Beginning next Saturday the butchers will donate good, cheap cuts of beef for demonstrations at the market house, at which teachers from the Margaret Morrison Carnegie Schools of Domestic Science will preside, showing the women how to prepare rough cuts in tasteful and palatable manner. This is following out the assertion of the butchers that the high cost of beef is caused chiefly by the women's demand for only the choice tenderloins and best lamb chops, the most expensive parts of a beef carcass.

Mrs. J. S. Flannery, President of the Federated Marketing Clubs has communicated the plan of the clubs to Mrs. Heath.

ATLANTIC CITY RING BEATEN.

Independents Elect Six of the Ten Candidates for Commissioner.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 11.—This city, having decided to adopt the commission form of government, the voters held a primary election to-day for the nomination of ten candidates for Commissioner. The successful ten will come up for election on July 9, when five of them will be selected to compose the commission.

Returns received from twenty-three of the forty-three precincts at midnight indicated the selection of six independent and four organization candidates. There were fifty-three candidates.

Incomplete returns show that Mayor Harry Bacharach heads the list. Running close to the Mayor is Dr. N. L. Hawkins, a negro physician, independent; William B. Riddle, organization; Dr. J. B. Thompson, independent; W. B. Cuthbert, organization; former Controller A. M. Heston, independent; Joseph A. McNamee, organization; Edwin A. Parker, independent, and A. Beyer, present Treasurer, organization.

JUDGE RAY GUARDED.

Government Fears Designs on His Life Through Counterfeiters' Plot.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., June 11.—That Judge George W. Ray, who opened the June term of the United States Supreme Court in this city to-day, is being closely protected by Government officers, was the statement made by Marshal Daniel F. Breitenstein of Utica, who was sent here for the first time. The precautions are a result of the plot which developed in the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga., and which was said to be inspired by counterfeiters offended at the enforcement of laws against them. Strangers approaching the judge find themselves closely scrutinized.

KILLED DIVING IN POOL.

Y. M. C. A. Member Went Head First from Bow of Swimming Tank.

Harold Ayres, a stenographer, 20 years old, of 661 Monroe Street, Brooklyn, was killed last night in diving into a swimming pool at the Y. M. C. A. Branch at Marcy Avenue and South Ninth Street, Williamsburg.

Several weeks ago the young man joined the organization and every evening since he has been in the pool. He dived into the "shallow" end of the pool, where the water is only four feet deep, striking his head on the bottom and fracturing his skull. His companions drew him from the water and sent for Dr. S. A. Lewis of 574 Bedford Avenue. The doctor worked over him three hours.

During the hot season, judicious use of Angostura Bitters prevents Summer complaint.—Adv.

TAFT GETS VOTES OF KENTUCKY, TOO

Seventeen Contested Delegates Go to Him and One to Roosevelt—His First.

COLONEL EXPECTED FRIDAY.

To Be Received With a Whoop and Go Right on to a Mass Meeting.

NO COMPROMISE—BARNES

New Yorker Ridicules Talk of a Dark Horse and Declares Taft Will Be Nominated.

TREASON, CRIES ROOSEVELT

Colonel Now Sees Democracy's Future Imperiled—Will Fight on All the Harder.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—For the first time since the Republican National Committee began to hear the contests over delegates to the convention which is to meet here next Tuesday to nominate a Presidential candidate, a delegate was awarded to Col. Theodore Roosevelt to-day. At the same time 17 were added to the Taft column. This makes Taft's total of the delegates thus far won by contests 101 to 1 for the Colonel.

The first Roosevelt victory, if it may be called a victory, was achieved after the committee had spent many weary hours considering contests brought from Kentucky. During the day some of the most truculent of Mr. Roosevelt's supporters sat in the committee on proxies from members whose fighting qualities had not come up to the Colonel's standard. This substitution was made as the result of directions given by the Colonel himself over the long-distance 'phone.

The Colonel, it was learned to-day, was furious when he received the news of the unfavorable turn the Indiana contests had taken at the National Committee's hearing yesterday. He at once got Senator Joseph M. Dixon, his campaign manager, on the long distance telephone and kept the wire busy for an hour expressing his extreme displeasure over the conduct of Senator Borah and Frank B. Kellogg of trust busting fame, who voted with the Colonel's enemies in the committee on the contests from the Hoosier State. The Colonel told Senator Dixon that he would be expected to do much better in the future and to-day the signal: "From now on Col. Roosevelt expects every one of his followers to do his full duty" was hoisted at the Roosevelt headquarters in the Congress Hotel.

The contests from Kentucky involved in all eighteen seats, those of four delegates at large and fourteen district delegates. All the Taft delegates were seated, except in the Eleventh Congressional District, where one of the Roosevelt men was recognized, a distinct compromise at the end of a weary day. The Taft delegates were the contestants in the Eleventh District and the fight was the first one thus far brought by them before the National Committee.

Loss of One to the Colonel.

In reality the net result of the day's work in Kentucky is a net loss of one delegate to the Colonel. The Taft campaign managers in their own tables had conceded three delegates from Kentucky to Col. Roosevelt, two from the Eleventh and one from the Fifth District. But as a result of the committee's rulings to-day he will have only two.

In the Roosevelt camp the final report on the Kentucky contests was received with mingled joy and wrath. The Colonel's campaign managers, after an unbroken line of reverses, naturally rejoiced at the first lone Roosevelt delegate to come out of the contests unscathed. For all that some of the Colonel's aggressive supporters are going about the hotel lobbies to-night, crying "fraud" and "robbery," and complaining that tactics of the worst kind were applied in deciding the Kentucky contests.

The new Roosevelt men who took their seats in the National Committee to-day were Francis J. Heney, the San Francisco graft hunter,, who sat on a proxy obtained from Thomas Thorson, repreentative of South Dakota on the committee, and Gov. Herbert S. Hadley of Missouri, who obtained his proxy from Sidney Bieber of the District of Columbia. Both fought at every point in the Colonel's interest and were ably seconded by United States Senator Borah of Idaho and Frank B. Kellogg of Minnesota. There was no mincing of words.

Mr. Heney at one point declared that the committee's decisions were plain steals, and Senator Borah time and again charged the Taft members of the committe with being dishonest in their decisions, and at the close of the hearings to-night declared that parliamentary language was entirely inadequate in characterizing the conduct of the committee.

In one sense the Roosevelt managers have reason to be pleased with their day's work. There was none of the tame submission on the part of the Roosevelt members of the National committee that had characterized the earlier hearings. On some of the roll calls also as many as six Taft members of the committee made common cause with the Roosevelt members. They were Thos F. Devine of Colorado (proxy,) Frank O'Lowden of Illinois, F. M. Simpson of Maine, M. C. Monday of Tennessee, Alfred T. Rogers of Wisconsin, and Henry B. McCoy of the Philippine Islands.

William Barnes, Jr., of New York, who looms as one of the biggest figures in the convention, arrived here this morning. He was in conference during the day with Senator W. Murray Crane of Massachusetts, who is chief engineer of the Taft ante-convention campaign here, and other Taft managers. At these conferences the entire situation was gone over and a thorough inventory of the Taft strength taken.

A murmur of gossip suggesting a possible compromise candidate which swept through the hotel lobbies to-day and to-night drew forth this statement from Mr. Barnes on behalf of the Taft forces:

"There has been talk and some newspaper publication this evening regarding a compromise candidate for President. This proposal is purely a ruse on the part of the Roosevelt forces, who realize that they will be defeated in the convention and are now endeavoring to break up the Taft alignment by talking compromise.

"Mr. Roosevelt said, and in this I agree with him, 'the compromise candidate will be me.' That the Roosevelt men themselves are talking compromise to-night is positive evidence of the loss of their cause and of their hope of creating dissension in the ranks of President Taft through appealing to the very natural instinct on the part of any Republican to avert a sharp division of forces. But the purpose is perfectly clear to the delegates here assembled.

"My only object in making this statement is that it may be given such currency that it will also be clear to the Republicans throughout the country."

"There is not the slightest doubt that Senator Root will be both Temporary and Permanent Chairman of the convention. There is not the slightest doubt in my mind that the temporary roll of the convention as made up by the National Committee will be the permanent roll. There is no doubt in my mind that President Taft will be nominated on the first ballot."

Earlier in the day Mr. Barnes issued the following statement:

> We have come here from New York under orders of the Rochester Convention to contend for the principles therein indorsed; that this is a self-controlled representative democracy, that order is the pre-requisite of progress, that principles shall not be sacrificed to opportunism; that the bill of rights and the Constitution shall be forever preserved; and to oppose any principles that may be advocated which can be construed as antagnistic to those basic principles of the State.
>
> We of New York believe that a determined effort has been made to subvert the Government, its ultimate object being an attack upon the Constitution itself.
>
> It is our great duty here to prevent this in behalf of the Republicans of New York and every citizen of the Nation.

New York in Line, He Says.

Mr. Barnes said that the New York delegation, which is due to arrive Saturday, will stand 83 to 7 for renomination of President Taft. He said also that he knew nothing of reports that the New York delegation had planned to repudiate William L. Ward, National Committeeman from New York, for his votes in the committee deliberations for Col. Roosevel.

Here are the New York delegates that are either for the Colonel or doubtful:

William A. Prendergast, Fourth District; Jacob T. Holzman of the Tenth, Charles H. Murray of the Thirteenth, John H. Nichols, alternate to Alexander Smith Cochrane; A. M. Asher of the Twenty-fourth, William L. Ward and John J. Brown of the Twenty-fifth, Lucius N. Littauer of the Thirtieth, P. G. Williams of the Thirty-second, George W. Aldridge and James L. Hotchkiss of the Thirty-eighth, and Frank O. Anderson of the Forty-third.

Some of the delegates counted against Taft are merely on the fence. Among these are George W. Aldridge and his fellow-delegates from Monroe. It is the expectation of the leaders that when the New York delegation gets here on Saturday and the delegates find that the Colonel's nomination is out of the question, all except the seven that are pledged to Col. Roosevelt will join the Taft forces.

Mr. Barnes told the newspaper correspondents that he would seek the place as New York's representative on the Committee on Resolutions when the platform will be drafted. He does not expect to become Chairman of the committee. That place is held for former Vice President Charles Warren Fairbanks or Senator Clark of Wyoming, who has the approval of President Taft. The Chairmanship of the Committee on Credentials, if the Taft forces organize the convention, is likely to go to Thomas F. Devine of Colorado.

Mr. Barnes was asked regarding candidates for Vice President.

"If Mr. Sherman wants a renomination," was his repliy, "I don't know that any delegate from his own State could consistently vote for any other man. But it is my opinion that nobody has thought much about the second place on the ticket. There will be time enough to think of that when we find out whether we are going to have a convention or a riot here next week."

The Roosevelt campaign managers are still making cocksure claims of the Colonel's nomination. Some say he will get the nomination on the first ballot. Some defer that auspicious event to the second and others to the third ballot. They are all unanimous in declaring that he cannot lose, though they have no figures and nothing else of a very tangible nature to offer in support of their assertions.

How the Fight Stands.

The real situation to-night as gathered from an impartial observer thoroughly conversant with the facts is this:

If the Republican National Committee goes along and does its duty fearlessly and without favor, as there is every indication it will, President Taft will be nominated on the first ballot when the National Convention meets here next week. The full Roosevelt strength at the present time is 464 votes. This is 76 short of a majority. This deficiency the Roosevelt people must make up by winning over Taft delegates from the Southern States.

It is known that efforts in that direction are being made by the resourceful agents of the Colonel, with what result does not appear as yet. There are indications, however, that the campaign carried on for that purpose in the home localities of the Southern delegations in some instances have been successful.

The Taft managers are bending every effort to prevent any defection from the President's delegations in the South, and if any occurs they are determined that every fact in connection with the winning over of the pledged Taft delegates from Dixie shall be exposed. They have already received assurances that the delegations from Arkansas, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, Georgia, and South Carolina cannot be budged, and they have positive assurances that the Roosevelt managers will be unable to make any inroads on the Taft delegates from States north of the Mason and Dixon line.

Sign of Roosevelt Weakness.

That the Roosevelt managers are aware of their own weakness is coming to light in more than one way. A strong indication, for instance, is the absence of any statement indicating that they have selected a candidate to place in the field to oppose Senator Elihu Root for Temporary Chairman of the convention.

It was learned to-day that they are preparing to get behind Gov. McGovern of Wisconsin, who Senator La Follette intends to present to the convention for Temporary Chairman. This is looked upon here as a confession of weakness. Senator La Follette has made it quite clear all through his primary campaigns that he will have nothing to do with Col. Roosevelt, and has even intimated that when the time comes for him to give up his fight to land the nomination for himself he would rather swing his thirty-six delegates to President Taft than to the Colonel should he be in a position to do so.

Rooseveltian Explanations.

The Roosevelt campaign managers, when asked the basis for their apparent assurance that the Colonel will win, give no figures nor facts, but explanations of a pleasing variety.

One of these is the "drift." "When the delegates come to town they will feel the 'drift' and backslide from Mr. Taft" is the way some of the Colonel's followers put it.

Others lay stress on the "righteousness of the Colonel's cause." They believe that public sentiment will be stirred up as a result of the discussions against the Colonel by the National Committee, and that this sentiment will assert itself and be brought to bear on the delegates before they leave their homes to come to the convention.

Bainbridge Colby of New York, who has been one of the Colonel's stanchest friends, and who has fought some of his battles before the National Committee, is one who believes that the convention will reverse the decisions of the National Committee or at least place the stamp of its disapproval on the committee's work by nominating the Colonel.

"Those who oppose Col. Roosevelt do not oppose him because they want to nominate President Taft," said Mr. Colby. "They would be much better pleased if they could put in a third man. They are for Taft because that is the only way they can defeat Mr. Roosevelt. Now you can hold a convention or a party for some man, but you cannot hold either a convention or a party merely to defeat a man. You can hold a party for sound and honest party principles, but you cannot use a great party to do the spite work of a few bosses."

Another reason advanced by the Roosevelt men for the faith that is in them is that a majority of the delegates are convinced that when they vote for President Taft they will be voting for a man who cannot win, while the Colonel possibly could.

After all these reasons have been advanced by as many Roosevelt enthusiasts some of the Colonel's followers who profess to be on the inside wink their eyes slyly and declare that the National Committee, through its sittings, has been toiling laboriously to defeat the Colonel by throwing out his delegates, but has succeeded merely to seat delegates who, though pledged to President Taft, when the time comes for the convention will be found to be for Col. Roosevelt.

Roosevelt leaders announced to-night details of a mass meeting for Friday afternoon, which will be staged at Chicago's largest theatre, as a spectacular preliminary to the opening of the Republican National Convention next Tuesday. Congressman William Kent of California, who made the announcement of the proposed demonstration, said that the principal addresses at the meeting would be delivered by Judge Ben B. Lindsey of Denver and Attorney Francis J. Heney of San Francisco. Also, it is probable that Gov. Johnson of California and Gov. Stubbs of Kansas will speak.

Colonel Is Now Expected.

To-night it was admitted at the Roosevelt headquarters that the Colonel had given a "half promise" to come to Chicago. A spectacular reception is being planned. The Colonel is to advance on Chicago as he advanced on San Juan Hill. There will be Rough Riders at the railroad station to meet him and escort him to the Blackstone Hotel, where the management now admits the Colonel has asked, over his own signature, to have a suite reserved. When he gets here the mass meeting will await his coming at the Auditorium. He is expected to make his first appeal to the people at this meeting.

It was said to-night that Gov. Stubbs of Kansas was the chief engineer of this demonstration and had gone to Oyster Bay as an emissary to convince the Colonel that he should come. There are some men in the Roosevelt camp who have advised against his coming. Among these are his own campaign manager, Senator Dixon, and some of the most practical men in American politics who to-day are fighting the Colonel's battles. Flinn of Pennsylvania is one of them.

While the demonstration in this city is being looked upon as the principal event in connection with the Colonel's appeal to the people, other demonstrations are being arranged in cities of the Middle West. It is from that section the Colonel expects his moral support to come. These demonstrations are directed against the action of the Republican National Committee, and the Colonel's campaign managers here, who are financing and directing the demonstration campaign to-night, gave out resolutions, adopted at such meetings in Duluth, Minn.; Kingman, Kan., and Lawton, Okla.

It was said late to-night that every attempt to overawe the National Committee or the National Convention would fail. The Taft managers feel convinced that if the strongest and most practical men in the Roosevelt movement should be placed in the position where they would have to choose between following the Colonel in a bolt and their party regularity, the Colonel would lose them.

TAFT VICTORY IN KENTUCKY.

Gets 17 Delegates to Only One for Col. Roosevelt.

CHICAGO, June 11.—One delegate for Col. Roosevelt, the first awarded to him since the National Committee began the hearing of the contest cases last Friday, and 17 for President Taft were the net results of to-day's session of the Republican National Committee.

In all 101 delegates have been put into President Taft's ranks since the committee opened its hearings.

The one placed in the Roosevelt column to-day was D. C. Edward, from the Eleventh District of Kentucky. The Taft forces on the committee refused by a vote of 33 to 19 to seat both of the Roosevelt delegates whose places were contested by the Taft delegates, but agreed to a split which gave Col. Roosevelt and President Taft each one delegate from the district.

The half victory for Col. Roosevelt came at the end of a day in which all of the other much-discussed Kentucky contests brought by Roosevelt men were decided in President Taft's favor. In some of these the Roosevelt men acquiesced, in others they mustered a vote of from 11 to 17 against the Taft decisions.

Kentucky Cases Heard.

The National Committee was called to order by Chairman Rosewater at 10:15 o'clock. The case of Kentucky's four contested delegates at large was the first called.

The Kentucky Roosevelt contestants for the places of delegates at large were only two in number, Judge E. C. O'Rear and Leslie Combs, but the Taft delegation consisted of the full quota of four. They were Senator W. O. Bradley, James Breathitt, W. D. Cochran, and J. E. Wood.

The Roosevelt Charges.

Judge E. C. O'Rear, heading the contesting Roosevelt delegation, began the Roosevelt arguments.

"The charge we have made in Kentucky," he said, "is that the machine methods have gotten so far into the Republican Party that the independent voter has little choice between the Republican and Democratic parties."

Judge O'Rear declared he would try to show that there was a "deliberate plan to carry Kentucky for the President," against the wishes of the people, and that this plan was participated in by the party leaders and the Republican State Committee.

Federal office holders, said Judge O'Rear, were at the bottom of the "trouble" in Kentucky. Most of it occurred, he said, in counties where Federal office holders were County Chairmen. They "sat in judgment," he said, upon the credentials and rights of all delegates.

In Breathitt County, he said, the Republicans had proceeded under the regular call, but there was a dispute, and each side put up a Chairman.

"The Roosevelt man won," he said. "There was no question or doubt about it. The convention proceeded to elect delegates to the State Convention. When they appeared there, they were confronted with a contest. The Taft delegates had been selected at a meeting in the office of a Taft man, but the convention seated the Taft delegates."

Judge O'Rear declared that hundreds of Ohio and West Virginia men had come into Kentucky to take part in the Boyd County Convention. He said that in other counties, non-residents had come in to participate in the convention.

In the State Convention, presided over by Senator Bradley, Judge O'Rear declared that control by the Taft forces had been allowed by seating contested delegations.

Didn't Claim Election.

"We do not claim we were elected," said Judge O'Rear, "because there was no opportunity given to elect us. We have brought this question direct to the highest party authority. If you have the right to decide who can sit in the Convention, you also have the right to expurgate that roll, and to refuse seats to those not properly elected.

"The total vote we claim was taken from Col. Roosevelt in the First district was about 620," said Judge O'Rear.

"In the Second District," he said, "the Taft forces saw in advance that they were outnumbered in the Daviess County convention and hurried to the hall and elected Taft delegates before any one else had a chance to come in."

Ex-Senator Scott of West Virginia objected to Judge O'Rear's statement that West Virginia voters had been imported into Boyd County to vote for the Taft organization.

"West Virginia's mountaineers cannot and do not sell their votes for fifty cents," declared Scott.

"What is their price?" asked a member of the committee.

"They have no price," said Scott, and the committee laughed.

"How do you know these alleged non-residents did not vote for the Roosevelt delegates?" he added, turning to Judge O'Rear.

"Most of them had Taft badges on," replied the Kentuckian.

Judge O'Rear declared that if the committee did not give fair consideration to the Kentucky case, "our only choice will be to appeal to the National Convention, and its Committee on Credentials."

"In how many counties were the Roosevelt delegates unseated?" asked Mr. Kellogg.

"They were unseated in fourteen, and divided in five others," said Judge O'Rear.

Mr. Kellogg asked if the Committee on Credentials in the State Convention had seated any Roosevelt contestants.

"Yes, they seated more than 100 of them," said O'Rear.

He continued that had the Credentials Committee seated the Roosevelt delegates who were entitled to seats, Roosevelt would have carried the convention.

Scoffs at Roosevelt Claims.

W. D. Cochran, one of the contested Taft delegates at large, declared that if every Roosevelt contesting delegation had been seated in the State Convention, the Taft forces would still have had a majority.

Frank B. Kellogg asked if there had been a primary in Jefferson County, in which Louisville is situated. The Taft delegates said there had been a primary and that the Roosevelt delegates and Taft delegates who were elected had agreed to divide the county in the State Convention.

"It would seem that there was a preconceived idea in many counties to select delegates and arrange contests, when the county could not be carried for Roosevelt," said Mr. Cochran.

E. H. Morrow, Assistant District Attorney at Covington, one of the Taft attorneys, declared that every contest the Roosevelt forces had "thought good enough to bring before the Credentials Committee" had been carefully considered.

"If we gave you all of those contests," he said, turning to Judge O'Rear, "you would have had only 883 votes in a convention of 2,300. You would not have been ace-high if you had been given all of them."

Mr. Cochran thereupon presented a written agreement, dividing equally the 272 votes of Jefferson County, which had been signed by the Taft and Roosevelt leaders.

The Kentucky attorneys and delegates were asked to withdraw while the committee acted. Committeeman McCoy of the Philippines moved to seat the Bradley, or Taft delegates.

Francis J. Heney of California, who was in the committee on the proxy of Mr. Thorson of South Dakota, protested against voting before time had been given to examine the affidavits which Judge O'Rear had offered.

"This looks to me just like things I have seen Abe Ruef do in San Francisco," he said.

38 to 11 for Taft Delegates.

The motion to seat the delegates was renewed. On a roll call demanded by the Taft forces, the Taft delegates were seated by a vote of 38 to 11.

Frank O. Lowden, Illinois; Cecil Lyon, Texas, and O. R. Burnam, Kentucky, declined to vote.

The negative votes were: Knight, California; Dupont, Delaware; Borah, Idaho; Wight, Louisiana; Kellogg, Minnesota; Flanigan, Nevada; Ward, New York; Thorson, South Dakota; Monday, Tennessee; Loose, Utah, and Dieber, District of Columbia.

Mr. Heney, who cast the negative vote of Thomas Thorson, South Dakota, again made sharp remarks to the committee.

"I am satisfied," he said, "that the same conditions exist in Kentucky as had existed for thirty or forty years in California. I can understand how gentlemen from Pennsylvania and other States cannot appreciate the existence of such conditions."

The first Kentucky district case was then called. Mr. McHarg and Judge O'Rear said their case rested on their former arguments and on affidavits that had not been presented, but not read. The committee asked Judge O'Rear to give the substance of the affidavits.

In Calloway County, he said, the convention was set for 1 o'clock, but was called at 12:30 by Mr. Downs, a Postmaster, and when the Roosevelt people got there, the convention was over.

"On this case I admit that our evidence is meager," he said.

Senator Borah asked if the Roosevelt people would have had a majority of the Calloway County Convention "if they had reached there in time." Judge O'Rear said he had no evidence on that.

Other committee members asked whether the Roosevelt men would have controlled the County Convention if they had been there when it organized.

Judge O'Rear said he had been unable to find out.

"If you insist on pinning me down," added Judge O'Rear, "I'll admit that we have a mighty slim case here, but slim cases are sometimes won."

"You are resting your case," added Senator Borah, "on the promise that the Roosevelt people may have arrived too late for the convention but in time for the call."

The Taft delegates from the First Kentuck District were seated by the unanimous vote of the committee. A roll call on Senator Sanders's motion to seat them resulted 46 to 0, Roosevelt men supporting the motion.

The second district case was then called. Judge O'Rear said that Taft had 64 and Roosevelt 57 votes in the convention, while 77, representing three counties, were in contest.

After hearing both sides the committee ordered the Taft delegates from the Second Kentucky District seated. The vote was 51 to 0.

A roll call showed all Roosevelt members of the committee voting for them except Francis J. Heney, the proxy of Thomas Thorson of South Dakota, and Gov. Hadley, holding the proxy of Sidney Beiber of the District of Columbia, who asked to be excused from voting. Gov. Hadley said he had not heard the evidence.

In the case of the Fourth Kentucky District, next called, Judge O'Rear announced that the contest would be withdrawn, as it was similar to those in the first and second districts already disposed of.

The committee ordered the two Taft delegates seated on the temporary roll of the National Convention.

The Seventh Kentucky District was then taken up. Henry T. Duncan, Jr., one of the Roosevelt contestants, presented the case. Ormsby McHarg, the Roosevelt contest attorney, was absent when this case and the preceding one were taken up.

Mr. Duncan declared that the legal boundaries of the Seventh Congressional District had been changed by State reapportionment between the time when the district convention was called and the time when it was held.

The Taft convention represented the eight counties in the district when the official call was issued. The Roosevelt forces insisted that all twelve counties in the newly drawn district should be taken, and they withdrew from the convention and organized another.

Committeeman Kellogg drew out the fact that the time for the district conventions had been recommended by the Republican State Committee, which issued the calls for the county conventions. Mr. Duncan then declared the district conventions should have represented the districts as they existed when the delegates were selected. On the basis of the counties that should have been represented, he said, he believed Col. Roosevelt was entitled to the two Seventh District delegates.

Charges a Taft Conspiracy.

Mr. Duncan charged that in Scott County there was a "conspiracy" engineered by "the Postmaster and his brother" with the deliberate purpose to defraud. He declared that a Taft man, a negro, appointed to count the Taft supporters, "counted single men as five and ten," and counted Democrats who were on the platform.

The Roosevelt men could not find room in the convention hall, he said, and held their convention outside.

Other counties represented questionable methods of procedure, he said.

An ex-convict, a negro, he said, had been active in the Taft forces in one of the conventions.

R. C. Stoll of Lexington denied a charge of the Roosevelt attorneys that the vote in the Fayette County Convention was not counted fairly.

The committee asked him to take up the matter of the Seventh District's rearrangement by which four counties were added to it. He said the Republican State Central Committee met on Feb. 17, when no redistricting bill had yet been pressed by the State Legislature. To cover the situation the committee issued a call for conventions in districts "as now constituted." Later the Seventh and Tenth Districts were changed by the Legislature, but it was then too late to change the plans for the conventions. The State Central Committee later reaffirmed the authority of the old districts to proceed to the selection of National and State Convention delegates.

Mr. Stoll said that the counties had all participated in the old districts. Judge O'Rear declared that he personally had protested against his county taking part in the Tenth District convention.

The district conventions, Mr. Stoll continued, had been called about March 1, and the redistricting bill was passed on March 12.

Taft Tide Sweeps On.

When a roll call on the Seventh District was asked for the Taft delegates won by a vote of 38 to 13, the Roosevelt men all voting in the negative.

Those who voted in the negative on the Seventh Kentucky District case were Knight, California; du Pont, Delaware; Borah, Idaho; Burnam, Kentucky; Wight, Louisiana; Kellogg, Minnesota; Littauer (for Flanigan of Nevada), Ward, New York; Capers, South Carolina; Henri (for Thorson of South Dakota); Lyon, Texas; Loose, Utah; Hadley (for Beiber of District of Columbia).

Mr. Kellogg of Minnesota said that he had voted "no" because the district lines had been changed before the delegates were elected. Mr. Heney declared that he voted "no" because he believed the evidence showed there was a "mass of corruption" throughout the State of Kentucky in the Republican activities.

In the Fifth Kentucky District, where two Taft and two Roosevelt delegates were selected with half a vote each instead of the two delegates specified, the committee was asked to let all four enter the National Convention with half a vote each. These delegates were not contested.

Mr. Kellogg advocated seating them, but Secretary Hayward urged the committee not to admit extra delegates. If the precedent were established, he said, each State would soon elect double the number of delegates and there would be no room in the convention to seat them.

Mr. Heney again broke into the debate.

"I'm satisfied that if the people of the United States could know what has happened in Kentucky alone," he said, "they would never submit to being robbed of self-government as they have been."

Secretary Hayward called Mr. Heney's attention to the fact that no contest was involved in the Kentucky case and that the two delegate seats in the Fifth District had been divided by agreement between Taft and Roosevelt.

Mr. Kellogg's amendment to seat all four men with half a vote each was lost.

Senator Penrose proposed that the delegates be allowed to decide who should sit in the convention and this plan was indorsed by the committee.

Lined Up in Courthouse Yard.

The Eighth Kentucky District contest was next called. Judge O'Rear said that in this district also the convention was held in the court house yard. The two sides lined up for Temporary Chairman, and he said the Chairman refused to count the delegates. More than sixty witnesses had sworn, said Judge O'Rear, that the Roosevelt crowd was larger than the Taft crowd, but the Chairman finally declared the Taft Chairman elected. Less than four hundred Taft men went into the court house to hold a convention, while 468 Roosevelt men stayed on the outside, he averred, and organized another convention, claiming a majority of the regular delegates.

Judge O'Rear further declared there were a number of Democrats in the Taft convention who were alleged to have been "induced for a consideration" to vote in the convention. He also alleged that residents of Estill County, in an adjoining district, came down on morning trains to vote in the Eighth District convention.

Fair, Says Taft Delegate.

C. C. Wallace, one of the Taft delegates from the Eighth District, declared that there had been no irregularity whatever in the holding of the convention. He said the Taft forces had a majority of the uncontested delegates in the district convention and that a fair hearing had been given all contestants.

"There was no steam roller in that convention," said Mr. Wallace. "It was one of the fairest conventions held in the United States. That district was overwhelmingly for President Taft. This talk of the Roosevelt sentiment predominating is not true of the Eighth District."

In Madison County, where frauds were alleged to have occurred, Mr. Wallace declared that only two out of twenty-five precincts showed big majorities for Roosevelt. He said further that no contest had been presented at the district convention. William S. Law, who said he was present at the convention, interrupted from the Roosevelt table to say that he had tried to present the Mercer County contest at the district convention, but was prevented from doing so.

Mr. Wallace presented an affidavit from one member of the Credentials Committee to show that there had been no contest from Mercer County, while Judge O'Rear produced an affidavit from another member of the Credentials Committee to the effect that contests had been presented, but that no evidence was considered by the committee.

Mr. Wallace said that in the Madison County Convention he proposed to crowd everybody into the court house and then "count the Taft men out through the front door and the Roosevelt men out through the back door."

"In that way we would have had an absolutely square count," he said, "but they would not agree to it and went on the outside.

"If the Democrats were taken out we would have had the convention five to one. With the Democrats in, we had it two to one."

Mr. Wallace declared that the Taft forces had proposed the selection of tellers, a majority of whom should be Roosevelt men, but the Roosevelt forces would not agree to it. He further said that the whole convention had been held on the outside of the Madison County Court House.

The Eighth District contestants had withdrawn when Committeeman A. R. Burnam of Kentucky asked permission to make a statement on the Kentucky case. The committee decided to recall the contestants to hear the testimony.

Judge Burnam said that he lived in Richmond, county seat of Madison County. He declared that the two factions had assembled in the court house yard, that the Taft men had refused a count on the election of a Temporary Chairman, and that the Roosevelt men then organized their own convention and selected a Roosevelt delegation to the Eighth District convention.

A request was made to let Mr. Wallace reply, and Senator Borah moved that some additional Roosevelt affidavits also be heard.

Both proposals were refused by the committee, which was plainly determined to end the long debate over the Eighth District case.

The committee room was cleared of contestants. Mr. Vorys of Ohio moved the seating of the Taft delegates.

This Vote 35 to 17 for Taft.

The Roosevelt men asked for a roll call, which was granted, and the Taft delegates were seated by a vote of 35 to 17.

The negative votes included the following in addition to those who had previously voted for Roosevelt contestants during the day:

Lowden, Illinois; Simpson, Maine; Rogers, Wisconsin; Shackleford, Alaska.

Francis J. Heney, again explaining his vote, said this was a plain case of "steal."

"Thank you," simultaneously remarked several members of the committee.

Chairman Rosewater was absent when the vote was taken.

An effort was made at this point by Senator Borah to secure an adjournment until 9 o'clock Wednesday morning. The motion was voted down and the committee called the Tenth Kentucky District case. Here again the boundary lines of the district had been changed by the Legislature after the district conventions had been called and the Taft delegates were elected from the old district.

Judge O'Rear said that the old and new districts of ten counties were taken out of the district by the redistricting, and only six of the original counties were left. He declared that Roosevelt had carried the new Tenth District, while the Taft forces elected their delegates from the old Tenth District.

R. C. Stoll again defended the Taft delegates' right to seats, on the ground that the convention had been properly held under the Republican State Committee's call.

Every Kentucky district had its proper representation in one of the district conventions under the old plan, he declared.

"This is a very convenient plan for people who were licked," said Mr. Stoll.

"If we had gone ahead and had our conventions in the new districts, Judge O'Rear would have been here declaring they should have been held in the old districts. This is merely a convenient means for a contest."

The vote in this district was unanimous for the Taft delegates, 52 to 0.

Mr. Heney, who voted against this contest, again explaining his vote, said he believed the Republican State Committee had the right to call conventions in the old districts.

First Contest by Taft Forces.

The Eleventh District, last of the Kentucky districts, was next taken up. In this district the Taft delegates appeared as contestants. E. P. Morrow declared the Taft forces had 14 majority of the uncontested Taft delegates, while there were 123 contested delegates.

The Roosevelt forces had elected a Temporary Chairman with the aid of contested delegates, he said, and then broke the "established party law" by having the Chairman appoint a Credentials Committee of Five instead of letting the convention select a committee of one from each of the nineteen counties.

Mr. Morrow declared that the Roosevelt forces had seized the Credentials Committee, because a fair hearing of the contest cases would have given the Taft forces control of the convention.

In Owsley County, he declared, Isaac Wilder, the County Chairman, after certifying to the credentials of the Roosevelt men, admitted that the "Taft people had the most men, but we had the best men," so he had issued the Roosevelt credentials.

In Clay County, he said, the Taft men had control, but "a man named White, who had some reputation as a 'killer,' called a Democrat out of the crowd to preside, and forced them to nominate Roosevelt men."

He made other charges of illegal action on the part of the Roosevelt forces in the different counties. The district convention split when it met. He asserted that the Roosevelt convention was illegal.

Calls Taft Men the Bolters.

Judge O'Rear declared that the Roosevelt delegates in the Eleventh District were regular and that the Taft men had bolted. He said that the party law which the Roosevelt convention was alleged to have broken in naming a Credentials Committee of Five, had been similarly broken by the Taft convention.

Judge O'Rear denied charges that the county conventions had been illegally controlled for Roosevelt. He said he had no information regarding Owsley County, however, except the credentials presented by the Roosevelt men at the district convention.

Senator Borah declared his belief that any party laws in Kentucky could have been changed by the convention when it met. The district convention, he declared, had the power to decide how it should act.

"A State Convention, as soon as it adjourns, is as dead as a door nail," Senator Borah declared. "It cannot make any law, party or otherwise, that has to be observed. It is purely a political precedent."

A motion to seat one Taft delegate and one Roosevelt delegate from the Eleventh District was made by Mr. Vorys of Ohio. Senator Borah declared there was no justification for such action.

"You are trying to split the delegation," he declared. "I have seen your consultations."

Mr. Capers of South Carolina offered as a substitute a motion to seat the two contested Roosevelt delegates. This was seconded by Mr. Borah and several other Roosevelt men.

The Capers motion was defeated 33 to 19.

The Vorys motion to seat D. C. Edwards, a Roosevelt delegate, and O. H. Waddle, a Taft delegate, was then carried without a roll call.

Those whose votes were cast for the Roosevelt delegates were: Barker, Alabama; Knight, California; Cavender, Colorado; Du Pont, Delaware; Borah, Idaho; Lowden, Illinois; Burnam, Kentucky; Wight, Louisiana; Simpson, Maine; Kellogg, Minnesota; Flanigan, Nevada; Ward, New York; Capers, South Carolina; Thorson, South Dakota; Monday, Tennessee; Lyon, Texas; Loose, Utah; Rogers, Wisconsin; Beiber, District of Columbia.

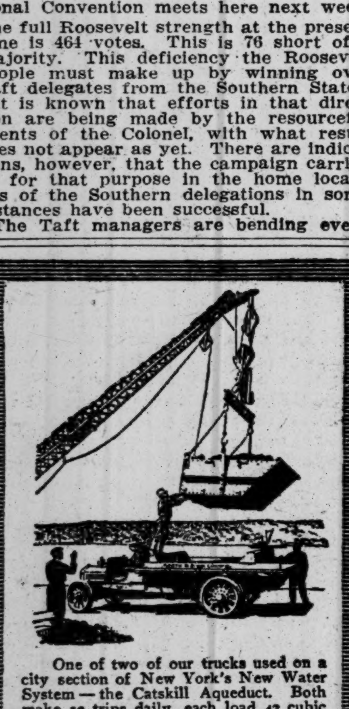
The committee adjourned at 7:35, after nine and a half hours of continuous work. To-morrow's session will begin at 9 o'clock, and will probably extend into the evening. The California, Arizona, and Louisiana contests will be taken up.

HOW THE DELEGATES STAND.

Taft's Grand Total 568 to Roosevelt's 464—Changed by Contests.

The standing of the delegates to the Republican National Convention, on the face of the returns, including the action of the National Committee on the contests up to last night, is given in the table below:

TAFT.	
Instructed and Not Contested.	
Alabama (complete)	24
Arkansas (complete)	18
Colorado (complete)	12
Connecticut (complete)	14
Florida (complete)	12
Georgia (complete)	28
Illinois (Fifth District)	2
Indiana (four at large and seven districts)	18
Iowa (four at large and First, Second, Fifth, Sixth, Eighth, and Ninth Districts)	16
Kansas (First District)	2
Kentucky (four at large and First, Second, Third, Fourth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, and one delegate each from the Fifth and Eleventh District)	24
Louisiana (First, Third, and Fifth Districts)	6
Massachusetts (First, Second, Third, Sixth, Eighth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, and Thirteenth Districts)	18
Michigan (First, Sixth, Eighth, Tenth, Eleventh, and Twelfth Districts)	12
Mississippi (First to Seventh Districts, inclusive)	14
Missouri (Ninth and Thirteenth Districts)	4
Montana (complete)	8
Nevada (complete)	6
New Hampshire (complete)	8
Ohio (part)	14
Oklahoma (Fourth District)	2
Rhode Island (complete)	10
South Carolina (four at large and Second, Third, Fifth, and Seventh Districts)	12
Tennessee (four at large and First, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, and Tenth Districts)	18
Utah (complete)	8
Vermont (First District)	2
Virginia (First, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, and Tenth Districts)	10
Wyoming (complete)	6
Hawaii (complete)	6
District of Columbia (complete)	2
Porto Rico (complete)	2
Total instructed for Taft	338
Uninstructed, Uncontested, but Pledged.	
Delaware (complete)	6
Idaho (part)	2
Indiana (Second District)	2
Michigan (Seventh District)	2
Missouri (Tenth, Eleventh, and Twelfth Districts)	6
New Mexico (at large)	2
New York (4 at large and 39½ districts)	83
North Carolina (1 from First District)	1
Pennsylvania (part)	12
South Carolina (Fourth and Sixth Districts)	4
Tennessee (1 from the Eighth District)	1
Texas (Sixth and Eleventh Districts)	4
Virginia (Fifth District)	2
Vermont (4 at large)	4
Total uninstructed for Taft	136
Contested by Roosevelt.	
Alaska (complete)	2
Arizona (complete)	6
Louisiana (6 at large and Second, Fourth, Sixth, and Seventh Districts)	14
Michigan (6 at large)	6
Mississippi (4 at large and Eighth District)	6
Missouri (Third District)	2
North Carolina (Third District)	2
South Carolina (First District)	2
Tennessee (Second and Ninth Districts)	4
Texas (First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, and Fourteenth Districts)	20
Virginia (4 at large and Second, Third, Fourth, and Sixth Districts)	12
Washington (all)	14
Philippines (all)	2
Oklahoma (Third District)	2
Total Taft delegates still contested by Roosevelt	94
ROOSEVELT.	
Instructed and not Contested.	
California, (complete)	26
Illinois, (all but Fifth District)	56
Indiana, (Sixth, Eighth, Ninth, Eleventh, and Twelfth Districts)	10
Kansas, (four at large and Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, and Eighth Districts)	18
Kentucky, (Fifth and Eleventh Districts, one each)	2
Maryland, (complete)	16
Massachusetts, (Fourth, Fifth, Seventh, Ninth, and Fourteenth Districts and eight at large)	18
Michigan, (Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, and Ninth Districts)	10
Minnesota, (complete)	24
Missouri, (Fourth, Second, Sixth, Eighth, Fifteenth, and Sixteenth Districts)	12
Nebraska, (complete)	16
New Jersey, (complete)	28
North Carolina, (four at large and Second, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, and Tenth Districts)	20
Ohio, (part)	34
Oklahoma, (all but Third District)	16
Oregon, (complete)	10
Pennsylvania, (twelve at large)	12
South Dakota, (all)	10
Texas, (Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fifteenth, and Sixteenth Districts)	8
Vermont, (Second District)	2
West Virginia, (complete)	16
Total instructed for Roosevelt	364
Pledged.	
Idaho, (part)	6
Maine, (all)	12
New Mexico, (one at large)	1
New York, (part)	7
North Carolina, (one from First District)	1
Pennsylvania, (fifty-two named in primaries)	52
Tennessee, (one from Eighth District)	1
Total not instructed but pledged to Roosevelt	80
Contested by Taft.	
Texas, (eight at large)	8
Missouri, (eight at large, each with half vote, and First, Fifth, Seventh, and Fourteenth Districts)	12
Total contested by Taft	20
PLEDGED TO LA FOLLETTE.	
North Dakota, (complete)	10
Wisconsin, (complete)	26
Total for La Follette	36
INSTRUCTED FOR CUMMINS.	
Iowa, (five districts)	10
RECAPITULATION.	
For Taft—Instructed, not contested	338
Not instructed, but pledged	136
Contested by Roosevelt	94
Total for Taft	568
For Roosevelt—Instructed, not contested	364
Not instructed, but pledged	80
Contested by Taft	20
Total for Roosevelt	464
For La Follette—All pledged	36
For Cummins—All instructed	10
Total delegates in convention, 1,078.	
Total necessary to nominate, (majority,) 540.	



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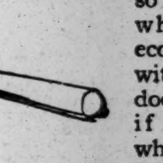

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ARMY MODEL PUTTEE LEGGINS, olive drab to match suit. 60c.

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CONGRESSMAN DIES; CAUGHT UNDER TRAIN

Wife Chatting Gayly in House Gallery as Clerk Begins to Announce News.

READING STOPPED IN TIME

To Spare Her the Sudden Shock, but She Faints on Hearing of Mr. Wickliffe's Accident.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—A pretty young woman, slim and dark-haired, with a jolly smile and a dimple, sat in the House gallery to-day with her sister. She was the wife of a Congressman, and she was explaining to her sister the proceedings of the House. She laughed and joked as she did so, and the sister joined in her merriment.

Down on the floor things were not so jovial. The House was grinding through its ordinary routine in its monotonous way. Over on the Democratic side Gen. Estopinal of Louisiana was drafting a resolution that the House should adjourn out of respect to the memory of Representative Robert C. Wickliffe of that State, who had been run over and killed by a train this morning.

Presently the2 resolution, which the General had drafted with the aid of one of the clerks of the House, was in shape to be offered. The General arose to his height of six feet one or two, and announced that he had a resolution to offer. Speaker Clark banged his gavel and directed the clerk to read it.

In the usual sing-song way the clerk was beginning to read the resolution and had got out the first word or two when Gen. Estopinal, with panic in his face, suddenly sprang up the steps leading to the Speaker's desk and asked him in a frightened whisper to stop the clerk who was reading the resolution.

The General returned to his seat and the clerk, with a look of astonishment, stopped reading. All the House looked up with suddenly aroused interest. So did the people in the galleries, and none more so than the pretty young woman who was showing her sister around. She leaned over the gallery, still laughing, her chin on her hand, wondering what the excitement was about. What had happened was this:

Gen. Estopinal had just whispered the Speaker:

"For God's sake stop the reading of that resolution. Mrs. Wickliffe is in the gallery and she doesn't know that her husband is dead."

Mr. Clark banged his gavel again. The bewildered clerk looked up and received a whispered order from the Speaker. He switched to something else and the resolution was not read.

"Go up to her," whispered Speaker Clark to Gen. Estopinal, "get her out of the gallery in some way, and break the news to her. After you have got her out of the way you can introduce your resolution."

It was due to Representative McKellar of Tennessee that Mrs. Wickliffe did not learn in this terrible way of the death of her husband. Just as Gen. Estopinal sent his resolution to the clerk's desk Mr. McKellar happened to glance up into the gallery and saw Mrs. Wickliffe and her sister there. He hurriedly rushed over to Gen. Estopinal, told him of the tragic situation that was about to be created, and Estopinal ran hurriedly to the Speaker's desk and got him to stop the reading of the resolution.

The momentary turmoil subsided; the clerk droned out the routine, Congressmen settled back in their seats, and it seemed all over. Mrs. Wickliffe and her sister, still laughing and chatting, were wondering what it was all about, when Gen. Estopinal, followed by Mr. McKellar, Representative Foster of Illinois, and Representative Heflin of Alabama came into the gallery.

"Mrs. Wickliffe," said the tall Louisianan, "would you mind stepping out here for a moment? Your husband has met with an accident."

With her face blanched and the smile gone from her lips, she followed him. In the corridor she looked fixedly at him and said slowly: "You are deceiving me. My husband is dead. Tell me, was he drowned?"

The General tried to soothe her, and she kept her nerve till she got to the elevator, when she suddenly swayed and fell half fainting in Representative Heflin's arms. But she recovered herself in a moment, and said: "Take me home to my child." She seemed to know the whole story without having it told to her.

Mr. Wickliffe had gone out after breakfast to take a walk along the speedway, as was his custom. A train came along at the fast gait at which trains are permitted to go there. In trying to avoid it Mr. Wickliffe ran into the track of another train going in the opposite direction and was killed.

Mr. Wickliffe had just got back from Louisiana, where he had been working to pledge the delegation for Champ Clark at the Baltimore Convention.

In the meanwhile his young wife, after gayly parting from him, had undertaken to show her sister the sights of the town. It was by the purest accident, or, rather, by the quick wit of Mr. McKellar, that she did not learn of her husband's death while listening to the proceedings of the House. Speaker Clark, who had learned of it early, had been trying to get her by telephone, but she had been out all the morning with her sister, and had only entered the gallery a few moments before Estopinal arose to offer his tragic resolution.

Congressman Wickliffe, whose father was Governor of Louisiana and whose grandfather was Governor of Kentucky, knew his wife from childhood. They both came from Louisville, Ky. She was Miss Lydia Cook, one of four daughters and a social belle in the Henry Watterson town. Mr. Wickliffe was married once before to one of Miss Cook's friends, and a member of her set. When his first wife died Mr. Wickliffe married Miss Cook. They have had three children, but only one is living—the eighteen-month-old girl of whom the new-made widow spoke when she said to Estopinal, "Take me home to my child."

At her home to-night it was said that she was in a state of total collapse.

The accident was on the railroad embankment at the north end of the railroad bridge over the Potomac River, just at the entrance to the Potomac Park, which borders the river in the southwest section of this city. Despite a sign at that point warning against trespassing on the railroad property there, Mr. Wickliffe was seen to climb the elevation, apparently unconscious of an oncoming train. He was struck and instantly killed. A deep gash was cut in his forehead, and the body was badly crushed.

A passenger on a train crossing the bridge saw the lifeless body beside the tracks. Mr. Wickliffe's watch had stopped at 9:23 A. M. A number of passenger trains of various railroads cross the bridge at that hour.

Senator Clark named the following committee to accompany the body to Louisiana:

Representatives Pujo, Estopinal, Randell, Broussard, Dupre, and Watkins, Louisiana; Thomas, Kentucky; Roddenberg and Thistlewood, Illinois; Austin, Tennessee; Hawley, Oregon; Campbell, Kansas; McLaughlin, Michigan, and Simmons, New York.

Just before the Senate adjourned out of respect to the late Representative, Vice President Sherman appointed as the Senate Committee Senators Foster, Thornton, Crawford, Fletcher, Smith of Michigan, Percy, Townsend, and Paynter.

FLAMES IN NEWEST SUBWAY.

Blaze from Short Circuit Starts Flames in Lexington Tube.

There was a short circuit in one of the Edison conduits in Broadway at 1 o'clock this morning, and the flames appeared in the new Broadway-Lexington Avenue Subway excavation in Broadway between Prince and Houston Streets.

Foreman Lane ordered 100 laborers out, and they all climbed the ladders to the street in safety with the exception of one man, who, in his hurry, fell off a ladder and suffered a scalp wound. The crew of Engine 20, with acetylene lights, went into the excavation and soon put out the blaze.

LIVES WITH BROKEN NECK.

Clayton Dixon, Golf Player, Hurt in Auto Accident.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., June 11.—It became known to-day that Clayton Dixon of Wallingford, Penn., one of the most prominent golfers in the country, has a broken neck and severe internal injuries received when he was thrown out of an automobile in front of his home three weeks ago. Although the injuries are of a very serious nature, physicians said today that the patient had a chance for recovery.

When the accident occurred Mr. Dixon was on his way home in his machine. The road running to his house is narrow, and in attempting to make a sudden turn, the steering gear went wrong, and the automobile crashed into a fence. Mr. Dixon was thrown over the fence and into a field.

Dr. Charles Schoff of Media found his neck and several ribs were broken in addition to internal injuries.

Mr. Dixon is well known in Philadelphia social circles. His wife is a sister of Hugh De L. Willoughby, and daughter of Hugh Willoughby, Newport millionaire, who has a hobby for building fast motor boats and aeroplanes.

SAVES THREE FROM RIVER.

Woman's Call for Help Reached Pratt Just in Time.

As Commodore Pratt of the Colonial Yacht Club was returning last evening in the club launch from his power boat, Alma II., which had been moored in the North River, off 140th Street, he heard a feeble cry for help.

"That sounds like a woman's call," he said, and, looking around, he saw, amid the lines of moored craft, an overturned canoe with the heads of three persons in the water, alongside.

He turned the launch toward them and drove her along at full speed. As he drew near he picked up one woman and two men in the river, and they were nearly exhausted.

Those who had been so nearly drowned were Miss Ethel Nead and her brother, S. Nead, of 508 West 136th Street, and a friend, Carl Lawrence. Though they knew little about canoeing, they had gone out to see the American and German fleets. As they were coming home one of the Albany steamboats had passed close to them, and her swell had taken them broadside on. They were unable to manage their little craft and she upset.

MONTCLAIR ACCEPTS CHANGE

Lets in Moving Pictures, Refuses Blue Laws, and Will Build City Hall.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., June 11.—By a vote of 7 to 4 the Town Council voted to-day in favor of motion pictures. Heretofore moving pictures have been barred in Montclair. One promoter already has an option on a piece of property in Bloomfield Avenue, on which he proposes to erect a $50,000 moving picture theatre.

The town authorities have turned down a proposition to enforce the blue laws on Sunday, and adopted plans for a $95,000 Town Hall. The new municipal building is to be erected at the corner of Bloomfield Avenue and Valley Road, on the site of the present Fire and Police Headquarters. Up to the present time Montclair has got along without a Town Hall, the municipal officers occupying rented quarters at a cost to the municipality of $3,500 a year.

The title of Town Engineer was abolished to-day for the one of Superintendent of Improvements and Roads, an office which pays $3,000 per year. The ordinance changing the name states that for convenience the new officer shall be referred to as Town Supervisor.

HAVE A NEW PLAN TO PICK DELEGATES

Young Republican Club Would Apportion Them According to the Local Party Vote.

JOB HEDGES APPROVES IT

Thinks Present Relation of Southern Delegates in Republican Party to Northerners is Incongruous.

The Young Republican Club of the City of New York, at a meeting in the Prince George Hotel last night, suggested a new method of selecting delegates to the Republican National Conventions. The resolutions adopted called attention to the fact that in certain States the Republican Party virtually does not exist, and in certain other States is very weak; nevertheless these States have as many delegates to the National Convention as those that are strongly Republican.

The resolutions were based on a report by the Executive Committee, which recommended this plan of apportioning delegates:

> Each State shall have four delegates and four alternates at large.
>
> The remaining delegates shall be apportioned to the various Congressional districts of the States in proportion to their Republican vote. We suggest the following method: Congressional districts which cast less than 3,500 Republican votes shall not as districts be represented in the National Convention. Districts casting from 3,500 to 7,000 Republican votes shall have one delegate and one alternate. Districts casting from 7,000 to 14,000 Republican votes shall have two delegates and two alternates. Districts casting from 14,000 to 21,000 Republican votes shall have three delegates and three alternates. Districts casting from 21,000 to 28,000 Republican votes shall have four delegates and four alternates. Districts casting from 28,000 to 35,000 Republican votes shall have five delegates and five alternates. Districts casting from 35,000 to 42,000 Republican votes shall have six delegates and six alternates.

The committee recommended further that in States where women vote for President and Congressmen the Republican vote should be reduced by one-half for the purposes of computation. No account should be taken of Congressmen at large in apportioning delegates. This plan, according to the committee, has these advantages.

> Each State will be represented by its delegates at large in the National Convention without regard to its Republican vote, so no Republican voter is left without representation.
>
> The representation from the Congressional Districts will be based upon the Republican vote in the same.
>
> The scandal attendant upon the election of delegates in those districts where there is virtually no Republican vote will be eliminated.
>
> If a State decides to choose by Congressional districts all except the four delegates, the assignment of delegates to the various Congressional districts will be automatic. If so desired, delegates may be chosen at large under this plan.
>
> A National Convention of approximately the present size will be retained.
>
> The result of the proposed provision as to States where women vote will be to maintain there substantially the present balance, and to prevent undue discrimination against the party in States where they do not vote.
>
> The provision that no account shall be taken of Congressmen at large in proportioning the delegates prevents casting to that extent the Republican vote twice.

When Job Hedges was introduced as the next "Republican candidate for Governor" he was greeted with loud applause, which diminished noticeably in the progress of his speech. Notwithstanding the resolutions which had been adopted, Mr. Hedges proceeded to straddle the question at issue.

"The party vote," declared Mr. Hedges, "should predicate the electoral vote. The Southern vote is not representative of Republican sentiment. The South is not in any sense as Republican as the State of Pennsylvania for example. Why Louisiana, which has no Republican Senator, should have four delegates at large the same as New York or other Northern States is a matter which I cannot fathom.

Mr. Wingfield is only 36 years old, but is reputed the richest man in the State of Nevada. His wealth is estimated at $25,000,000. He has tasted all the bitter experiences of the Western miner and cowboy. He has been "down and out" and "on his uppers." He has made and lost fortunes over night. He married Miss Maud Murdock of San Francisco and has one son.

"I do not think that the National Committee, depending upon the support of the Republican voters whom each committeeman individually represents, will err in its judgment. At the same time, I am firm in the opinion that the majority of the voters in the Republican Party should rule, and I am not convinced that the delegates in the Southern States represent more than a small percentage of the Republican Party.

"Ten per cent. of the Republican vote will decide the convention at Chicago. This is not the fault of the organization. It is the fault of the system. As a matter of fact, no candidate should be named before the convention. A candidate should not even be suggested. Nevertheless we all know that it is a choice of two men at Chicago."

DOGS ON MURDERER'S TRAIL.

Find Tracks of Man Near Where Eight Persons Were Killed.

VILLISCA, Iowa, June 11.—The bloodhounds following the trail of the murderer of Joseph Moore, his wife and four children and two girl guests on Sunday night, took their keeper over the west bottoms of the Nodaway River, whence a report came early this evening that the dogs had found a fresh track and that footprints similar to those found on the east side yesterday had been discovered.

The Coroner's Jury this afternoon heard several witnesses, mostly relatives of the family. It was brought out that Mr. Moore had had no business dealings which might involve him in any way or cause an enemy to seek revenge. One relative, however, testified that there had been for some time an estrangement between Moore and two brothers-in-law and that considerable bitterness existed between them as a result of domestic troubles.

A posse from Clarinda to-night joined in the man hunt. Two handkerchiefs were found in the woods this afternoon, but it was believed they had been used by marksmen as targets, several bullet holes having been found in them.

The funerals of the victims will be held to-morrow.

Naval Officer's Wife a Suicide.

SAN FANCISCO, June 11.—The body of a young woman who committed suicide yesterday in a sanitarium where she had been receiving treatment for a drug habit was identified last night as that of Mrs. Katherine Sharpe, wife of Lieut. H. H. Sharpe, U. S. A., of the medical reserve corps, stationed at the Presidio. They were married two years ag in New York.

Chicago Stereotypers Unseated.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 11.—James J. Friel, President of the International Stereotypers' and Electrotypers' Union, holding its eleventh annual convention here, was victorious to-day in his fight against the seating of three Chicago delegates who were barred because the charter of their unoin had been annulled.

ROOSEVELT MISLED BY ORMSBY M'HARG

Deluded Into the Belief That There Was Real Ground for Contests.

COMMITTEE MEMBERS WARY

Borah Perhaps Swayed by Abstract Justice in Supporting Taft Delegates, but Action of Others a Surprise.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The architect of Col. Roosevelt's downfall before the Republican National Committee is Ormsby McHarg. Up to the time of the meeting of the committee the Colonel seemed to be having it all his own way. The steady tables given out by Director McKinley showing a majority for the President were always met with the triumphant answer, "Ah, but you are not allowing for the contests; when they are decided you will laugh on the other side of your mouth." The man who led the Roosevelt men to talk this way was Ormsby McHarg.

The tragic thing about the changed situation is that the Colonel himself believed in McHarg's charges, and his fulminations about "theft" and "burglary" were based on a conviction that when the committee met he would be able to make such a showing as would convince the voters of his irrefragable claims to votes that were listed against him. The man who made the Colonel believe this and led him into the ditch was Ormsby McHarg.

State after State has appeared before the committee and has had its contests decided in favor of Mr. Taft. The bewildering element about the change has been the apparent discord between the Roosevelt men on the committee and the Roosevelt men off it. While Senator Borah, Cecil Lyon, Pearl Wight, and other Roosevelt men were voting stolidly to sustain the Taft claims and throw out the contests of Ormsby McHarg, the Colonel and Senator Dixon were emitting shrieks about the steam roller. The reason was that Roosevelt and Dixon really believed in the flimsy contests from the South and could not understand the action of their own friends on the committee.

The action of the Roosevelt committeemen has been accounted for on the theory that they were guided simply by a spirit of abstract justice. That might be true in the case of Senator Borah, but would not be true in the case of politicians who play the game with their cards against their chests. If such rock-bound warriors vote for the Taft forces, it is because the Roosevelt claims are too preposterous for consideration by anybody outside an insane asylum.

The Roosevelt men on the committee voted against the Roosevelt contestants because there was not a shred of justification for the contests. Whoever believed that they had more than a shred? Roosevelt and Dixon, and they were led into that belief by Ormsby McHarg.

It was Ormsby McHarg who went down into the South, either personally or by agents—of whom Bieber was one—and trumped up the fictitious contests upon which Bieber himself, with the other Roosevelt committeemen, was obliged to vote adversely. It was Ormsby McHarg who organized and built up the whole campaign of pretense, the whole house of cards, which has now fallen in Chicago.

The slump of the Roosevelt boom would not have been so sudden or so disastrous had it not been for the high hopes, exaggerated claims, and furious charges that were born of the misinformation the Colonel and the Senator received. The man who thus misled them was Ormsby McHarg. Therefore the man responsible for the disastrous moral effect of the Chicago decisions was Ormsby McHarg, soldier of fortune, who four years ago was in the employ of Taft and Roosevelt, who two years ago turned against Roosevelt and refused to support Stimson for Governor of New York because Roosevelt was for him.

SEES PERIL IN SMALL COIN.

Pennsylvania Bishop Says Church Would Suffer by New Mintage.

Special to The New York Times.

READING, Penn., June 11.—Bishop H. M. Lengel of the Followers of Christ denomination and pastor of the Reading church which he personally built at his own expense, is bitterly opposed to the proposed coinage of half-cent and three-cent pieces. In an interview here to-day he emphatically denounced the politicians in Washington, and declared that they desired to introduce coins of unnecessary denominations to injure the Church and fatten their own purse.

"There is only one aspect of the whole scheme which appeals to me at all," he said. "That is, with the coinage of half cents the poorer classes could better afford to enjoy the privileges of a church. But then, the people who roll in wealth and abide in mansions surrounded by vast estates and with scores of lackeys at their beck and call, if this measure passes, might have an opportunity of dropping a half-penny in the collection plate at a Sunday service instead of a nickel.

"It has been my experience that the people who have the most money give the least to the Church. True, they sometimes give large sums to the Church when they know that it will be published in the papers, and thereby gain a feeling of self-gratified righteousness. but few act generously when a collection plate or basket faces them.

"The men who are trying to push the measure through say that the poor people would reap the benefit from the new coins, and that when an article of goods is sold for 12½ cents they would not be compelled to pay 13 cents. I say that in such cases the dealers would not charge a half cent for anything, but would charge the full cent, making the conditions even more intolerable than before. I think the right thing to do is to elect Roosevelt for President and have him work out the problem. He is the man who can solve it, if no other man can. It will be a mistake to deny him the nomination, for I believe if he is elected President he will settle this feeling of unrest now existing all over the country."

Bishop Lengel leaves in a few weeks on a Western tour, going as far as Los Angeles, and he expects to organize a number of new congregations of his sect.

Usher's Whisky
GREEN STRIPE

Messrs. ANDREW USHER & CO. have been appointed Purveyors of Whisky to His Majesty King George V

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EXTRA
OLD SCOTCH WHISKY

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FOR SENATE SHORT SESSIONS

Lodge Fails to Get them During Convention Days.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—An unsuccessful attempt to obtain unanimous consent in the Senate to agree to transact only routine morning business in that body from June 17 until June 29, or whilst the political conventions were being held, was made by Senator Lodge to-day. Senator Martin of Virginia, Democratic leader, approved the suggestion, but Senator Culberson objected.

Senator Lodge indicated he would renew this suggestion later.

ARMY FLIERS KILLED IN A 30-FOOT DROP

Continued from Page 1.

Feb. 14, 1908. He joined the army aviation squad in March.

Welsh was living in Washington when he joined the Wright brothers, who had come here in 1907 to make their first demonstrations at Fort Myer. He had become famous at the Wright school at Dayton as an instructor. Since the death of Phil Parmalee, several weeks ago, he was considered the best of the remaining Wright fliers. Upon the death of Parmalee, Welsh said: "Poor Phil, he was one of the best ones. I hope I won't go the same way."

Capt. Chandler, commanding the Army Aviation Corps, at once convened a board of inquiry consisting of seven army officers who had been witnesses to the catastrophe. A preliminary inquest shed little light upon the cause of the tragedy as nightfall made it necessary to postpone the investigation until to-morrow.

The officers who are making the investigation are Capt. F. B. Hennessy, President; Capt. Paul W. Beck, Lieuts. Harry Graham, R. C. Kirtland, and T. De W. Milling. Lieut. William C. Sherman of the Engineers School, Washington, and Lieut. B. D. Foulois, an army aviator, will be among the important witnesses. As the gathering dusk made impossible a careful examination of the wrecked machine, it was kept intact to-night in the hope that a fuller examination to-morrow might reveal the causes of the accident.

Many new feaures were embodied in the machine, evolved as a result of Orville Wright's experiments at Kill Devil Hill, N. C., last Summer. The Wright brothers always built comparatively slow craft, but the Government required that the new machine should make 45 miles an hour. In speed trials several days ago 50.8 miles was attained. I was estimated that it was making about 45 miles an hour when the fatal plunge came.

The wings of the craft were of aluminum instead of canvas, but in appearance it was much like the earlier machines. It was narrower by one foot, but with a vertical rudder a little larger. The six cylinder engine was of 50 horse power instead of 30. The opinion was expressed to-night that the engine was in nowise responsible for the disaster.

The deaths from aeroplane accidents since 1908, the beginning of flying on an extensive scale, have now reached 145, including the fatalities at College Park, Mr., yesterday. Last year was by far the most disastrous to the aviators, but this year will probably equal, if not pass, the figures of 1911. The number of fatalities for the six months of the present year is 33, as compared to 73 during the year of 1911.

Eight aviators have lost their lives this month thus far. Phillip O. Parmalee was the first aviator to be killed. He lost his life on June 1 while giving an exhibition flight at North Yakima, Wash., when his machine was overturned by a gust of wind. The largest number of fatalities in a single month occurred in September last, when sixteen aviators lost their lives, five of them in this country.

France, which has been active in aeronautics, has lost fifty-four of her aviators, two of them being women. These were Mme. Deniz Moore, who was killed by a fall at Etampes in July, 1911, and Suzanne Bernard, who met death at the same place on March 10 last, while making a final test flight for her aviator's license.

Twenty-six of the 145 aviators killed were Americans. Germany has lost twenty-five of her airmen, England eleven, Italy eight, and Russia seven. Other nations which have lost one or more aviators are Belgium, Peru, Spain, Hungary, and Holland.

ART COMMISSION LETS IN THE LIBRARY

Continued from Page 1.

superseding one utilitarian building by another.

The Art Commission concurs with him in distinguishing the present application from other plans for Park occupancy that have been suggested in recent years.

It should be noted that approval of the Art Commission of this site in no way precludes the city authorities from suggesting any other and better site, if such can be found and utilized in time to avail of Mr. Frick's gift.

Those who were present at the meeting of the Art Commission, besides President deForest were Charles H. Russell, R. T. H. Halsey, John Bogart, I. N. Phelps Stokes, Francis C. Jones, Karl Bitter, and Frank L. Babbet, eight of the nine members of the Commission, A. Augustus Healey, the ninth member being in Europe. Park Commissioner Stover was also present as were Thomas Hastings, the architect, and E. B. Kinch, representing Mr. Frich. Mayor Gaynor's presence was desired, but Mr. de Forest and Secretary Adams each thought that the other had notified him, and the Mayor had left City Hall for the day before the misunderstanding had been corrected.

One Vote Against It.

"I feel that, in justice to Mr. Russell, the fact that he voted in the negative about the choice of the site, should be mentioned," was the only verbal statement which Mr. de Forest would make at the close of the meeting. Mr. Russell refused to explain his negative vote when asked by the reporters to do so.

The Art Commission received the following protest from Eugene Philbin, President of the Parks and Playgrounds Association:

> I understand that the question of placing the Lenox Library Building in Central Park comes up for consideration before your honorable board at its meeting, and on behalf of the Parks and Playgrounds Association I desire to urge that the plan to usurp a portion of our already limited park space for the erection of this building be abandoned, and Central Park be preserved for the purpose for which it was originally intended.
>
> Although not opposed to the preservation of the structure or lacking in appreciation of its artistic value, we have felt it absolutely necessary to protect every inch from encroachment in the way of buildings in Central Park. The growth of population in the vicinity of the Park makes manifest daily the need for preserving it for the enjoyment of the people. It would be a very excellent thing if the city could obtain the building and locate it in some public place, but not Central Park. There is a great deal of land at Riverside Park that would be available for the purpose, and I am sure that if so placed it would be the source of pleasure and education to many more people than if located in Central Park, as it would be so arranged as to be plainly visible not only from the surrounding streets but also from the Hudson River.
>
> If it is contemplated to take down the Arsenal Building, its area should be added to the Park, and the present quarters of the Park Department removed to the new Municipal Building.

Commissioner Stover's application to the Board of Estimate for an appropriation to tear down the Arsenal and refurnish the Library Building will probably not be made for some months, according to Mr. Adams. Mr. Adams said that the eight members of the Art Commission had taken great pains in the selection of the site, having all spent the last two days in visiting the different proposed locations.

ROOSEVELT ALIGNS TAFT WITH BOSSES

Continued from Page 1.

for Governor. In Ohio my majority over Messrs. Taft and La Follette combined was thirty thousand, and my plurality over Mr. Taft was 47,000. But the delegates at large were chosen by a State Convention, where the politicians and not the people had their say. Mr. Taft was not ashamed, after being overwhelmingly repudiated by the people of his own State, to beg the politicians to stand by him and to misrepresent the people in his interest. He sent out a telegram beseeching the politicians assembled in convention not to make what he called any 'voluntary concession' to the overwhelming sentiment of the people against him. This gives in exact measure what Mr. Taft means when he speaks of the government of the people by a 'representative part' of the people. He means the government of the people by politicians who shall misrepresent the people.

"Mr. Taft has been repudiated by the people, and he now appeals to his representatives in the National Committee, half of whom have themselves also been repudiated, and asks them to force his nomination on the rank and file of the Republican Party who have declared that they do not wish him. Mr. Taft at one period of the campaign said I was unjust to him because I stated that the bosses were for him and the people against him. Events have proved that I was right. The people were against Mr. Taft in his own State of Ohio. They were against him in New Jersey, in Maryland, in Maine and in Vermont. They were against him overwhelmingly in Pennsylvania and Illinois, in Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas, South Dakota, and North Dakota, Wisconsin, Washington, Oregon and California. In but two States where they had a chance to express themselves at all was there even a small—and in one case a doubtful—plurality for Mr. Taft.

"The people are against him. Who are in his favor? Who are trying to secure his nomination at Chicago? Mr. Barnes of New York, Mr. Crane of Massachusetts, who has been beaten as delegate in Massachusetts; Mr. Franklin Murphy of New Jersey, who was defeated as a delegate in that State; Mr. Mulvane, who has been repudiated in Kansas; Mr. Penrose, who has been repudiated in Pennsylvania; Mr. McKinley, who has been repudiated in Illinois; and Mr. Guggenheim of Colorado. In short, practically every big boss in the country, every representative of the combination of privilege in politics and privilege in business is in person or by deputy now working at Chicago to overthrow the will of the people in Mr. Taft's interest, and thus in the teeth of the fact that in the States where the people have voted they have repudiated Mr. Taft by astounding majorities.

"How do these bosses hope to nominate Mr. Taft? What they did in the Thirteenth Indiana District yesterday supplies the answer. I have said—and the acts of my supporters have made good my words—that I do not wish one delegate seated for me if there is a reasonable doubt in his case. The members of the National Committee who are my supporters have leaned backward in every case where there was so much as a color of claim that the question was even in doubt. They have divided only where the case was so clear that no honest man could doubt

"In the Thirteenth Indiana District the convention which assembled to elect two delegates to Chicago contained a clear and uncontested majority of Roosevelt men. But he Chairman, a Taft man, refused a roll call, and declared the Taft delegates elected on viva voce vote, whereupon the majority of the convention elected two Roosevelt delegates. Affidavits of all the members of the majority were laid before the committee, showing that a clear majority of the members of the convention by their own sworn statements had voted for Roosevelt, and three other affidavits of members were submitted showing that these three man had voted neither for Roosevelt nor Taft, so that the proof was absolue that its Taft delegates had obtained only a minority of the convention. Yet the National Committee seated the two men the fraudulency of whose claims had been thus shown.

"Unfortunaely there is no law to touch the astounding misconduct of which the National Committee has been guilty, and which it has sanctioned in the cases which have come before it. If the contest was one for the nomination of an Alderman in New York City and obscure men in the Democratic and Republican Parties who were acting as election officers in a given district were guilty of such conduct and their guilt was proved, they would be sent to the penitentiary. But the great and powerful politicians, the representatives of bossism in politics and special privilege in business who are now perpetrating the same kind of wrong on an infinitely larger scale, are immune because as yet, unfortunately, the law does not touch nominating conventions. Nevertheless, the wrong they commit against the people is far greater than the wrong done the people by the little politicians such as those I have spoken of, for these men are engaged in thwarting the right of the people to express their will as to who shall hold the highest office in the gift of the people, the Presidency of the United States.

"Mr. Taft assumes and Messrs. Barnes, Penrose, Mulvane, and Company assume, that the Presidency is to be treated as a gift within the bestowal of the politicians in defraud of the duly expressed wish of the people. Such conduct comes dangerously near being treason to the whole spirit of our institutions, to the whole spirit of democratic free government I do not believe that the people will tolerate such conduct, nor do I believe that sober Republicans will consent to see the Republican Party sacrificed to please the bosses who the party has repudiated. This is more than a mere party fight. We are fighting for the cause of every decent citizen who is a Republican, and we are fighting for the cause of every decent citizen in the Republic, no matter what his politics may be. We are fighting for the fundamental principle of American democracy, the right of the people to be their own masters, and to nominate their own public servants. If the National Committee continues as it has begun, I believe its actions will be repudiated by the convention.

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WATCHING the proprieties from the Observatory of Style, it would appear:

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imported and domestic—at Saks'

¶ This is the great season for Norfolks, and Saks the centre. And because the Norfolk is essentially an English production, we have also been to England and appropriated the best that London affords. It implies confidence in our own productions that we will play cards any day with London on the question of style.

¶ Of Saks Norfolks, we cannot say more than that they are Saks-made, which means reliability of fabrics, diversity of patterns and colorings, excellence of workmanship and finish, and such individuality of style as serves as a model for others to copy.

¶ Of English Norfolks we can speak with unusual enthusiasm because, whilst they are London-made, they have been tailored in fabrics of our own choosing, and in those exclusive English models which are seen not so much on Piccadilly as in the shooting boxes on the Yorkshire Moors and in the Scottish Highlands.

¶ But be you one of the many who prefer a domestic Norfolk, or one of the few who fancy an English Norfolk, it is Saks & Company that affords you the happiest choice in either. Linens, white and fancy flannels, serges, fancy cheviots, homespuns and rough cloths, and a price range elastic enough for all pockets, yet taut with quality the whole range through.

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THE TIMES'S WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

AMERICAN WIVES AID IN BRITISH REFORMS

Lord Camoys, Who Married Miss Sherman, Leads in Pure Food Movement.

FAVORS COPYING OUR LAWS

George Montagu, Whose Wife Was Miss Sturgis, Is Adapting George Republic Plan to English Use.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 11.—In casting around for something to occupy his spare time profitably, Lord Camoys, who last year married Miss Mildred Sherman of New York, has identified himself with the pure food reform movement and has been elected Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Pure Food and Health Society.

In a talk with THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent to-day Lord Camoys said that the pure food laws of America started his interest in the matter. While there he noticed among other things that milk was received in sealed bottles instead of the dirty, old-fashioned milk cans which are prevalent in England. He continued:

"We hope to change conditions here radically, and with this view have written every member of Parliament, soliciting his interest. We are going to have a meeting at the House of Commons in two weeks' time, at which we hope to arrange that a private bill shall be introduced and passed by Parliament, modeled on the lines of the American food laws, which are so far in advance of our antiquated provisions.

"It ought to be a Government bill, but the Government is so involved with the big interests that we have to fight that it dares not do anything. John Burns has a pure food reform bill which he introduces year after year, but it never gets beyond a promise, so we are going to try to take the bull by the horns.

"Our idea is to get the Government to establish a permanent court of reference which shall have charge of all matters pertaining to foodstuffs."

Lord Camoys said that food reform was a question of extreme urgency for the health of the nation, when one thinks of meat being exposed to dust and flies for hours in stores before it is sold, to say nothing of bread, which is delivered unwrapped daily by men whose hands very often look as if they had not been washed for weeks.

Another leaf which Lord Camoys wants to take from the American pure food book is to make it compulsory to print on all the labels of canned and bottled foods and patent medicines the specific quantities of chemicals contained.

Lord and Lady Camoys, who have been staying at the Ritz Hotel for the last two months, have gone to Sunningdale, where they have taken a small house. Lord Camoys, however, will be back and forth a good deal in connection with his new work, in which he has the active support of his American wife.

Another Englishman with an American wife who is adopting American ideas for English use is George C. Montagu, M. P., a nephew of the Earl of Sandwich. His wife was formerly Miss Alberta Sturgis of New York. Mr. Montagu's idea is to found a boys' colony on the lines of the George Junior Republics in America. The Earl of Sandwich has given a free lease of grounds for the purpose near Yeovil, and detailed plans will be announced at a meeting at the Duchess of Marlborough's Sunderland House on Thursday.

CABINET MOVE BY WIRELESS.

Loreburn Out and Haldane In While Asquith Continues His Cruise.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 11.—Lord Loreburn's resignation as Lord High Chancellor and Lord Haldane's acceptance of the post were arranged by wireless, which is probably the first time in history that such an event was conducted in that manner.

Premier Asquith was cruising in the Mediterranean when Lord Loreburn wrote resigning his post, and his letter was transmitted by wireless. In a similar way arrangement were concluded with Lord Haldane by wireless to take the vacant place.

It was generally expected some months ago that Premier Asquith himself would succeed Lord Loreburn if the latter could be prevailed upon to retire, which, according to the gossips, he stubbornly refused to do, because of a personal feud with the Premier.

The conditions are now different. Mr. Asquith considers it his duty to the Liberal Party to retain his Premiership, and Lord Loreburn had no objection in resigning, so long as it was not in favor of Mr. Asquith.

Mr. Asquith's retirement to the woolsack at the present stage would be likely to cause a serious split among the Liberals, among whom there is no sort of agreement as to his successor.

MOUNT OSWALD LOST AT SEA.

Fate of a Freighter Out of Baltimore Is Accepted.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, June 11.—One of the unreported tragedies of the sea has just come to notice in the mysterious disappearance of the Hamburg transatlantic freighter Mount Oswald.

The steamship left Baltimore on Feb. 17 with a heavy cargo of American merchandise, and was due in Hamburg the first week in March. She has never been heard of since her departure from Baltimore.

Weeks elapsed before the owners could be persuaded that she was lost, but a few days ago the consignees of the cargo were officially informed that the insurance companies, which were responsible for amounts aggregating roundly $100,000, were now ready to pay the total due on the policies.

Where and how the Mount Oswald disappeared is a profound mystery.

She was a first-class cargo boat of 5,000 to 6,000 tons, and carried a crew of forty or fifty men.

59 SLEEPERS DIED IN FIRE.

Russian Field Laborers Were Unable to Escape from a Blazing Barn.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 11.—Fifty-nine field laborers were burned to death early this morning, while sleeping in a barn near Tambov, Central Russia, on a property belonging to Count Orloff Davydoff. The cause of the fire is not known.

DOCK STRIKE GROWS; SAILINGS CANCELED

English Troubles Halt the Majestic—The France Unable to Leave Havre.

SOUTHAMPTON IS CRIPPLED

Many American Travelers Are Discommoded by the Tie-Up in Channel Ports.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 11.—Although some of the papers are describing the transport workers' strike as a fiasco, Americans who are desirous of returning home from Channel ports are peculiarly affected. The conditions at Southampton are so bad that the White Star Company was compelled to cancel the sailing of the Majestic, which was set for to-morrow. Unless in the meantime Liverpool becomes affected, it is hoped to transfer her passengers to the Adriatic, sailing Thursday, while the mails will probably go by the Kaiser Wilhelm II., calling at Southampton to-morrow. No difficulty is expected in getting her passengers aboard, there being a tender to take them out.

It is extremely doubtful if the St. Paul of the American Line is able to sail Saturday, or in fact any vessel from Southampton until the strike is ended.

Tilbury is another port that is badly affected. There has not been a sailing of an Atlantic Transport Line vessel for three weeks, while the sailing of the Minnetonka, which was set for Saturday, has been canceled.

Among those booked on the Majestic were John K. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Winthrop Burr, Mrs. Robert Christie, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Jack, and Mr. and Mrs. George L. Robinson.

Countess Széchényi, whose mother, Mrs. Vanderbilt, sailed on Saturday, is booked to sail Friday on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria.

Among those sailing on the Laconia for Boston to-day are Mr. and Mrs. Robert S. Bradley, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Chapin, Mrs. J. L. Frothingham, Henry Lee Higginson, Prof. Martin Schermerhorn, and Miss Evelyn Sears.

FRANCE'S TRIP ABANDONED.

Government Proffer of Aid Causes Threat of General Strike.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, June 11.—The seamen's and firemen's strike at Havre, which prevented the sailing of the France, is spreading to other ports. A strike of maritime conscripts was declared at Brest this morning.

The decision of the Government to man the France with bluejackets has been received with great hostility. The strikers threaten a general strike, affecting all French ports, if this measure is carried out. As it would require several days to collect sufficient naval men for the purpose, the France has abandoned its trip.

HAVRE, June 11.—Many of the passengers who had booked on the France have decided to go to Cherbourg and take other steamers there.

The French Line says that it cannot assure the sailing of the liner Rochambeau for New York on Saturday.

There are now 1,800 men on strike, and they have asked the crews of the yachts in the harbor to join them.

PARIS, June 11.—The management of the French Transatlantic Line issued a statement this morning declaring that the strikers left the France after demanding an immediate increase of wages, despite the fact that their wages were raised only a fortnight ago. The statement continues:

"The men's demands are connected solely with wages. They have made no complaints in reference to lifeboats, live-saving appliances, or food."

BORDEAUX, June 11.—The seamen at this port to-day voted to go on strike. The strikers, who number less than 200, have made the same demands as the men at Havre. It is probable that the departure of several steamers will be postponed.

Buy this

$15.00

Victrola from

Landay BROS

for the June bride

Then you won't give her a duplicate of what some one else has given her—you will give her something distinctively original, something she and the bridegroom will *appreciate* and remember you for years to come. You will afford them untold enjoyment, for on this $15 Victrola they can play any Victor Record with remarkably fine results.

Landay will deliver this $15 Victrola now or when the honeymooners are ready to take up housekeeping.

We have a specially devised order blank which you can present to the couple.

Step into one of the *three* Landay salesrooms and make your selection to-day.

Victrolas from $15 to $200.
Victor Records 60c. up.

Note our addresses carefully.

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Authorized Victor Factory Distributors

27 W. 34th St., bet. 5th & 6th Aves.
400 Fifth Ave., at 37th St.
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Garter

Velvet Grip

Holds Your Sock Smooth As Your Skin

Buy by Full Name—PAD Boston Garter

Boston Garter is the ONLY garter with Velvet Grip rubber button clasp that will not injure the sheerest hose.

Lisle 25c. Silk 50c.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

George Frost Co., Makers, Boston.

Gilbey's SPEY-ROYAL ALL SCOTCH WHISKY

It's ALL Scotch and ALL 10 years old.

For Sale by
ACKER, MERRALL & CONDIT CO.
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WINE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION, and
All High-class Cafes and Wine Merchants.

$200 up

Motor Boats

Safe and Speedy.
16 ft. to 25 ft. long.

Spray Hoods, $9 Up.

Hopkins' Life Preserver Cushion, $1.00.
Folding Motor Boat Tops, $35.00 up.
Cushions, Awnings, &c., made to order.

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Everything for Motor Boats.
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ORIENTAL RUGS, FINE CARPETS RESTORED to original colors without injury.

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42 years' experience.
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FIFTH AVENUE AT 46TH ST.

June Clearance Sales

Rich in the economies discerning women appreciate

Excellent selections will be found in every department, owing to the fact that we are continually making up new garments *in advance Paris styles* from our reserve stock of imported materials—

Although many of these models will not be seen elsewhere until Autumn, we are offering them now at Summer prices—a third to a half less than such high-grade apparel usually commands. For example—

$65 to $145 Dresses *at $35*

For afternoon and formal occasions—of imported novelty nets, chiffon taffetas and charmeuse, in all fashionable shades.

$110 to $195 Evening Gowns *at $50*

For dinner and evening wear—of charmeuse, crepe meteor, Paquin satin and novelty combination laces and chiffons.

$55 to $85 Wraps and Coatees *at $25*

$50 Tailor-made Suits *at $25*

$65 Suits, *$32.50* $75 Suits, *$37.50* $100 Suits, *$50*

Higher priced and imported Suits *at less than half price.*

$45 and $55 "Sport" and Steamer Coats, $25

$30 to $75 Dress Hats *at $15 to $37.50*

Semi-dress Hats—Formerly to $30— *at $7.50*
French Felt Hats for Outing and Sport in white and colors—*$10*
French Mourning Hats—Heretofore sold up to $40— *$7.50*

$25 & $35 French Blouses *at $12.75*

No sale goods sent on approval, reserved or exchanged.

Fifth Avenue at 46th Street

ON AND AFTER SATURDAY, JUNE 15TH, THE STORE WILL BE CLOSED ON SATURDAYS AT NOON; OTHER BUSINESS DAYS AT 5 P. M.

B. Altman & Co.

WILL PLACE ON SALE THIS DAY (WEDNESDAY),

WOMEN'S SUMMER COATS AND WRAPS

FOR THE TRAVELER AND MOTORIST, AT THE FOLLOWING UNUSUAL PRICES:

LINEN DUSTERS	AT $3.75 & 5.00
BLACK AND WHITE STRIPED LINEN COATS	AT 10.00
TUSSAH COATS	AT 14.50
RAJAH OR PONGEE RAGLANS	AT 16.00

REDUCTIONS OF 33⅓% TO 50% HAVE BEEN MADE ON A LIMITED NUMBER OF OTHER COATS AND WRAPS.

A SPECIAL OFFERING WILL ALSO BE MADE THIS DAY OF

SUMMER SHAWLS AND SCARFS

FOR TRAVELING AND VERANDA WEAR.

WHITE SHETLAND SCARFS	$1.00 & 2.00
WHITE SHETLAND SHAWLS	AT $1.25 1.75 & 3.00

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

MADE FOR THE B.V.D. BEST RETAIL TRADE

DON'T FUSS OR FUME THIS SUMMER WEAR

B.V.D.

Coolness is just as essential to summer comfort as warmth is to winter comfort.

Loose Fitting B. V. D. Coat Cut Undershirts and Knee Length Drawers drape freely over the body without a hitch or a pinch. Soft-feeling, long-wearing materials. Scientifically designed and skilfully tailored. 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50 a garment.

This Red Woven Label

MADE FOR THE B.V.D. BEST RETAIL TRADE

(Trade Mark Reg. U. S. Pat. Off. and Foreign Countries)
is sewed on every B. V. D. Undergarment.
Take no undergarment without this label

The B. V. D. Company,
New York.

Stern Brothers

have prepared for To-day, Wednesday, a Special Sal
of New and Exclusive Models in

Women's Mid-Summer

Dresses and Tailored Suits

At Extraordinarily Low Prices

Summer Dresses, of the most seasonable cotton fabrics,	at $4.85, 6.75
Lingerie Dresses, of sheer batiste and marquisettes,	at 8.75, 12.00
Ratine Dresses, with striped coats in the most desirable colors, and plain skirts,	at 11.50
Linen Dresses, of superior quality French Linen,	at 7.00, 10.50
Striped Voile Dresses, with coat effects of shadow lace or taffeta,	11.50, 16.50
Tailored Suits, of Cossack and Imported Linens and Ramies,	at 12.75, 18.50
Tub Skirts of Imported Ratine, with open front and detachable buttons,	at 3.85
of Linens, Rep, Pique, Crash, Cotton and Velvet Corduroy,	from $1.95 to 5.50

Also To-day, a Very Exceptional Offering of

Women's and Misses'

Lingerie Waists

Striped Voile or Batiste Waists, in high or low neck models, trimmed with embroideries and laces,	at 95c
Sheer Batiste Waists, high or low neck, trimmed with Cluny or Valenciennes laces, combined with embroideries,	at $1.35
Voile, Batiste and Dimity Waists, in collar effects, or high and low necks, trimmed with laces and embroideries,	at 1.50
Dotted Swiss, Batiste, Voile and Crepon Waists, with Robespierre collars, also high and low neck models, elaborately trimmed,	at 2.00
Imported Waists, Entirely hand made and hand embroidered, trimmed with laces,	at $3.95, 4.75, 5.95, 6.75

West 23d and 22d Streets

"Better Goods for the Same Money or the Same Goods for Less Money Than Elsewhere"

THE BIG STORE

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.

BOTH SIDES OF 6th AVE.

18th & 19th STS. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. NEW YORK

IN NEW YORK'S SHOPPING CENTER

Today's Special Features of Our

Big June Sales

Helping You to Save Money on Summer Goods of Quality.

MAIN BUILDING—*Devoted to Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Wearing Apparel, Groceries, Etc.*

GREAT ANNUAL SALE OF TRUNKS, BAGS AND SUIT CASES at Amazingly Low Prices.
WOMEN'S SUMMER DRESSES—Latest Models, including the Robespierre and modified Pannier Styles, specially priced, at...$9.75
1,500 WOMEN'S WASH SKIRTS—$3 value; at...$1.95
BIGGEST BARGAINS IN BLUE SERGE AND FANCY SUITS FOR MEN WHO WEAR SIZES 30 to 40; our own $15 to $20 lines; today, at...$12
MEN'S FINE NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—values to $2.50; at...79c
SENSATIONAL SALE OF MISSES' and JUNIORS' TUB DRESSES—value $3.95; at...$1.95
WOMEN'S $3 to $4 LOW SHOES, at...$1.75
WORLD'S GREATEST GROCERY HAS SPECIAL COFFEE ROASTING DEMONSTRATION—as well as thousands of special prices on staple and fancy groceries!

The Greenhut Building

The Largest, Finest and Most Helpful Store in the World Devoted Exclusively to Furniture and Housefurnishings

HANDSOME QUARTERED OAK DINING ROOM SET—value $115; at...$75
SPLENDID RUGS FOR HOME OR OFFICE—More Than One-third Under Value.
SPECIAL SALE OF "MODEL" REFRIGERATORS—also NURSERY REFRIGERATORS.
$4.25 MANHATTAN LAWN MOWERS, at...$3.75
TWO-BURNER OIL STOVES—specially priced, at...$2.75
SALE OF WATER COOLERS—starting with the 2-gallon size, at...$1.25
BIG SPECIALS IN OUR BARGAIN-BASEMENT.

Double S&H Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

The Provident Loan Society

OF NEW YORK

Loans from $1 to $1000 upon pledge of personal property.

INTEREST RATES

One per cent. (1%) per month or fraction thereof.

One-half per cent. (½%) charged upon loans repaid within two weeks from date of making.

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MANHATTAN AND BRONX
Fourth Avenue cor. 25th Street
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Grand Street cor. Clinton Street
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BROOKLYN
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FOR MEN AND WOMEN

OUR Hand-Sewed Shoes are the authentic standards in style; the criterion by which men who know, judge others.

A strict custom process in every detail—finest selected skins, long time tanned; hand fitted; the best in custom lasting and hand finish.

A personal sales service assures intelligent attention to *your* needs. $7 upwards.

Our Oxford Ties fit with a snugness at the ankle that can only be produced by Hand methods.

Custom department in connection.

1 East 35th St., New York.

Wild's
EST. JWCo 1852
Orientals
The Largest Specialty Rug House in America.

If there were a Commissioner of Wedding Gifts, or a Committee of Bridal Utilities, their lists would be headed by Oriental rugs.

What should a wedding gift embrace?

Sentiment. Long durability. An evidence of nice discrimination. Unquestioned value. Beauty. Utility that borders on the ornamental.

What so thoroughly presents ALL these elements as an Oriental rug, recognized because of the establishment from which it comes as the very best of its class?

What other gift could possibly remind the bride and the groom of the donor so often—for a very long period of time?

Twenty-five dollars—fifty—seventy-five—will purchase an excellent Wild's Oriental which will help furnish the young couple's long-to-be-remembered first abode.

And BEING a Wild's Oriental is the one thing that evidences the nice discrimination which appeals to the pardonable pride of a bride in her gifts.

Write for our Summer Rug Booklet.

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LEWIS & CONGER
Housefurnishings
Everything needed for supplying the house

Fixtures for Library, Dining Room, Bath, Laundry.
Cooking Utensils and Moulds of every description.
Housecleaning materials, Carpet Sweepers, Vacuum Cleaners, Brushes, Brooms and Dusting Cloths.
Polishes for Sterling Silver, Plated Ware, Plate Glass, Windows and Mirrors, Furniture Polish.
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A Large Stock Ready for Instant Shipping
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Pacific Coast and Return
$95.50
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Ticket Offices: Broadway, Corner 42nd St., 28th St., Howard St. and Wall St.

IMPEACHES ISMAY ON ICE WARNING

Sir Rufus Isaacs Bluntly Questions His Denial of Any Discussion with Capt. Smith.

OTHER MAN DEAD, HE ADDS

British Attorney General's Sharp Tilt with White Star Counsel Enlivens London Inquiry.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 11.—J. Bruce Ismay's position aboard the lost White Star steamship Titanic gave rise to a noteworthy incident at to-day's session of the Board of Trade inquiry.

Capt. Hayes of the White Star Line, while on the witness stand, said that Ismay had frequently traveled with him. He had never interfered with navigation and was treated as an ordinary passenger.

Lord Mersey interrupted: "So far as I know, there is no evidence that he interfered, unless receiving a telegram from the Captain and putting it in his pocket can be regarded as interference."

Sir Rufus Isaacs, Attorney General, remarked:

"I agree that there is no evidence that he interfered with the navigation of the Titanic, but I do not agree that he was an ordinary passenger."

"He took no part in directing the ship and never interfered," retorted Sir Robert Finlay of counsel for the White Star Company.

"I do not want to argue it now," said the Attorney General, "but you have to bear in mind that the ice report was given to him and no other passenger. I submit that the object of giving him the telegram was that he was there as Chairman of the company, and that it was given to him because it was a very serious report. It is very extraordinary that there never was a word exchanged about it."

"It certainly would be if you were right," answered Sir Robert Finlay.

"I am not certain there was not," sharply replied the Attorney General, "if you challenge me to say it. We have only the word of one person, and the other is dead."

"If Ismay's word on that point is impeached, it is another matter," Finlay answered.

SEVEN HEINE LETTERS, $750.

Three Letters of Schiller Bring $500 at a Berlin Sale.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, June 11.—The great autograph auction here again resulted in high prices to-day for letters of Heinrich Heine, Schiller, and Schopenhauer.

Seven letters written by Heine to the composer Meyerbeer brought $750. The poet's last letter to his mother sold for $167.

Three letters of Schiller brought $500.

An original Grillparzer manuscript of a playlet called "Renunciation" sold for $106.

The buyers were mainly German professional dealers.

MAURETANIA SAILS AT 5 P. M.

Begins New Schedule, Which Continues While Long Course Is in Effect.

The Cunard liner Mauretania sailed at 5 P. M. yesterday for Liverpool for the first time on the new schedule which, it was said, will remain in force until the long route is changed, in order to enable her passengers to arrive in London in good time on Monday. She carried 500 first, 450 second, and 1,027 third class passengers, with 2,600 sacks of mail. Between 1,500 and 2,000 persons went to the pier to see their friends off.

Among the passengers were the Rev. W. T. Manning, rector of Trinity Church, and Bishop Vincent of Southern Ohio, Chairman of the Board of Bishops of the Episcopal Church, who are to attend the conference of the Episcopal churches at Lambeth Palace, London, on June 24.

The Mauretania sailed on time and, according to Capt. Turner, should arrive at Fishguard at 9 A. M. on Monday. A bullfrog, an owl, and a snapping turtle were taken over by the Captain for the Liverpool aquarium.

HEAR McNAMARA WITNESS.

Hotel Clerk, Who Was Spirited Away, Testifies Against Darrow.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 11.—C. E. White, who held the stakes in the alleged bribery of George N. Lockwood, told the jury in the trial of Clarence S. Darrow late to-day how he had given the prospective McNamara juror the first payment of $500 just prior to the arrest of Bert G. Franklin on Nov. 28, 1911. His evidence corroborated the essential parts of Franklin's testimony as to that event. White was under cross-examination when adjournment was taken for the day.

F. A. Diekelman, now a San Francisco hotel clerk and a former prospective witness at the McNamara trial, who was alleged to have been spirited away by agents of the McNamara defense, testified today. Diekelman's story on direct examination tended to show that Mr. Darrow had been the directing hand in what seemed to have been flagrant corruption of an important witness for the McNamara prosecution.

On cross-examination the most important fact brought out was that Diekelman had not been subpoenaed by the prosecution when taken in charge by the defense, and had not positively identified James B. McNamara as the J. B. Bryce, who had registered in the Los Angeles hotel in which the witness was employed.

The defense also drew from the witness the statement that he had not been concealed by McNamara agents in Chicago. He said he had been taken openly by Bert Hammerstrom to the office of former Mayor Edward F. Dunne, who he said, assured him that Hammerstrom was a brother-in-law of Clarence S. Darrow. After his first meeting with Edward N. Nockels, the Chicago labor leader, who he said he was told by Hammerstrom would take charge of him while in that city, the witness said that he did not hold any other conversation with Nockels.

The injection of Nockels's name in the case attracted considerable attention owing to the fact that he had visited Los Angeles shortly before the McNamara brothers confessed, as the supposed personal representative of Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor.

Blashfield Succeeds F. D. Millet.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Edwin H. Blashfield, a New York artist, was today appointed by President Taft to fill the vacancy on the National Commission of Fine Arts caused by the death of F. D. Millet, lost on the Titanic.

SEES CAESARISM AHEAD.

Gaulois Expects a Presidential Autocracy if Roosevelt Succeeds.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, June 11.—The United States Presidential campaign is exciting considerable interest in France. The newspapers devote much space to it. The Gaulois concludes an article to-day by saying:

"For a system so long admired, by which the separation of legislative, executive, and judicial powers, their strict limitation, and their equilibrium, were a guarantee of public liberty in the United States, Col. Roosevelt's programme tends to substitute a plebiscitary régime by which in reality there would exist another power than the Presidency.

"By the way he extended his Presidential power while President, one can understand that Col. Roosevelt would go still further if returned to the White House. No doubt it is a little ridiculous to suggest that he would proclaim himself dictator or King and found a dynasty; but it is nevertheless certain that his candidature is a grave symptom of evolution which is carrying the American democracy toward a Presidential autocracy—a modern middle-class form of Caesarism."

HONOR HENNIKER HEATON.

Curzon Presents Him with Illuminated Album at Guildhall Dinner.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 11.—At the Guildhall to-night a public welcome was extended to Sir Henniker Heaton on his return from Australia by an influential gathering. He was presented with an illuminated album, containing upward of a thousand names of distinguished men.

Lord Curzon in making the presentation said Sir Henniker Heaton was a remarkable man, both for what he was and what he had done without any advantage of social circumstances or connections to help him. Without power or privilege of high office he had established a reputation that would long endure and entitle him to be regarded among the world's benefactors. By obtaining imperial penny postage he had taught different parts of the empire to know and get in touch with each other.

At one period of his career Sir Henniker Heaton was looked upon almost as a bore, Lord Curzon continued, but he had lived long enough to know that the bore of one generation was often the prophet of another, and that a man with a fad was a man with a future.

Lord Strathcona and Sir George Reid also spoke in terms of warm praise of Sir Henniker's work.

Sir Henniker Heaton in reply said:

"If London was the nerve centre where we must take measures to have perfect free and instantaneous communication with every part, we must annihilate space so as to speak freely from London to Vancouver and New Zealand. If the British Government would spend as much money on electrical communication as it did in mail subsidies seventy years ago, we could have penny-a-word cables to our most distant possessions."

Notes of Foreign News.

LISBON.—President Manuel de Arriaga has requested Premier Vasconcelles to form a new Cabinet, to take the place of the Ministers who resigned June 5.

LONDON.—The Home Rule bill has entered the committee stage in the House of Commons and the discussion is expected to last at least until August, when Parliament adjourns for vacation.

$9,000 FOR A DANTE.

Record Price Paid for the 1481 Edition of "La Divina Commedia."

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 11.—The Florence, 1481, folio edition of Dante's "La Divina Commedia" brought $9,000 in today's sale of the Huth library at Sotheby's. It was the highest price of the day, and also the highest price thus far for any book in Part II. of the library.

It is a large and generally fine copy, and is in thick boarded brown morocco binding by F. Bedford. It has brilliant impressions of all of the engravings by Baccio Baldini after the designs of Sandro Botticelli. The first few leaves are slightly wormed, and there is one trifling misprint. It is the record price. The Crawford copy, in 1887, brought $2,100; the Fountaine copy, in 1902, $1,625, and the Carmichael copy, in 1903, $5,000.

For the rarest of all the editions of this famous work, printed at Jesi in 1472, $3,400 was paid. It is in crimson morocco binding by F. Bedford. Only six copies are known. The Huth example is the only perfect one extant. The price paid for it is the record. This same copy brought only $335 at the Osterley Park library sale in 1885.

The Foligno, or first, edition of this book, printed in 1472, went for $2,375. The Mantua edition, printed in the same year, sold for $650. The Florence, 1487, edition brought $650.

The collection of major and minor voyages edited, translated, reprinted, and illustrated by Theodore De Bry, his widow, their two sons, and their two sons-in-law, were sold in one lot for $4,125. The set comprises all the first and most of the later editions, as well as some duplicate copies with variations.

All the items named were bought by Bernard Quaritch. The sale will be continued to-morrow.

CHILD'S BODY TO BE EXHUMED

It Will Be Examined Again in the Light of McKenna's Confession.

The body of six-year-old Sigrid Eckstrom, who was found dead in the cellar of 1,077 Odgen Avenue, the Bronx, last Thursday night, and who was buried in Lutheran Cemetery in Middle Village, Queens, will be exhumed to-day so that Coroner's Physician Rigleman may make an especial examination of the little girl to discover whether a fall on her head may have caused or hastened her death. Application for permission to exhume the body was made by a representative of the District Attorney's office to Supreme Court Justice Kelly in Long Island City yesterday, and was granted at once.

John J. McKenna, who admitted that he concealed the child's body, asserted until Monday that he did it in a moment of great excitment following the child's fall from his arms while he was playing with her in the entrance of her home. He first said she had fallen on her head. On Monday he repudiated his whole confession.

It is understood that the new examination of the child's body is intended to offset the introduction of such a defense for McKenna at the inquest, which will be held this afternoon in the Municipal Court at 162d Street and Brook Avenue. Dr. Rigleman, at the first autopsy, discovered evidence that the child had been strangled but made no special examination of her skull for evidence of injury which might have been caused by a fall. Photographs may be taken of the little girl's neck to show the finger prints there.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

SUMMER HATS FOR MEN

American-Made Sennits
99c, $1.49, $1.89, $2.49 & $3.49
At these prices we have also a fine assortment of American-made Split Braids. Either the Sennits or the Split Braid Hats may be obtained in any height of crown or width of brim desired.

English Straw Hats
$1.49, $1.88, $2.49 and $3.49
The easiest fitting straw hats obtainable are to be had at the above prices. They are in the newest London shapes and each is fitted with a ventilated self-conforming sweatband.

Selected Panamas
$3.49, $4.96 up to $24.49
Cool, well-balanced, with good head-room, our Panamas are equal to those carried in the highest-priced shops. They are in the telescopic, planter or racquet shapes. Well blocked and trimmed.

Hats for the Tennis Court
44c Each
White duck, with green or white underbrims; made to stay on the head; these are essentially the hats for the "Man with a Serve."

Caps of All Kinds
49c Each
In light-weight blue serges, gray or brown worsteds, shepherd plaid cheviots, gray mohairs and silks.
Imported English Worsted Caps, of identical quality selling in specialty shops at $3.00 and $3.50, for $2.49.

Outing Hats, 44c Each
They are made of good quality tan khaki. For camping and fishing there is no headwear more desirable.

ESTD 1843

W. & J. SLOANE

INEXPENSIVE RUGS
OF HIGH ARTISTIC VALUE

Our Wool Rugs in Douglas, Mohegan and Inverness grades present a remarkable combination of artistic merit and low prices.

Self-color and two-color effects in Brown, Blue, French Gray, Lavender and Pink with plain or figured center. Some of the specially attractive patterns shown suggest the "William Morris" designs, also Delft, Nursery and Pompeian Tile effects. These rugs are desirable for rooms of any color scheme. They are durable, light in weight and adapted for summer use.

PRICE LIST

Douglas Rugs	6 ft. x 9 ft.	$ 7.50
	9 ft. x 12 ft.	15.00
Mohegan Rugs	6 ft. x 9 ft.	8.00
	9 ft. x 12 ft.	16.00
Inverness Rugs	6 ft. x 9 ft.	13.50
	9 ft. x 12 ft.	27.00

Special sizes in the above made to order on short notice.

Lyttleton Art Squares	7 ft. 6 in. x 10 ft. 6 in.	$22.00
Imported from England	9 ft. 0 in. x 12 ft. 0 in.	32.00

Unique Colorings

We have also a very complete line of Rag Rugs, Hand-braided Colonial Rugs, and Porch Rugs—all at low prices.

FIFTH AVENUE AND FORTY-SEVENTH STREET
San Francisco Washington

Woolworth Building
Broadway, Park Place to Barclay Street.
Highest in the World. Center of Civic, Commercial and Financial Districts.

Offices more perfectly arranged and more completely equipped than in any other office building in the world. All offices light and with outside air. Floor space divided to suit tenants. Write or phone for representative.

Several Ground Floor Broadway Stores.

EDWARD J. HOGAN, Agent,
Phone 5279 Cortlandt. 3 Park Row, Opposite Astor House.

GIMBELS

DIAMONDS
One-Third Below the Market

For some time we have had our eyes on three particularly fine groups of diamonds composing this offering. They were of unusual brilliance and color and well cut. Finally, the diamond merchant came to our terms and we secured them for 33 1-3 per cent. less than their actual value.

Now we propose to make them up for engagement rings, bridal and graduation gifts, with a further saving on the mounting, which will be done in our workshop to order and to measure.

Thus you will be able to choose the stones you prefer *unset* and have them set in any design you prefer—allowing two or three days for the work. Mountings will be hand-made, 14k gold or platinum.

One Group Consists of ¼-Carat Stones
Mounted in 14k gold ring, $22, usually $35.
Mounted in 14k gold and platinum, $23.50, usually $36.50.

The Second Lot Consists of More Perfect Stones Of ¼-Carat or Heavier
Mounted in 14k gold ring, $27, usually $40.
Mounted in 14k gold and platinum ring, $28.50, usually $40.

The Third Lot Is Composed of Stones That Weigh ¼, 1-16 and 1-64 Carats
Mostly absolutely perfect.
Mounted in 14k gold ring, $45, usually $67.50.
Mounted in 14k gold and platinum ring, $45, usually $70.

A Few Stones That Weigh a Full ⅜-Carat
Mounted in 14k gold and platinum ring, $52.50, usually $77.50.
Mounted in 14k gold ring, $50, usually $75. Main Floor.

Cool WASHABLE SUITS for 1,500 Boys
$1.65 Each, Regularly $2 to $3.50

This is on the basis of one suit to a boy—but most mothers when they see how handsome and well made these Suits are will want several of them for *each* boy.

Russian or sailor blouse models, in high-grade fast color washable fabrics, in plain white, tan or blue, and smart light or dark stripes.

Surplus and samples from a fine maker, with some from our own stock. Sizes 2½ to 7 years—$1.65 each.

And These Other Washable Suits for Boys

$4 Norfolk Suits at $2.95—7 to 17 years.
$4.50 French model Sailor Suits at $2.65—4 to 10 years.
$4.50 Hand-embroidered Russian Suits at $2.95—3 to 8 years.
$2.75 Linen Motor Dusters at $2—6 to 18 years.
$1.50 Middy Blouses at $1—all sizes.
Boys' Wash Trousers, at 85c, $1.25 and $1.50, in white, tan or blue crash, khaki or linen.
Fourth Floor

Over 8,000 Good TOWELS in a Summer Event

Summer time is Towel time, and also the time when the average housekeeper's towel supply runs short. Here at GIMBELS it's quite different. Large purchases of Towels have been coming in at such a rate that we are nearly snowed under. There are fine pure Irish Linen Huckaback Towels that our buyer picked up recently in Belfast; sturdy German Towels and generous Cotton Bath Towels that are remarkable in size and weight, at their prices:

Hemstitched German Huckaback Towels, in four designs of damask borders, $3 dozen; regularly $4.25.

Scalloped Huckaback Towels, 21x40 inches, 35c each; regularly 45c.

Fine Irish Linen Huckaback Towels, with beautiful damask designs, at 50c each; regularly 65c. A still handsomer quality at 75c; usually $1.

Little Guest-room Towels, of fine Irish huckaback, hemstitched, $2.50 dozen, regularly $3.25; at $3 dozen, regularly $3.75, and at $6 dozen, regularly $7.20.

Among the Bathroom Towels is an excellent heavy quality with plain white and colored borders, at 25c each, regularly 35c; larger and heavier, with red, blue and plain white borders, at 40c, regularly 50c, and extra large and heavy Towels, with plain white hemmed ends, at 50c each, usually 65c.
Second Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

James McCreery & Co.

DRESSMAKING DEP'T. 34th Street Store.

IMPORTANT OFFERING
Imported Gowns and Tailored Suits
85.00 and 115.00
less than one-half former prices

Imported Lingerie Gowns
50.00, 75.00 and 95.00

Thirty-fourth Street

WARSHIPS A HELP, SAYS HAVANA PRESS

Political Foes Assail Gomez, Some Criticise Beaupre, but General Note Calm.

NO MORE SHIPS WILL GO

Marines at Guantanamo Fired on by Rebels, Who Threaten to Burn the City.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, June 11.—A great variety in opinion on the sending of United States warships to Havana is voiced in the Cuban press.

Some think that under the circumstances the step was ill-advised, and it is intimated that the United States Government has played into the hands of the negroes, who are striving to bring about intervention.

Some have censured the American Minister, Mr. Beaupre, for sending alarming news, while one newspaper warmly defends Mr. Beaupre, asserting that he did no more than his duty.

The general impression is that the warships will not stay here long.

La Ultima Hora says to-night:

"Admiral Osterhaus was unwittingly placed in a ridiculous light because he had his marines with their equipment ready for instant landing."

La Discusion, a Cuban Independent Conservative organ, is inclined to the view that the coming of the warships is a good thing because Americans will now learn the true conditions. It says:

"Alarms over small disturbances in Havana Saturday, which have been enormously enlarged under the magnifying glass of cable information, have determined the American Government to take the first steps outside of the Oriente region, the only place where public order is seriously disturbed. The sending of two warships of the powerful American Navy to Havana indicates clearly that the officials of the great Republic considered that the tranquillity of Havana was seriously threatened and foreign interests were in grave danger. Cuba is this time passing through a situation that is really critical, and, owing to our peculiar national status, the situation is one that requires caution, tact, and patriotism on the part of the Cuban people, and at the same time an honorable sincerity and real equilibrium among the organs of opinion.

"The present much-discussed visit of the American warships is due, as has been repeatedly stated by the United States Government, to its purpose to co-operate in a practical way toward the re-establishment of order in Cuba. For this reason we do not feel any fear of an imminent intervention.

"On the contrary, we believe that it is a good thing for our national interests to have such a high selection made from the American Navy as Rear Admiral Osterhaus for such a delicate mission. We are sure that the information which that distinguished officer will send to his Government regarding the true situation in Havana will materially help in reducing the alarm existing in Washington to its right proportions. By one simple drive around the city the Admiral and his officers have been able to see with their own eyes that the supposed 'riots' in Havana have left behind not the slightest material traces, nor even such excitement as followed the struggle over taxes in Spain, or the strike riots in London and New York, or the battle with the Apaches in Paris."

After discussing the successes of the Government forces in Oriente Province and the gradual dispersal of the negroes in arms, La Discusion continues:

"We are sure the judgment of the statesmen of the North will take the conduct of Cubans into account. They want to permit us to have reasonable time to demonstrate that we are able to settle by ourselves this great civil conflict and make all kinds of sacrifices for the stability of the republic and national independence."

Defends Gomez and Beaupre.

El Mundo, an independent newspaper, censures those who would attribute to President Gomez and Minister Beaupre the bringing of American warships here. It says:

"In some political circles there are beginning to be heard bitter murmurs against President Gomez and Minister Beaupre, the clear-sighted Minister of the United States. Both are accused of exaggerating the occurrences which have been agitating Cuba. Since such accusations are so evidently unjust, it appears to us desirable to contradict them, to the end that public opinion may not be misled.

"Regarding President Gomez, it is said that he has exaggerated the importance of the negro uprising with the object of suspending the political activity of the country, as in the face of the danger of a race uprising white persons in the republic would only think about taking up arms and preparing to repel a sudden attack.

"Gen. Gomez's accusers says that he should not have asked for a suspension of constitutional guarantees nor for the aid of the entire nation with the object of quickly ending the rebellion in Oriente, because such requests startled the white population and caused great disquiet to the Government and people of the United States.

"Minister Beaupre, it is said, also exaggerated the gravity of the situation created in Cuba by the uprising of Estenoz and Ivonet, for the purpose of alarming American opinion in order to force the swift establishment in Cuba of permanent military intervention, with which it is known some powerful companies who possess valuable interests in Cuba are in sympathy.

"We repeat that these imputations are unjust and even weak. Let us demonstrate our assertion."

El Mundo then goes on to show that President Gomez was holding aloof from the political fight, and cared very little which one of the candidates contending for the Presidency proved successful. It then defends the suspension of the Constitution and shows that the state of war in Oriente demanded it.

Returning to Minister Beaupre, El Mundo says:

"No' less unjust are the reproaches directed toward the honorable and intelligent American Minister, M. Beaupre. He does not paint the situation other than as reality or his observation makes it appear. To communicate these facts and his impressions of them is not to exaggerate.

"Minister Beaupre, in referring to his Government all that passes in Cuba, does not do more than do his duty. In just this way does he avert for himself and his Government surprises and sudden responsibilities.

One Basis for Intervention.

"It is an error to believe that intervention can be established in Cuba again only when economic interests desire it. It will only be established when, as in 1906, it is plainly seen that the Government is powerless to maintain public order and save the Christian and European civilization in this island.

"The gravity of the situation has not been exaggerated either by President Gomez or Minister Beaupre. Where is the exaggeration?

"Oriente as a whole asked for a suspension of the constitutional guarantees. In the rest of the island there were numerous outbreaks, and conspiracies and plots against public order were daily discovered. Is it untrue that there was alarm among the white people"

El Mundo then describes the various phases of the negro uprising since the beginning, mentioning the paralysis of business, the flight of refugees, the raids on farms. Continuing, it says:

"To this state of affairs President Gomez responded with intelligent and energetic resolutions, and Minister Beaupre informed his Government regarding the situation.

"We do not deny—no one can deny—that public spirit has been raised and more confidence now exists, but it is principally due to the energetic, rapid, and tranquil action of President Gomez is pursuing the rebels, isolating them, and arresting in the cities those accused of plotting against the security of the State. To this is due above all other things the reappearance of confidence and the further fact that all or nearly all the citizens have armed themselves.

"Now every one is prepared and cn the alert. A surprise now is an impossibility.

"In this great crisis provoked by negro politicians, who desire to divide our people by races and not by ideas, a crisis which will have incalculable political and social consequences, it is necessary to be sufficiently just not to place all the blame on the negroes in arms.

"Theirs is the immediate and direct blame, but the first to blame were those white politicians, who gave to Cuba an inadequate constitution, one that weakens the Government and sacrifices quality to illiteracy. Those same white politicians have never ceased to try to win the votes of those who have now risen—those same white politicians, who have brought ruin and contempt on Cuba, who are now indignant and thundering against the negroes, and who expose us to intervention, which was perhaps provoked by themselves on account of the coming Presidential election."

Government Organ Regretful.

El Triunfo, the Government organ, says:

"Two handsome American warships are now in the Bay of Havana. Under other circumstances it would be extremely satisfactory for us to have the presence of those ships, belonging to the great country, which is bound by such close relations with Cuba, and our salutation to Rear Admiral Osterhaus and his officers would not be tinged with a sentiment of bitterness. But, unfortunately, their presence is due to causes which affect us deeply and are deplored by all lovers of Cuba's good name.

"Those ships have come because some one here has said that the capital of Cuba is on the verge of a race war, and if this were true, our country would be running into the gravest dangers.

"We have to consider their presence, then, as something deplorable, something that with all our heart we would not have had occur.

"Yesterday we said that the United States would be convinced of the exaggerations of alarm transmitted to Washington, and to-day we can affirm that the American Rear Admiral after going about the streets of Havana has made the same deduction. With this deduction of Admiral Osterhaus, and taking into account the cordial exchange of impressions between Speaker Ferrara and the American Secretary of State, Mr. Knox, we can say that the sending of the warships in such a hurry is ceasing to be serious.

"The consequences will not be those the Cuban people would most fear.

"In this crisis we will come out all right with a little prudence and patriotism, which under such circumstances we have known how to demonstrate. If there are a few who would kill liberty, giving themselves up to perfidious insinuations, when they are not influenced by gold and are sworn against Cuban liberty and have declared that this rebellion is going to end the republic, it is necessary for the rest of us, no matter what our ideals are in regard to internal politics, to stand united, if we desire that Cuba shall be governed by its sons and not by foreigners.

"We shall break up the plans of the annexationists by our prudence and by our patriotism, which will condemn with all energy untrue and unjust assertions, no matter whence they come."

HAVANA, June 11.—The news from Washington that orders for additional warships at Havana had been countermanded, apparently the result of Speaker Ferrara's statements in the American House of Representatives, has been received here with the liveliest satisfaction as dissipating the peril of immediate intervention.

The Government continues to express the fullest confidence in its ability to stamp out the insurrection in a short time. Reports show that the troops are pursuing the insurgents in an effort to surround them but the insurgents are reported as threatening Guantanamo despite the presence there of a strong force of marines and Cuban forces.

There is not the least sign of disorder in Havana and vicinity beyond the continuance of arrests of negro suspects. A large number have been imprisoned at Guanabacoa on suspicion that they intended to attack the barracks of the rurales. The streets of Havana are guared day and night by ptrols of heavily armed rural cavlry, in addition to the regular police.

Admiral Osterhaus paid official visits to-day to Secretary Sanguily and President Gomez. Only a few American officers were granted shore leave.

NIGHT FIRING ON MARINES.

American Forces at Guantanamo Are Expecting a Rebel Attack.

SANTIAGO, June 11.—The headquarters of Col. Machado, commanding the Cuban troops, and Lieut. Col. Lucas, commanding the marines at Guantaname, have been fired upon the last two nights. The troops were under arms last night in expectation of an attack, which, however, was confined to desultory firing.

The demand for marines to guard foreign properties is so great that the marine band was detailed for guard duty at Guantanamo last night.

The Alcalde of Guantanamo has received a letter from the rebel leader, Estenoz, declaring his intention to burn the city.

A train arrived to-day from the Guantanamo district, crowded with refugees.

The gunboat Eagle, with marines aboard, sailed to-day for Nipe Bay.

The gunboat Nashville, has landed at Mayari, about five miles south of Nipe Bay, sixty-five bluejackets with a mountain gun for the protection of the Woodred Mines. The sailors will later be displaced by marines.

It is reported that many insurgents are discontented because the leaders have refused to divide with them the tribute extorted from property owners.

A guide belonging to Capt. Garriga's guerrilla corps brought into town to-day several ears cut from negroes' heads. He was arrested and is to be tried by Court Martial.

NO MORE BATLESHIPS TO GO.

Washington Decides There Is No Need of Reinforcements.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—A sudden cessation to-day of alarm about the revolution in Cuba marked all the departments concerned. The only report of disquiet came from Santiago, where it was said the people were afraid of a general negro uprising and had appealed to the American commander to ask his Government to keep the warships there indefinitely or until all fear of trouble had subsided. There is little apprehension here of any trouble at Santiago, as fully 6,000 marines and bluejackets are within ten hours' sail of the harbor.

The colliers Hector and Celtic are under orders to go to Cuba, and the gunboat Petrel, now on her way from New Orleans, will receive orders at Key West directing her to some Cuban port, not yet selected.

Aside from these additions, the Navy Department does not contemplate ordering any more ships to Cuba just now. Admiral Fisk, the ranking officer at Key West, will remain there for the present with the battleships New Jersey and Nebraska, which were under orders to sail.

Lured Brooklyn Girl from Home.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.—Louis Bauch of Brooklyn, N. Y., was found guilty by a jury in the United States District Court here to-day on a charge of having enticed a young woman from Brooklyn to this city. Sentence will be imposed later. The young woman testified that Bauch prevailed upon her to come here to obtain a position as an actress.

LONG WEARING HOUSEHOLD LINENS

The Table Damasks, Sheetings, Towels and other linens manufactured by Walpole Bros. on their own looms are guaranteed all PURE LINEN, selected yarns only being used. They are bleached in the old-fashioned way by sunshine and moisture and can be relied upon to give every satisfaction in wear.

These trustworthy linens are sold direct to the consumer at a substantial saving in price.

Manufacturer's prices always. No middleman's profit.

Walpole Bros.

PURE FLAX TRADE MARK

Irish Linen Manufacturers

Branches: London, Dublin, Belfast, Melbourne.
Factories: Belfast and Waringstown, Co. Down, Ireland.
Established 1766

373 Fifth Avenue
Corner 35th Street

"What a Tempting, Appetizing Sparkle!"
Hold It to the Light! You Wont Wonder that

Imperial Gold Label Beer

is So Refreshing, Satisfying and Wholesome!

Bottled only by the Brewers,
Beadleston & Woerz,
New York.
Order from any dealer.

The Brill Twenty

Famous $20 Summer Suits For Men and Young Men

In every one, the distinctive smartness, the perfect fit and the long-lasting, shape retaining, wear and weather resisting qualities, which only the most thorough hand-tailoring and fine fabrics can give to a suit===that is the solid foundation on which the fame of the Brill Twenty rests.

Blue Serges, Grays, Fancy Blues and Browns.

Ready-to-Wear—$20

Motorwearables for Owners and Drivers at Our 49th St. Store.

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY, at 49th St. 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125th STREET, at 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th Street, West of Broadway.
Harlem Store Open Evenings.

The Morning Room and Its Furnishing

THE Morning Room, in its very name, suggests that air of leisurely ease, serenity and content which are among the chief satisfactions of Country House life.

For the furnishing of such a room appropriate recourse may be had among our varied Reproductions of historical Furniture to the graceful simplicities of the period of Louis XVI.

The Grand Rapids Furniture Company
INCORPORATED
34 and 36 West 32d Street
Between Fifth Ave. and Broadway
New York

$200 Saved By Walking 4 Blocks

It is worth while investigating the Fischer Piano factory sales plan—the vast saving to be made by dealing with us at our very factory.

Fischer Player Pianos

$650 Upward
Regularly $850 on Fifth Avenue

Other Player Pianos, $375 Upward

Liberal Terms. *Pianos Exchanged.*

J. & C. Fischer

Factory Salesroom, 417 West 28th Street, Near 9th Avenue

Oldest Piano Makers in New York

CARPET CLEANSING

BY COMPRESSED AIR IN FIRE-PROOF BUILDING
S
FIRE-PROOF STORAGE FOR HOUSEHOLD GOODS

T·M·STEWART

438, 440, 442 WEST 51st ST., FORMERLY 326 7th AVE.
TELEPHONE 5567 COLUMBUS FOUNDED IN 1863

MLLE. ANTOINETTE CANTARELLI AND FRANKO'S ORCHESTRA IN OUR RESTAURANT

33 Years Leaders of Fashion

Simpson Crawford Co.

SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET.

In New York's Shopping Center

Our Summer Delivery Service to the Seaside and Other Resorts Is Now in Operation

Young Men Take Notice

There is a Specially Strong Collection of Young Men's $25 to $35 Suits To Be Had Today at $15

Our-Once-a-Season-Choice-of-the-House Sale

is now in full swing—sweeping along as merrily as a racing craft under full steam.

It's a sale for every man—a friend-making sale.

We carry good, serviceable clothing every day in the year, and a good many men know it, but more learn of it through these twice-a-year sales.

☞ Second Floor.

We cannot sell $25 to $35 suits and evening dress suits for $15, make a profit and tell the truth at the same time.

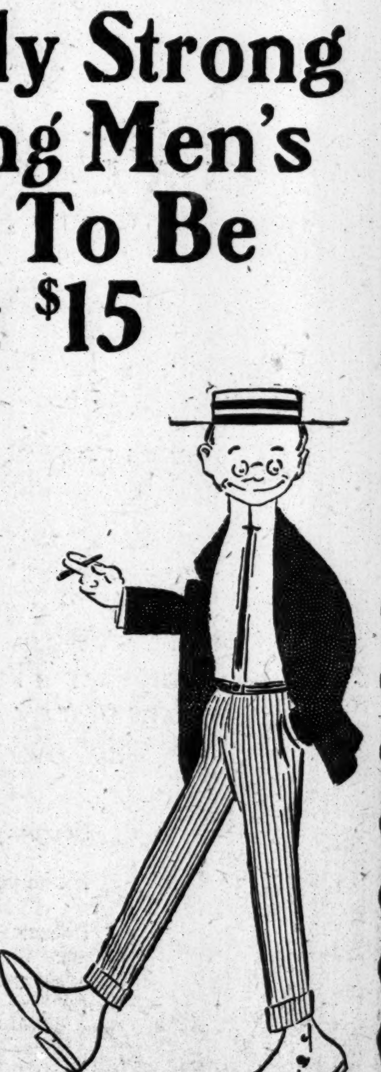
We lose money on this sale—but we lose it to make money in the future.

Just see what choice you have for $15!

$25 to $35 Suits from the famous HOUSE OF KUPPENHEIMER, at $15.
Choice of any Raincoat or Overcoat, $15.
Business or Norfolk Suits, $15.
Dress Suits and Tuxedos, $15.

Every suit or overcoat in stock goes into this sale. There are no strings attached to our offer.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO., IN NEW YORK'S SHOPPING CENTER



Harper's Weekly Campaign Offer

Two Dollars Until the First of Next Year

From now on every significant phase of the Presidential campaign will be presented in picture and text in Harper's Weekly by **men who know**—by its own staff of correspondents and artists. If **you** want to know all there is to know—if you want to see, pictorially, all there is to see—just mail to us—**at our risk**—a two-dollar bill. It will pay for your subscription to Harper's Weekly from now until January 1, 1913. **Thirty issues for $2.00.** Let every letter box remind you of this offer.

Franklin Square HARPER & BROTHERS New York

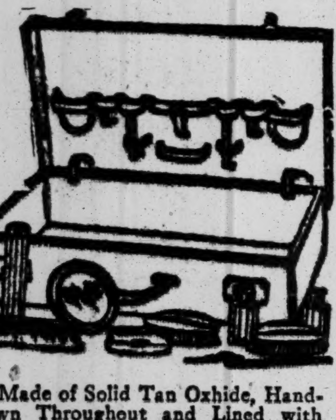
ESTABLISHED 1845
MARK CROSS
TRADE MARK
LONDON
Actual Makers
89 Regent Street

Goods Purchased in London Charged to Home Account at English Prices.

CROSS Guarantees the Truth of this Advertisement to The Times, who in Turn Guarantees it to its Readers.

We worry striving to be the best in our line; then we worry striving to maintain it.

Cross English Fitted Suit Case
For Men

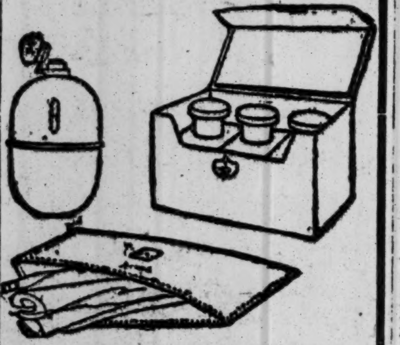


Made of Solid Tan Oxhide, Handsewn Throughout and Lined with Moirette. Cover Contains Shaving Mirror, Pair Ebony Military Brushes, Nickel Soap Box, 2 Glass Bottles with Nickel Screw Tops, Black Ebony Clothes Brush, Comb, Glass Bottle with Nickel Top, Containing White Bone Tooth and Nail Brush. Case Has 2 Solid Brass Locks at Sides and Reinforced Handle.
24 Inches—Complete.
$37.50

ENGLISH SUITCASE—Tan Oxhide, Cleanly Check Linen Lined. Handsewn Throughout with Steel Frame, Shirt Pocket in Cover, 2 Solid Brass Locks. Unfitted.
24 Inches,
$17.50

"You must tell lies in business," was considered a necessity. "Honesty pays" is now being considered—though many still believe it is too good to be true.

Cross Travelers' Articles



FLASK—Pigskin or Black Patent Leather Covered Bottle with Prince's Silver Plated Bayonet Top, and Removable Prince's Silver Plated Cup Bottom—
¼ Pint Size $5.75
OTHERS From.................. $2.25
BOTTLE SET—Red, Green or Blue Morocco Case, Velvet Lined, Supplied with 3 Crystal Bottles with Ground Glass Stoppers and Gold Plated Screw Tops, Case Fastens with Gold Plated Snap—3 Bottles $5.75
2 Bottles $4.75
AIR PILLOW IN CASE—Silk Covered Pillow, Which, When Air is Pressed Out of It, Fits Into a Morocco Envelope Case, Silk Lined and Fastens with Gold Plated Clasp—Case with Pillow Inside Measures 7¾ Inches Long x 4 Wide. Red, Green, Blue or Black Morocco with Pillows to Match—Complete $7.50

Catalogue Sent Upon Request
Prompt Attention to Mail Orders
Repairs a Specialty

FIRST FLOOR—LEATHER GOODS, LUGGAGE, GLOVES.
SECOND FLOOR—STATIONERY, TRUNKS, MOTORITIES, GLASS AND METAL NOVELTIES, SADDLERY.

MARK CROSS
World's Greatest Leather Stores
Up-Town { 210 Fifth Avenue Near 26th Street
Downtown—253 Broadway Opposite City Hall
Boston—145 Tremont Street
Agencies Throughout the World

MAY PICK O'GORMAN TO RUN CAMPAIGN

Democrats Talk of Creating a New Office for the National Committee.

BRYAN TALK IS DECRIED

Harmon's Manager Belittles Rumor That Attempt Will Be Made to Stampede the Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 11.—A new office in the Democratic National Committee is being considered for creation. If the plan now being discussed is adopted, it is probable that Senator O'Gorman of New York will be chosen for the place. The new office is to be known as Chairman of the Campaign Committee.

It will be his duty to work with the Chairman of the National Committee, and he may or may not be a member of the National Committee. If the office is established the incumbent will be named by the Presidential nominee after conference with the new National Committee members. The National Committee Chairman, however, will continue in general charge of the campaign.

The creation of the new office has been under consideration for some time, and a move to bring the office into being will be made when the new National Committee meets just after the Democratic Convention adjourns. The new National Committee, it was said to-night, will, in all likelihood, elect its Chairman at the first meeting, and then adjourn until the Presidential candidate can be conferred with.

So far, in the speculation of probable choices for the new position, only the name of Senator O'Gorman of New York has been discussed as among those National Committeemen who expect to be returned as members of the new committee. Just how many mebers will constitute the new campaign committee has not been considered, but the creation of the office of Chairman was believed to be advisable because the coming Presidential contest promised too much labor for the National Chairman.

National Committeeman Josephus Daniels of North Carolina said to-night that several committeemen had the matter under advisement, but he thought it was too soon to discuss it.

National Committeeman Edwin O. Wood of Michigan reached here to-day to make arrangements for the accommodation of 500 Democrats from his home State. The Mayors of thirty-two Michigan cities, Mr. Wood said, would be among the delegation. Mr. Wood brought forward the name of Rrepresentative Frank Doremus of Detroit for Temporary Chairman of the convention.

National Committeeman Daniels, to-night started a movement to bring about the nomination for Vice President of the man who stands second for the Presidential nomination on the final ballot. He said the Convention should be a repetition of 1884, when the ticket was Cleveland and Hendricks, both of whom were candidates for the Presidency.

He said that none of the candidates for President would say at this time that he would accept the Vice Presidential nomination, but said Mr. Daniels, after the final ballot on the Presidential nomination, the second man should be appealed to to take the Vice Presidential place as a duty to the Democratic Party.

Mr. Daniels says the party cannot take any chances on nominating a small man for the Vice Presidency, but must put with its Presidential preference a man for Vice President who is big enough to be President, and who will represent some of the planks which the Democrats will put into the platform.

"In my judgment?" said Mr. Daniels, "the man who is second on the final ballot for the Presidency should be the nominee for Vice President. If Wilson is nominated, and Clark second, then have Clark for Vice President. If Clark is nominated, then have Wilson for Vice President. If Harmon is nominated, or Underwood, or if either of these is second choice he should be made to accept the second place on the ticket as a question of duty owed to the party.'

An impression prevails among Maryland politicians and some of the prominent Democrats from other States who have arrived here for the convention that Bryan and his friends are planning to force his nomination again. They profess to have information that unless Wilson is nominated on the first or second ballot the move will be made to have Bryan address the convention and try to stampede it, as in days of old. The Harmon people say this is impossible and Wilson's friends smile at the suggestion. Lieut. Gov. Hugh Nichols of Ohio, Harmon's campaign manager, arrived to-day. After a conference with Edwin Wood, member of the National Committee from Michigan, Mr. Nichols left for New York to see Chairman Mack.

First denying that there was any coalition whatever with the Underwood forces, and declaring that Gov. Harmon was fighting his own individual fight, Lieut. Gov. Nichols said:

"Gov. Harmon occupies an enviable position in the race—a most advantageous position—and his prospects grow brighter daily. He is entirely free from embarrassing alliances and entanglements and is in such position that delegates may turn to him without betraying their trust and without antagonizing other aspirants. At present Gov. Harmon actually has 160 votes, and he is gaining ground daily.

"The first ballot will be the preference ballot and maybe the second also; but after that the delegates will be freed from their obligations and will be at liberty to vote as they individually are inclined. This means that Gov. Harmon will win. We know that a majority of the delegates personally are his friends.

"As to Mr. Bryan controlling the convention, that will not be permitted. First and foremost, he has not the strength. Second, none of the candidates is willing that he should be the controlling factor. Nor will there be any contest in the convention over the Ohio delegation or the unit rule. although the fight in Ohio simply was an attack by Bryan on Gov. Harmon."

"Do you believe that Mr. Bryan is a candidate for the Democratic nomination?"

"I take him at his word that he is not a candidate," said Mr. Nichols. "Still, we are prepared for any and every emergency."

Gov. Wilson's friends were busy as bees to-day, especially Mr. Daniels of North Carolina. The Harmon boomers are making the most noise, but the Wilsonites are doing quiet and effective work.

National Committeeman Willard Saulsbury of Delaware came down from Wilmington this afternoon to look after accommodations for several hundred Delawareans who will be here to whoop it up for the Jersey Governor.

"Gov. Wilson is going to be nominated on the third or fourth ballot," said Mr. Saulsbury, "and by a handsome majority. While I do not have the exact figures with me, I would say that the New Jersey Governor is assured of between 300 and 400 votes."

Word that five houseboat parties of Harmon rooters had arranged to come on to Baltimore from New York to water was brought to the city to-day. A marching club of Columbia University students also has been organized and will lend their legs and lungs to the Harmon cause throughout the convention week. Not to be outdone by the Columbians 500 Princeton undergraduates will come on a special train June 25 to whoop it up for Wilson.

NEW LINER CZAR ARRIVES.

Her Captain Reports Sighting Floating Coffin with a Body in It.

The new Russian-American liner Czar arrived yesterday on her maiden voyage from Libau with 181 cabin and 1,081 steerage passengers. She made the trip in eleven days, at an average speed of 16¾ knots an hour.

On arrival at Quarantine Capt. Smiltneck reported that on June 6 he sighted a coffin floating on the water with the body of an adult inside and the side broken away as if it had been a long time in the water. He thought it was a rather strange sight, as bodies buried at sea usually are wrapped up in canvas and weighted with firebars to sink them. Near the coffin were three small floes of field ice.

MAYOR ON SUNDAY BASEBALL

He Tells a Protesting Clergyman Why He Favors It.

Mayor Gaynor is opposed to preventing children from playing ball in the parks on Sunday. That is what he says in a letter to the Rev. Edwin D. Bailey of the Prospect Heights Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, whose church had passed resolutions demanding of the Mayor an explanation of the desecration of the Sabbath made possible by the recent ordinance which sanctions the issuing of permits for Sunday ball games in Brooklyn. The letter follows:

Office of the Mayor, June 11, 1912.

Dear Mr. Bailey: Your letter communicating to me the resolution passed by the Prospect Heights Presbyterian Church with regard to playing games in the parks on Sunday is at hand. I suppose you know that games have been continuously played in our parks for many years on Sunday, and it may now be very difficult to stop them. Moreover, a great majority of the people of the city, and I think of the clergymen of the city, would be opposed to stopping them. I was myself brought up to the observance of a still Sabbath. But as we had to work hard in the fields and woods we were willing to keep still on Sunday.

Of course, you know that is not the case with our city men and boys. Many of them have no day of recreation except Sunday. What would you do with them? If they do not play in the fields they will go somewhere else, as you know. No doubt your church has solved that problem, and I should be very glad to have you let me know how it has been solved. Some of our clergymen who have not been able to solve it are offering to go into the fields and play with the boys of their congregations on Sunday afternoons. They dread to have the boys driven to the saloons, or to worse places. The conditions in cities and in the country with regard to Sunday are very different.

Please remember also that people have a right to indulge in any game or recreation on Sunday which is not prohibited by law.

Very truly yours, W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

Rev. Edwin D. Bailey, 498 Twelfth Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The oldest residents of Brooklyn can't remember the time that permits for Sunday ball games were not issued in that borough.

HANFORD INQUIRY CERTAIN.

House Judiciary Committee Favors Quizzing Western Judge.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—At an executive session of the House Judiciary Committee to-day favorable action was taken on the resolution offered several days ago by Representative Victor L. Berger of Milwaukee, calling for an investigation with a view to the impeachment of Judge Cornelius H. Hanford of the Western District of Washington.

Representatives Berger and Norris appeared before the Committee and filed a number of affidavits, newspaper clippings, and magazine articles dealing with alleged actions on the part of Judge Hanford. In these it is charged that Judge Hanford, in the case of one Leonard Oleson, ordered the naturalization papers taken from Oleson on the ground that he was a Socialist. This is only one of the allegations against Judge Hanford, nor is it the most serious.

Chairman Clayton of the Judiciary Committee will report to-morrow a resolution to the House declaring it to be the sense of that committee that investigation should be made of the charges against Judge Hanford, and the House will then pass a resolution directing the committee to make the investigation. It was decided to-day that the investigation, when authorized by the House, shall be conducted by a sub-committee of three. This sub-committee will consist of Representatives Graham of Illinois, McCoy of New Jersey, and Higgins of Connecticut (Rep.) This sub-committee will be sent to Seattle to take the testimony of about fifty witnesses.

President Taft and Attorney General Wickersham have taken a deep interest in this case, and are understood to be in full sympathy with the demand of Representative Berger for an investigation.

Among the data filed with the committee to-day was a statement showing that about a year ago Judge Hanford was hanged in effigy in Seattle. His name is linked also with that of former Secretary of the Interior Richard A. Ballinger in magazine articles submitted to the committee.

DECIDES AGAINST KEATOR.

Court Holds He Is Not Entitled to Equal Share in Moss Estate.

Supreme Court Justice Cohalan rendered a decision yesterday against Beverly Keator, who had sued the heirs of Theodore Moss, former proprietor of Wallack's Theatre, for an equal share with them in his grandfather's estate.

Theodore Moss and his wife, through the consent of their son-in-law, Thomas Keator, became the guardians of Beverly and Randall Keator twenty years ago. According to Keator, this arrangement was agreed to with the provision that the two boys were to receive equal shares in Theodore Moss's estate with his own five children. The estate was valued at more than $500,000.

In 1896 Thomas Keator brought suit to recover the custody of his own children, but the Supreme Court decided that the agreement was valid and that the grandparents shoul retain the children. In declaring for the defendants in the present action, Justice Cohalan said:

"These young men in their childhood, boyhood, and youth enjoyed the comforts of an attractive home and shared the bounty of their indulgent grandparents. It is too much to expect that a court of equity, on a circumstance of twenty years ago, which at best smacks of improbability, will give them so great a share in this estate.

VINCENT ASTOR SEES WALDO.

Calls at Police Headquarters and Inspects Its Departments.

Vincent Astor, accompanied by James B. Regan, proprietor of the Hotel Knickerbocker, visited Police Headquarters yesterday, and had a talk with Commissioner Waldo. He spoke of the interest his father, the late Col. John Jacob Astor, had taken in the department and its men, and particularly of the roll of honor, which he, together with R. A. C. Smith and Philip Rhinelander, selected.

Young Mr. Astor was escorted through the building by Fourth Deputy Police Commissioner James E. Dillon, who showed him the Bertillon measuring room, the Rogues' Gallery, and various other departments. Then they went to the main corridor, and saw the bronze tablet bearing the names of the dead heroes of the department. Mr. Astor was introduced to the various heads of the departments and to Mrs. Isabella Goodwin, the only woman Detective Sergeant on the force. After his tour of the building, Mr. Astor drove away in Mr. Regan's automobile.

Dr. Chambliss Accepts College Call.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., June 11.—The Rev. John A. Chambliss, who was pastor of the First Baptist Church of this city, has accepted the call to the Presidency of the College for Women at Anniston, S. C. He was born at Athens, Ga., and served as a chaplain in the confederate army.

No matter who's nominated—here's a winner—

TUXEDO TOBACCO has been voted to be the best pipe-smoke of all, by a tremendous majority of men—and it keeps on being re-elected! No "bite"—a rare fragrance—great smoking from the first puff. In the curved green tin—10 cents.

PATTERSON'S TUXEDO TOBACCO
"The Pipe Smoke for Gentlemen"

A New Model Low Heel Pump for Women

This model was made to meet the demand of those women who like a stylish Pump, but who must have a medium low heel. It has a distinctive style and the usual perfect fitting Hanan qualities.

Gun Metal Calf
Russia Calf
$5.50

Hanan & Son
A New Store for Men, Nassau, cor. Liberty St.
Six Broadway Stores
Broadway, corner 31st St. | Broadway, cor. Canal St.
Broadway, corner 38th St. | Broadway, cor. Fulton St.
1095 Broadway, near 23d St. | 297 B'way, near Duane St.
In Brooklyn at 890 Fulton Street

From Business Affairs to Social Pleasures is but a Step by Telephone.

During Vacation the Office is Reached By Telephone

NO MATTER how carefully the summer work has been planned, there is always the chance that some matter, perhaps of great importance, may need the personal attention of the business man on vacation.

At such a time, the Bell Telephone is of the greatest value, not only to that man, but to his business house.

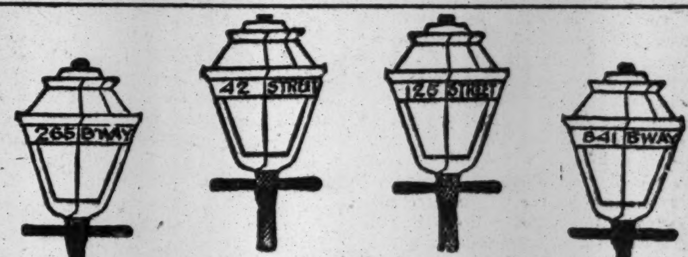
The practice of calling their places of business every morning while on vacation is followed by many business men.

Others depend upon the telephone mainly for emergencies. In any case, the vacation becomes more enjoyable because of the exact information it brings to the vacation point.

Wherever you go for the summer, prepare for the call from the office—insist upon Bell Telephone Service.

Every Bell Telephone is a Long Distance Station.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY



Hackett, Carhart & Co. INC. RETAIL
E. E. TURLINGTON, Vice President

3395 Fancy Suits
3728 Blue Serges
Just Added To New York's Greatest Summer Suit Sale

Included are models English or conservative, full or half lined, with two or three buttons. Serges, Cassimeres, Velours, Cheviots, Unfinished Worsteds and Black Thibets; New Blues, Browns, Tans, Grays, Blue-Grays, Blue-on-Blue, Chalk Mixtures, Pencil Lines, Pin Checks, Herringbones and fancy colors. Every Suit Reduced.

$12.50 For Suits Made to Sell Up to $20
$16.50 For Suits Made to Sell Up to $30
$19.50 For Suits Made to Sell Up to $37.50

Suits $15 to $45
265 Broadway Near Chambers St. | 841 Broadway Cor. 13th St. | 119 West 42d St. Near Broadway | 125th St. Near 3d Av.
Harlem and 42d St. Stores Open Evenings.

HIGGINS & SEITER
THE LARGEST CHINA & GLASS RETAILERS IN THE WORLD

During our REMOVAL SALE we are offering extraordinary opportunities to purchase

Appropriate Wedding Gifts
at much less than usual cost!

Every article in this entire store has been substantially reduced in price—and no other store in the land can show so many useful, beautiful Wedding Gift articles as one will find in our extensive stocks of fine China, Glass and related wares.

You can select for the amount you wish to spend a much finer Gift than you expected to buy—or purchase the article you had in mind for far less than you expected to pay! For example, there are:

Beautiful Chocolate and After-Dinner Coffee Sets in numerous dainty designs, at one-fourth off—An attractive $11.75 Chocolate Set is now marked . . . $8.81

Superb Cauldon Service Plates in an artistic English pattern are reduced from $305 a dozen to half price . . . $152.50

Limoges China Fish Plates that were $18 a doz. . . . at $13.50

Complete Dinner and Glassware Sets in great variety, offering most useful and impressive Wedding Gifts—at reductions of 10 to 25 per cent.

Silver Deposit Ware makes an always acceptable Gift—hundreds of suitable pieces at a wide range of prices are offered now at 10 per cent. discount from our usual low prices.

"BUY CHINA and GLASS RIGHT"
West 21st. and 22d. St. Just East of Sixth Avenue

DEATHBLOW GIVEN THE LOAN SHARKS

Court of Appeals Sustains Decisions of Lower Courts Against Usurious System of Fees.

DECENT AGENCIES TO START

Sage Foundation Will Increase Its Chattel Loan Fund at Once—Sympathy of Employers Elicited.

A court decision which representatives of the Sage Foundation declare will open the field for a vast amount of helpful constructive effort in the work of establishing on an entirely new basis the relationship between needy small borrowers and those who offer money to loan was handed down yesterday by the Court of Appeals at Albany.

The decision is said to be "the final nail in the loan shark coffin," and as such it was hailed yesterday by representatives of social betterment organizations who have been working among railroad corporations, express companies, city offices, and retail dry goods stores to break up the practice of dismissing employes who have fallen into the clutches of loan sharks.

Specifically the decision had to do only with the fortunes of John Edward Schultz, General Manager of the State Loan and Realty Association, with a place of business at 59 Centre Street, Brooklyn. This company is one of ten operating throughout the United States under the single ownership of a well-known Chicago resident. The decision holds that Schultz was rightfully convicted a year ago in the Court of Special Sessions of collecting extortionate interest from Charles T. Platt, in that it forced him to pay $41 for a loan of $25 for six months. In each court where the case was heard on its way to the Court of Appeals the defense of the loan company that it was charging for "fees" and clerical expenses in addition to the legal rate of interest was swept aside.

The case did not start as a test case, although it became such after reaching the Appellate Division, where the loan company lost several months ago. The arguments before the Appellate Division were as to whether or not the defendant, Schultz, should be compelled to pay the fine of $250 imposed in the Court of Special Sessions.

To the assistance of Schultz an association of loan companies sent an imposing array of counsel, while the Sage Foundation, through Arthur Han, its special representative, interposed with a request that it be permitted to file a brief supplementing that of the District Attorney. The request was granted, and from that point on the case became a bitterly fought contest as to the legality of the "loan shark" law.

After a decision in the Appellate Division adverse to the loan company's manager, a large fund was raised among loan companies, and the case was appealed to the Court of Appeals. Yesterday's decision, rendered without any accompanying opinion, confirmed the findings of the Appellate Division and made the decision final, as it cannot be carried further on appeal.

"There are two ways of considering the lack of an accompanying opinion of the part of the Justices of the Court of Appeals," said Arthur Han in discussing his future plans for the organization of remedial loan offices, "but I think the meaning of the court is that the lower tribunals said all there was to say.

"The decision means fast work must be done to prepare to take over the work of the present group of loan sharks and pawnbrokers. We are working hard and expect to be able soon to announce important results.

"For instance, our loan association that accepts chattel loans has up to now operated as an experiment, with only $200,000 in capital to draw on. That fund will be doubled immediately, and will even be tripled if there is any need for it.

"I wish we could say pawnshops would be opened on a decent basis. But unfortunately that cannot be done until there is better legislation.

"What do I expect to happen now? Watch the columns of those newspapers that print loan company advertising. When the first decision of the series just ended struck the money lenders as a deathblow they were furnishing to one advertising agency a total of fifty-eight inches daily. After the Appellate Division's decision the advertising fell to seven and one-half inches a day. Now watch the last remnant of it disappear. It's only a question of obtaining and presenting the evidence till every loan broker of the 'shark' variety becomes a criminal under the law.

"The people little realize how thoroughly the attitude of big employers has been reversed and revolutionized on this important subject within a few months. At a single meeting of the dry goods men of this city we released 50,000 working men and women from the fear of discharge if loan sharks reported against them, and at the same time put them in touch with loan associations organized by their employers.

"Six big railroads came into line; so did the telegraph and telephone companies. Now the only business organizations still playing into the hands of the loan sharks by accepting orders to hold up salaries and discharging men caught in the toils are two express companies and two Eastern railroads.

"I fully believe that intelligent employers will rapidly adopt some flexible variation of the European Co-operative Credit Union. This decision opens the way for them, and establishes a duty to do so, since it is not wise to destroy the existing agency without the constructive work necessary to replace it on terms of decent humanity."

MAY SAVE ROBIN FRANCHISE.

Agreement Reached to Turn It Over to the Manhattan & Jamaica Co.

Through the efforts of Borough President Connolly of Queens, an agreement was reached yesterday by which it is expected that the franchise of the South Shore Traction Company, a Robin road, will be saved from forfeiture and its transfer to the Manhattan & Jamaica Railway Company authorized at the next meeting of the Board of Estimate. The agreement was reached yesterday at the Borough Hall, in Long Island City, between representatives of the company and the city.

There was a hitch over the terms on which other companies could be permitted to use the tracks of the Manhattan & Jamaica Company. It finally was agreed that such use would be permitted provided the company obtaining the privilege would permit the Manhattan & Jamaica Company to use the same amount of trackage of the other company and on the same terms.

Residents of the section east of the old village of Jaamica and the city line at Nassau County contended that 1914 was too long a time to grant the new road in which to construct the tracks to the city line. It was finally agreed that the company would finish the tracks to the city line within six months after permission to build was given by the Borough President. This was agreeable all around. Some of the streets in that section over which the tracks will be laid are not yet legally opened, and the President cannot give his permit until they are opened.

The agreement will be presented to the Board of Estimate on Thursday.

Ex-Conorer Schwannecke's Estate.

The will of Albert F. Schwannecke, an ex-Bronx Coroner, of 535 East Tremont Avenue, who died March 11, was filed yesterday in the Surrogates' Court for probate. He left an estate valued at $2,000 in personalty. This he disposes of by giving only $5 to each member of his family and the residue to Marie E. Nestor "in recognition of faithful service rendered." He leaves five children, Frederick A. and Clarence H. Schwannecke, Daisy Busse, Georgia C. Schwannecke and Henrietta Reeber.

CUTTER SAVED 500 IN VOLCANO ZONE

Kodiak Crops Ruined and Water Polluted by Ashes, Leaving Inhabitants Destitute.

GOVERNMENT TO SEND HELP

No Word from Villages Close to Mount Katmai—Black as Midnight for Two Days.

KODIAK, Alaska, June 9, (via tug to Seward, June 11.)—Kodiak and Woody Island villages are buried under a foot of ashes as a result of the eruption of Katmai volcano, beginning Thursday afternoon and lasting forty-eight hours. No lives have been lost here, but many other settlements near the volcano must have suffered severely.

The revenue cutter Manning was in port here when the eruption began and furnished refuge for all the inhabitants of the town, 500 men, women, and children, doubtless saving many lives. The Manning is now serving distilled water and Government rations to the destitute people, the water supply having been polluted and springs filled with ashes.

The naval wireless station was destroyed by fire, and the Manning's wireless equipment is too weak to work with Cordova. Dispatches are being sent by tug to Seward with an appeal for all available craft to come to the assistance of the people in the vicinity. The property loss will be enormous.

As soon as the hail of ashes, sand, and hot pumice stone began, the officers of the Manning ordered every one in Kodiak and near-by villages to board the ship. For more than forty hours the people were huddled together in the darkness of midnight. Saturday morning it grew lighter, and the Manning worked out of the narrow channel and headed for the open sea. She had not proceeded far when the pall lifted, and she returned to Kodiak.

Word was received to-day from a salmon cannery at Uyak, on the Shelik, or strait, shore of Kodiak Island, that the people there are safe, but it is thought that seven fishing villages, with a total population of 200, on the Alaskan peninsula in the immediate vicinity of Katmai volcano were destroyed by the eruption of last Thursday.

SEWARD, Alaska, June 11.—The first direct news of conditions on Kodiak Island, which was almost devastated by the eruption of Katmai volcano, was received yesterday, when the tug Printer arrived, bringing Lieut. Searles of the revenue cutter Manning and J. E. Erskin, a merchant of Kodiak, who appealed for assistance for the stricken people on the island.

Lieut. Searles said that the food supply at Kodiak was sufficient to last only fifteen days. All the crops on the island were destroyed and millions of fish were killed by the sand and ashes that fell. The water supply is polluted by the decaying fish, and springs have been stopped up with ashes. The Manning is distilling water for the use of the people.

At a mass meeting of the citizens a committee was appointed to handle relief funds for the stricken villagers. An appeal was sent to Congress asking that $2,000 be placed at the disposal of the revenue cutter service to buy food.

Messages were also sent to Gov. Clark urging him to send all the revenue cutters on duty in Alaskan waters to the islands laid waste by the volcano. The tug Printer will return to Kodiak tomorrow with all available supplies.

SEATTLE, Wash., June 11.—Dispatches from Dawson, Yukon Territory, 600 miles northeast of the volcanoes, said volcano ash fell there yesterday. The people of Dawson had not heard of the Katmai eruption. Other points in the Yukon Valley reported a light fall of ashes, and Eagle, Alaska, near the international boundary, reported hearing distant explosions on Thursday afternoon.

FAIRBANKS, Alaska, June 11.—Persons arriving from the south bring reports of heavy cannonading in the foothills of the Alaskan range, and it is supposed the volcanoes are in action. The sounds come from the vicinity of Mount Hayes. Ashes are falling here and the sun is obscured.

Mount Hayes is 14,000 feet high and is situated 100 miles southeast of Fairbanks. The Mount Hayes district has been looked upon as subject to volcanic eruptions. The cannonading of the Aleutian range volcanoes could scracely have been carried across the Alaskan range, and the reports heard on the northerly slope of that range must have been caused by volcanoes not yet identified. So far as known, Mount Wrangle has given on signs of disturbance during the present outbreak of the Aleutian peaks.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The Federal Government is moving swiftly for the relief of the volcano sufferers. Acting Secretary Curtis of the Treasury Department discussed relief measures to-day with President Taft. Capt. Bertholft, Commandant of the Revenue Cutter Service, has issued orders to rush the cutter Tahoma or McCulloch to the assistance of the refugees.

Capt. Perry of the revenue cutter Manning, reporting to Washington, urges the need of a Government emergency fund for supplies for the destitute.

Delegate Wickersham of Alaska and Senator Jones of Washington both introduced resolutions to-day for the immediate appropriation of $50,000 for the relief of the volcano victims. The House adjourned before action on the Wickersham resolution could be taken.

Acting Secretary Curtis of the Treasury Department conferred with Representative Fitzgerald, Chairman of the House Appropriations Committee, regarding relief measures and was assured that Congress would stand behind the executive departments in all reasonable expenditure to help the distressed Alaskans. Pending a specific appropriation, as contemplated by the resolutions introduced to-day, the Army General Emergency Fund will be used.

Philander P. Claxton, United States Commissioner of Education, has telegraphed the school teachers in the tetrritory to render all the aid possible.

Kodiak, which is submerged in ashes, is the old town of St. Paul, capital of Alaska under Russia. Latest statistics here show its population to be 438, while Wood Island is inhabited by 168. There is a Catholic church and several business buildings at Kodiak. Within a radius of sixty miles there are fifty villages with population ranging from 20 to 200 people each. A large salmon cannery is located at Uyak, in the affected zone.

GUILTY OF $19,000 LARCENY.

Boston Jury Also Convicts Woman of Receiving Shoe Man's Loot.

BOSTON, June 11.—Arthur W. Shaw was found guilty of the larceny of about $19,000 from two Maine shoe manufacturing firms by a jury in the Superior Court to-day. A verdict of guilty of receiving the money was returned against Mrs. Georgia M. Stuart of this city.

Sentence will be pronounced later. Shaw was President and Treasurer of the A. W. Shaw Boot and Shoe Corporation of Boston and Freeport, Me., and was also connected with the Cumberland Boot and Shoe Company of Freeport. Last Winter he disappeared and receivers were appointed for the Shaw corporation. He was arrested in Los Angeles, Cal. Shaw has a wife and family in Freeport.

THE TURNSTILE
A.E.W. MASON

Ready!

THE TURNSTILE

A NEW NOVEL BY

A. E. W. MASON

Author of
"The Broken Road," "At the Villa Rose."

THE romance of Harry Rames, vivid, forceful adventurer, fighting upward in politics with the steady calculation that took him "farthest South" and of Cynthia Daventry, idealist and heiress—this is the central theme in a novel of variegated character and incident that begins on the plain-tracts of Argentina but shifts to the political stage of England.

"Mr. A. E. W. Mason has a great gift for writing stories about a man's world with men's work to be done in it."—*New York Sun.*

"Mr. A. E. W. Mason's reputation as a teller of an absorbing story is too great for surprise at any excellent thing that comes from his pen."—*Chicago Evening Post.*

"Mr. Mason is one of those literary men in political life who really profit by their dual resource. . . . He is a born teller of tales."—*New York Tribune.*

$1.30 *net* *Postpaid* $1.40

Charles Scribner's Sons 153 Fifth Ave., New York

More Dollars for Jingles

In June, 1912, 50 persons will make $20.00 each writing short, snappy Post Toasties Jingles most acceptable for a "Toasties" Jingle Book.

This offer for June, 1912, is entirely separate from, and in addition to, the Jingles purchased by us in May, 1912.

Read instructions below, then see how good a Post Toasties Jingle you can write. It's pleasant amusement for Girls and Boys and older folks.

A COMPLETE JINGLE
(As an example only.)

Early morning breakfast, sad 'tis to relate,
Servant over-slept today, getting awful late,
Father growing nervous wants a bit to eat,
Calls for his Post Toasties, goodness, that's a treat.

FINISH THIS JINGLE

Old Mother Hubbard's family, a happy bunch were they,
Of healthy little kiddies playing all the day,
History hasn't told us, but to me 'twould seem,
....
(Fill in this line, mentioning Toasties and write plainly.)

Sign here—Name..................................Date..................

Street..........................City..........................State..................

Address and mail your Jingles to
Jingle Dept. 566, POSTUM CEREAL CO., LTD., BATTLE CREEK, MICH.

Use of above form of answer is suggested, but not required.

We will buy 50 Post Toasties Jingles, acceptable for use in a Jingle Book, received during June, 1912, at $20.00 each.

Only the Jingles we pay for will be used, but no Jingles, whether purchased or not, will be returned.

The names and addresses of the writers of the 50 Jingles purchased in June, 1912, will be printed and mailed to each enquirer who sends us a 1c stamped and addressed envelope for return.

The Jingles will be judged honestly upon merit, so if you are a sensitive person and not a good sportsman don't try, for we have no time to "pet up" those whose Jingles are not accepted.

Fill in the missing line of the incomplete Jingle printed above, making the last line include the name "Toasties," with correct rhyme and metre.

Or, write an original Post Toasties Jingle of not less than 4 lines, any one line of which must contain "Post Toasties" or "Toasties."

As many Jingles may be submitted as desired.

No Jingle submitted in May, 1912, will be considered in this June, 1912, offer.

One can make this a pleasant form of entertainment, may make some extra money, and in addition become acquainted with

Post Toasties

—the delicious, ready-to-serve, crisp bits of toasted Indian Corn.

Try a dish with some milk or cream and a sprinkle of sugar.

10TH Anniversary of the 20TH Century Limited

The Most Famous Train In The World
3590

A World's Record for Continuous Long Distance Train Service

Since its first trip, June 15th, 1902—10 years ago—the 20th Century Limited has performed continuous overnight service and has established itself among the recognized institutions of the world in the development of trade and commerce.

Lv. New York . . . . 4.00 P.M. ‖ Lv. Chicago . . . . 2.30 P.M.
Ar. Chicago . . . . 8.55 A.M. ‖ Ar. New York . . . 9.25 A.M.

Every Day in the Year

Railroad and Pullman tickets delivered by Special Messenger without extra charge. For further information, address General Eastern Passenger Agent, 1216 Broadway.

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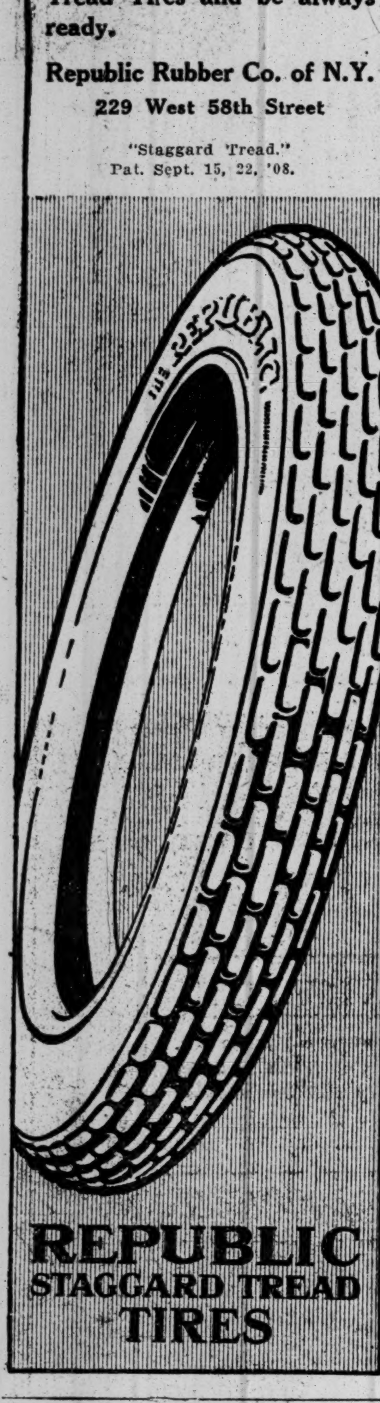


REPUBLIC STAGGARD TREAD TIRES

PRINCETON CONFERS HONORS AND DEGREES

Doctor of Literature for W. D. Howells and Doctor of Laws for James Ford Rhodes.

CLASS OF 255 GRADUATED

Cyrus McCormick Is the Only Athlete to Get Highest Scholarship Honors—Names of the Graduates.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., June 11.—The three days' celebration of Princeton's 165th commencement came to an end to-day, when 255 members of the class of 1912 received their college testimonials. William Dean Howells, the noted American author and president of the American Academy of Arts and Letters, was honored with the degree of Doctor of Literature (Litt. D.) The degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred on John Aikman Stewart, the retiring President pro tempore, and Assistant Treasurer of the United States and Financial Adviser to President Lincoln during the civil war. Dr. Stewart, who has been a trustee of Princeton for forty-four years, was accorded an ovation, which a Princeton audience reserves for its favorite sons. Dr. Stewart enjoys the distinction of being the oldest member of the Board of Trustees, having just celebrated his ninetieth birthday.

The degree of Doctor of Laws was also conferred on James Ford Rhodes, who was called "our first living American political historian," and Alfred Reed, the first appointed Law Judge of Mercer County, in which Princeton is situated. The degree of Doctor of Humanities was given to George Herbert Palmer, Professor of Philosophy in Harvard University. Charles Henry Butler, reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States since 1902, was the recipient of the only honorary Master of Arts degree which was conferred to-day. Fifty-one Masters' degrees were given for work done in the Graduate Department.

The Princeton Faculty, the members of the graduating class, and hundreds of the seniors' guests filled Alexander Hall this morning. Only two of the graduates delivered addresses. Raymond Foulston Haulenbeek of Newark, N. J., highest honor man in the Classical Humanities Department and graduated magna cum laude, delivered the Latin salutatory, and Chauncey Belknap of New York City was the class valedictorian.

The announcement of special honors brought distinction to Cyrus McCormick, son of Cyrus H. McCormick of Chicago, who was accorded highest honors in the Department of History, Politics, and Economics, the most popular of Princeton's academic courses. McCormick was voted the "most intellectual" man in the class, and for the past three years has played on the 'Varsity football team. He is the only man to gain highest honors who has taken part in the college athletics.

In presenting William Dean Howells for the degree of Doctor of Literature, Dean Andrew F. West of Princeton's new Graduate College, said:

> WILLIAM DEAN HOWELLS, President of the American Academy of Arts and Letters; a social analyst, sympathetically appreciative of the problem of the changing of an old race to fit its new environment, and also an independent onlooker and transcriber of our changing ways, a man of the newer American order, not in the crude, but in its finished outworking, a living realist, a purist in style, never seeking poetic effect, and yet gently poetic in his musings, averse to formal symmetry and quick with instinct for the outstanding, salient, significant things; withal personally most lovable. We gladly pay tribute this day to him as the dean of the guild of belles lettres in America.

George Pierson, a member of the class of 1882, President Hibben's class, received the degree of Doctor of Divinity.

Degrees and Honors.

The following received degrees yesterday:

BACHELOR OF ARTS.—H. D. Appenzeller, J. H. Arnett, R. F. Arnold, T. W. Attridge, H. R. Baker, W. H. Baldwin, H. A. Barry, R. W. Baskerville, J. C. Bell, Jr., B. D. Benson, W. G. Benton, E. E. Berl, J. A. Bertolet, L. D. Blair, R. G. Bosworth, W. J. Bratton, R. I. Brent, F. G. Burk, C. T. Butler, P. Van S. Camp, J. F. B. Carruthers, R. D. Carter, Jr., H. W. Cobb, Jr., M. A. Cooper, F. R. Cross, J. C. Dawson, Jr., B. N. Bell, J. B. Donaldson, Jr., M. Duff, Jr., M. P. Dunlap, C. N. Eddy, C. P. Eddy, F. W. Elmendorf, P. K. Emmons, J. N. Ewing, B. H. Farr, J. T. Field, R. E. Fish, J. C. Fitts, D. P. Forst, D. P. Foster, S. F. Franklin, J. F. Gardiner, G. M. Garmany, H. A. Gosnell, M. Greenbaum, F. D. Halsey, J. De H. Harrison, R. F. Haulenbeek, C. W. Henry, O. P. Heyn, Jr., D. Horton, D. W. Houston, Jr., H. Ingersoll, R. F. Irwin, Jr., R. W. Johnson, Jr., W. F. Judd, F. A. Kahler, Jr., E. D. Kalbfleisch, D. M. Kelley, M. W. King, E. H. Klipstein, R. G. Knott, M. R. Koehler, W. R. Kruse, R. Lowry, T. H. McCauley, I. McClintock, C. McCormick, D. B. McCready, R. D. MacMurdy, R. H. Martin, G. W. Moock, H. E. Muzzy, E. Norman, A. T. Ormond, Jr., R. C. Orr, J. M. G. Parker, R. L. Patton, E. Plaut, G. H. Pyne, H. F. Reck, J. I. B. Reiley, Jr., J. Riegel, Jr., G. S. Robertson, C. O. Schaller, A. Seckelde Bienville, S. B. White, E. R. Whittingham, E. H. Wilder, S. B. Williams, G. E. Winants, A. L. Wolf, and H. P. Keith, as of the class of 1906.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE.—A. A. Barnes, C. J. Bell, H. Cook, W. De Witt, H. E. Fisk, R. E. Gardner, Jr., R. C. Jones, S. L. Jones, A. F. Kratzer, F. E. Lippman, C. L. McCarthy, A. McLanahan, J. H. Mullin, E. P. Nevin, F. J. O'Donoghue, K. E. Plants, S. J. Ranuch, K. Stephenson, E. I. Thompson.

CIVIL ENGINEER.—W. W. Battles, J. H. Carroll, Jr., F. G. Cart, Jr., T. F. Clark, C. F. Columbia, A. T. Dice, Jr., G. H. Dunn, H. L. Felt, W. R. Fisher, B. M. Fowler, Jr., L. S. Gatter, R. B. Higgins, B. D. McClave, W. McLean, R. A. Medina, H. H. Ormond, H. A. Orrick, Jr., J. G. Pennypacker, C. I. Place, C. Plager, H. Platt, W. H. Powell, Jr., L. T. M. Ralston, C. W. Reed, C. G. Reilly, S. Ridout, G. Riggs, C. B. Rockwell, Jr., H. A. Schauffler, J. G. Shaw, Jr., C. H. Sterrett, W. B. Waterman, R. W. Wigton, and J. E. Deford, B. O. Wilkins, as of the class of 1911.

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY.—G. D. Buckner, R. G. Caldwell, R. G. Clelland, K. T. Compton, C. L. Heaps, O. F. Kampmeir, J. S. Laird, S. B. Murray, C. Sheard, R. H. Tanner, P. Thomas, H. B. Van Hoesen.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER—C. T. Baldwin, P. B. Findley, H. A. Frederick, P. E. Moses, J. M. Schoonmaker, Jr., K. Seeley, I. P. Seery, F. H. Shafer, S. R. Shafer, LeR. S. Shultz, H. Siefke, Jr., S. A. Sisson, H. A. Smith, T. G. Speers, J. K. Stoddard, H. J. Sweeny, J. L. Terry, E. W. Thomas, R. T. Townsend, T. W. Trevor, E. L. Turner, Jr., G. K. Tweddel, A. L. Urban, Jr., W. C. Vance, E. M. Vernon, W. Wagner, H. H. Ward, Jr., H. C. Warren, S. S. Wells, R. Wets, R. C. Wilcox, J. K. Willing, and C. M. Wylie.

BACHELOR OF LETTERS—C. H. Adams, H. C. Adams, L. J. Barkhorn, E. M. Barnhart, T. Q. Beesley, C. Belknap, F. L. Bergen, A. H. Bissell, H. D. Boker, G. O. Bradford, W. N. Breed, C. C. Brigham, B. M. Bryan, G. W. Bunn, Jr., R. J. Burke, J. C. Butler, G. W. Carpenter, A. C. Carroll, P. P. Chrystie, S. Coe, E. V. Connett 3d, W. S. Cooper, R. M. Craig, W. G. Dancy, U. M. Davies, J. M. Davis, H. S. Day, A. Devereux, R. R. Dieter, W. P. Dodds, H. M. Dyckman, L. B. Dyer, H. Eagle, C. J. Fitton, D. W. Fitton, G. P. Foster, A. L. Fowler, Jr., S. D. Gamble, E. V. Gordy, P. Van R. Griffin, L. M. Hahn, G. J. Harding, Jr., T. A. Hart, C. Heath, C. E. Henderson, Jr., C. Higgins, F. G. Hodges, A. C. Holden, G. K. Hornbrook, P. D. Hoyt, F. C. Hughes, J. T. Jameson, A. G. Kay, L. I. Laughlin, J. Lehman, J. P. McKinney, Jr., D. Mathey, V. C. Miller, L. P. Mills, D. C. Orbisco, F. R. Paine, J. J. Pentz, W. F. Rick, E. Rushmore, H. M. Sawyer, J. B. Seligman, T. G. Sewall, T. B. Seyster, G. I. Speer, Jr., W. F. Starkey, T. Swamm, H. S. Talbott, A. Tobey, C. S. Todd, W. H. Tuck, C. McG. Tyson, J. H. Uhl, R. S. Walcott, A. McC. Wangler, J. White, and R. E. White.

SENIOR HONOR MEN.—Honors for General Excellence, Bachelors of Arts Course, Magna Cum Laude—J. C. Fitts, S. F. Franklin, R. F. Haulenbeek, D. Horton, F. A. Kahler, Jr., C. M. Wylie. Bachelor of Letters Course, Magna Cum Laude—S. D. Gamble. Civil Engineering Course, Magna Cum Laude—J. G. Pennypacker.

SPECIAL HONORS IN PARTICULAR DEPARTMENTS.—Philosophy—Highest honors, S. F. Franklin; high honors, D. Horton, C. C. Brigham. History, Politics, and Economis—Highest honors, C. McCormick; high honors, C. Beknap, S. D. Gamble, R. E. Fish, C. M. Wylie. Art and Archaeology—High honors, R. S. Walcott. Classical Humanities—Highest honors, R. F. Haulenbeek; high honors, J. De H. Harrison. English—Highest honors, S. R. Shafer; high honrs, G. S. Robinson. Mathematics and Physics—High honors, J. C. Fitts. Biology—High honors, R. W. Johnson, Jr. Modern Languages, Germanic—High honors, F. A. Kahler, Jr.

Meredith Howland Left $2,000.

Meredith Howland, who died while visiting in Cannes, Frances, on April 3, left an estate of $2,000 in personalty, according to the will filed for probate yesterday in the Surrogates' Court. All his property is left to Adelaide Howland, his wife, who was Adelaide Torrence, granddaughter of Commodore Vanderbilt. Mr. Howland was the son of the late Gardiner G. Howland of this city.

HALT ARMY POST PLAN.

Senator Warren's Fight for Fort Russell Denounced as Jobbery.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11.—The disclosure that a retired army officer, who is the Washington representative of the du Pont Powder Trust, had been selected to serve on the proposed Military Post Commission, created a sensation at the Capitol to-day and precipitated a demand for a reconsideration of the conference report on the Army Appropriation bill.

The officer is Major Gen. Charles F. Humphrey, formerly Quartermaster General of the army. He has been connected with the du Pont Powder Company ever since he retired from active service, and he was designated a member of the Military Post Commission by the Congressional Conference Committee of which Senator du Pont is Chairman. This commission is to recommend what army posts shall be retained and what ones shall be abandoned, and the task is one involving political considerations of the greatest importance to Senators and Representatives interested in the control of army affairs.

When THE TIMES correspondent asked Gen. Humphrey to-night as to the truth of his connection with the powder trust, he replied:

"The statement that I am an agent of the du Pont Powder Compaany is untrue. I am with the du Pont Company as the representative of their interests in Washington. I have held that position ever since I retired. My connection, however, has no relation to my appointments as a member of this commission. I knew nothing about it until a couple of days after I was selected."

One of the charges made against the conference committee is that it selected as members of this commission officers who would be opposed to the discontinuance of army posts. On this point Gen. Humphrey made this statement:

"I am opposed to abandoning army posts as a general rule. The posts cost the Government an immense amount of money, and it would be wasteful to discontinue them except in a few rare instances."

Gen. Humphrey was stationed for several years at Fort D. A. Russell, near Cheyenne, Wyo., the post established at the instance of Senator Warren. The Senator is pulling all the wires at his command to prevent the War Department from carrying out its intention of abolishing the post on the ground that it constitutes a useless extravagance.

The revelation of Gen. Humphrey's connection with the Powder Trust has increased the indignation of Senators, who are denouncing the conference report on the Army Appropriation bill as jobbery of the most scandalous character. Early in the day a movement was started to obtain reconsideration of the vote by which the report was adopted yesterday. It is now planned to move the reconsideration to-morrow if some Senator who voted in the affirmative can be induced to take the step. There was a series of whispered conferences on the subject on the floor during the day, and Senator Warren kept constant watch to meet the attack.

It is now openly charged that the conference report represents a log rolling deal between Senator Warren (Rep.) and Representative Hay (Dem.) Warren obtained the creation of a commission to pass on the question of abolishing army posts, and Hay is to receive the scalp of Gen. Wood as a trophy for Gen. Ainsworth.

The whole affair was the subject of discussion by the President and Cabinet during the day. The President is chiefly concerned over the plan to oust Gen. Wood as Chief of Staff.

The conference report is scheduled to come up in the House to-morrow, and Representative Prince is preparing to lead a determined fight against it.

NAME BEEF TRUST HUNTERS.

Judiciary Committee Selects Five Democrats and Three Republicans.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11.—The investigation of the Beef Trust, urged by Representative Edwards of Georgia, will not be conducted by the entire Judiciary Committee of the House, but by one of its sub-committees, specially designated to-day by Chairman Clayton.

In executive session this morning the committee appointed Mr. Clayton of Alabama and Messrs. Webb of North Carolina, Carlin of Virginia, Floyd of Arkansas, Davis of West Virginia, Democrats, and Messrs. Sterling of Illinois, Howland of Ohio, and Norris of Nebraska, Republicans.

SUBWAY ARGUMENTS HEARD.

Three Injunction Suits Taken to Court of Appeals in Albany.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 11.—The Court of Appeals heard argument to-day on the three injunction suits which have been brought against New York City and the Public Service Commission by the Admiral Realty Co., John Ryon, and John J. Hopper, to restrain them from taking any steps to carry out the proposed bargains with the Interborough and the B. R. T. for the settlement of the Subway situation. Particular objection was made to the provision in the contracts for preferential payments to the companies before the city receives any return on the money it proposes to invest, and to the city entering into a contract under which the earnings of the existing lines, which will be operated with the lines to be constructed, will be mingled with the earnings of the new lines.

No attempt was made to overset the decision in The Sun Publishing Association's case, which holds that the construction of rapid transit lines is as much a city purpose as the building of an ordinary road, and, consequently, it was conceded that the city has absolute right to build a subway system for the benefit of its citizens. But it was contended that the preferential clauses of the proposed contracts and the mingling of the receipts from the old and new subways will amount to a breach of Article 8 of the State Constitution. This prohibits the lending by any municipality of its funds or its credit to a railroad corporation, and the petitioners consequently asked the Court of Appeals to declare these contracts "ultra vires."

Daniel F. Hayes, Ralph Wolf, and Louis Marshall appeared for the Admiral Realty Company, and Assistant Corporation Counsel Louis H. Hahlo, George S. Coleman, counsel for the Public Service Commission, and Richard Reid Rogers, counsel for the Interborough, replied to them. In the Ryon case Willard N. Bayliss was counsel for the appellant, and George S. Coleman and Charles A. Collin of the B. R. T.'s legal forces appeared against him.

Mr. Bayliss did not argue that the city authorities in proposing the subway agreement were acting in anything but good faith, but did contend that it had not the legal power to carry it out. In the Hopper case stress was laid on the financial side of the bargain, and figures were advanced to show that the city could only hope to receive any return on the money it proposed to invest by creating anew the same congestion on the new subway as exists to-day. Even then, it was contended, the city was bound to be a heavy loser.

Titanic Lighthouse Fund Grows.

The committee of the fund to provide a lighthouse in memory of those who lost their lives on the Titanic announced yesterday that J. P. Morgan & Co. had received additional contributions amounting to $54, which brings the total to $6,692. The donors were:

Mrs. R. B. G. Goddard	$25
Henry S. Marlor	10
Mrs. Edwin B. Sheldon	10
Mrs. Banger Clarkson	5
Walter Gilliss	3
Mrs. W. C. Estes	1
	$54
Previously acknowledged	6,638
	$6,692

$4,000 RECEIVED FOR LOSERS IN FLOODS

The Mayor's Committee Reports $2,700 and the Merchants' Association $1,300.

TWO $500 SUBSCRIPTIONS

Making Total for New York City More Than $45,000—More Gifts Are Asked For.

Subscriptions amounting to more than $4,000 were added yesterday to the fund which has been started in this city for the relief of the sufferers in the Southern floods. Contributions to the Mayor's fund, which lagged earlier in the week, grew almost $3,000 yesterday. The total subscriptions made to the Mayor's Committee and to the Merchants' Association now amount to more than $45,000. These are the subscriptions received yesterday by the Mayor's Committee:

G. S. Bowdoin	$500
W. A. Read	250
Jos. Milbank	250
W. W. Lawrence	100
R. B. Woodward	100
Miss Elizabeth W. Frothingham	100
Thomas Potts	100
Greenhut-Siegel Cooper Co.	100
E. Naumberg & Co.	100
Alexander E. Orr	100
Holt & Co.	100
James H. Ottley	50
Henry L. Calman	50
Mortimer M. Singer	50
H. H. Cammann	50
Morimura, Arai & Co.	50
Greeff & Co.	50
"A. G. C."	50
Marc Eidlitz & Son	50
M. Louise Sullivan	50
"J. L. W."	30
M. Dworetsky	25
G. F. Dominick	25
J. F. McCoy Co.	25
First Presbyterian Sunday School, Far Rockaway	25
Oshinsky & Valentine	25
J. Langeloth	25
Robert D. Carter	25
Sentinel Pub. Co.	17.25
Ogden H. Bowers	15
Russell Armstrong	10
Good Manufact. Co.	10
C. F. Bogert	10
Fuerst Bros. & Co.	10
I. Modry	10
Edward Friedman	10
Miss I. M. Peters	10
Gattle, Ettinger & Co.	10
Robert P. Bowler	10
John S. Simons	10
Froehlich & Hughes	10
Hannah S. Benjamin	10
Turitz, Liss & Tropp	10
L. Gottlieb & Sons	10
Rufus S. King	10
Therese J. Radford	10
New York Browning Society	10
Bertha Silberstein	10
Max Eisman	10
Mrs. L. E. Opdycke	10
William L. Lyall	10
St. Thomas's Sunday School, Mamaroneck	7.25
George Boochever	5
J. H. Twamley	5
Mrs. Overington	5
Mrs. J. A. Schwarz	5
Mrs. C. H. Pepper	5
F. Condit	5
Mrs. J. H. Stebbins	5
J. Prensky & Bro.	5
G. Weinstein	5
J. Sulzbach	5
Isabella Sullivan	5
A. J. Appel & Son	5
"J. T. F."	5
G. J. Schneider	5
"Q. H. S."	5
Felix Fezandie	5
Adolph Zeh	3
Miss Sarah H. Bennett	2
M. De C.	2
Rev. J. L. Robinson	1
A. Cohen	1
Total	$2,793.50
Prev. acknowl.	35,294.98
Grand total	$38,088.48

These are yesterday's subscriptions to the fund of the Merchants' Association:

Prev. acknowl.	$6,472
King, Geals & Co.	10
R. J. Menzies	5
A. Knauth	10
C. L. Bernheimer	25
W. W. J. Warren	5
John Nix & Co.	100
"Cash"	1
Austin, Nichols & Co.	100
Kops Brothers	25
J. Morgan Howe, M. D.	10
Nathan Foltz	5
The Einstein-Wolff Co.	50
F. A. Schermerhorn	500
Merck & Co.	100
F. Lyman	25
O. Falk & Co.	10
Knothe Brothers	25
"A Friend"	25
S. Winterbourne	10
Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Mount	10
Harvey & Outerbridge	100
Pantasote Leath. Co.	100
Jed Frye & Co.	50
Total	$7,773

Additional subscriptions for the relief of the flood sufferers were received by THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday as follows:

"A Friend"	$5
"Cash"	25
Mrs. Thomas J.	5
E. K. C.	$5
C. B.	1
Total	$41

Those desiring to contribute to the Mayor's fund may send their donations to the Mayor's Flood Relief Committee, 51 Chambers Street, or City Hall; or to Jacob H. Schiff, Treasurer of the American Red Cross Society, 52 William Street. Contributions through the Merchants' Association may be sent in care of the association, 54-60 Lafayette Street.

KING WILLIAM IV.
V·O·P
SCOTCH
WHISKY

The most famous Scotch whisky that comes to America is "King William." Ask any connoisseur or judge for yourself. Try it in your next highball, and note how different the flavour is.

FOUNDED 1856

BROKAW BROTHERS
MEN'S & BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS & FURNISHINGS

Our suits are so well tailored that after continued wear their shape and style revive instantly under the pressing iron.

Yet they cost no more than suits which become shapeless and shabby after a single season's wear.

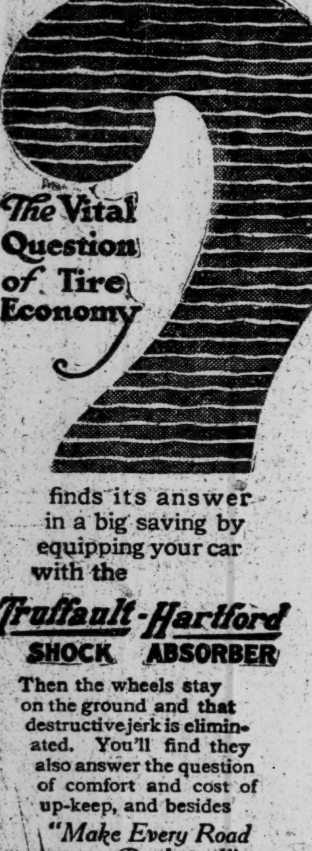
Summer Suits $18 to $45

Astor Place & Fourth Avenue
SUBWAY AT THE DOOR—ONE BLOCK FROM BROADWAY

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Every big town is a small town—and the far-away friend is a near-by neighbor to him who owns a Ford. Extend your range of action—and your pleasures. The Ford has solved the automobile problem for the man who values his dollars. It's light, right, economical.

Seventy-five thousand new Fords go into service this season—proof of their unequaled merit. The price is $590 for the roadster, $690 for the five passenger car, and $700 for the delivery car—complete with all equipment, f. o. b. Detroit. Latest catalogue from Ford Motor Company, 1728 Broadway, New York, or direct from Detroit factory.



The Vital Question of Tire Economy

finds its answer in a big saving by equipping your car with the

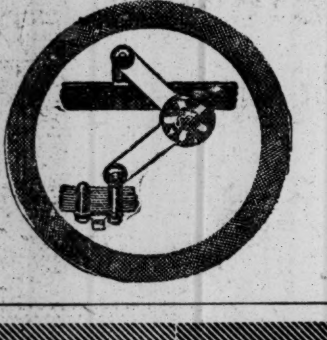
Truffault-Hartford SHOCK ABSORBER

Then the wheels stay on the ground and that destructive jerk is eliminated. You'll find they also answer the question of comfort and cost of up-keep, and besides

"Make Every Road a Boulevard"

Satisfaction Guaranteed

New York Branches
Hartford Suspension Co.
1700 Broadway
212-214 West 88th Street



Foresight vs Hindsight

Don't wait until all your ordinary hose are full of holes. Take time by the forelock and get 6 pairs of "Holeproof" and end holey hose trouble forever. Guaranteed six months—and make good, too. Made in 12 colors, 10 weights and 5 grades, for men, women and little folks—in cotton and silk. Soft, light and pliable—fit for the finest feet. Be kind to your feet by wearing Holeproof Hose—the finest style and service combination possible in up-to-date hosiery.

FAMOUS Holeproof Hosiery FOR MEN WOMEN AND CHILDREN

'Ware of imitators and amateurs—the markets are full of them. There's 39 years of "know how" back of every pair of "Holeproof." The signature Carl Freschl and the "Holeproof" trademark are on the toe of the *genuine*.

There's only *one original* guaranteed hose—and that's "HOLEPROOF." Six pairs, $1.50 to $3.00, according to finish. Ask your dealer to-day. (311)

Holeproof Hosiery Company
Milwaukee, Wis

Reg. U. S. Pat. Office, 1906
Carl Freschl

Are Your Hose Insured?

"Here, smoke some real tobacco that can't bite your tongue!"

Jam it into a jimmy pipe or roll a cigarette—and get real smoke joy!

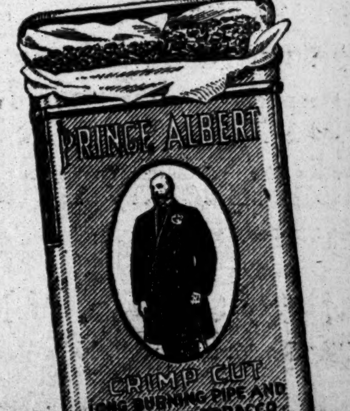
PRINCE ALBERT
CRIMP CUT
LONG BURNING PIPE AND CIGARETTE TOBACCO

Here's tobacco that's got "the goods" sign plastered all over it. You never smoked such bully tobacco, because there *never was* tobacco like it—*and can't be* for many years because it is made by a patented process.

You cut away from notions that you can't smoke a pipe. *You can*—and you'll enjoy every puff—"P. A." won't bite your tongue. The sting has been cut out!

PRINCE ALBERT
the national joy smoke

makes a royal cigarette. If you roll them yourself, it's good for what ails you to switch from the dust brands that burn up like powder—and go at "P. A." For here's freshness and sweetness—and long-burning, too! You'll never know what a "home-rolled" cigarette ought to be until you smoke "P. A."


PRINCE ALBERT
CRIMP CUT
LONG BURNING PIPE AND CIGARETTE TOBACCO

Buy Prince Albert anywhere, everywhere—in 5c cloth bags (handy for cigarette making); in 10c tidy red tins and pound and half-pound humidors.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO.
Winston-Salem, N. C.

WEEK-END AUTO TOURS

WAUMBEK and COTTAGES
Jefferson, New Hampshire
In the White Mountains
OPENS JUNE 29th

Delightful family resort in a most picturesque section, with accommodations for 500. Table supplied direct from our own farm and dairy. 18 hole golf course, Tennis, Saddle Horses, Garage and Livery

ON FAMOUS SCENIC AUTO ROUTES

Detached family cottages, completely furnished, with hotel service. Charles V. Murphy, Manager.
Laurel House, Lakewood, N. J., until June 10th

MANHATTAN BEACH

"SWEPT BY OCEAN BREEZES"

A pleasant motor run—an invigorating plunge in the surf—a famous "Oriental Dinner" served out of doors to the accompaniment of music by a world-famed orchestra—and the fatigue of the hot day is forgotten.

ORIENTAL HOTEL
OPENS JUNE 27TH. EUROPEAN PLAN.
IDEAL AUTO ROADS DIRECT TO THE HOTEL ENTRANCE.
Excellent garage and parking accommodations.
Booking Office, 243 5th Ave., Florida East Coast Hotel Co.
JOSEPH P. GREAVES, Manager.
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GREENWICH, CONN.
A Motor Run of Unusual Attractiveness

Ninety minutes from New York to Edgewood Park Entrance on Boston Post Road. Every facility for the Transient Motorist combined with every comfort for the permanent Guest.

COMPLETELY EQUIPPED GARAGE

Morning and Evening Concerts by the Edgewood Quartette. A table for Luncheon or Dinner or a Room for the week-end may be reserved by telephoning Greenwich 194.

D. P. Simpson, Manager.

FORT WILLIAM HENRY HOTEL
LAKE GEORGE, WARREN COUNTY, N. Y.
OPEN ALL THE YEAR. Conducted on European Plan.
NEW CONCRETE GARAGE. EVERY FACILITY FOR THE AUTOMOBILIST.
BOTH HOTELS ON EMPIRE TOURS.
Hotels are new and of absolutely fireproof construction. Modern in all their equipment, affording guests every comfort, convenience and safety.

HOTEL CHAMPLAIN
OPENS JUNE 15TH Conducted on the American and European Plan.
Separate entrance to automobile foyer, with private dressing rooms. New concrete garage.
Full length 18-hole golf course and attractive club for exclusive use of guests.
For information, booklets, road maps, address
MORTIMER M. KELLY, Mgr., 389 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

The Greatest Rendezvous for Motorists in This Country.

THE HOTEL NASSAU
LONG BEACH, LONG ISLAND
FIREPROOF 25 Miles from New York EUROPEAN PLAN
Management Merry & Boomer—Phone 100 Long Beach.

DOWRY CAUSES A SUIT.

Mrs. Emanuel Klein Says Her Husband Kept Asking for Money.

Supreme Court Justice Giegerich signed an order yesterday allowing $12 a week alimony and $250 counsel fees to Mrs. Sadie Miller Klein pending the trial of her suit for separation against her husband, Emanuel Klein, an attorney. Mrs. Klein, who is the daughter of Julius Miller, a retired real estate dealer, asserted that she and her husband disagreed over advances from her father for dowry. She says that her husband got $2,000 in two installments immediately after their marriage, and that they spent their honeymoon at the Plaza Hotel and in Quebec.

As proof of her assertion that her husband was continually importuning her father for money to obtain a judicial nomination she submitted letters she said he had written. In one of these letters the writer declares that he should have received $10,000 as a wedding present.

CONTESTS BROTHER'S WILL.

Leon Bamberger Says Testator's Wife Influenced Him Unduly.

Leon J. Bamberger of the St. Urban, Eighty-ninth Street and Central Park West, commenced a contest yesterday in the Surrogates' Court of the will of Irving W. Bamberger, his brother, who died May 21. The will, which was drawn March 29 last, states that the testator's realty and personalty each exceed $10,000 in value, and makes specific bequests amounting to $31,500.

The contestant states in his complaint that undue influence was exercised over his brother by "Miriam Adler, the principal devisee and legatee named in said paper, and mentioned therein as Miriam Adler Bamberger."

Under the terms of the will Leon J. Bamberger is to receive $25,000, the Mount Sinai Hospital $2,500, Emanu-El Congregation $2,000, the Hebrew Orphan Asylum and Montefiore Home $1,000 each, and Miriam Bamberger of 215 West Ninety-eighth Street, his wife, the residue.

Bright colors?—Yes!
But gray hasn't lost favor in men's suits.
In fact, it's more popular this season than ever.
Light grays, medium grays, dark grays.
Scotch cheviots in gray mixtures.
Gray worsteds with silk hair line stripes.
Plain gray worsteds.
Gray pin checked worsteds.
Gray flannels—English, Scotch and American.
Men's three-piece suits, $18 to $48.
Men's two-piece suits, $15 to $32.

Athletic underwear—sleeveless shirts and knee drawers.
Shirts—soft shirts with soft cuffs.
Soft collars.
Low shoes.
Bathing suits.

Everthing for outdoor sport.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY.
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

Moline 35
MOTOR CARS
In the Chicago, Milwaukee and return Fuel Economy Contest held May 25th, 1911, The victorious MOLINE covered the 192 miles on 9½ gallons of gasolene, averaging 19.3 miles per gallon, carrying five passengers.

Moline Long Stroke Motor
Best on Hills
Perfect Through Traffic

5 Pass. Touring Car $1,800
2 Pass. Roadster $1,700
(F. O. B. Moline.)
Fully equipped, including self starter, demountable rims.
NEW YORK DISTRIBUTORS,
De Lamater Byrnes Auto Co.
10 West 60th St., New York.

Smoky Fireplaces
Made to Draw
Cooking Odors
Carried Out of the House
Payment Conditional on Success
FREDERIC N. WHITLEY Engineer and Contractor
211 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Heating—Ventilating—Air Filtration

John Jameson
Three ★★★ Star
Whiskey

Use Elsinore
THE "QUALITY" TYPEWRITER PAPER.
Guarantee satisfaction.
Try "ElsinoreBond" To-day

DYNAMITE ON TRACKS OF BOSTON TROLLEYS

Eleven Sticks Are Found Near Mattapan Square and a Bundle Under a Steam Roller.

STRIKERS MARCH IN FORCE

More Uniformed Men Parade to Faneuil Hall Than Building Can Hold—Car Service Curtailed.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 11.—Dynamite played a part in to-day's developments of the car strike situation. A cache containing eleven sticks was found near Mattapan Square. A bundle containing several sticks was found in Warren Street in Roxbury under a steam roller owned by the Elevated Road, and two sticks were found on the car tracks in Commonwealth Avenue, Allston.

The police said the sticks were the same length as the dynamite found in the home of John R. Hutchinson of Brighton. Hutchinson was arrested last night on a charge of having the dynamite in his possession. The police think a plot was on foot to blow up the Oak Square car barn. Hutchinson's father was formerly employed by the Elevated Company.

The car service to-night was curtailed again and abandoned completely before midnight. For the first time in the history of the Boston Elevated, negro conductors are being employed on the cars. Two hundred and thirteen more strikebreakers arrived in Boston from New York to-day.

To show their strength, hundreds of striking motormen and conductors marched to Faneuil Hall this afternoon and held a mass meeting. "The Cradle of Liberty" was packed to its doors. Among those who spoke were William D. Mahon, of Detroit, National President of the Carmen's Union; International Organizer Fred Fay, William French, President of the Lynn Carmen's Union, and P. F. Sheehan, International Vice President of the Union. It was estimated that fully 3,500 uniformed men were in the parades that marched to the hall from the south and north stations. Only 1,800 could get into the hall, and 1,700 others compelled to remain on the outside of the building.

KILLED IN ELEVENTH AVE.

Street Cleaner Run Over by New York Central Locomotive.

Patrick Feeley, of 106 West End Avenue, a street sweeper in the Street Cleaning Department, was killed early yesterday morning at West End Avenue and Sixtieth Street, by a locomotive of the New York Central Railroad Company, which runs in Eleventh Avenue.

The neighborhood of Sixtieth Street and West End Avenue is congested with traffic and owing to the noise in the street Feeley did not hear the approach of the locomotive. The forward trucks of the engine passed over his body, killing him instantly.

Help Asked for Settlement Work.

Henry D. Plant, Treasurer of the Friendly Aid Society, appeals in behalf of The Warren Goddard House, 246 East Thirty-fourth Street, in which clubs and classes for boys and girls are held, and which is a centre for improving the conditions of the poor in the neighborhood. The Friendly Aid Society also maintains a Summer home at Green's Farms, Conn. Mr. Plant asks for 200 new annual subscribers of $25 each, and 10 new life members at $100 each. Checks may be sent to him at 361 Broadway, New York.

Can't Prove His Brother's Death.

Letters of administration were refused yesterday by Surrogate Cohalan in the estate of Peter Ferguson, a seaman who disappeared in 1874 from the schooner Benson. The refusal was based on the grounds of insufficient proof of death. At the time of his disappearance Ferguson had $1,694 in the Seamen's Savings Bank, his account has lain dormant ever since. Donald F. Ferguson of Glasgow, his brother, made the application that was refused.

MRS. M. R. MILLER'S ESTATE.

Bulk of Her Property, Valued at $3,000,000, Goes to Her Daughters.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, June 11.—According to the will of Mrs. Marie Louise Miller, widow of M. Rumsey Miller of Tarrytown, a New York lawyer, which was filed in the Westchester County Surrogate's office to-day, her estate, valued at $3,000,000, is divided among relatives, servants, and charities. There are two bequests to charity in the will, one of $1,000 to the Rooms' Nest of Tarrytown, Miss Helen Gould's charity for children, and one of $5,000 to St. Thomas's Church of Bath, N. Y. Before her death Mrs. Miller gave many thousands of dollars to charity.

One of these was a gift of $5,000 to the White Plains Hospital, which was announced about a month before her death. The bulk of the estate goes to the three daughters, Mrs. Rose Lydia McGregor of New Rochelle, Mrs. Louise Miller Williams of Ithaca, N. Y., and Miss Janet Miller of Tarrytown. To each of her servants who had been in her employ for two years she bequeathed $200 and upward.

BOY NEAR TO STARVATION.

Saved by Pluck and Loyalty of Chum Who Left Home with Him.

William Marriett, 16 years old, a nephew of George F. Virtue, a prominent Philadelphia lawyer, is in St. John's Hospital, Yonkers, in an emaciated condition from lao kof food. Marriett's home is in Hamilton, Canada. Several weeks ago he and another boy, Albert Hazel, left their homes and came to this city. Unable to find employment here, they went to Yonkers, where they got jobs paying $3 a week. They lived in a furnished room at 124 Buena Vista Avenue.

For a few days all went well. Then Marriett fell sick and was unable to work. The $3 that young Hazel made had to do for both. When Marriett's condition became serious Hazel wrote to Mr. Virtue about him, and Chief of Police Wolff was asked to look up the boy. Finding him almost starved to death and gravely ill, the Chief had him removed to the hospital.

Hazel has stuck loyally by his friend, and when he is not working he is reading to him at his bedside. He said they left their homes to see the world and seek their fortunes.

MAID SUES MRS. WALDO.

Servant Asks Damages Because She Was Arrested.

Mrs. Mary Haddon, formerly a servant employed by Mrs. Gertrude Rhinelander Waldo, began suit yesterday in the Superior Court against Mrs. Waldo and George Cunningham, a detective attached to the Sixty-seventh Street Police Station. Mrs. Waldo, who is the mother of Police Commissioner Waldo, is charged with having had the plaintiff falsely arrested, and Mrs. Haddon is asking $15,000 damages.

The plaintiff was employed as maid in Mrs. Waldo's house at 31 East Seventy-second Street. She says she was asked to leave the house, but maintains that because she did not leave soon enough she was arrested by Policeman Cunningham, who was in plain clothes, and taken to the Night Court. The charge there was withdrawn by Mrs. Waldo and she was discharged.

SUIT OVER FOREIGN DIVORCE.

Husband Here, Wife in Russia, When Decree Was Granted.

Supreme Court Justice Giegerich reserved decision yesterday on the application of Mrs. Pearl Rosenthal for $25 a week alimony and $300 counsel fee, pending the trial of her suit for divorce against Abraham Rosenthal, a jewelry dealer of Brooklyn and Manhattan. The suit involves a peculiar point of law. Mrs. Rosenthal was divorced by a rabbi in Russia. The courts have held that rabbinical divorces granted in this country are invalid and that a suit for divorce, naming a new marital partner as co-respondent is maintainable. They have also held that rabbinical divorces recognized as legal in the countries where they were granted must be respected by the courts here and may be pleaded as defences to criminal charges of bigamy and suits for divorce.

Mrs. Rosenthal asserts, however, that her husband had already setled in the United States when the rabbinical divorce was granted in Russia in 1902. She was still in that country then. Rosenthal has remarried and has a second wife and three children in Brooklyn. His attorney told Justice Giegerich that the present proceedings were instituted after the first Mrs Rosenthal was informed of Rosenthal's prosperity in this country. Rosenthal contends that the rabbinical divorce is binding on his first wife and that she has no status as plaintiff in a divorce action.

"Nothing Succeeds Like Success!"

The Record of the Stearns-Knight Car in New York Is Unapproached

¶ Since the Stearns-Knight car was introduced to the public last summer it has made a record unequalled for popularity. Here in New York its superiority is such that it has practically doubled Stearns sales. The capacity of the factory is twice what it was one year ago.

¶ In the twelve months since the announcement of our adoption of the Knight type motor the Stearns has found its way into the hands of hundreds of New York motorists. It is the choice of such men as Jacob H. Schiff, Chas. G. Gates, H. Van Rensselaer Kennedy, H. H. Rogers, Jr., A. Holland Forbes, W. A. Harriman, Cyril F. Dos Passos, Peter G. Gerry, Henry Osborne Taylor, A.A. Anderson, E.L. Rossiter, A.G. Hodges, Judge Harrison S. Moore, Lewis Herzog, Albert J. Milbank, and hundreds of others. The judgment of such men as these is well-nigh final. Their opinion carries great weight.

¶ But we want you to judge this car yourself. Ride in it—subject it to all the tests you know. Demand that it perform feats that with other cars are deemed impossible. Test it out in traffic—try its speed along the open country road. Judge of its ability to negotiate the worst hills and roughest roads. And through it all the car is so quick, so vibrationless, that there is no sign to tell of the world of power hidden under the hood.

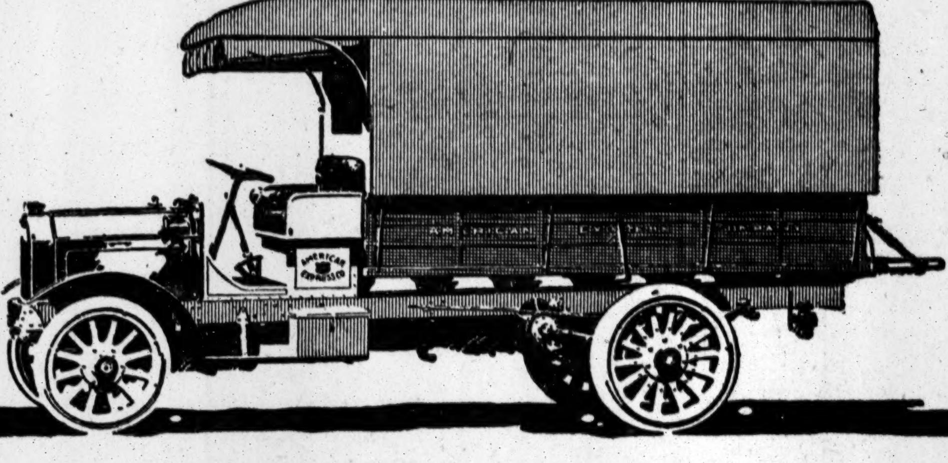
¶ Think what this car means. It combines the results of our seventeen years of motor car building experience with the advantages of the Knight type motor. Is it any wonder that this is a Stearns year?

¶ Come in and see our New Series cars—they embody the latest up-to-the-minute features in design, construction and equipment. The new cars are in our showroom—our demonstrators are at your service.

A FEW WORDS CONCERNING STEARNS SERVICE.

¶ The interest of The F. B. Stearns Company in the owner of a Stearns car exists as long as that man owns a Stearns car. That is why we maintain a complete Service Building at No. 415-417 West 55th Street. This building is complete in every detail. It is a small reproduction of the Stearns factory at Cleveland. Stearns service is as satisfactory and complete as the Stearns car itself. The purchase of a Stearns car builds around the owner a wall of protection more binding than any guarantee—and the Stearns guarantee, backed by the manufacturers, is one of the most liberal ever written.

THE F. B. STEARNS CO. OF NEW YORK
BROADWAY AT 57TH STREET
The AYMAR-BRADLEY CO., 299-307 Central Ave., NEWARK
Distributors for Northern New Jersey



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Are Right in Performance

THE American Express Company preceded its order for five Peerless Trucks by a thorough mechanical investigation of the Peerless Chassis.

These five Peerless Trucks went into every day use in the most exacting kind of service under constant critical inspection. Their performance was the factor that led the American Express Company to order eleven additional Peerless Trucks at one time and three more at another.

Right in design, right in construction, and right in the way they are sold, Peerless Trucks are consequently right in Performance.

Peerless Motor Car Co. of New York
1760 Broadway at 57th, New York
1384 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn
37 William St. Newark, N. J.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

Everitt Roadster, $500 A1 Order
"JANDORF" 42 W. 62d St.

"TRADED IN" CARS—BARGAINS.
OLDSMOBILES, 1911-10-09-08, 5 and 7 passenger touring and roadsters...... $500 to $1,800
All strictly guaranteed. Also
PEERLESS, 7 pass., 1909..............$1,000
WINTON, 6 cyl. 1910, 7 pass...........$1,000
LOCOMOBILE, toy tonneau..............$1,100
AUTO CAR, 1910, 5 pass.............. $500
CHALMERS, 1910, roadster........... $750
LOZIER, 1909, 7 pass..................$1,050
All overhauled, repainted.
OLDSMOBILE CO., 1,650 B'way, 51st Street.

Packard (Fore door Dandy Car) $800
"JANDORF" 42 W. 62d St.

PIERCE-ARROW 1911
The best 48 H. P. six-cylinder touring car we have offered this season. Absolutely perfect condition; same guarantee as a new car.
ELLIS MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
416 Central Ave., Newark.
Pierce Arrow dealers for New Jersey.

Briarcliff Loziers $950 up Other Models
"JANDORF" 42 W. 62d St.

MUST SELL AT ONCE.
One Stearns car, 30-60, first-class condition, 7-passenger body, overhauled and painted, for sale cheap; 1 Darracq, 7-passenger, in good condition, for sale cheap. Chas. Griffiths. Tel. 5344 Gram.; 238 East 20th St., City.

Buicks 1910 & 1911 $225 to $850
"JANDORF" 42 W. 62d St.

Knox Delivery Wagon, $450 Top & A1
"JANDORF" 42 W. 62d St.

Automobiles
Ready Referencefor Buyers

ABBOTT-DETROIT MOTOR COMPANY, 1670 Broadway, cor. 52d St. Telephone 7166-7167 Columbus.
ALL MAKES Bought, Sold, and Exchanged. Times Sq. Auto Co., 1710 Broadway.
BENZ Auto Import Co. of America, 244-6-8 West 54th St., N. Y.
BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th St. 'Phone 4040 Columbus.
CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 7700 Col.
EVERITT Self-starting cars. Shepherd Motor Car Co., B'way, near 51st St.
FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,776 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.
ISOTTA FRASCHINI Motors Co., 1849 Broadway.
KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.
NATIONAL Poertner Motor Car Co. HERRESHOFF 1922 Broadway, (64th St.) 'Phone 8166-7 Col.
STUTZ Motor Car Co., 1804 Broadway.

COMMERCIAL VEHICLES.
AUTOCAR. Autocar Sales Co., 435 West 19th St. Tel. Chelsea 6069.

AUTOMOBILE BODIES.
COMMERCIAL AUTO DELIVERY BODIES. GET IN TOUCH WITH US. ALBERT BROS., 11-13 Cannon St., N. Y.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.
GWILLIAM CO., BEARINGS, ALL TYPES. 253 W. 58th St., Cor. B'way. Col. 8356.
HESS BRIGHT BALL BEARINGS. ALL SIZES IN STOCK. THE HESS BRIGHT CO., 1974 BROADWAY.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.
WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. Individual road work. Small Shop Classes. Booklet. 302 West 57th St.

DEMOUNTABLE RIMS.
HOWARD "The rim that demounts them all." 1733 B'way. Col. 1302.

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LARGEST AUTO BROKERS IN NEW YORK.
Read this—then come to us if you are looking for an Automobile that will give you absolute satisfaction. We guarantee every car we sell. You can arrange for a demonstration. Some of these cars are almost new. You don't need to pay spot cash. Satisfactory terms arranged. The list includes all the Standard Makes, in small Touring Cars, large Touring Cars, Runabouts, Roadsters. Variety of stock the largest. Prices the lowest.
Runabouts—$100 to $1,000.
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Taxicabs, Town Cars and Bodies
Before buying, exchanging, selling, or storing your car consult us. Call or write
Green's Purchasing Agency,
Corner 48th Street and Broadway

AUTO BARGAINS—"THE FINEST"
Largest Stock and "Square Deal" Every Time!
☛ $100 to $3,500 ☚
ONLY HOUSE OPERATING CITY FACTORY.
For Cash or on Easy Payments
Demonstrations given; examinations invited; everything as represented.
Jandorf Automobile Co.,
New York's Automobile Bargain Establishment "Par Excellence."
Auto Dept., 42 & 44 West 62d St. Entire Building.

AUTO BODIES IN GREAT VARIETY
New Aluminum Bodies in Very Latest Styles. Such makes as Rothschilds, Alcos, Columbias, Mathesons, Packards, Pierces, Peerlesses; besides 100 other sorts.
WHOLE JOB COMPLETE; Satisfaction Guaranteed.
PRICES THE LOWEST ANYWHERE
Our factory (Eleventh Av. and 58th St.) five stories, 100x100, insures perfection of output.
Jandorf Automobile Co.,
BODY DEPARTMENT,
1,765 Broadway (Upstairs)
Between 56th and 57th Sts., N. Y.

REBUILT GARFORD CARS
40 H. P. 7 passenger touring, 1910.
40 H. P. 7 passenger touring, 1909.
30 H. P. 6 passenger touring, 1909.
Also several limousines and landaulets.
All have been thoroughly overhauled and refinished and are guaranteed free of repairs for 6 months.
Call and look them over.
THE R. & L. COMPANY,
Garford Distributors,
Broadway at 62nd St., N. Y.

TIRES AT "ROCK BOTTOM" PRICES
ALL LARGE SIZES, ALL AT
☛ 50% TO 70% DISCOUNT
OTHER SIZES, FRACTION OF VALUES.
Tubes, A1 of Every Make, $1.50 up.
Jandorf Automobile Co.,
TIRE DEPARTMENT,
229 W. 57th St. East of Broadway.

Peerless
RENEWED AUTOMOBILES are cars of distinction, quality, and service. They are in perfect mechanical condition and are guaranteed the same as our new cars.
Write for Booklet describing our various models.
PEERLESS MOTOR CAR CO. OF N. Y.
1760 Broadway, near 56th St., N. Y.

"14-20" Renault Limousine, $675
"JANDORF" 42 W. 62d St.

AUTOMOBILES WANTED.

AUTOMOBILE WANTED.
Spot cash for your automobile, any make, or will accept same on sale at 5 per cent. commission. GREEN'S AGENCY, Broadway and 48th.

AUTOMOBILE.
Young, energetic merchant is looking for the exclusive sale of smaller automobiles in Sweden. Please address answers to Svenska Telegrambyrau, Malmo, Sweden.

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Dealers in Used Motor Cars find it advantageous to advertise in the Automobile Exchange of The New York Times. The Times is read by more people who have the means and inclination to buy motor cars than any other New York newspaper.
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ADVERTISING RATES per agate line: One insertion, 30c.; three insertions in one week, including one on Sunday, 75c.; seven consecutive insertions, $1.40.

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PIERCE-ARROW CARS.
1910—48 h. p. 4-pass. Miniature Tonneau.
1911—48 h. p. 7-pass. Touring.
1911—48 h. p. Limousine.
PIERCE-ARROW AGENCY,
233 West 54th St.

Rainier 1910 fully equipped seven pass. touring car, excellent condition; best offer takes. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

Highest grade cars, $300 to $1,500, fully equipped, many rebuilt, refinished, and guaranteed; prices positively 15 to 33% lower than usual sacrifice prices; every used car in our establishment is to be sold immediately. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

Cole 1911 fore-door touring car; Cole 1911 torpedo toy tonneau; both in excellent condition; fully equipped; just rebuilt and painted; easy terms if desired. Colt-Stratton Company, Broadway, at 68th St. Telephone 6000 Columbus.

Thomas 60 H. P. 7-pass. fully equipped touring car, rebuilt, guaranteed. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

AUTOMOBILES sacrificed; runabout and touring cars; fully equipped; condition guaranteed perfect; can be bought for cash or installments; these cars are worth your consideration. 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

100 H. P. racing car, capable 80 miles per hour; good condition; just machine for amateur on local tracks; low figure. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

RENAULT—RARE BARGAIN—$1,450.
Very little used; like new; will exchange. Weil, 1,864 Broadway.

For sale, 1911 Velie, 5-passenger touring car, fully equipped; 40 H. P.; nearly new; owner needs money. 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

Thomas 6-40 1911 touring car, guaranteed like new. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

ALL MAKES—BOUGHT AND SOLD.
100 cars, $150-$3,000; bodies, $25 up.
20th Century Co., 1,700 Broadway, cor. 54th.

Thomas town car, refinished throughout; covered by new car guarantee. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

New 1911 automobiles; many standard makes; sold on time payments. MOTOR FINANCE CO., 246 West 59th St. Tel. Columbus 7076.

Corbin 5-pass. touring car; big bargain. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

GARFORD "40," 1910.—Will sell $4,000 car for $1,100 and personally guarantee its condition. Room 1,114, 99 Cedar St.

1909 6-cyl. 40 H. P. high grade car, $450. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

AUTOMOBILES FOR RENT.

PACKARD CARS
By the hour or trip. Up-to-date service only. Rates moderate.
HESS, 213 W. 43D ST.
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AUTOS FOR RENT.
For hire, new cars; Packards, seven-passenger touring; special rates for monthly service during Summer. We send cars everywhere. Universal Taximeter Cab Co., 153 East 53d St. 'Phone, Plaza 2100.

Packards, open, closed; elegant; 7-passengers; regular customers, $3-$6 hour; monthly, $200-$600; theatre-dinners, $4-$10. Murray Hill 91.

To rent, with or without chauffeur, new five-passenger touring car, fully equipped, reasonable. 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

Elegant up-to-date 7-passenger Packard cars; hour, day, or week; special rates for monthly service. Curt Schmidt, Riverside 4537.

Beautiful new 7-passenger car for rent, cheap, hour, day, or month; help defray owner's expenses. Frenchman, 'Phone 175 Morningside.

For Hire—30 Packard, private, 7-seated touring car; reasonable for 2 or 3 months. Farrell, 7694-6073 Lenox.

PACKARD touring, late model; hour, day, month; reasonable. Folliot Co., 254 West 54th St. Col. 3422.

Packard, 30, touring, for hire for the Summer. Savoy Garage, 451 Park Av., Irvine.

GIANTS IN DANGER; MATTY TO THE RESCUE

Big Six Pilots Them to Victory When Cubs Make Ames Wabbly in Box.

THE SCORE.

New York ..0 0 0 2 0 0 2 4 .—8
Chicago ...0 0 0 2 0 1 0 0 0—3

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Devore, lf	5	2	3	0	0	0	0	0
Doyle, 2b	4	1	3	1	0	1	6	1
Snodgrass, 1b	5	0	1	0	1	11	1	0
Murray, rf	4	0	0	0	2	2	1	0
Becker, cf	3	0	1	1	0	5	1	0
Herzog, 3b	3	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Meyers, c	3	1	2	1	0	5	1	0
Fletcher, ss	3	2	1	1	0	2	2	0
Ames, p	2	0	0	0	1	1	4	0
Shafer	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Mathewson, p	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	8	12	6	4	27	17	1

CHICAGO.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Sheckard, lf	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Schulte, rf	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Tinker, ss	2	1	1	1	0	2	1	0
Downs, ss	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Zimmerman, 3b	3	2	2	0	0	3	1	0
Leach, 3b	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Miller, cf	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Saier, 1b	4	0	2	0	1	10	0	0
Evers, 2b	4	0	2	0	0	1	4	0
Archer, c	3	0	0	1	0	5	3	0
Lavender, p	3	0	1	0	0	0	4	0
Ruelbach, p	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	3	9	2	3	24	14	1

Two-base hits—Tinker, Lavender, Evers, Doyle. Three-base hits—Fletcher, Devore. Home run—Zimmerman. Sacrifice hits—Sheckard, Miller. Stolen bases—Saier, Doyle. First base on errors—New York, 1; Chicago, 1. Left on bases—New York, 7; Chicago, 5. Double plays—Murray and Meyers; Doyle, Fletcher and Snodgrass. Struck out—By Mathewson, 3; by Lavender, 2; by Ruelbach, 2. Bases on balls—Off Ames, 2; off Lavender, 6. Hits—Off Lavender, 7 in 6 1-3 innings (at bat 23); off Ames 9 in seven innings (at bat 25); off Ruelbach, 5 in one inning (at bat 8); off Mathewson none in two innings (at bat 6). Umpires—Messrs. Finneran and Emslie. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes.

The Giants and the Cubs had another strenuous grapple at the Polo Grounds yesterday, and although Chicago put up a stubborn, never-say-die opposition, New York won the game by a score of 8 to 3. The mathematical conclusion of the fray, however, conveys no idea of the intensity of the argument. The Cubs were very dangerous, and there was no telling what would have happened had not some of the Cubs talked themselves out of all hope of victory.

The Cubs have suddenly come back to life, and in their eagerness to act like a blood-red team they pick on the umpire. In the seventh inning yesterday, when the Cubs saw victory ahead and the Giants were coming to the front like a volunteer fire department rushing to a blaze around the corner, Capt. Joe Tinker and Heinie Zimmerman started to tell Umpire Finneran that his eyesight was so bad that he couldn't look off a ship and see the ocean. Finneran listened to the gab for quite a while, and then he put Tinker and Zimmerman out of the game.

At that moment the Giants were in the lead, 4 to 3, but with Tinker and the whaling Teuton, Zimmerman, railroaded to the wilds of Siberia for usurping the prerogative of Emperor Finneran, the Cubs lost heart and New York made the victory a certainty by a vicious assault on Ed. Ruelbach, who was called in to relieve the faltering slabman, Lavender.

The Cubs have been oratorical since they came here. If Mr. Finneran got the nomination for President, he wouldn't get a single Cub vote. That's how strong he stands. The instigator of the gabfest against the umpire seemed to be one Johnny Evers, but John is so smooth at that sort of thing that he didn't say anything for which he could be arrested. He got the other players all worked up, however, and they carried the forensic display too far.

Zimmerman is still the rampant Anarchist with the bat. He whaled another home run into the right-field grand stand that was good for two runs. Without Zimmerman to lacerate the pill, the Cubs were in the dark without a lantern. Up to the time of the Cub revolution against Finneran the Chicagos were hitting the ball harder than the Giants. Manager McGraw knew that, and he extracted "Red" Ames from the picture just at the critical time. There's one thing about McGraw, he knows when to act—and he acts. Hence Ames gave way to Mathewson, and as it so happened, Matty felt about as fine as he ever felt in his life, and he mowed down the Cubs with a slow ball in a way that made the Cubs feel like ringing for ice water.

At one stage of the game, with two on bases, Chief Meyers was ready and willing to make a home run, but the Cub Board of Strategy deemed it wise for Jimmy Lavender to walk him. Chief has been walked so much this season by National League pitchers that his feet are all blistered, and he will soon have to take a rest.

Skipping to the fourth inning, you will started at "Red" Ames early. With two out in the first, Tinker clouted a two-bagger to left. Zimmerman came up, and the Giant outfielders spread out to the furthest corners of the lot. Lucky they did, because Heinie jolted the ball between left and centre that looked as if it were going to splash into the Harlem River. Becker went after it as if he was being chased by the Sheriff, and made a marvelous catch. Much noise.

Skipping to the fourth innig, you will glean that Tinker got a pass. Ames looked Zimmerman over pretty carefully, and by a stretch of the imagination got two strikes and three balls on him. Leon then relieved himself of a wide outcurve high on the outer edge of the platter. Why, it was made to order for the Bronx German. He jarred it unrelentingly into the right-field grand stand, scoring two runs.

New York came right back at 'em. Devore was safe on a hot infield hit to third. Doyle walked, Snodgrass hoisted a foul fly near the field boxes, and Saier made a fine running catch. Murray then rocketed to Sheckard, but the ball flowed out of Jimmy's hands like water from a faucet. Then the bases were all sold out.

Becker smashed a grasser through second, scoring Devore and Doyle, and the score was deadlocked. Herzog jammed a grounder at Lavender that was so white with heat that it almost took all the color out of Jimmy, but he recovered the ball and threw his man out. With Meyers up there was a noise just like the hubbub outside of the Bastile the night it resigned. Lavender has some sense. He walked the redskin, filling the bases. Fletcher had a fine chance to clean up, but Lavender made him bounce a measly grounder at him, and "Fletch" was tossed out at first.

The Cubs waltzed to the front in the sixth. Zimmerman scorched a single to left and Miller sacrificed. Saier flied to Becker and Evers produced a wallop to centre which scored Zimmerman. Lavender got wabbly in the seventh, when, with Meyers out of the way, he passed Fletcher. Shafer, batting for Ames, subtracted another pass from Lavender. Devore ripped a single to centre, scoring Fletcher, and Shafer came through on a single by Doyle. Lavender was hauled out of the fray and Ruelbach came in feeling very fit.

Tinker and Zimmerman were deeply grieved because Umpire Finneran had not called everything Lavender tossed a strike, and they said so much about it that they were both fired from the landscape. Leach went to third base and Jerry Downs, the ex-Dodger, to short. Ruelbach struck out Snodgrass and Murray.

Matty faced his old enemy, the Cubs, in the eighth inning, and he threw just nine balls and retired three men, two of them fanning and one going out at first base. After that the Cubs were about as strong as tissue paper.

With two gone in the eighth, Meyers singled to left, and Fletcher scored him with a three-base jolt to the right terrace. Mathewson singled to centre, scoring Fletcher, and Big Six trotted through on Devore's triple to deep centre. Joshua romped across on Doyle's double.

Say, isn't that almost rubbing it in enough? Everybody guessed so, so Snodgrass popped to Downs and the turmoil was ended.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 8; Chicago, 3.
Pittsburgh, 16; Brooklyn, 4.
Philadelphia, 5; Cincinnati, 3.
Boston, 2; St. Louis, 1.
(Ten innings.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 6; Chicago, 3.
Philadelphia, 8; Cleveland, 7.
Washington, 3; Detroit, 2.
Boston, 4; St. Louis, 0.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Baltimore, 11; Jersey City, 5.
Providence, 5; Newark, 0.
Rochester, 5; Montreal, 3.
Montreal, 3; Rochester, 2.
Toronto, 4; Buffalo, 3.
(Nineteen innings.)

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
New York	35	8	.814
Chicago	25	19	.568
Cincinnati	26	22	.542
Pittsburgh	23	20	.535
Philadelphia	19	22	.464
St. Louis	22	28	.440
Brooklyn	14	28	.333
Boston	14	31	.311

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Boston	31	18	.633
Chicago	31	20	.608
Washington	29	21	.580
Philadelphia	24	20	.545
Detroit	25	26	.490
Cleveland	23	24	.489
New York	16	29	.355
St. Louis	14	35	.286

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Rochester	29	16	.645
Buffalo	22	17	.565
Jersey City	26	20	.565
Baltimore	23	21	.523
Newark	20	25	.444
Toronto	19	24	.442
Montreal	19	26	.422
Providence	17	26	.395

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at New York.
Pittsburgh at Brooklyn.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
Washington at Detroit.
Boston at St. Louis.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City at Baltimore.
Newark at Providence.
Montreal at Rochester.
Toronto at Buffalo.

BASEBALL "WALKOUT."

Brooklyn Fans Resent Action of Player Smith and Strike Is Called.

J. Carlyle Smith, scion of a noted Southern family and guardian of third base for the Brooklyn baseball team, made the wildest kind of a toss with his usually trusty right arm at Washington Park yesterday, and thereby hangs a tale. The outfield peg came in the fourth inning, while the Pittsburgh Pirates were getting in some telling work in the defeat of the Superbas and, of course, several overenthusiastic Brooklyn rooters became vexed. Yes, very many of them began to tell Smith what they thought of him, and when Jake Daubert chased Baron Knetzer in the same inning he was implored to tie the can on Smith also.

All these little remarks unloosened the Smith angora and it was soon wandering all over the park. Suddenly J. Carlyle remembered the lesson of the recent Ty Cobb trouble and he began some sleuthing work on his own account. As he sauntered up to bat in the fifth inning some one in the grand stand on the third base side passed his opinion on Smith. Some say he called Smith a "fathead" and another report has it that he referred to J. Carlyle as "a big bum." The next scene shows Smith walking to the stand and pointing out the alleged offender to Umpire Owens, and asking that the fan be ejected.

Umpire Owens looked for a special policeman, but the cops beat him to it and were all under cover. They had no authority to remove a spectator, anyway. But Mr. Fan was not anxious for any trouble. He quietly left the box which he had been occupying and departed without any pressure. Red was cheered as he went to bat. A minute later the crowd was treated to a new kind of a baseball strike—a sympathetic walkout by the fans. Twenty-five spectators who occupied seats in the same box and the two adjoining boxes left their places and filed out of the park, while the other spectators looked on and cheered. Smith was the target for more remarks during the closing inning of the game, and he eyed the stands sharply in search of offenders but did not get any. The score:

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b	5	3	3	0	3	Moran, rf	4	0	2	1	0
Carey, lf	6	2	3	3	0	Daley, cf	5	1	1	4	0
Hyatt, rf	5	1	3	3	0	Smith, 3b	4	0	1	0	1
Wagner, ss	3	1	3	2	5	Daub't, 1b	4	1	1	10	0
J. M'ler, 1b	6	2	0	12	1	Wheat, lf	3	1	1	2	0
Wilson, cf	4	1	2	2	0	H'mel, 2b	4	1	2	3	6
M'C'thy, 2b	4	1	2	2	2	Tooley, ss	4	0	1	3	5
Kelly, c	5	3	3	3	0	O. M'ler, c	4	0	0	4	1
H'drix, p	5	2	1	0	3	Knetzer, p	1	0	0	0	2
						Kent, p	1	0	0	0	2
						*Northen	1	0	0	0	0
Total	43	16	16	27	14	Total	35	4	9	27	15

*Batted for Kent in the ninth inning.

Errors—J. Miller, Daley, Smith, Daubert, Wheat, (2,) Tooley, Knetzer.

Pittsburgh ....3 0 1 3 1 1 6 1 0—16
Brooklyn ....0 2 0 1 0 0 0 1 0— 4

Two-base hits—Byrne, Carey, Wilson, Kelly, Hendrix. Three-base hits—Byrne, Daley. Home run—Kelly. Sacrifice hit—McCarthy. Stolen base—Carey. First base on errors—Pittsburgh, 3. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 7; Brooklyn, 7. Double plays—Miller, Wagner, and Miller; Tooley, Hummel, and Daubert; Wagner and McCarthy. Struck out—By Hendrix, 3; by Kent, 2. Bases on balls—Off Hendrix, 3; off Knetzer, 5; off Kent, 1. Wild pitches—Knetzer, Kent, Hendrix. Hits—Off Knetzer, 7 in three and one-third innings, (at bat 17;) off Kent, 9 in five and two-third innings, (at bat 26.) Umpires—Messrs. Owens and Brennan. Time of game—Two hours and twelve minutes.

Reds Still Losing Their Grip.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.—Philadelphia again defeated Cincinnati to-day, the score being 5 to 3. Curtis was effective, while Humphries was hit hard, but fast fielding kept the score down. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Pask't, cf	5	1	3	4	0	Bescher, lf	4	0	1	4	0
Titus, rf	4	1	2	2	0	M'sans, cf	4	0	0	2	1
Magee, lf	4	1	3	2	0	Hobl'zel, 1b	4	0	1	6	1
Lud'us, 1b	3	1	1	11	1	Mitchell, rf	3	0	1	2	0
Knabe, 2b	3	0	0	1	3	Egan, 2b	4	1	0	1	0
Downey, 3b	3	0	1	2	4	Phelan, 3b	4	1	1	3	2
Doolan, ss	3	1	2	0	0	McD'ld, ss	3	0	1	2	1
Dooin, c	4	0	2	4	1	McLean, c	4	1	2	1	0
Curtis, p	4	0	0	1	1	H'phries, p	2	0	0	0	3
						*Bates	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	5	14	27	10	Total	33	3	5	24	11

*Batted for Humphries in the ninth inning.

Errors—Phelan, (3,) Knabe, Downey, Doolan.

Philadelphia ....2 0 0 0 0 2 0 1 .—5
Cincinnati ....1 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—3

Two-base hits—Hoblitzel, Paskert, Luderus, Dooin. Home run—Phelan. Sacrifice hits—Mitchell, Luderus, Doolan. Sacrifice fly—Downey. Stolen bases—Mitchell, Magee. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 6; Philadelphia, 8. Struck out—By Humphries, 2; by Curtis, 4. Double plays—Marsans, McLean, and Hoblitzel; Phelan and Hoblitzel. First base on errors—Cincinnati, 2; Philadelphia, 3. First base on balls—Off Humphries, 1; off Curtis, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Curtis, Humphries. Wild pitch—Curtis. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Eason and Johnstone.

Connecticut League.

At Hartford—Hartford, 2; Springfield, 1, (10 innings.)
At Holyoke—Holyoke, 7; Bridgeport, 4.
At New Britain—New Haven, 9; New Britain, 6.

New England League.

At Lowell—Brockton, 12; Lowell, 5.
At New Bedford—New Bedford, 5; Fall River, 3.
At Lynn—Lynn, 6; Worcester, 0.
At Lawrence—Haverhill, 1; Lawrence, 0.

FOUR HITS, THREE PASSES BEAT CHICAGO

Yankees Gather Five Runs in Third Inning, More Than Enough to Win.

THE SCORE.

New York...0 0 5 0 1 0 0 0 0—6
Chicago ....0 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0—3

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Hartzell, 3b	4	1	2	3	0	1
Stump, ss	5	0	0	1	5	0
Cree, lf	4	2	2	5	0	0
Zinn, cf	4	1	2	2	0	0
Chase, 1b	4	0	0	9	0	0
Gardner, 2b	5	0	1	2	1	0
Daniels, rf	4	1	1	2	0	0
Sweeney, c	3	1	1	3	1	0
Warhop, p	4	0	1	0	2	0
Total	37	6	10	27	9	1

CHICAGO.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Rath, 2b	5	0	0	3	3	0
Lord, 3b	4	0	1	1	2	0
Callahan, lf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Collins, rf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Fournier, 1b	3	1	1	13	3	0
Bodie, cf	4	0	1	3	0	0
Weaver, ss	4	0	2	1	8	1
Block, c	3	0	1	2	1	0
Sullivan, c	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kuhn, c	0	0	0	1	0	0
White, p	4	1	2	2	1	0
*McIntyre	1	0	0	0	0	0
†Zeider	0	1	0	0	0	0
Total	36	3	9	27	18	1

*Batted for Sullivan in the eighth inning.

†Ran for Block in the seventh inning.

Two-base hits—Weaver, Callahan. Three-base hits—White, Cree. Sacrifice hit—Lord. Stolen base—Gardner. Double play—Rath, Weaver, and Fournier. Left on bases—Chicago, 8; New York, 9. Bases on balls—Off White, 5. Hit by pitcher—Fournier. Struck out—By Warhop, 2; by White, 4. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Sheridan. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 11.—The New Yorks took the lead in the local series by defeating the White Sox, 6 to 3, this afternoon, thereby getting a 2 to 1 bulge on the second placers. After the third inning, when the visitors bunched four hits with three passes and tallied five times, the result was almost a foregone conclusion, as Warhop, pitching for Wolverton's crowd, received airtight backing that was sensational at times. In addition Jack had great control, passing only one man, Fournier, who was unable to get out of the way of a pitched ball.

Manager Wolverton got into an argument with Umpire Sheridan in the second inning, following the scoring of the locals' first run, and was waved away from the coaching line.

Bert Daniels and Birdie Cree furnished the thrills in the fielding line, the former going back to the right field bleachers in the third inning and pulling down Lord's long drive as it was passing over his head. Cree picked a liner off his shoe tops in the fourth inning when Birdie shot what appeared to be a safe hit over Stump's head. The fielding and hitting of Buck Weaver was the feature from a local standpoint. Buck cut off at least three hits by his speed around the short-field.

The Sox put a lone tally across in the second inning on Fournier's single and Weaver's double, but that marker did not look much better than a cipher when the Yankees got through scoring in the third inning.

Daniels and Sweeney opened with singles, and after Warhop fanned, Hartzell's walk crowded the corners. Stump's out, Lord to Fournier, allowed Daniels to score, and then White decided to pass Cree and take a chance with Zinn, the slugger, who has not been slugging in the present series. Zinn, however, pushed a bounder between Fournier and Rath and Sweeney and Hartzell scored. Chase drew a pass, stuffing the pillows again, and Gardner pounded a single to centre, shoving Cree and Zinn around. Gardner stole, but was left when Daniels flied out.

White's triple and Lord's long fly, which Daniels grabbed in stellar style, gave the Sox their second counter in their half of the session, but the visitors got this one back in the fifth when Cree opened with a triple and scored on Gardner's out. In this session Chase was robbed of a hit by a wonderful stop by Weaver. Zeider scored the final White Sox run in the seventh when he ran for Block, who had singled, and crossed on Rath's out and Lord's single.

Owing to the errorless support accorded Warhop, the locals did not threaten in any other frame, but the visitors looked dangerous in the eighth and ninth innings. In the eighth Cree and Zinn singled with none out, but lolled on the runways while the next three men were being retired.

With Sweeney out of the way in the ninth, Warhop and Hartzell singled, but a lightning double play, engineered by Rath, Weaver and Fournier, retired the side.

Dubuc Weakens, Senators Win.

DETROIT, June 11.—Dubuc pitched shutout ball and held Washington to three hits for eight innings. He weakened in the ninth and the visitors scored three runs on a base on balls, two singles and two sacrifice flies, winning the game, 3 to 2. Groome was put out of the game in the second inning for kicking on a decision at home. Score:

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moeller, rf	4	0	2	0	0	Bush, ss	4	0	1	1	4
Foster, 3b	3	1	0	1	6	Jones, lf	4	0	2	2	0
Milan, cf	4	1	1	1	0	Cobb, cf	4	0	2	2	0
Gandil, 1b	4	1	1	13	2	C'ford, rf	4	0	2	1	0
Shanks, lf	3	0	1	3	0	Gainer, 1b	2	1	0	15	1
Morgan, 2b	2	0	0	3	0	Mor'ty, 3b	4	0	0	0	2
M'B'de, ss	4	0	0	2	6	Louden, 2b	4	0	0	2	2
Henry, c	2	0	0	2	2	Onslow, c	1	0	1	3	1
W'liams, c	0	0	0	0	0	Dubuc, p	3	0	0	1	5
A'smith, c	0	0	0	1	1	†Delehanty	0	0	0	0	0
Groome, p	0	0	0	0	1						
Cashion, p	3	0	0	1	2						
*Schaefer	1	0	0	0	0						
J'nson, p	0	0	0	0	0						
Total	30	3	5	27	20	Total	30	2	7	27	15

*Batted for Henry in eighth inning.

†Batted for Onslow in ninth inning.

Errors—Milan, Groome, Moriarty.

Washington ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3—3
Detroit ....0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—2

Hits—Off Groome, 1 in 1 1-3 innings; off Cashion, 6 in 6 2-3 innings; off Johnson, 0 in 1 inning. Two-base hit—Moeller. Three-base hit—Shanks. Struck out—By Cashion, 1; by Johnson, 1; by Dubuc, 3. Bases on balls—Off Groome, 1; off Cashion, 1; off Johnson, 1; off Dubuc, 2. Stolen base—Gainer. Sacrifice hit—Dubuc. Sacrifice flies—Shanks, Morgan. Left on bases—Detroit, 7; Washington, 4. Time of game—One hour and fifty-six minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Westervelt.

Naps Toppled Over Again.

CLEVELAND, June 11.—Philadelphia made it three straight from Cleveland to-day, winning 8 to 7. Cleveland took a lead of four runs in the first inning, but Philadelphia overcame it with two out in the seventh inning on three doubles and three singles. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lord, rf	4	1	1	1	0	Butcher, lf	3	1	0	2	0
Oldring, cf	5	2	3	3	0	Olson, 3b	3	1	0	1	2
Collins, 2b	5	1	3	2	2	J'kson, rf	5	2	3	3	1
Baker, 3b	4	2	2	1	1	Lajoie, 1b	4	1	1	10	0
Strunk, lf	5	0	1	3	0	B'm'h'm, cf	2	1	0	3	0
McInnis, 1b	3	1	1	13	0	East'ly, c	4	1	3	4	1
Barry, ss	3	0	1	1	3	P'k'p'gh, ss	4	0	0	2	3
Thomas, c	4	0	0	6	2	Turner, 2b	4	0	2	3	4
Morgan, p	2	1	0	0	5	Kahler, p	2	0	0	0	3
Plank, p	1	0	0	0	1	Baskette, p	0	0	0	0	0
						*Griggs	1	0	1	0	0
						†Liv'ston	1	0	0	0	0
Total	36	8	13	27	14	Total	33	7	10	27	13

*Batted for Kahler in the eighth inning.

†Batted for Easterly in the ninth inning.

Errors—Barry (2.)

Philadelphia ....0 0 0 3 0 0 5 0 0—8
Cleveland ....4 0 0 0 2 0 0 1 0—7

Two-base hits—Jackson (6,) Morgan, Baker, Lord. Sacrifice hits—Olson, Birmingham, Butcher. Sacrifice fly—Birmingham. Stolen bases—Oldring, Baker. Double play—Olson, Peckinpaugh, and Lajoie. Pitching record—Off Kahler, 11 hits in 8 innings; off Baskette, 2 in 1 inning; off Morgan, 9 in 6 1-3 innings; off Plank, 1 in 2 2-3 innings. First base on balls—Off Kahler, 3; off Morgan, 4; off Plank, 2. Hit by pitched ball—By Kahler, (Lord.) Struck out—By Kahler, 2; by Morgan, 4; by Plank, 1. First base on errors—Cleveland, 2. Left on bases—Cleveland, 9; Philadelphia, 5. Time of game—Two hours and twenty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Hart.

Boston Blanks the Browns.

ST. LOUIS, June 11.—Hall allowed only five scattered hits, while Hamilton was hit when hits meant runs, and Boston took the third straight game from St. Louis this afternoon, 4 to 0. Score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf	5	1	2	2	0	Shotten, cf	3	0	1	1	0
Yerkes, 2b	5	1	4	3	2	C'pton, rf	4	0	1	3	0
Sp'ker, cf	4	0	1	1	0	Stovall, 1b	3	0	2	11	0
Lewis, lf	4	1	1	4	0	Pratt, 2b	3	0	0	1	5
G'dner, 3b	4	0	2	1	3	Hogan, lf	4	0	0	2	0
Stahl, 1b	4	0	0	11	0	Austin, 3b	3	0	0	2	1
Wagner, ss	4	0	1	2	1	Wal'ce, ss	3	0	0	3	5
N'm'ker, c	1	0	0	1	0	Krichell, c	3	0	1	4	1
Carrigan, c	2	1	1	1	2	H'm'ton, p	2	0	0	0	1
Hall, p	4	0	0	0	2	Allison, p	0	0	0	0	0
						*Kutina	1	0	0	0	0
Total	37	4	12	†26	10	Total	29	0	5	27	13

*Batted for Hamilton in the eighth inning.

†Compton out; hit by batted ball.

Error—Wagner.

Boston..................1 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1—4
St. Louis................0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Yerkes, Speaker, Lewis, Gardner, Carrigan. Three-base hit—Hooper. Double plays—Wallace, Pratt, and Stovall; Gardner, Yerkes, and Stahl; Yerkes, Wagner, and Stahl. Stolen bases—Wagner, Stovall (2.) Shotten, Gardner. Bases on balls—Off Hamilton, 1; off Hall, 3. Struck out—By Hall, 2; by Hamilton, 4. Hits—Off Hamilton, 10 in 8 innings; off Allison, 2 in 1 inning. Left on bases—St. Louis, 5; Boston, 7. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Egan.

McDonald Drives in Winning Run.

BOSTON, June 11.—Boston won out in the tenth inning from St. Louis, 2 to 1, to-day. McDonald's triple following Perdue's single was the winning combination. O'Rourke, formerly of the Bridgeport (Connecticut League) team, played a good game for the locals. The score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'D'ld, 3b	5	0	2	3	2	Magee, 2b	5	0	1	1	
C'pbell, cf	3	0	0	1	1	Ellis, lf	5	0	2	2	1
S'wney, 2b	4	0	2	6	4	M'wrey, 3b	4	1	1	1	2
Miller, rf	4	0	0	0	0	K'tchy, 1b	5	1	1	11	1
Jackson, lf	4	1	2	3	0	Evans, rf	3	0	1	3	0
Houser, 1b	4	0	1	12	1	Smith, ss	3	0	2	2	3
O'R'ke, ss	4	0	0	2	2	Oakes, cf	3	0	1	2	0
Kling, c	4	0	0	3	3	Bres'h'n, c	4	0	0	6	2
Perdue, p	3	1	1	0	3	Willis, p	2	0	0	1	1
						Harmon, p	1	0	1	0	2
						*Wilie	1	0	1	0	0
Total	35	2	8	30	16	Total	36	1	11	†29	15

*Batted for Willis in the seventh inning.

†Two out when winning run was scored.

Error—Magee.

Boston ....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1—2
St. Louis.................0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hit—Oakes. Three-base hits—Jackson, McDonald. Hits—Off Willis, 5 in six innings; off Harmon, 3 in four innings. Sacrifice hits—Ellis, Campbell, Oakes. Stolen bases—McDonald, (2,) Konetchy, Miller, Harmon. Left on bases—Boston, 6; St. Louis, 9. First base on balls—Off Perdue, 2; off Willis, 1. First base on errors—Boston, 1. Struck out—By Perdue, 2; by Willis, 3; by Harmon, 2. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Bush.

Union Defeats Stevens Institute.

Special to The New York Times.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., June 11.—Union College defeated Stevens Institute on the Union campus here to-day by a 7 to 4 score. The game was well played throughout. Dunn pitched well for Union, tightening up in the pinches and knocking out a home run in the fourth inning. In the seventh he was hit for a three-bagger, but fanned the next three men. In the eighth, with the bases full and two men gone, Sandell of Stevens hit into left field, but Dennis of Union made a sensational catch and kept the score from being tied. The score:

		R.	H.	E.
Union	4 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 .—	7	5	1
Stevens	0 1 0 0 2 0 0 1 0—	4	7	4

After the game Paul Giddings, '13, was elected captain of the Union team for next year.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Baltimore.

		R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0 0 0 1 0 2 0 2 0—	5	9	2
Baltimore	5 0 0 2 1 1 2 0 .—	11	6	1

Batteries—Killilay and Bemis; Walker and Bergen.

At Providence.

		R.	H.	E.
Newark	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	0	4	2
Providence	0 0 2 0 0 2 0 1 .—	5	11	0

Batteries—McGinnity and Ryerson; Sline and Wilson.

At Rochester.

		R.	H.	E.
Montreal	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—	3	10	4
Rochester	1 0 2 0 0 2 0 0 .—	5	8	1

Batteries—Ackers and Pierce; Hughes and Jacklitsch.

SECOND GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Montreal	0 0 0 1 0 0 2 0 0—	3	7	2
Rochester	0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0—	2	8	2

Batteries—Mattern and Murphy; Jones, Wilhelm and Blair.

At Buffalo.

		R.	H.	E.
Toronto	0 1 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—	4	13	5
Buffalo	2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	3	15	4

Batteries—Rudolph and Curtis; Beebe and McAllister.

Buffalo-Toronto second game postponed. Two games to-morrow.

Pacific Coast League.

At San Francisco—San Francisco, 4; Los Angeles, 1.
At Portland—Portland, 7; Oakland, 2.
At Los Angeles—Vernon, 5; Sacramento, 3.

Southern League.

At Atlanta—Nashville, 6; Atlanta, 0. Nashville, 5; Atlanta, 4.
At Chattanooga—Chattanooga, 4; Memphis, 3.
At Birmingham—Mobile, 6; Birmingham, 4.
Montgomery at New Orleans—rain.

Tri-State League.

At Altoona—Harrisburg, 7; Altoona, 4.
At Johnstown—Johnstown, 7; York, 6.
At Trenton—Trenton, 6; Allentown, 5.
At Wilmington—Wilmington, 1; Lancaster, 0.

New York State League.

At Binghamton—Binghamton, 1; Troy, 0.
At Elmira—Elmira, 6; Troy, 5.
At Wilkesbarre—Wilkesbarre, 7; Utica, 6.
At Scranton—Scranton, 6; Syracuse, 5.

American Association.

At Toledo—Toledo, 6; Kansas City, 5.
At Columbus—Columbus, 9; Milwaukee, 6.
At Indianapolis—Minneapolis, 6; Indianapolis, 2.
At Louisville—Louisville, 6; St. Paul, 3. Louisville, 4; St. Paul, 3.

Royal Arcanum Baseball.

The Dauntless team of the Royal Arcanum Baseball League easily defeated De Witt Clinton team by a score of 10 to 2. The pitching of Sammon and the catching of Golden were the features. Dauntless will play Fulton Council at Nostrand and Avenue J, Brooklyn, at 3 o'clock on Saturday.

TO AID NEGRO'S FAMILY.

Springfield Citizens to Make Provision for H. P. Drew to Go with Olympic Team.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., June 11.—In order that Howard P. Drew, the negro sprinter of the Springfield High School, who equaled the world's 100 meter record Saturday, may sail with the Olympic team to Sweden, the High School pupils are raising funds to provide for Drew's family while he is absent. Enthusiastic meetings of the various classes and school organizations were held to-day to discuss ways and means. Leading business men have promised to assist. A. E. Metzdorf, physical director of the public schools, is of the opinion that the plan is entirely legitimate. In case objection is raised by the A. A. U., some other way, Mr. Metzdorf says, will be devised to provide for Drew's wife and two children. Drew's case is attracting much attention. The fact that he is a negro, that he is married and is trying to work his way through school, constitute an unusual combination of circumstances. Drew is receiving his honors with commendable modesty.

Moltke Sailors Beaten at Soccer.

The German Football Club of New York yesterday engaged in a game of soccer football at Macomb's Dam Park with their visiting countrymen, members of the battleship Moltke of the Kaiser's fleet, now anchored in the North River. The New Yorkers were victorious in a rather easy manner by the score of 6 goals to 2.

The sailors, from all appearances, were unable to shake their sea-legs, with the result that the landlubbers kept the pigskin in their territory for the greater part of the time, and ran out their tallies with very little opposition. The game aroused considerable interest and attracted a crowd of close to 800 persons to the park, and, despite the fact that the affair was one-sided, there was enough enthusiasm shown for a championship contest. The line-up:

German F. C.	Position.	Moltke.
Villman	Goal	Butzke
M. Van de Weghe	Right back	Muller
Johannig	Left back	Nietzoche
Wagner	Right half	Hoester
Engleke	Centre half	Schneider
Schumacker	Left half	Lomberg
Trimble	Outside right	Hilderbrandt
Bollmeyer	Inside right	Trissler
E. Van de Weghe	Centre	Sander
Meyer	Inside left	Haberecht
Diekm	Outside left	Rohm

Goals.—First Half—Trimble, 10:00; Bollmeyer, 28:00; Engleke, 35:00. Second half—Trimble, 6:12; M. Van de Weghe, 6:23; Rohm, 6:30; Bollmeyer, 6:36; Nietzoche, 6:48. Final score—German F. C., 6; Moltke F. C., 2. Referee—Dr. Manning. Time of halves—Forty-five minutes.

FAMOUS ATHLETES MUST FOREGO TRIP

Adams Boys, Beatty, and Harry G. Lott Unable to Compete in Olympic Games.

It was announced authoritatively yesterday that the Adams boys—Platt and Ben W.—would be unable to make the trip on the Finland and participate in the Olympic games at Stockholm next month, as they are unable to arrange their business satisfactorily. Col. Robert M. Thompson, President of the American Olympic Committee, will make an effort to-day to intercede for the boys with the employers of these sterling athletes, who surely would make their presence felt in the standing jump and other events.

Other defections announced were those of Russell Lawrence Beatty, the Columbia shot-putter and holder of the collegiate and intercollegiate records with the sixteen-pound sphere. It was learned that his step-father is very ill and Beatty would not make the trip.

Harry G. Lott of the Mohawk Athletic Club and America's first string in the javelin throw, is another who, despite his selection, will be unable to try for Olympic honors. As a comparatively recent product of the sport, Lott, in his best effort last Saturday, hung up a new American record of 166 feet 1½ inches, and was said to be improving, as this performance showed an increase in his best mark of over fifteen feet on a throw which he made Decoration Day.

The American Olympic headquarters was quite the busiest section on the athletic map yesterday, and James E. Sullivan, the United States Commissioner to the Stockholm sports, and Matthew P. Halpin, the manager of the team, were kept busy all day receiving champions from the Pacific Coast who had arrived since the selections were made Monday afternoon, as well as attending to a multitude of telegrams from many of those on the supplementary list and those chosen outright.

Ralph Rose of San Francisco, one of the three present Olympic tittle holders selected to be among this year's invaders who will attempt to retain their honors, was one of the first on the scene. The Western hercules appeared to be in tip-top condition, although he confessed to having taken on forty pounds in weight since he was here two years ago.

Rose now tips the scales at 275 pounds and admits that his presence on the team is the direct result of banter, it having been suggested that he coould not come back. At his specialty of shot-putting Rose anticipates getting the sixteen-pound sphere out the distance of at least 95 feet with right and left hands.

In practice he has repeatedly dine 53 feet with his right. He holds the world's record with 51 feet and 44 feet with his left.

Rose journeyed from the coast with Pete Gerhardt, the Olympic Club sprinter who was chosen as one of the eight men who will defend the short distance events at the games next month. The big fellow asserted that recently, when Courtney of Seattle ran 100 meters in 0:10 4-5, Gerhardt was less than six inches behind.

Others in the party from the Far West were F. H. Allen of the University of California, who is expected to do things in the running broad jump; James J. Donahue, Los Angeles Athletic Club, a clever all-around athlete, and Fred W. Kelly, a hurdler, Los Angeles Athletic Club, who showed to advantage in the Pacific Coast try-outs May 18.

Ira Courtney, the Seattle sprinter and the hope of the Pacific Northwest, and Clarence Edmundson, a half-miler who won the National title at the distance in 1909, and, incidentally, defeated Gissing, almost unbeatable then, are expected to arrive this morning, at which time most of the members of the team will have arrived.

That the high jumping forces of the team will be added to by the presence of Jervis W. Burdick, University of Pennsylvania, and the present intercollegiate champion, and Wesley M. Oler, Jr., Pawling School and New York A. C., was vouchsafed by Manager Halpin. Both were chosen on the supplementary list, and word was received that they would be on hand to sail with the team. Oler recently leaped 6 feet 3⅝ inches, and is expected to improve when pinned down to his specialty.

Others on the additional list who are to make the trip are Donald F. Lippincott, a sterling sprinter whose form last Saturday is indicative of improvement; Louis C. Madeira 3d, who was close up in the one-mile run at the last intercollegiates, and Wallace M. McCurdy, the runner who was just beaten in record time for the two miles at the same sports. These three lads are all students at the University of Pennsylvania, and give every indication of proving worthy opponents in the world's championship games. The Pennsylvanians will be sent by the Pennsylvania alumni.

With the selection of Patrick McDonald, Matt McGrath, Egon Erickson, and John J. Eller, Jr., as competitors in the games at Stockholm, it became necessary for these men, who are all New York City policemen, to request from the Police Department sixty days' absence in order to aid in bringing success to the United States team. Their request was granted. The trip will take nearly seven weeks as previously outlined, beginning Friday, when the Finland leaves at 9 A. M.

OLYMPIC SWIMMERS NAMED.

"Duke" Kahanamoku, Huszagh, and Reilly Qualify for Relay Race.

Olympic swimming tryouts were held yesterday in Verona Lake, near Montclair, N. J., for the purpose of deciding the make-up of the trio who will form the relay squad which will represent the United States in this feature of the aquatic sports at Stockholm next month.

Those who qualified were "Duke" Kahanamoku, the Hawaiian; Kenneth Huszagh, Chicago A. A., and James H. Reilly, New York A. C.

An even dozen experts competed, including the successful trio, as follows: F. G. Rich, Brookline Swimming Club, Boston; Eben B. Cross, Princeton University; R. L. Frizelle, City A. C.; J. G. Morris, Illinois A. C.; J. G. Eddy, Jr., City A. C.; Clarence Asch, New York A. C.; N. F. Nerich, New York A. C.; L. De B. Goodwin, New York A. C., and J. K. Shryock, Philadelphia National S. C.

The squad was split up in heats of three, with the three lowest times, irrespective of how the men finished as the guide to make up the team. In the Olympic race the distance will be 800 meters, (874.4 yards,) but in yesterday's event the men all swam 220 yards each. The course was 110 yards straightaway and return, and it was generally believed that the course was similar to that which will prevail in Swedish waters.

Reilly, Frizelle, and Morris were drawn in the first heat, with the result finding Reilly in front with the time 2:47 4-5; Frizelle second in 2:50, and Morris last in 3:03. The second heat found Goodwin the winner in 2:53, Eddy, second, 2:59, and Asch, 3:04 4-5. "Duke" Kahanamoku, after getting away to a very poor start, made great inroads on the advantage gained by his opponents, and eventually won by a half dozen yards in 2:40, with Huszagh second in 2:46, and Rich third in 2:50 4-5.

Nerich swam the distance in 2:48 3-5 in the final heat, which found Cross second in 2:51, and led Cross, who finished in 2:51, with Shryock third in 3:01 2-5. As it was said that Morris had not had a fair chance in the 200 meters, because he steered a very crooked course, he and Reilly and Bud Goodwin took part in a quarter-mile event, which resulted in a victory by a touch by Reilly over Goodwin, with Morris beaten off.

Shayne Betting Case Postponed.

Special to The New York Times.

HEMPSTEAD, N. Y., June 11.—The case of Paul Shayne, arrested at Belmont Park race track last Thursday on the charge of making bets orally, which was to have come up before Justice of the Peace Charles F. Gittens here this afternoon, was adjourned until June 18 at 2 o'clock. This was due to the fact that Shayne's lawyer, John J. Graham, Surrogate of Nassau County, was detained with a will case, and Assistant District Attorney McCarthy engaged in the County Judge's Court.

SPORTING EVENTS.

BASEBALL, Polo Grounds, To-day 4 P. M. Giants vs. Chicago. Adm. 50c.

COLUMBIA CREW CHANGES.

Coach Jim Rice Shakes Up Entire Starboard Side of 'Varsity Eight.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, June 11.—A surprise was created at the Columbia University crew quarters this afternoon when Jim Rice, the coach, made a complete shift in the starboard side of the 'Varsity eight-oared shell. Frank Latenser, who rowed No. 7 last season, and who has been in this position all of this season, was taken out and sent to No. 5, and Fritz Miller put in his place at No. 7. Miller rowed at No. 7 in the 1909 and 1910 'Varsity eights, but was out of college last year, and, owing to an injury to his back, has not been in the boat this season excepting for a short time.

This move on the part of the coach was entirely unexpected, as it was thought that Miller would be sent in at No. 5, and Latenser, who is thoroughly accustomed to Downing's stroke, retained in his old position. Hadsell, who was rowing No. 5, goes to No. 3, and Rothwell from No. 3 to bow. Williams, who was in at bow, was sent to the second crew bow. In spite of the fact that this new combination was tried out for the first time to-day, the boat went along in magnificent form, and Coach Rice seemed thoroughly pleased with the shift.

Latenser is the heaviest man in the eight, and seems to fit in well in the waist of the boat. The stern four present a formidable appearance, and here is a powerful drive noticeable in the eight which sends the shell along with a fine clip without a check. The 'Varsity had a long row in the morning, and were sent for ten miles in the late afternoon.

A four has been tried out once, but the second-string men rowed as an octet to-day. It is probable that a four will be formed to-morrow.

Coach Rice also seemed especially pleased with the work of the freshman eight, which showed decided improvement over the work that they have been doing.

The Cornell 'Varsity and four arrived at their new quarters at Poughkeepsie yesterday, and were able o get out on the river to-day for two strenuous rows. The Ithacan freshmen were held back for examinations, but they leave to-night, and are expected at Poughkeepsie to-morrow in time for a row in the afternoon.

This morning Coach Courtney took the eight and the four over the four-mile course, but there was no attempt made at a time trial as the men needed a limbering up before trying for speed. In the afternoon the squad was taken down to Milton. There are no substitutes in the Cornell camp, as they will come down with the freshmen. Coach Courtney is therefore extremely careful with the 'Varsity.

TIME TRIAL ON THAMES.

Yale 'Varsity Covers Four-Mile Course, with Cross Wind, in 21:48.

GALES FERRY, Conn., June 11.—The Yale coaches to-night gave out the time the 'Varsity eight made in going over the four-mile course on the Thames this morning. It was 21:48, which considering the low tide and a light wind blowing across the course, is considered fairly good. The time for two miles was 10:40.

Because of the warm weather, the coaches eased the practice this afternoon. The makeup of the four-oared boats has been changed again as follows:

First Boat—Hitchcock, stroke; Ives, 1; Bugbee, 2; Richards, bow; Badger, coxswain.

Second Boat—Bryce, stroke; Scully, 3; York, 2; Pease, bow; Shepard, coxswain.

Among the visitors at quarters to-day were Payne Whitney, '98; George Brewster, '93, and S. V. Chapple, Chairman of the Regatta Committee.

RED TOP, Conn., June 11.—The Harvard 'Varsity and freshman eights paddled to the three and a half mile flag to-night, and then on the return had the usual brush for the last mile. The freshmen, rowing a higher stroke, held the lead until the last quarter, when the 'Varsity, hitting up a high stroke, won out by a length.

Both the 'Varsity and freshman eight shells were equipped with new oars to-day.

PEGLER'S CLEVER BOWLING.

South African Takes 5 Wickets for 17 Runs Against England.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 11.—Sensational cricket marked the second day's play in the international match between England and Australia. After dismissing the South Africans for 58 runs, the Britishers ran up a total of 300 runs for five wickets before luncheon. When play was resumed, Pegler, the Colonial medium bowler, took the remaining five wickets for 17 runs, the inning closing for 337.

Facing a minority of 279, the South Africans lost three wickets in their second inning for 57 runs. They now need 222 runs to avert a single inning's defeat.

Australia and Yorkshire were unable to play the first day of their match, owing to rain, which again interfered to-day. During the short time for play Yorkshire scored 120 runs for six wickets.

PALZER TO FIGHT WELLS.

American and English Heavyweights to Clash in Garden Ring June 28.

An international boxing contest that may lead to a new heavyweight champion of the world was arranged yesterday when Bombardier Wells, the heavyweight title holder of England, and Al Palzer, one of the best of the present day big men in America, were matched to fight ten rounds in Madison Square Garden on Friday, June 28.

It was announced by the Garden A. C. officials yesterday that Palzer had signed an agreement whereby he will meet Wells in the Garden, whether or not Tom O'Rourke, under whose management Palzer has been fighting, wins a court decision in the dispute over a clause in the contract between the manager and the fighter. This means that if O'Rourke is successful in holding Palzer to the contract the American heavyweight will then fight in the Garden under O'Rourke's direction, otherwise Palzer will fight under his own management. In any event, therefore, the fight between Wells and Palzer will take place.

The winner of this bout will probably be matched to fight the winner of the Johnson-Flynn fight to be held July 4.

Palzer and Wells are each 6 feet 3 inches tall and each tips the beam close to 220 pounds.

COULON IN FAKE FIGHT.

Referee Leaves Ring—Then Hayes Is Apparently Knocked Out.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 11.—Johnny Coulon of Chicago, the bantamweight champion, to-night figured in a fight with Frankie Hayes of St. Louis, which fans looked upon as a fake. The bout was scheduled to go ten rounds, but at the end of the third Referee Fitzgerald left the ring, refusing to officiate in what he said was a "frame-up." Upon leaving the ring the referee declared that the boys had been faking from the start, and that they had refused to fight after he had warned them.

Chief of Police Cowles ordered the fight to go on, and Announcer Doherty acted as referee. The boys went at it again, but before they had been fighting a minute in the fourth round Hayes went to the floor. He remained there till the count of eight, but after a couple of seconds went down again, this time being counted out. The fighters were roundly hissed as they left the ring, the crowd being of the opinion that the knockout was a fake.

TOM COSTELLO DIES.

Former Backer of John L. Sullivan a Victim of Heart Disease.

Thomas E. Costello, one-time prominent sporting man and backer of John L. Sullivan, died yesterday of valvular disease of the heart at his residence, 626 West 136th Street. Costello was a devoted admirer of John L. when the latter was in his prime, and lost $30,000 in wagers when Sullivan was defeated by James J. Corbett at New Orleans in 1892. Costello was left $250,000 by his father, who was a contractor in Cleveland. After receiving the money he continued to carry on his father's business for a time, but drifted into the sporting ranks and soon became one of the best known patrons of the prize ring in the country.

After the defeat of Sullivan, boxing lost its attraction for Costello, who opened several gambling houses in New York which were well patronized. The places were, however, closed one after the other, until Costello was compelled to live with his daughter, who supported him until he died. Costello will be buried to-morrow at Mt. Kensico Cemetery.

CROSS DEFEATS REDMOND.

Westerner Starts Off Well, but Finishes Poorly in First Bout Here.

Jack Redmond of Milwaukee made his bow to New York boxing enthusiasts in a ten-round bout with Leach Cross at the St. Nicholas A. C. last night, and the bow was not a success. The Westerner made a most auspicious start, and gave promise of giving Cross a hard fight, but in the latter rounds the attack of the east side dentist drove Redmond to cover, and Leach finished the winner with plenty to spare. Redmond left the ring with one of the prettiest "shinners" that has been manufactured in a New York arena in some time.

Smith Stops Jack McFarland.

Gunboat Smith, the California heavyweight, knocked out Jack McFarland in the sixth round of what was to have been a ten-round bout at the Atlas Athletic Club of Rockaway Beach last night. Smith was too experienced for his opponent, and held the lead practically all the way. In the other ten-round bout Charley Harvey of Philadelphia outpointed Frank Dubois of Boston.

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 12, 1912.

TARIFF REFORM THAT REFORMS.

The Representatives in Congress hold the most recent mandate in National affairs, and it was not surprising that they voted 144 to 101 against repealing reciprocity, and thus repairing the breach in the sacred tariff which President Taft had made. It is surprising, however, that all the Republicans but eight deserted the President in the best thing he has done, and that all Democrats but seven voted to sustain him. The Republicans are in favor of all tariff reductions except the particular one at any given time under discussion, and they have not the least compunction even at this late day against resisting the demand for reducing the cost of living in the quickest, cheapest, and least disturbing manner. To complete the inconsistency of the Republican position it is only necessary to add that it was a Progressive who moved to overrule the President in respect to the Canadian agreement. Mr. Underwood was justified in his taunt that the Progressives were willing only to reduce the tariff on items consumed in their districts, such as harvesting machinery, but were unwilling to give also cheap agricultural products. Mr. Underwood was entitled also to the applause which greeted his statement that he has not hesitated to reduce the duties on the industries of his constituency. Taft, Laurier, and Underwood are conspicuous and almost solitary examples of statesmen who stand for the good of the Nation as a whole, and are stalwart against the temptation to sacrifice the Nation to the interest of themselves or of their districts. In this respect the Progressives are the most backward of all factions.

The cause of reciprocity in Canada thrives vigorously with the demonstration that the United States will take no step backward. It ought not to escape attention that the entire reciprocity agreement might be vitalized over night in the same manner that the cement duty was lowered, and with no greater charge of inconsistency. The reciprocity agreement lowered the cement duty in Canada 1½ per cent., but the rate effective from to-day lowers it by 50 per cent., and by the action of the opponents of reciprocity. This is effected by virtue of a clause in Canada's "audit" act which permits the Government to remit duties when it deems it in the public interest.

The responsibility of taking such action without legislative authority is always great, and in this case was the greatest ever assumed by any Dominion Cabinet. The industrial and political exigencies were no less urgent, and both are far from being met. Building operations from the lakes to the coast are tied up, and the discontent among this class of voters rivals that among the farmers. Instead of accepting the reduction of one-half they are demanding the total removal of the duty, enabling them to get cement by the payment of a short north and south haul charge, instead of getting it from the inadequate supplies in Eastern Canada. Although it is alleged that the reduction of duty by half leaves the rate prohibitory, the records show that the unreduced duty was collected upon 441,000 barrels from the United States, and that the preference to the British cement brought in only 190,000 barrels. As the consumption is in excess of six million barrels it is apparent what the opportunity has been for extortion by the protected Canadian manufacturers. A microscope could not detect the advantage to England of the preference, but the deep and damning disloyalty of halving the duty, and stimulating trade with the United States, must be apparent to the discerners of the same disloyalty in the much more moderate reductions in the reciprocity agreement.

Premier Borden having taken the first step which counts, cannot stand still. Every petitioner for reciprocity is camped on his trail, and it is altogether likely that Sir Wilfrid will ask for another popular mandate immediately upon the passage of the bill rearranging the constituencies according to the movement of population since the preceding census. The anniversary of Sir Wilfrid's defeat falls in September, and already the veteran sees signs of victory. As the movement of the population has been westward he will be stronger there, and his opponent will be weaker in the East by the disclosure that he is as disloyal in principle as Sir Wilfrid. The Canadian Reciprocity League has served notice that all parties supporting reciprocity look alike to it. If this affords any clue to the situation in Canadian politics Premier Borden will soon be left the leader of the Anti-Reciprocity League against both parties. It will then be in order to make the motion for reciprocity unanimous. The Right Hon. Robert Borden might do worse than dish his opponents by giving Canada reciprocity over night in the same manner that he promoted building operations to the great delight, if not complete satisfaction, of everybody except the producers of cement in Canada.

THE ARMY BILL.

The vote of the Senate on the Army Appropriation bill, with various questionable, amendments, including the one legislating Major Gen. Leonard Wood out of his office as Chief of Staff, was not partisan. Whatever blame may be attached to this measure, and The Times has opposed it from the first because of the personal motive inspiring this particular amendment, must be shared by both parties alike. As Senator Root said, in opposing the passage of the bill, "the provision could not better "accomplish its purpose if it read that "after the 5th of March no man whose "initials are L. W. shall be Chief of "Staff." No amount of sophistical argument, no consideration of the character and services of members of both houses who have been instrumental in this legislation, can justify it. It is not to be excused by the fact that Gen. Wood's rapid advancement in the army after the Spanish war was not justified by precedent. He has been a good officer, has borne his faculties meekly, and has served with zeal and distinction as Chief of Staff, and he should have been permitted to continue his service. This is a petty piece of persecution.

Another of the Hay amendments accepted by the Senate takes out of the hands of the President, who is Commander in Chief of the army, and his War Secretary, the work of reorganizing the army posts, abandoning some no longer useful and others that have never been useful, and concentrating the forces at a few central points, and places this responsibility in the hands of a board composed of members of Congress and retired army officers. By this means, it is said, Fort Russell, an expensive and badly situated post in Wyoming, which has already cost $4,600,000, will be retained. This post, far from lines of communication and from cheap markets, and inadequately supplied with water, has been a hobby of Senator Warren of Wyoming, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs. Local "interests" clamor for the continuance of all the army posts. It seems that a coherent and economical plan of army reform designed by Secretary Stimson has been defeated. Though party lines were obliterated in the Senate's vote, it cannot be said that the army has been taken out of politics.

HOME RULE FOR CITIES.

At the third conference of Mayors of cities in this State, now in session at Utica, New York is for the first time represented, and by an important delegation. Buffalo and Rochester are also taking part for the first time. The conferences are a sensible and practical method of co-operation for the common advantage. Not only are the delegates from all parts of the State, and from cities of various sizes, but they bring to bear on their work an intimate knowledge of the ways, mostly poor, in which the business of their respective communities is transacted. The natural and inevitable tendency of opinion among them is toward a greater degree of independence and responsibility in each city. This can be had only under a general law laying down the principles of city administration, and the conferences help obviously in supplying information as to differing conditions which must be carefully considered in the framing of such a law.

A report has been submitted by the Executive Committee of the conference, signed by Mayor John K. Sague of Poughkeepsie, Samuel A. Lewisohn, and R. S. Blinkerd of New York, which lays down some of these principles as follows:

> Cities and villages should be given full powers in local self-government, including the right to make their own charters. The principles which should underlie every municipal organization we conceive to be that the number of officers shall be small enough to permit of the definite choice of office holders, that the offices shall be sufficient in importance to attract men of ability, and that there shall be sufficient centralization of authority and responsibility to permit of efficiency in the administration of municipal affairs. These principles may include a Mayor and Council plan and a commission form, which should be provided in a general municipal organization act; the details of each such form should be left in control of any city. A non-partisan municipal elections act should provide for the election of municipal officers without the use of National party emblems or names, permitting cities to more nearly determine city elections on city issues.

There is nothing novel or in the nature of radical change in these principles. They have been urged in these columns for many years. What is new in the present situation is that they should receive a quasi-official sanction and should be submitted to a representative body of city administrators for their discussion. That certainly is a hopeful sign. It will be noted that the report does not indicate that its authors perceive any pressing need for the adoption of the fashionable innovations of the initiative, referendum, and recall. The advocates of these devices usually present them as short cuts to "popular" control of political affairs. The principles submitted in the report are not in the nature of short cuts at all. On the contrary, they assume on the part of the citizens of a municipality a deliberate and well-reasoned desire to have the affairs of their city well cared for, and a willingness to choose and trust capable men to care for them and to give to these enough time and power to compass their task. Then, and this is a matter of extreme importance, it is assumed that these agents, thus empowered, will be held to a rational responsibility. In other words, business ideas, as intelligent business men practice them in their own interest, are to be applied to public business.

We have in the City of New York a partial application of these principles. In the Board of Estimate we have three officers chosen by the voters of the city at large and the Presidents of the boroughs, each chosen by the voters of his borough. It is in some respects a clumsy body, clumsily selected. But it holds the purse strings, and in connection with that function has considerable collateral powers. The exercise of the prime function of the board and of the collateral powers involved has tended to develop in the members of the board a sense of broad responsibility quite unprecedented in our municipal history. The result is that we have had under the present administration a kind and degree of progress with which we have in the past been unfamiliar. When the time comes for a new charter for New York, whether by special act or under a general law, we venture to think that the experience we have had will have a good deal of weight and that whatever changes are made will be in the direction of increased power and responsibility. We have learned that a fair degree of these attracts able men, and that in the use of the power and in the consciousness of the responsibility these men tend to become stronger, more faithful, and more competent.

RECOIL OF THE RECALL.

Those who are pressing the demand of the people to rule naturally think that the people will rule the way of those who are urging the reform. But it will not always and infallibly act that way, as a recent incident shows. Hoquiam, Washington, has just recalled its clergyman Mayor for no better reason than that he associated himself with the Industrial Workers of the World in their fight against the Hoquiam sawmills. The merits of that dispute are not known here, but the Industrial Workers of the World are known, and it would seem that the congregation of the Rev. Harry Ferguson might take notice of his advocacy of that form of uplift which consists in attacks on capital because it is capital, and not in checking the abuses of capitalism.

The clergyman who associates himself with men like Haywood has much to explain regarding the sanity of his intellectuals as well as his morals. The chief point is not the personal one, but the disclosure that the recall may operate against the friends of the rule of the people as well as for them. As matter of experience the recall will prove to be a useful means of checking the abuses of the rule of the people when the result naturally to be expected becomes apparent. But it is hardly an argument for the recall that it remedies the abuses caused by the initiative and the referendum. Prevention is better than cure.

RARE BOOKS AND PAINTINGS.

While economic conditions are unsettled throughout the world and trade is supposed to be suffering, there seems to be no lack of money to expend on luxuries. Regnault's "Salome" has been sold to an art dealer, who surely expects to sell it again in America, for fourteen times the price it might have been bought for only a few years ago. The receipts of the Doucet sale of paintings and art treasures in Paris within the last fortnight approximated $3,000,000. The prices obtained for the rare books and bindings of the Huth library at Sotheby's in London have broken many records in a branch of the trade in luxuries in which it seems each year that the limit of extravagance has been reached. Surely there must come a time when the value of a Caxton, for instance, can be permanently fixed. The volume of the world's money does not increase in proportion to the increase of prices of rare books. Obviously the number of persons who have cultivated the taste for such things does increase greatly, but it is doubtful if the first edition of an old poet bought to-day at the prevailing auction rate will increase in value in anything like the proportion such values have increased in the past.

With pictures, perhaps, while the prices obtained are often far beyond the intrinsic value of the greatest painter's work, the case is different. The most coveted rare edition is, at its best, only a specimen of mechanical craftsmanship. The painting is presumably the individual expression of a great artist's mind and soul. Only the originals are eagerly sought for. The high bidder for an old book is not buying it for literature's sake—that is certain. He can obtain the world's best literature, in all languages, cheaply. He wants a unique or extremely rare copy, with a famous imprint, a binding with a history, and a record or pedigree of its previous ownership. The purchase for a fortune of a Rembrandt is, in some way, a tribute to art, though the purchaser may not always be controlled entirely by his love of art. But, these considerations aside, it is clear that there is plenty of spare money in the world, and that a host of people with expensive tastes, fads, and fancies can afford to gratify them.

LEGISLATIVE FUNERALS.

It costs a great deal of money to bury New York statesmen, but many of them cost the State a great deal more while they are living. Haggling over burial expenses is not seemly. Probably there will be no public outcry because the obsequies of Senators Patrick H. McCarren and Thomas F. Grady cost the State $4,262, besides the gift of $1,200 to the families of each, and the amount of their Senatorial salaries for the unexpired part of their terms. It is a free use of the public's money, of course, and in a more wisely governed community would be frowned upon. But funerals are serious matters, and the legislators who attend them are out of mischief for the time being. The expenditure of $5,600 in 1906 for the special train which took representatives of the Legislature to Chautauqua to attend the funeral of Speaker Nixon, and the comfort of its passengers, seems extravagant. But it must be remembered that the train was well filled, and the passengers had to be fed.

It is generally admitted that the wages of our State legislators are not large. For thoroughly competent, well-informed, patriotic men, willing to concentrate well-ordered minds on the State's business, they would be small. In the circumstances they are high enough. The revelation from Albany of the cost of legislative and State funerals indicates that the Legislature costs much more than the wages of its members. But we knew that before. The funerals, after all, are a small part of the extra expense.

THE FLOOD SUFFERERS' FUND.

Within a few days the New York fund for the sufferers from the Mississippi floods has been increased, through the various agencies receiving subscriptions, to more than $40,000, but New Yorkers should not be content until their contribution to the support of the homeless people of the flooded districts has reached three or four times that sum. The money that has been thus far received will soon be gone. A few thousands do not go far in providing shelter, food, and medicines for many thousands, and new homes must be built for them, new cattle bought, damaged farms put in order and recultivated before they can hope to support themselves.

The States affected by the floods are giving all the aid they can. The Red Cross people are working heroically to succor the distressed and ward off sickness. To New York's acknowledged generosity the whole country looks for aid in times of great trouble.

MOVING PICTURES.

Of what use is the proposed Folks ordinance to regulate moving pictures? What though it defines clearly proper requirements as to construction, lighting, ventilation, and heating, and concentrates responsibility in the License Bureau, instead of distributing it between four or more city departments? The City Club and other estimable societies have approved all this. But they will search in vain in the text of the ordinance for a provision applying save in minor particulars, to motion picture theatres now in operation. It revokes no licenses, but applies to theatres hereafter to be licensed.

All the vicious features of the present theatres are untouched by this ordinance. They will not be policed. Moreover, their immunity from the law and from rules framed to protect the public, mostly children, will give them all the advantages of a monopoly.

* * *

In spite of the Municipal Art Commission's defiance of public opinion, the new conspiracy against the preservation of Central Park will be fought vigorously, and we are confident that it will be defeated. Every influential civic association in this city will join in the fight. Every citizen who knows the history of the Park and how its preservation has been due to unceasing vigilance will be on the alert. The action of the Municipal Art Commission yesterday was contrary to the best interests of this city and to the will of its people. The old Arsenal will be removed in due time, but no other building will be put in its place.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Strikers Who Missed an Opportunity. Viewed purely as a war measure, there might have been excuse, or even justification, for the desire and the attempt of the striking waiters to render impossible the giving by the city of a dinner to its guests, the officers of the German fleet. There would have been, that is, if the desire had been achieved and the attempt successful.

It was truthfully enough assumed by the waiters that this dinner, having been arranged, simply had to be served. Had they been able, as they too hopefully expected, to compel either its abandonment or the granting of their demands, in all probability they would have won the recognition they are demanding. Even in that case, however, their action, with its implied readiness to bring upon the city—which, after all, is their city as much as it is the city of anybody else—a very considerable embarrassment and humiliation would have caused such widespread irritation and anger that such sympathy from the public as their real grievances have excited would have been largely or wholly lost, and with it, ultimately, their cause.

But they failed completely. The men they tried to call out, remained, and the dinner was served as well as it would have been if no strike were going on. As a result they must endure with no compensation whatever the resentment earned by their attempt.

In these circumstances perhaps the wiser of the striking waiters will see that they missed a great opportunity to win public favor by showing that they, too, have some civic pride, to which, like other good citizens, they are willing on occasion to sacrifice their private interests and desires. What they should have done was to say that, as the city's honor was involved in paying due and offered courtesy to these distinguished guests, they were willing to forget the strike for a night, and to return, as many of them as might be needed, to their accustomed task. The offer might not have been accepted, but at least it would have shown that the waiters were New Yorkers first and strikers only second.

That might not have been war, but it would have been rather magnificent, and certainly it would have made the position of the men better than it is now.

Accounts Finely Settled. Both the White Star and the Cunard lines are to be congratulated on having solved a rather difficult and delicate problem in the working out of which it would have been easy for either to make a mistake.

When the Carpathia rescued those of the Titanic's passengers who had taken to the lifeboats, and when she turned back to New York instead of continuing on her voyage to the eastward, a service was performed—by request, be it observed, though that makes little difference—that imposed considerable expense on her owners and gave them a clear legal claim to compensation from the White Star Company. This claim, the Cunard Directors announce, they will not present; they consider it a privilege that their ship was able to save the Titanic survivors, and for reward they are content with the credit to the company that comes from what their Captain so admirably did.

The White Star Line, on the other hand, has recognized the deep obligation under which it was put by making generous money awards to every member of the Carpathia's crew, from the Captain down to those performing the humblest tasks. That, too, was commendable, especially as it was accompanied by words of high appreciation.

Meanwhile the Captain of the Californian—the man who took no trouble to find out what was happening to the vessel whose signals of distress he saw and ignored—must be wondering what madness possessed him on that fatal night that he should sail away and let another man win fame and a place in history as one whose heart told him just the right things to do and whose head told him just how to do them.

"Olympics" if Not "Olympiad." Yes, it is true, as several persons obviously of profound learning in Greek and things have hastened to tell us, there are objections to the use of the word "Olympiad" to denote, not the period of time between one holding of Olympic games and another, but as the name applied to a single occasion or function of this kind. Chief of these objections—and anybody who chooses to do so can call it conclusive—is the unquestioned and unquestionable fact that the word was originally used as meaning the period, not the games.

However—between orthology and morals there is no relation whatever. That is to say, in the use of words there is no absolute and permanent right or wrong, and anybody who wants to impose on an old word a new task has a perfect right to do so—at his peril. When enough people, and good enough people, have followed the innovator's example, "best usage" is attained for the time being. The dictionaries recognize the change, sooner or later, since they can't help themselves when confronted with ultimate linguistic authority, and the loud howling heard in the background is only the queer noise, quite negligible, of people who guilelessly imagine that the vocabulary of this, that or the other ancient worthy is good enough for anybody.

The Greeks, who had occasion frequently to group the years between the celebration of their athletic festivals, named that space of time. To us the interval is of no chronological importance and we need no word for it. Of late years, since the revival of something, though remotely, like the Olympian games, we do need a single-word name for the games themselves, and not a few persons, including some pretty fair writers, have found it convenient to call each international competition of athletes an Olympiad. The Encyclopedia Britannica, for instance, does so several times in the course of its scholarly article on the Olympian games, and the American committee intrusted with seeing to it that the United States is well represented at Stockholm this year has "Fifth Olympiad" in large letters on its stationery.

Better than "Olympiad," perhaps, in this sense, is "Olympics." That is already in the dictionaries, and some of us do have need—once in fifteen years or so—of "Olympiad" in its old sense.

Mr. Frick's Library Gift.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. Frick should recognize that a gift that is undesired is less acceptable than no gift at all, and that it would be ungracious to insist upon the people of New York accepting the Lenox Library in Central Park when they do not want it.

We should be glad to have the building, but not in Central Park. When he realizes the strength of public opinion on this subject, Mr. Frick will surely see it this way and find some other site for his generous gift. In order that he and others may discover what public opinion really is, the subject should be ventilated thoroughly at a public hearing before final decision, and should not be left in the power of one man—the Park Commissioner.

New York, June 10, 1912. ARTIFEX.

The History of The New York Times.

From The Mail Order Journal.

The New York Times, the great New York newspaper which publishes "all the news that's fit to print," has just issued a very interesting pamphlet containing a sketch of the history of The New York Times, reprinted from the anniversary edition issued upon its sixtieth birthday, Sept. 18, 1911. Apart from the interest it has as a souvenir, this chapter of newspaper history has a value of its own, for the story of The New York Times, for the past sixty years is the history of the newspaper press in the period that has witnessed its greatest development. The relation of the newspaper to the public and to public events has undergone some noteworthy changes since 1851, which the readers of the pamphlet will find set forth in its pages.

A Pogoniate Gentleman.

From The Winchester (Ky.) Sun.

Mr. H. S. Sewell has sold a half interest in his barber shop to Mr. M. B. Wooten of Midway. Mr. Wooten comes highly recommended as a gentleman and a barber.

TWO WITNESS BEARERS.

Have Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Taft Proved Each Other's Unfitness?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If so be that the common sense which has always been supposed to reside in the American people has not deserted them, it were well for all seriously to ponder, thoughtfully to answer, and logically to stand by certain questions.

Has Theodore Roosevelt in this year of 1912 taken back everything which in that other year of 1908 he said in favor of William H. Taft?

If yea, did he speak falsely then, or is he speaking falsely now?

If his is not a case of bearing false witness, then or now, was he deceived then, or is he deceived now?

If he spoke falsely then, what was his motive?

If he speaks falsely now, what is his motive?

If he was so woefully deceived then, after years of intimate intercourse, with ample opportunity for knowing the character, disposition, and abilities of his one-time friend, as to paint him in glowing terms as a strong, able, and conscientious man, or is so woefully deceived now in depicting him in equally forcible phrase as a weakling and a hypocrite, what guarantee have the people that Mr. Roosevelt is not equally deceived in the men who now surround him; and what guarantee have the latter that he will not turn on them as he has turned on Mr. Taft?

If his tongue cannot be depended on to tell the truth, or his judgment to discern character, whichever it be, is it the part of wisdom for the people to put him again in a position where the consequences of his false witness or of his misplaced confidences will be, and must be, disastrous to the country?

When he is charged with having as President arrested the prosecution of the Harvester Trust at the request of the very capitalist who is now financing his campaign, is it any answer for him to say that the member of his Cabinet whom he then sought to promote, now the President whom he is seeking to destroy, was an acquiescing party thereto?

If Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Taft have been gadding about the country and telling the truth about each other, does not each prove that the other is unworthy of the office of President?

If either is telling untruths about the other, does not each prove himself to be unworthy of that exalted office?

If either is deceived about the other, how is either qualified for an office which, above all things, calls for discernment of character?

If the American people are compelled to hang their heads in shame at the unprecedented spectacle of an ex-President and President quarreling like a couple of fishwives, telling truths or untruths about each other, whichever it be, in respect of matters where they acted together and know the facts, whatever they are, and both are doing it for the same reason, to gain the nomination for another term, ought the people to reward either for such humiliation?

Now, if reason is to guide our councils, if hysteria is not to have full sway, if the choice of Chief Executive of a Nation of ninety millions of people is not to be a matter of whim, or passion, or prejudice, but is to be made soberly and according to the dictates of prudence and common sense, such as ordinary men give to their ordinary affairs, and daily use in the selection of their business associates and their employes, the appeals which those two men, once fast friends, now bitter enemies, have been making this past month will fall on deaf ears. Otherwise we may have to exclaim, in the words of the great poet:

> O Judgment! thou art fled to brutish beasts,
> And men have lost their reason.

Or we must paraphrase the utterance of the ancient prophet: A wonderful and horrible thing is committed in the land. Presidents and ex-Presidents prophesy falsely, and the officeholders bear rule by their means; and my people love to have it so; and what will ye do in the end thereof? JABEL.

New York, June 11, 1912.

Seamen's "Full Dress" Drills.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In his testimony at the Titanic inquiry in London Harold Sanderson, a Director of the White Star Line, startled the court by announcing that it was impossible for the line to enforce its orders for muster and fire drill. He went on to say that because of the refusal of the firemen to obey orders for muster the line had found it necessary to modify its regulations, for the reason that condign punishment of the firemen for mutiny would leave the steamships without efficient service.

As an engineer with many years' experience, especially in Pacific waters in the Far East, I can say that Mr. Sanderson is entirely right in the bold statement he makes, but I think that, in the interest of safety of life on the ocean, the half truth which he told should be called to the attention of the public. The half truth consisted in this: An order to muster for fire drill has by custom grown to mean an appearance in full-dress uniform, as you might say. When an order to muster is given the firemen and seamen are obliged to wash up, change their clothes, and appear spick and span before the officers. This is what they object to rather than the call itself. If steamship lines would abandon the old-fashioned convention of requiring the cleaning up and changing of clothes as part of the muster drill there would be no mutiny on the part of the men.

As a matter of fact, in case of accident the men would respond in the clothes and condition they were in at the moment, so why not make the drill as informal an affair as the actual practice would be? HARRY A. WILKES.

East Orange, N. J., June 9, 1912.

Automobile Pioneers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your notice yesterday of the decease of Capt. Alvin C. Norcross of Revere Beach, Mass., you speak of his being a pioneer of the automobile industry, from the fact of his building a steam carriage and navigating the streets of Boston with it in the year 1865.

Permit me to say that a Mr. Ingersoll residing in the upper section of Greenwich, Conn., constructed a steam carriage in the years 1857 and 1858, and was in the habit of riding about that neighborhood, thereby antedating Capt. Norcross about seven or eight years. Mr. Ingersoll was also the original inventor of the cam movement, taking the place of the crank movement for light machinery.

Englewood, N. J., June 10, 1912. G. W. B.

"Rushing" German Visitors.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Why should our German visitors be rushed through our streets at thirty miles an hour? Surely they can not see anything in this excited, mad rush. I saw several of our honored visitors on Fifth Avenue to-day, hanging on to their hats, with eyes closed to keep out the dust, as they were whirled along at high speed. Why this undignified, unnecessary rush? J. R. SMITH.

New York, June 10, 1912.

A POEM.

A bit of blue sky through the tree tops in June;
A brooklet nearby with a murmuring rune;
A patch of green grass, a few roses, a story,
A fair, gentle girl in her youth's golden glory.

A breath of the fields, as of Summer drawn near;
A shaft of warm sunlight, a bird singing clear;
A sigh in the boughs that wave softly above her—
A heart full of love, and a dream of a lover.

LURANA SHELDON.

SISTER TO MANAGE ARBUCKLE ESTATE

Miss Christina Named Administratrix of Property Left by Coffee Merchant.

IT IS WORTH $37,500,000

Applications for Letters of Administration by Former Partners to Offset Suits Dismissed by Surrogate.

The long-drawn-out proceedings over the administration of the estate of John Arbuckle, the coffee and sugar merchant and philanthropist, who died without making a will on March 27 at his home, 315 Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn, was decided yesterday by Surrogate Ketcham in naming Miss Christina Arbuckle administratrix of the Arbuckle fortune. She and Mrs. Katherine Arbuckle Jamison of Pittsburgh, both sisters of Mr. Arbuckle, are the sole heirs of his estate. Mrs. Jamison supported her sister's application for letters of administration.

Frank V. Kelly, Public Administrator of Kings County, objected to Miss Arbuckle's appointment on the ground that she was a non-resident of this State when Mr. Arbuckle died. Although the statute gives the Public Administrator power to step in and take charge of the estate of a resident of Kings County who dies intestate when the next of kin are non-residents of the State, Surrogate Ketcham denied Mr. Kelly's application.

In an opinion accompanying his decision the Surrogate says this statute has no justification except its own existence, as under it there is no county in New York except Kings County where administration of an estate is denied a non-resident in cases similar to that of the Arbuckle family. Surrogate Ketcham says this law applies only to the legal residence at the time of the application for letters of administration, and not at the time of death of the person whose estate is involved.

Counsel for Miss Arbuckle admitted that she was not a resident of this State at the time of the death of her brother, but contended that since then she had lived at the Arbuckle home at 315 Clinton Avenue. Surrogate Ketcham decided that her legal residence in Brooklyn since her brother's death entitled her to letters of administration of his estate.

The value of the Arbuckle estate is put at $37,500,000. If the petition of Frank V. Kelly, Public Administrator, had been granted the city treasury would have been enriched by $375,000 in fees. Under an old law which operated until last year the Public Administrator was paid by fees. He is now a salaried official receiving $5,000 a year. Mr. Kelly was appointed Public Administrator by Surrogate Ketcham on Dec. 15, 1911.

Applications for letters of administration of the Arbuckle estate were also made by James N. Jarvie of Montclair, N. J., and the executors of the estate of William V. R. Smith. Jarvie and Smith were former partners in the Arbuckle firm, and have suits pending against the concern for $300,000 for alleged breach of contract. These actions grew out of the payment by Arbuckle and his partners of back duties on sugar following the Government investigation of the sugar frauds, and the plaintiffs seek to recover for their share of this payment according to an agreement made at the time they sold their interests out to Mr. Arbuckle.

DONOVAN'S MEDAL FOUND.

Schoolboy Historian Owes Its Recovery to a Reader of The Times.

If Michael J. Donovan, who won a silver medal awarded by The New York Times for merit in an essay on the city's history in 1903, will communicate with the city editor of The Times he can get his medal again.

The medal was found by Mrs. Stewart of 277 West 117th Street about two months ago at 116th Street and Eighth Avenue. Since that time Mrs. Stewart has been watching the newspapers in the hope of finding the owner of the medal. Failing to find him in this way, she has sent the medal to The Times office.

The medal is one of a number awarded by The Times on the occasion of the anniversary of the founding of the City of New York. When he won the medal, Michael J. Donovan was a pupil of Public School 30.

THE NEW ROOSEVELT

Is "a Disappointing Spectacle" to Many Who Formerly Admired Him.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The utterances of Mr. Roosevelt with regard to the delegates at large in Ohio have not received the attention they deserve. He denounced their election in no uncertain terms, referring to it as "political brigandage," and more for good measure. The fact that they were elected strictly in accordance with Ohio law does not appeal to him. What is law to him, that it shall stand between him and the object of his ambitions?

Such an utterance gives a full measure of the man. Reckless, turbulent, utterly unfair even while clamoring for "the square deal," impatient of all law and order, full of snapshot judgment based on half knowledge, talking of sportsmanship and wanting the rules changed at every step after the game has started—a disappointing spectacle to many who have in times past admired him and believed in him. It is a remarkable decadence which has taken place in him. Or is it that we are only coming to know him better, through the thoroughness of his present self-revealment? Either way, it is a loss to the Nation. If his admirers were right before the change is saddening; if they were wrong, still the destruction of ideals is a loss. W. C. T.

Boston, Mass., June 11, 1912.

NO MANDARIN CLASS HERE

So People Must Pay for Education of Their Rulers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Stanley investigation of the Steel Corporation elicited nothing which was not already known. The net result of it was to teach the investigators something of the steel business. The result of the Pujo Money Trust investigation will probably be some slight infiltration of the fundamentals of banking and finance into the heads of these enterprising politicians.

Since we in this country have no educated Mandarin class from which to elect our rulers and politicians we must perforce pay for their education after election to office. The present mania for investigation makes us supremely thankful that the conduct of our great industries and financial institutions is intrusted to men who hold their position by virtue of superiority and not because of a gift for rhetoric or ability to control votes. ALBERT R. GALLATIN.

New York, June 11, 1912.

Out-of-Town Checks.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. Vanderlip says his bank lost $210,000 last year in the benevolent process of collecting out-of-town checks.

He can't charge any of that loss to me, because I deposit all my foreign items with two out-of-town banks who collect everything in the United States at par, and my checks on these two banks are current funds in New York City. I wish the managers of these two countrified banks would come over here and tell the New York Clearing House how to do it. F. C.

New York, June 11, 1912.

"A Six-Year Czar."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Has it occurred to any of the advocates of the constitutional amendment making the term of the President six years, and disqualifying him for re-election, that this would leave the President free not only to "attend to the duties of his office," but also to attend to them exactly as he pleases, without regard to popular approval or disapproval—a six-year czar?

How any man who advocates the recall of Judges can favor a long-term, unrecallable President, "beats me" time."

WM. WOODWARD BALDWIN.

New York, June 11, 1912.

MARJORIE IDE WEDS UNDER ROSE CANOPY

Daughter of Our Minister to Spain the Bride of Shane Leslie.

MANY CABLES FROM EUROPE

Cockran Long Island Home Beautifully Decorated—A Unique Robert Louis Stevenson Gift.

Under a canopy of pink Killarney roses, Miss Marjorie Ide, daughter of Henry C. Ide, United States Minister to Spain, was married yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock to Shane Leslie, a son of Col. and Mrs. John Leslie of London, in the library of The Cedars, the country home of the bride's brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. W. Bourke Cockran, at Port Washington, L. I.

The house was beautifully decorated throughout with pink roses, and the bridal bower and altar were placed near the entrance to the conservatory. The weather conditions were ideal for a country wedding, and the reception which followed the ceremony was held on the broad porches of the house, with small tables upon the lawn, overlooking the waters of Hempstead Bay.

The bride wore a gown of ivory satin trimmed with old Spanish lace, and her veil was of exquisite Carrickmacross lace, a gift from the brothers of the bridegroom. It was caught up with a chaplet of orange blossoms. She wore the corsage ornament of diamonds and pearls presented to her by the bridegroom's mother, and the diamond necklace, which was a gift from her father. Instead of flowers she carried a prayer book.

Mrs. Cockran, who was her sister's only attendant, wore a pale green taffeta frock, with panniers, and a lace hat trimmed with white pond lilies. She carried a bouquet of pond lilies and lilies of the valley.

Father Gives Daughter Away.

William Seymour Leslie acted as best man for his brother, and Mr. Ide gave his daughter in marriage. The Rev. Father J. A. Carroll, pastor of the Roman Catholic Church at Port Washington, performed the ceremony.

The ushers were Frank Gray Griswold, Peter F. Dunne, J. Norman de R. Whitehouse, and Representative Nicholas Longworth.

After the reception Mr. Leslie and his bride left on their honeymoon. The bride's going-away gown was an embroidered linen, with touches of Irish green. They plan to sail from New York early in July, and will spend the remainder of the Summer in Spain, going later to London, where they will take a house for next season, which will be furnished with many of the gifts which the couple received from European royalty as well as those received from President and Mrs. Taft, and their many friends on this side. A list of the wedding gifts was published in THE TIMES yesterday.

Col. Leslie sailed for England a short time ago. Mrs. Leslie, who returned a few days ago from Canada, and her second son, William S. Leslie, were the only members of the bridegroom's immediate family present. Many cablegrams from Europe and telegrams of congratulation were received before the hour set for the wedding. One of the unique wedding gifts which Mr. Leslie and his bride received, and which were the original fortune telling cards invented and painted for Robert Louis Stevenson while at Samoa by Mrs. Strong, who made the presentation to the bride.

Guests at the Wedding.

Among those asked to the wedding were Dr. and Mrs. Christopher Cockran, Rear Admiral and Mrs. Ide, Mr. and Mrs. A. Butler Duncan, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Mackay, Mr. and Mrs. August Belmont, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Mortimer, Mr. and Mrs. George Rose, Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Clews, Richard Harding Davis, Miss Caroline Duer, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, Justice and Mrs. James W. Gerard, Col. and Mrs. George Harvey, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Sloane, Mrs. E. R. Thomas, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. John Blair, and Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Tyson.

Mr. and Mrs. George L. Rives, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Harriman, Francis Crowninshield, Col. and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., Miss Adele Colgate, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Steele, Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont, Mr. and Mrs. Reginald de Koven, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Farwell, ex-Ambassador and Mrs. Robert Bacon, Miss Bacon, Mrs. Lloyd Bryce, Mrs. Sidney Dillon Ripley, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hastings, Mr. and Mrs. Osgood Pell, Mrs. M. Lawrence Keene, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Stevens, W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Ellis, and Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Oakley Rhinelander.

Also Commissioner and Mrs. Ralph Waldo, Mr. and Mrs. J. Sergeant Cram, Mr. and Mrs. Goodhue Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Alfonso de Navarro, Roderick Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Lydig, Mrs. Belmont Tiffany, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Guinness, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Taft, Mr. and Mrs. George Gould, Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. Wiborg, the Misses Wiborg, Mr. and Mrs. Beckman Winthrop, Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Grace, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Burden, Mrs. Peter F. Dunne, Mrs. Frank Gray Griswold, and the Misses Canfield.

MRS. ROE MARRIES BROKER.

Daughter of Mrs. J. C. C. Thornton the Bride of C. H. Trieriot.

Mrs. Frances Thornton Roe, daughter of Mrs. John C. Calhoun Thornton, was married yesterday afternoon to Charles Henschel Thieriot of South Orange, N. J., at the country home of her mother, Ville Me Mo, at St. James, L. I.

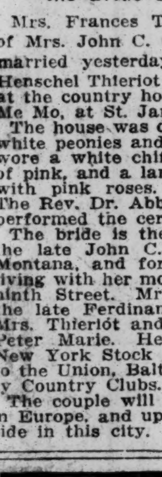
The house was decorated with pink and white peonies and wild laurel. The bride wore a white chiffon gown with touches of pink, and a large garden hat trimmed with pink roses. She was unattended. The Rev. Dr. Abbey of Smithtown, L. I., performed the ceremony.

The bride is the youngest daughter of the late John C. Calhoun Thornton of Montana, and for some years has been living with her mother at 150 West Fifty-ninth Street. Mr. Thieriot is a son of the late Ferdinand Melley Thieriot and Mrs. Thieriot and a nephew of the late Peter Marié. He is a member of the New York Stock Exchange, and belongs to the Union, Baltusrol, and Essex County Country Clubs.

The couple will spend their honeymoon in Europe, and upon their return will reside in this city.

CELESTINS

VICHY



Natural Alkaline Water

Used at meals prevents Dyspepsia and relieves Gout and Indigestion

Ask your Physician

VICHY

CELESTINS

SOCIAL NOTES.

Malcolm D. Whitman has leased the Francis Burton Harrison house, 876 Fifth Avenue, near the Ogden Mills residence, and he and his bride, Miss Jennie Crocker, will, after their wedding in July make it their home. The first Mrs. Harrison was Miss Crocker's sister, and for several years it was her home.

Mrs. George von L. Meyer and the Misses Alice and Julie Meyer have left New York for Hamilton, Mass., to open their Summer home.

Mrs. J. J. Wysong, who spent the Winter and Spring at the Belmont, has gone to Newport for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Fermor Hasketh of Rufford Hall, England, and who spent the Winter at their Los Angeles home, sailed on the Mauretania for England.

Prof. H. Fairfield Osborn and Mrs. Osborn are sailing to-day for Europe.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Green and Mrs. A. Bleecker Banks of Tuxedo are at the Plaza for a short time before sailing for Europe.

The Hon. Mrs. Lionel Guest and her daughter, Miss Lucy Bigelow Dodge of England and Montreal, are at the Ritz-Carlton. Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Flagg of Philadelphia are also at that hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Le Roy W. Baldwin are in town at the Gotham for a short visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Bushrod R. Bayne of Short Hills are at the Wolcott for a short time before going to Easthampton, L. I., for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Waldo K. Chase left the Hotel Manhattan yesterday to motor to their country place near Farmington, Conn.

Dr. Eugene F. Hoyt of 39 West Fifty-eighth Street is booked to sail to-morrow for Europe.

The Ladies' Auxiliary and the Junior Aid Societies of the Lutheran Hospital of Manhattan, which is non-sectarian, will give a bazaar at the Twelfth Regiment Armory from Nov. 18 to 23, inclusive.

Mrs. Charles R. Henderson has arrived for the season at her cottage in Meadow Lane, Southhampton.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Barnes Boardman of West Fifty-third Street have also opened their Southampton villa in Great Plains Road.

Mrs. Samuel Van Dusen left town yesterday for Montreal, and later will be with Mrs. Henry Waters Taft at Chicago for the Republican Convention, before going to Pointe-a-Pic for the Summer.

Mrs. George R. Schieffelin and Miss Dorothy Schieffelin are spending June at Briarcliff Lodge.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Romaine Brown have arrived at Shinnecock Hills, L. I., for the Summer.

The wedding of Miss Margaret Thorne, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Oakleigh Thorne, and Edward H. Carle will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock in St. Bartholomew's Church, and will be followed by a reception at the Thorne residence, 200 Madison Avenue.

The marriage of Miss Gladys Dwight Jones and William B. Symmes, Jr., will take place to-day at Erdenheim, the Englewood home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dwight Arven Jones.

TO PANAMA FOR HONEYMOON.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Seaman Owen Will Spend the Summer There.

The wedding of Miss Josephine Marie Murray, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Matthew Murray of Richmond Hill, L. I., to Frank Seaman Owen of this city was celebrated in the Church of St. Benedict Joseph, Morris Park, L. I., at 11:30 o'clock yesterday. The Rev. John Hughes officiated, assisted by the Rev. William Wood.

The bride wore a gown of white satin charmeuse with an elaborate train of old point lace, over which fell a court train of satin trimmed with lace and hanging from the shoulders. Her tulle veil was held by a cap of lace and fastened with a coronet of orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of orchids and lilies of the valley and wore a diamond bar pin, the gift of the bridegroom.

Mrs. Reginald C. Knickerbocker attended the bride as matron of honor. She wore gold chiffon over old blue satin, topped with a leghorn hat trimmed with blue chiffon and pink roses, and carried an arm bouquet of yellow roses. The Misses Marie and Gertrude Murray were the bridesmaids and wore yellow crêpe de chine draped with shadow lace, brown tulle hats trimmed with pink roses, and carried pink roses.

Matthew J. Murray, Jr., a brother of the bride acted as best man, and the ushers were William J. Murray, Arthur E. Murray, Curtis Lubin, and Reginald C. Knickerbocker. After the church ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents. Mr. and Mrs. Owen will spend a few days motoring through the Berkshires, and on Saturday will sail for Panama where they will spend the Summer. They will reside in this city upon their return.

SENOR HERRARTE DINED.

Guatemalan Envoy a Guest of Our Minister at Dower House.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11.—The Minister to Guatemala, R. S. Reynolds Hitt, entertained a dinner company at Dower House, Md., this evening complimentary to Señor Herrarte, the Secretary of Foreign Affairs of Guatemala, who is now on an official visit to Washington. The company made the trip to and from the Maryland resort by automobile.

The Counselor of the State Department, Chandler Anderson, has taken a cottage at York Harbor, Me., and Mrs. Anderson and children departed for it to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. Walcott Tuckerman are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter. Mrs. Tuckerman was formerly Miss Lelia McCauley of this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas W. Lockwood, Jr., will close their home in Sheridan Circle on Friday to sail on Saturday for Europe. They will spend the Summer in motoring in England and on the Continent.

COURT FAVORS BROADHURST.

Won't Let Actor Question Him Further About Play Royalties.

Supreme Court Justice Giegerich refused yesterday to permit William Harcourt King, an actor, to subject George Broadhurst, the dramatist, to further examination prior to the filing of a regular complaint in the action which King has started for a part of Broadhurst's royalties from "The Man of the Hour."

King alleges that Broadhurst promised him a "fair share" in his royalties if he should succeed in placing his play in New York. He obtained last month the right to examine Broadhurst, but the playwright's memory as to the amount of his royalties was vague. William A. Brady, the producer of the play, refused to show his books at the referee's hearing.

MEN SCARCE ON THE SAXONIA

Of the Liner's 406 First Cabin Passengers 300 Are Women.

Out of 406 first cabin passengers sailing to-day for Naples on the Saxonia, 300 of them are women. Among the passengers are:

Mrs. I. Adams, Miss M. Adams, Mr. and Mrs. T. Ames, Miss M. Anderson, Miss B. W. Arthur, Miss Rose Bacon, Miss G. F. Barnum, V. C. Bartlett, Miss J. C. Bates, Prof. and Mrs. W. G. Bleyer, Miss L. Bond, Miss G. Brown, Mrs. W. A. Carey, Dr. A. E. Converse, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Cooper, W. Cope, Miss G. Crook, Miss C. H. Davis, Mrs. C. Davis, W. A. Dickey, Dr. and Mrs. W. B. Dorsett, Dr. E. L. Dorsett, Miss S. Drake, the Rev. and Mrs. J. W. Durham, Miss C. G. Edgerton, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Ellett, Miss B. Ewing, Mrs. P. P. Fisher, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Furniss, A. G. Gardner, A. C. Goodwin, Miss J. L. Green, W. T. Greenwood, H. T. Greenwood, Miss T. E. Griffiths, Miss C. Hanson, Dr. R. C. Harrison, Dr. E. L. Hayford, Miss K. E. Hays, Dr. W. Hecker, Miss B. Hill, N. E. Holway, Gen. and Mrs. G. C. Howard, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Ingalls, the Rev. H. F. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. London, the Rev. and Mrs. A. A. De Lorne, Miss A. Marquis, Miss L. Manning, Dr. and Mrs. Ewing Marshall, the Rev. F. W. Moore, A. D. Noyes, Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Osborne, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Patten, Mrs. T. R. Price, Prof. and Mrs. J. O. Reed, Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Rice, Dr. and Mrs. F. O. Rogers, Hugo Silvestri, Dr. J. O. Spencer, Miss L. R. Taylor, H. F. Thompson, R. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Valiant, Judge and Mrs. W. Vickery, A. B. Vincel, the Rev. Dr. H. M. Warren, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Warren, Mr. and Mrs. Webster Wells, the Rev. R. H. White, the Rev. J. J. Wicker, the Rev. J. C. Wickham, H. L. Wolcott, Mr. and Mrs. W. Wood, Prof. J. E. Wrench, Miss B. Woodward, and the Rev. W. K. Williams.

VESTA VICTORIA WED TO HERBERT TERRY

Sails Away with the Famous English Actor's Son After a Brief Stay Here.

BOTH MARRIED BEFORE

Mr. Terry's Divorce from His First Wife Had Not Been Generally Known.

Vesta Victoria, who first came to America a few years ago and sang "Waiting at the Church," until the expression became a catch phrase, sailed for England last Wednesday on the Campania, taking along a husband. He is Herbert Terry, son of the late Edward Terry, the English actor, and he had been in New York for some time previous to the departure, staying at the Hotel Victoria.

There is a mystery attached to the marriage and the sailing that probably will not be cleared up until the couple arrive in London. Miss Victoria, under her real name of Kate Lawrence, arrived in New York on May 18, on the Caronia, which docked late at night. To the ship news reporters who recognized her she said that she had come on private business, and refused to tell what it was. She disappeared in the city and even the important vaudeville people did not know of her presence here.

She and Mr. Terry evidently were married some time between her arrival in New York and their departure again, though Miss Victoria said that the marriage had taken place in England some time ago, and that she had come to America simply to make the return trip with her husband. Mr. Terry has been married before, and, according to a private cablegram from London, he and his first wife have not been known to be divorced.

However, their sailing was done with considerable secrecy. They did not book passage until 6 o'clock Tuesday night—the steamer sailed at 1 A. M. Wednesday—and their names did not appear on the passenger list. They gave their names as Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Terry.

Vesta Victoria leaped into popular favor upon her first vaudeville appearance in this country, through her eccentric character songs. "Waiting at the Church" was the first to become popular, but "Poor John" was a close second. She was very well known in the London music halls before she came here. She has been married before, to the manager of the Euston Music Hall, London, from whom she obtained a divorce on the ground of cruelty.

Mr. Terry is known chiefly as the son of the popular Edward Terry, whose playing of the role of Dick Phenyl in "Sweet Lavender" is almost as well known in this country as in England.

MISS RUSSELL WEDS TO-DAY.

Secrecy to Surround Actress's Marriage to Wealthy A. P. Moore.

PITTSBURGH, June 11.—The long-expected wedding of Lillian Russell, the actress, and Alexander P. Moore, the wealthy newspaper proprietor, is scheduled for 10 o'clock to-morrow morning in this city. Invitations were sent out to-day to a few friends of Miss Russell and Mr. Moore, and with each card went an admonition against publicity.

Just why there should be secrecy thrown about the affair is known only to Mr. Moore, and he will not tell. The marriage license was obtained this afternoon by Mr. Moore, who was accompanied to the Court House by Mrs. Susanne Westford of New York. A sister of Miss Russell arrived here to-day to attend the bride.

The ceremony will take place at the Hotel Schenley, and afterward there will be a wedding breakfast. The name of the officiating clergyman is withheld.

Miss Russell's latest venture into matrimony will be attended by some discomforts. She will arrive here at 2 o'clock to-morrow morning on the Weber & Fields special train from Cincinnati. With a wedding at 10 o'clock in the morning she is promised little time for rest. Then it was arranged to-day following a popular demand that Weber and Fields play a matinée on Wednesday. It was intended originally to have only an evening performance. This will rush Miss Russell from the wedding breakfast to the make-up.

After the evening performance the show moves to Chicago. Mr. Moore, who is the publisher of The Pittsburg Leader, will go to Chicago to-morrow night, and remain until after the Republican Convention closes.

Joseph Mandelkorn Off for Europe.

Joseph Mandelkern, the impresario, sailed yesterday on the Mauretania for London, Paris, Berlin, Vienna, Carlsbad, and St. Petersburg. Mr. Mandelkern will book European attractions which impress him as attractive novelties for American productions.

Theodore Martin a Benedick.

Theodore Martin, the tenor, who originated the role of Capt. Romanoff in Raymond Hitchcock's production of "The Red Widow" last season, was married on Monday afternoon to Mrs. Annette Atcheson Doll of New York. The ceremony was performed at the Calvary Baptist Church, where Mr. Martin was formerly soloist. Mr. and Mrs. Martin left immediately for a honeymoon in the Adirondacks, where they expect to remain until Mr. Martin is recalled to begin rehearsals for the second season in "The Red Widow."

New Yorker Weds Michigan Girl.

Special to The New York Times.

BAY CITY, Mich., June 11.—Miss Jane McGraw Curtiss, daughter of Mrs. Charles B. Curtis of Bay City, Mich., and James McVicker Breed, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Breed of Malone, N. Y., were married this evening in Bay City. After a wedding trip of several weeks Mr. and Mrs. Breed will return to New York, where they will reside thereafter. Among those who attended the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Breed, Mr. and Mrs. William C. Breed, John Ellis, John Gauntlett, and Dean S. Edmonds of New York City, and Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Whitcomb of Amherst, Mass.

Miss Marcella Lawler's Wedding.

Cards are out for the marriage of Miss Marcella Genevieve Lawler, daughter of Mrs. Sarah Lawler of 433 Bedford Avenue, Williamsburg, to Austin George Scully of Manhattan at the Church of the Epiphany, South Ninth Street, Williamsburg, at 6 o'clock, Wednesday, June 19. After the ceremony a reception will be held at the home of the bride's mother.

Kaplan-Sobel Wedding Plans.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of Miss Jeannette Sobel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Leon Sobel of 68 Edgecomb Avenue, to Abraham Kaplan of this city. The marriage is to take place on Tuesday at 5 o'clock in the Beth Israel Temple, Seventy-second Street and Lexington Avenue. The Rev. Dr. Aaron Eiseman will officiate.

The J. Campbell Phillipses to Sail.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Campbell Phillips will sail on the Olympic on Saturday. Mrs. Phillips will give a song recital in Stockholm while abroad. Mr. Phillips will remain in London for a month, where he will paint portraits of distinguished men.

ROOF-GARDEN NOVELTIES.

Violins and a Dancing Specialty—A Ventriloquist Who Commands Attention.

La Danse aux Violins is the name of one of those elaborated vaudeville acts which have been an outgrowth of the desire to compete with musical comedy. It is one of the features on the Victoria roof.

A quartet of blue-frocked girls play "second fiddle" for a time to a premier danseuse who is light and airy and agile and who does the familiar posturings prettily. When she retires, carried in the arms of a muscular male dancer, a group of coryphees in short skirts whirl on to the stage, kick their heels in the air, and keep things lively for several minutes. Then, by way of contrast, the violinists, tall and stately, come out and play old and new tunes, with a seconding on the part of the orchestra. Now, two girls, dressed in pink, appear in the auditorium, and they, also, are armed with violins. The familiar "Pink Lady" solo is the contributions with their sisters on the stage aiding and abetting.

It is a pretty "act" and pleases the roof-garden crowd.

There, too, is Marshall Montgomery, rather an extraordinary ventriloquist. Nine people out of ten will murmur "what a bore" the minute a ventriloquist with his little wooden image makes an appearance on the stage. And the ordinary exhibitions have grown rather stale. It is equally true, however, that when the man of mysterious voices is clever the same people are won over and pay attention.

This one does a whistling stunt which is so remarkable that it seems almost as if it must be "a fake." While giving bird calls he stuffs a handkerchief in his mouth, gradually muffling the sound but still whistling and without any apparent movement of the lips.

The roof-garden crowd is conspicuously not metropolitan. One misses the familiar faces that crowd the "first nights" and the regular indoor Winter shows. One reason for this may be that, for a number of years, the bills on the roofs were pretty much of a sameness and a poorness. But even the show-surfeited New Yorker will find plenty to interest him in such a bill as this.

JULIA MARLOWE BETTER.

Her Illness in Toronto Not Serious—To Play To-night.

Special to The New York Times.

TORONTO, Ont., June 11.—Miss Julia Marlowe, whose indisposition last night disappointed a well-filled house at the Royal Alexandra, is not seriously ill, and her attending physician, Dr. Walter McKeown, believes that she will be up and about to-morrow. Indeed, he thinks that she may be able to take her part with Mr. Sothern by to-morrow evening.

"Her illness is of no consequence," said the doctor this afternoon. "I advised Miss Marlowe to rest for a few days. That is all there is to it."

Miss Marlowe has not been taken to a hospital, but is confined to her room at the King Edward Hotel. The theatre manager has been advised that Miss Marlowe will be able to go on with her part to-morrow evening, if not for the matinée.

Miss Lenore Chippendale, who acted Miss Marlowe's rôle as Katharine in "The Taming of the Shrew" last night, delighted her audience. For to-night Miss Percy Haswell will play Juliet to Mr. Sothern's Romeo.

CARL POHLIG GOT $12,000.

Philadelphia Orchestra Didn't Want Him to Sue for Conspiracy.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., June 11.—There seems to be little doubt that the youthful Leopold Stokovski will be the next director of the Philadelphia Orchestra, as a successor to Carl Pohlig, the news of whose resignation was received with mingled emotions to-day throughout musical Philadelphia. It is known that the Orchestra Association, aware for some time that Mr. Pohlig would take such a step, has been in negotiation with Stokovski looking to his engagement, and a definite reply from that leader, who is now in Munich, is expected at almost any time.

Pohlig on more than one occasion last season, when works which he had selected abroad for performance here were played and did not receive the amount of enthusiasm of which he thought them worthy, indulged in temperamental tempests behind the scenes at the Academy of Music.

A well-defined story has it that the Orchestra Association, rather than have Mr. Pohlig bring suit in an attempt to prove a conspiracy to oust him, paid him $12,000 for the unexpired year of his original contract.

Summer Outings for Stage Children.

The Stage Children's Fund, of which Mrs. Millie Thorne is President, has completed arrangements by which about 60 or 70 stage children will receive Summer outings in the country. The fund has taken a large house at Lake Mohegan, and the girl players will have the first chance to enjoy the privileges there. The first party will be sent to the estate on July 1. All applications to join the parties should be directed to Mrs. Millie Thorne, 178 West 81st Street, and must reach her not later than June 25.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

About 500 members of the Railway Signal Association and the Signal Appliances Association will attend the performance at the Winter Garden this evening.

The engagement of James T. Powers in "Two Little Brides" at the Lyric Theatre will end Saturday night. Mr. Powers and the same company will open in New York early in August preparatory to starting on an all-season tour.

Elsie Ferguson sailed yesterday for Europe on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie. She will spend her vacation in Paris and return to New York early in the Fall for rehearsals of the new play in which she is to be starred by Klaw & Erlanger.

Arthur Cunningham has been engaged as a member of the Gilbert and Sullivan opera company that is to go on tour immediately after the engagement of "The Pirates of Penzance" at the Casino Theatre. He played Pish-Tush in the revival of "The Mikado" at the Casino two years ago.

Valli Valli, the English singer, has been engaged by Cohan & Harris for their production of "His Other Girl," which has been decided upon as the title for George V. Hobart's adaptation of "Die Polnische Wirtschaft."

The officers of the German battleship Moltke will be entertained at a performance of "A Winsome Widow" at the Moulin Rouge to-night.

Vera Rossmore, one of the skaters in the ice carnival at Hammerstein's Roof Garden, a niece of the late Denman Thompson, and who used to appear with him in "The Old Homestead," has been engaged by Arthur Hammerstein for a part in Mlle. Trentini's new opera next season.

The misunderstanding about the license of Madison Square Roof Garden that kept the bar closed Monday night and spoiled the formal opening of the new resort was smoothed out with the License Bureau yesterday, and last night there was no want of liquid refreshment.

The George Edgerton translation of "The Daughter of Heaven," to be the opening attraction at the Century Theatre next Fall, will be used by Beerbohm Tree when he produces the spectacle at his Majesty's Theatre, London. Sarah Bernhardt is to stage the drama in Paris, but not until after the American premier.

The officers and 300 sailors of the German Squadron have accepted B. F. Keith's invitation to visit the Union Square Theatre to-night, when a special performance will be given.

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SHOWS RUSSIAN BLACK BOOK

Federal Court Told It Is a Record of Government Spies.

A copy of what purported to be the "Black Book" of the Russian Secret Police, containing full information of all the spies employed by that Government to keep a watch on the revolutionists, was produced yesterday in the Federal District Court by Leonid Menshikoff, who stated that for twenty years he was one of the seven chiefs of the Russian Secret Police. His testimony was taken in preparation for the $100,000 suit for slander which has been brought by Alexander M. Evalenko, President of the International Library Publishing Company, against Vladimir L. Bourtzeff, who had accused him of being a Russian Government spy.

At the examination yesterday Menshikoff testified that, becoming weary of persecuting Russian revolutionists, he had resigned his commission and retired to Paris, but had taken with him a copy of the "Black Book," containing information as to the Russian spies and Government agents throughout the world. Meeting Bourtzeff in Bordeaux, he had read to him the entries regarding Evalenko and his work in this city, the alleged spy being referred to in the book simply by the letter "E."

Menshikoff read into the record all the entries in the Black Book with regard to "E." They contained reports which had been made by "E." of doings of revolutionaries in this city, and showed that he was known by three fictitious names, Kusnetzeff, Surim, and Sergius. The counsel for Bourtzeff consider that thereby they have gained a great point, as they allege that Evalenko admitted to the committee before whom he appeared in 1910 that he sometimes used two of these names.

Another point, to which Menshikoff gave evidence, was that a certain revolutionary named Lazaref had lodged with "E." in 1894, and that "E." had given the Russian police information as to the correspondence he had carried on from this city with some of the best known of the revolutionaries in Russia. The counsel for Bourtzeff hope to prove that Lazareff lodged with Evalenko, so that there can be no doubt that the "E." of the Russian Black Book and Evalenko are the same. Some of the records in the Black Book showed the amount of money paid by the Russian Government to "E." Menshikoff will continue his testimony to-day.

SHUBERT LOSES CASINO SUIT.

Court of Appeals Sustains Verdict in $20,000 Action Against Sire.

The Court of Appeals at Albany handed down a decision yesterday in the case of Joseph W. Jacobs against Henry B. Sire, sustaining the judgment of the Appellate Division of the First Department in litigation over the lease of the Casino Theatre. This action was brought on behalf of Lee Shubert, through Joseph W. Jacobs, to recover the sum of $20,000 paid by Shubert to Sire for the possession under one year's lease of the Casino Theatre in 1902, which Sire declared he had. When Shubert leased the theatre from the Bixby estate Sire contended one year's lease was standing, and when the action was tried it was decided that he did have an oral lease. Shubert thereupon paid him $20,000 for a release, but the judgment of the Municipal Court was reversed.

Then the Appellate Division reversed the case again and ordered a new trial, by which time the year had expired. The suit to recover the $20,000 was made on the grounds of misrepresentation. During the litigation the Shuberts were represented by Max D. Steuer and the defendant by Franklin Bien.

CARLE JOINS MISS WILLIAMS.

Charles Frohman to Launch an International Musical Comedy Company.

From the offices of Charles Frohman came the announcement yesterday that Mr. Frohman has completed negotiations for the organization of an international musical comedy company, to be headed by Hattie Williams and Richard Carle. Mr. Frohman has placed them both under a three years' contract that calls for their appearance in America and England in a series of musical productions. The first play in which they will appear is "The Girl from Montmartre." It will open at the Criterion Theatre early in August. After an American season, Miss Williams and Mr. Carle will appear at the Globe Theatre, London, opening on Easter Monday.

FRENCH PLAYERS MARRY.

Mlle. Robine the Bride of M. Alexander of the Comedie Francaise.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, June 11.—Mlle. Robine, the well-known actress, and M. Alexander of the Comédie Française were quietly married to-day in the village of Limuil, near Paris. Among the witnesses were Paul Mount and Jules Claretie. It has frequently been reported that Mlle. Robine was to marry James Hazen Hyde.

Cast for "Within the Law."

The company that is to present Bayard Veiller's play, "Within the Law," at the Julian Eltinge Theatre in West 42d Street in September will consist of Jane Cowl, Florence Nash, Catherine Tower, Martha White, Orme Caldara, William B. Mack, Charles Abbott, Wilton Taylor, Kenneth Hill, John Willard, William A. Norton, Menifee Johnstone, and Harry Ebbitts. The Chicago company in the same play will begin a road tour at the Shubert Theatre, Kansas City, on Labor Day.

MRS. JOSEPH HOBSON DIES.

She Was Levi P. Morton's Sister-in-Law and F. Marion Crawford's Aunt.

Special to The New York Times.

BAR HARBOR, Me., June 11.—Mrs. Joseph Hobson of Washington, D. C., died here to-day at her Summer home. A New Yorker by birth, she was a sister-in-law of Vice President Levi P. Morton and of Gen. Berdan, famous in the civil war for holding Round Top at Gettysburg against Pickett's charge. She was an aunt of F. Marion Crawford.

Mrs. Hobson lived at 1,820 N Street in Washington, and since her husband's death, which occurred many years ago, her life was quiet. A few years ago, however, she manifested an interest in civic affairs and became active and prominent in Civic Federation matters, besides taking a leading part in the direction of local Washington charities. Her maiden name was Elizabeth Kimball. She was long past 60 years of age.

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WILLIAM NORTHRUP DEAD.

Head of Gould Virginia Interests Succumbs to Auto Injuries.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., June 11.—William Northrup, cousing of Frank Gould, President of the Virginia Railway and Power Company and head of the Gould interests in Virginia, including the street railways and power plants in Richmond, Norfolk, Fredericksburg, and Petersburg, died at his home at Forest Hill this morning at 11:30 o'clock. Mr. Northrup was injured on May 27 by being run over by his own automobile, which started while he was cranking the engine. He was, however, considered on the road to recovery from internal injuries received in the accident, when he died suddenly from heart disease to-day.

Surviving Mr. Northrup are his wife, three sisters, Miss Ida Northrup, Mrs. Walker, and Mrs. Snow of New York, and several brothers.

Mr. Northrup was born in Pennsylvania and was educated in Philadelphia and at New York University. For nine years he had been the personal representative of the Gould interests in this State.

Funeral services will be held Friday, and it is thought that Miss Helen Gould will be in attendance.

CHESTER H. POND.

Southern Inventor Saw Edison's First Incandescent Light Triumph.

Special to The New York Times.

MOOREHEAD, Miss., June 11.—Chester H. Pond died suddenly at his home at an early hour this morning of arterio sclerosis. He was 68 years old.

When a young man he moved to New York City and gave his entire time and attention to invention. His inventions were electrical devices and equipment. It was at this period of his life that he formed a strong attachment for Thomas A. Edison, a personal friend. Mr. Pond stood at Mr. Edison's side when Edison turned on the current that lighted the first incandescent lights, and in company with Edison he witnessed the first successful attempt of Edison to move a car by electricity.

One of his inventions was a self-winding clock, which can be seen in all Western Union offices and other public places. Upon advice of his physicians he decided to leave New York in 1895, and, having become interested in the future possibilities of the Mississippi Delta, came South and invested in timber lands where Moorehead now stands.

PARALYSIS KILLS S. T. WHITE.

Jeweler Stricken on His Return from a Horseback Ride.

Stricken with paralysis on Sunday night upon returning to the Brooklyn Riding and Driving Club from a saddle ride, Sidney T. White, a well-known horseman of Brooklyn, died early Monday morning at his home, 146 Willow Street.

Returning to the club from a canter down the Ocean Parkway, Mr. White collapsed while in a dressing room. He was removed to his home in a private ambulance, after a physician had tried vainly to bring him back to consciousness.

Mr. White was 60 years old and was born in Hinsdale, N. Y. For many years he had been in business in Manhattan as a manufacturing jeweler. He was unmarried.

Archibald C. Haynes.

Archibald Cushman Haynes, well known in New York insurance circles, died last evening in the New York Hospital, aged 62 years. He had been ill for some months. Mr. Haynes was born in Saco, Me. He had been connected with the Equitable Life Assurance Society for more than thirty years. Before the exposures which disturbed the insurance world some years ago his agency was said to be the largest in the city. At one time he employed a hundred agents, and it is said that he wrote more life insurance policies than any other agent in the business. Mr. Haynes was twice married. His first wife was Miss Conover, by whom he had two sons, who survive him. In 1893 he was married to Miss Minna Gale, who had been the leading actress in the support of Lawrence Barrett and Edwin Booth. Mrs. Haynes has recently returned to the stage after some years of retirement.

Alfred Neilson.

Alfred Neilson, son of the late William Hude Neilson, a former President of the New York Stock Exchange, died suddenly Monday from bronchial pneumonia at his home, 125 East Fifty-seventh Street. Mr. Neilson had been ill for about three weeks and was convalescent. He was formerly a member of the Stock Exchange, retiring two years ago. He was born in New York City sixty-seven years ago and received his education here. He is survived by his wife and five children.

Obituary Notes.

ERNEST SOUTHARD, long noted as a yachtsman on the south shore of Long Island, died yesterday in New York Hospital from injuries sustained in a fall. He lived at Baldwin, L. I., and was a member of the C. H. Southard Wrecking and Trucking Company.

THOMAS E. COSTELLO, who owned a famous gaming house in Cleveland some years ago, died yesterday at his daughter's home in 136th Street, near Riverside Drive. He was 63 years old. He was noted as a rough-and-tumble fighter.

CLEVELAND D. MANVILLE, for forty-two years the editor and proprietor of The Lewis County Democrat at Lowville, died yesterday at Brantingham Lake, N. Y., where he had a cottage. Mr. Manville retired in 1909. He was 68 years old.

Capt. J. J. H. BROWN, ex-President of the Buffalo Chamber of Commerce and of the Lake Carriers' Association, died in Buffalo yesterday. He was born in Cleveland in 1837.

LEON DIERX, the well-known French poet, a native of the Island of Reunion, in the Indian Ocean, where he was born in 1838, died in Paris yesterday. He was the author of a large number of volumes of poetry, that containing his complete works being crowned by the French Academy in 1890.

JOHN C. CORDES, 46 years old, a hotel manager, died on Monday at his home, 353 East Twenty-sixth Street, Brooklyn.

IRENE FULLERTON WINTERS, wife of George E. Winters, died on Sunday at her home, 165 Hawthorne Street, Brooklyn, of apoplexy.

HAZEL MILDRED VANDERHOOF BARNUM, the wife of E. A. Barnum, President of the National Accident Insurance Company, died on Saturday at her home at 179th Street and Fort Washington Avenue. Mrs. Barnum was a daughter of the late Frank F. Vanderhoof.

The Rev. CHARLES J. VANDERGRIFT, irremovable rector of the Roman Catholic Church of St. Edward the Confessor in Philadelphia, died on Monday in that city. Father Vandergrift raised the money to build forty Catholic churches before coming to this country, and was known here as one of the greatest promoters of church building in the Catholic Church. He was 63 years old.

GEORGE H. LINCOLN, identified for more than thirty years with the iron interests of New England, died at his home near Boston on Sunday. He was 65 years old.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

WILLIAMS.—June 6, 1912, to Dr. and Mrs. Edward H. Williams of Montclair, N. J., a son.

Married.

BUCHANAN—DOMINICK.—On Tuesday, June 11, 1912, by the Rev. Henry Sloane Coffin, D. D., Anita Marshall, daughter of Mrs. William Gayer Dominick, to Charles Lamont Buchanan.

LOCKWOOD—CLOKEY.—At the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, New York City, by the Rev. Addison Moore, L. D., at noon on June 11, 1912, Amy V. Clokey to Arthur G. F. Lockwood, both of New York.

MAGEE—LOHRKE.—On Monday, June 10, 1912, at East Orange, N. J., Mary Gertrude, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Otto Emil Lohrke, to Eugene Harper Magee.

SMITH—PARRIS.—On Tuesday, June 11, 1912, at the West End Collegiate Church, New York City, by the Rev. Dr. Henry Evertson Cobb, Marion Parris, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Lowden Parris of New York City, to William Roy Smith of Bryn Mawr, Penn.

Married.

VEITCH—BURNHAM.—On Tuesday, June 11, 1912, at the home of the bride's parents, Westchester, by Rev. F. M. Clendenin, Estelle, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Burnham, to Charles R. Veitch.

RITTERBUSH—WOODMAN.—June 9, Mildred Woodman to Harry Ritterbush.

Brooklyn.

KNOX—FARLEY.—June 10, Elizabeth R. Farley to John J. Knox.

WRIGHT—SALMON.—June 10, Lillian Salmon to Albert W. Wright.

Jersey City and Newark.

HALL—DOHERTY.—June 10, Newark, Katherine C. Doherty to Howard A. Hall.

PFOERTNER—BELL.—June 9, Jersey City, Alice Bell to Henry Pfoertner.

Died.

FELDSTEIN.—Rachel, beloved wife of the late Hirsh Feldstein and mother of Morris. Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 1 P. M., from 418 East 51st St.

FISHER.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, June 11, Annie Fuller Fisher, in the 28th year of her age. Interment in Troy, N. Y. Kindly omit flowers.

FLETCHER.—On June 11, Maria E., widow of William Fletcher, in her 87th year. Funeral services at the CHAPEL OF THE HOME, 104th St. and Amsterdam Av., on Thursday, June 13, at 11 A. M.

GILSON.—On Monday, June 10, Lottie Gilson. Funeral services at 307 West 51st St., on Thursday, June 13, at 10 A. M.

HAYNES.—On Tuesday, June 11, 1912, Archibald C. Haynes. Notice of funeral hereafter. Philadelphia papers please copy.

HOBSON.—Elizabeth C. Hobson of Washington, D. C., widow of Joseph Hobson, aged 80 years, Bar Harbor, June 11. Notice of funeral hereafter.

JOHNSTONE.—On Tuesday, June 11, at Great Barrington, Mass., John, infant son of Percy Upton and Viola Floyd Johnstone.

MOLONEY.—June 10, Joseph Moloney, aged 36. Funeral from Stephen Merritt's New Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Thursday afternoon.

NEILSON.—Suddenly, on Monday, June 10, at his residence, 125 East 57th St., in his 67th year, Alfred Neilson, beloved husband of Annie Embler Neilson, and son of the late William Hude and Caroline Kane Neilson. Funeral service at Trinity Church, Hewlett, L. I., on Thursday, at 11 o'clock.

REED.—On Sunday, June 9, William C. Reed of Westfield, N. J., in his 39th year. Funeral on Wednesday, June 12, at 4 P. M. at the residence of Mrs. Mary C. Scudder, Fanwood, N. J.

RIDGWAY.—Sarah, entered into rest at Plainfield, N. J., on Sunday, June 9, Sarah daughter of Sarah and James Lawrence Ridgway, and beloved cousin of Anna Ridgway Such. Funeral services on Wednesday, June 12, at 142 De Lacy Ave., Plainfield, on the arrival of the 1 o'clock train from Liberty St. Service and interment in family plot in Greenwood at a quarter after 5, evening of the same day.

RODD.—Elizabeth Rodd, aged 51. Funeral "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d, (Frank E. Campbell Building.)

WHITE.—Suddenly, on June 10, 1912, at 146 Willow St., Brooklyn, Sidney T. White. Funeral services will be held at 146 Willow St., on Wednesday, June 12, 1912, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Interment at Palmyra, N. Y.

WILLIS.—On Monday, June 10, Jennie E., wife of Robert A. Willis and daughter of Margaret and the late Alberu K. Williams. Services Thursday evening, 7 o'clock, at her late home, 238 6th Av., Newark, N. J. Train from Hoboken, 6:15 P. M., to Roseville Av.

WILDMAN.—At her home, 301 Warburton Av., Yonkers, N. Y., on Monday, June 10, 1912, Leora C. Wildman, widow of Arthur De Forest Wildman. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

DALE.—Alice G., June 10. Funeral service 81st St. and West End Av. to-day.

DOERR.—Emil A., 597 Robbins Av., Bronx, June 10, aged 47. Funeral to-day.

DOUGHERTY.—Richard, 244 20th St., June 10, aged 81. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

FERRARI.—Julia, 211 West 144th St., June 10. Funeral private.

FLEISCHER.—Netta, 498 Walls Av., Bronx, June 8, aged 76. Funeral to-day.

FLYNN.—Joseph A., 4,138 Digney Av., Bronx, June 10. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

FOLEY.—Mary, 40 King St., June 10.

HEALY.—John, 331 3d Av., June 10. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

JONES.—Rena M., Seton Hospital, June 10.

KIEFER.—Philip E., 310 East 37th St., June 9. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

McCRAN.—Delia, 312 West 49th St., June 9.

McDONALD.—Kate, 500 West 25th St., June 10. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

PARRY.—Joseph, June 9. Funeral 6th Av. and 36th St. to-day, 10 A. M.

PUGH.—Anna E., 357 West 23d St., June 8. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

REILLY.—William J., 325 3d Av., June 9, aged 24. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

REINNIGER.—Albert, June 10. Funeral 458 West 41st St. to-morrow, 1 P. M.

RICH.—Rachel, 242 West 138th St., June 10, aged 64.

SCHOENHAUS.—Elizabeth, 450 East 89th St., June 10, aged 69. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

COX.—Mary C., 117 Winthrop St., June 11. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

CROFTON.—Alexander, 771 Lexington Av., June 10. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

DOMINICUS.—Mary A., 1,385 Herkimer St., June [illegible] Funeral service to-day.

DOUGH[illegible]Y.—Hannah, June 10, aged 65. Fune[illegible] to-day, 2:30 P. M.

FOX.—William H., 589 Monroe St., June 10. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

GREMME.—Antoinette C., Kingston Avenue Hospital, June 10.

GRIFFITHS.—Frederick D., 305 Troutman St., June 9, aged 55. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

GUTH.—Catharina, 557 Evergreen Av., June 10, aged 84. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HAGAN.—Emma, 303 Putnam Av., June 9.

HANZEY.—Hugh, 38 3d St., June 9. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

HUNT.—Cornelius D., 393A Lafayette Av., June 10. Funeral service to-day.

HUNTER.—Benjamin, 64 2d St., June 11. Funeral June 14, 2 P. M.

LEWIS.—Jesse G., 31 Arion Place, June 10. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

LOWE.—George O., 119 Richmond St., June 10, aged 28. Funeral service to-day.

MALONEY.—Tessie G., 52 4th St., June 9. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MERGENTHALER.—Frederick, 884 Broadway, June 9, aged 35. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

MILLER.—Henry, 193 Gold St., June 10, aged 71. Funeral service to-day.

O'CONNOR.—Winifred, 167 South 8th St., June 10, aged 74. Funeral June 14.

PEREZ.—Alfonso, 41 Joralemon St., June 9.

SHEERIN.—Catherine V., 64 Bay 11th St., Bath Beach, June 9, aged 16.

SULLIVAN.—Harry, St. Mary's Hospital, Jan. 9, aged 36.

WINTERS.—Irene F., 165 Hawthorne St., June 9.

WULFF.—Mary T., Tilden Av. and East 34th St., June 10. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

Jersey City and Newark.

BEISLER.—Annie M., 725 South 15th St., Newark, June 11, aged 42.

BILLINGS.—James E., 45 Vanderpool St., Newark, June 9, aged 68. Funeral private.

BOND.—Catherine, 574 Jersey Av., Jersey City, June 11. Funeral service to-morrow.

BRADY.—John, 55 Bridge St., Newark, June 11. Funeral notice later.

BYRNE.—Peter, 178 Clinton Av., Jersey City, June 11.

DALY.—Mary, 178 Van Horne St., Jersey City, June 9. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

EBERHARDT.—Christian, 674 South 14th St., Newark, June 10, aged 62. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

FOSTER.—Ellen, 10 Ivy Place, Jersey City, June 10. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

GANTO.—Frank E., 30 Webster St., Newark, June 11, aged 22 months.

HOLZMANN.—Lorenz, 115 Dickerson St., Newark, June 10, aged 53. Funeral to-morrow.

JENKINS.—William H., 102 Sumner Av., Newark, June 10, aged 60.

JONES.—Henry P., 35 Wakeman Av., Newark, June 11, aged 59. Funeral June 15.

LEE.—Bridget, 532 West Side Av., Jersey City, June 11.

MARSHALL.—Robert A., 136 Storm Av., Jersey City, June 10, aged 35. Funeral to-day.

MILLS.—Mahlon, Newark, June 10. Funeral service to-day.

MONAGHAN.—Francis, Newark, June 10. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MORAN.—Bridget, 197 2d St., Jersey City, June 10. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

NORTON.—Francis, 96½ Maple St., Jersey City, June 10, aged 4. Funeral to-morrow.

SULZER.—Phillip, Newark, June 9. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

WOODRUFF.—Rose, 381 South 18th St., Newark, June 10, aged 73.

Long Island.

ASPINALL.—Augusta T., Glen Cove, June 9. Funeral private.

COOK.—William W., Freeport, June 11, aged 91. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

HAMMER.—Frederick, Astoria, June 10. Funeral notice later.

SOUTHARD.—Ernest C., Baldwin, June 10, aged 39. Funeral to-morrow, 3:30 P. M.

Westchester County.

WHITE.—Norah, Peekskill, June 10, aged 61. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

In Memoriam.

ARNOLD.—There will be an anniversary mass for the late Harry T. Arnold, June 14, at St. Ursula's Church, 7:30 A. M.

FOLEY.—Frank W., mass, St. Agnes's Church, Brooklyn, June 15, 8 A. M.

PERRY.—Michael, mass, St. Joseph's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

FRANK E. CAMPBELL, 241-243 West 23d.

CEMETERIES.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley.
Office, 20 East 23d St., N. Y.

ADMITS CALL CLOSED THE ORIENTAL BANK

A. B. Hepburn, Clearing House President, Says Withdrawal of Certificates Was a Mistake.

HE BLAMES CONGRESS FOR IT

Frank A. Vanderlip, Also a Witness at Money Trust Inquiry, Receives a Letter of Rebuke from Pujo.

A. Barton Hepburn, President of the New York Clearing House Association, and Frank A. Vanderlip, Chairman of the Clearing House Committee, were witnesses before the Pujo Money Trust Investigating Committee yesterday in connection with its inquiry into the Clearing House, and a start was made in the investigation of the Stock Exchange, with George W. Ely, its Secretary, on the stand.

A number of other Stock Exchange witnesses were on hand, including William J. Wollman of J. S. Bache & Co., and eight steamer trunks full of stock records were brought into the room at the Custom House for use later. One line of inquiry will have to do with the American Can Company, and in connection with it members of the firms of Herrick, Berg & Co. and Keech, Loew & Co. have been subpoenaed. William Rockefeller and A. H. Melin, who are to be questioned about dealings of the Amalgamated Copper Company with the National banks have not yet been located, although four men have been looking for them for a couple of weeks. It is entirely possible that neither of these matters will be reached during the present session of the committee in this city, which will probably be concluded this week, and that they will go over until Fall.

Mr. Hepburn admitted freely yesterday that the notices sent to the Oriental Bank, New Amsterdam National Bank, Bank of North America, and Mechanics and Traders' National Bank calling for the retirement of their Clearing House loan certificates early in 1908, which was followed almost immediately by the closing of these institutions, was a great mistake. The issue of loan certificates at any time he described as "a calamity" and a method that would not have to be resorted to hereafter.

"If Congress, which is represented by you gentlemen here," said Mr. Hepburn, "had given us any good, wholesome currency legislation, such as they have in other commercial nations of the world, there never would have been any question of issuing Clearing House certificates, and they would have kept right close to the exchange of checks as you desire. You have, in a very crude and clumsy and unsatisfactory way, provides a law now which will prevent the issuing of Clearing House certificates as long as that remains on the statute books; that is, this Aldrich-Vreeland law.

"Clearing House certificates relieve the situation locally, and only locally, but they do not relieve as between different money centres or different localities. It embargoes collections. Under this Aldrich-Vreeland law, by depositing municipal bonds, or State bonds, and other securities with the Secretary of the Treasury you can get currency, and in anticipation of that they have six hundred millions of money printed and distributed to the Sub-Treasuries around the country. So there is no question, as the law stands to-day, of issuing any more Clearing House certificates. Thank the Lord for that!

Places the Blame in Washington.

"It amounts to a partial suspension of currency payments, and is a source of humiliation to everybody, but as long as banks with good management and plenty of capital and replete with the very best assets in the world, just what they were designed to invest in, cannot get money except they buy it from abroad, and at a high premium, and when the countries abroad are in worse condition than we are, the subject harks right back to the people who are responsible for legislation, and you are the men who are to blame, and this matter should find its remedy there at Washington."

"That is one of the things which we are here trying to get information on, on which to base currency measures," said Mr. Untermyer. "You understand that, do you not?"

"I know," said Mr. Hepburn, "and I am very glad indeed it is. The issuance of these Clearing House certificates is a calamity. They help temporarily, but they hurt the credit of the whole country, and that ought to be avoided. They do not occur anywhere else, and they should not occur here. If you will give us legislation of that kind, the Clearing House, without any legislation whatever, will limit itself to the exchange of checks."

Mr. Hepburn was first asked about the failure of the Oriental Bank. He remembered the visit of Hugh Kelly to the Clearing House in October, 1907, when the retirement of R. W. Jones, Jr., as President of the Oriental was under discussion. He did not remember that other Oriental Directors came with Mr. Kelly, but accepted the statements of Charles K. Beekman, Erskine Hewitt and Charles Levy that they did so. At that time Mr. Hepburn was Chairman of the Clearing House Committee. Before the conference took place the Oriental had been examined by a special committee and had been reported solvent, Mr. Hepburn said, the only criticism being that it had been running short on its reserve.

Q.—Did you demand that Mr. Jones should resign? A.—No.

Q.—Didn't you make his resignation a condition of giving help to the bank? A.—No. Any bank would have been helped that had proper security to offer.

Q.—You advised that a change be made in the Presidency? A.—Yes.

Q.—On the occasion when they called for help? A.—They called for help on several occasions.

Q.—They say you told them that Jones would have to resign and they urged that it should not be done? A.—I don't recollect it just that way.

Q.—Did you say he would have to resign or the bank would not be helped? A.—No, it was not a condition.

Q.—Didn't they argue that a change in the Presidency would cause a run? A.—Oh, no; the whole argument was that it would prevent a run.

Did Say He'd Stand to Last Ditch.

Mr. Hepburn said he had read the letter written by Hugh Kelly in regard to the circumstances of the closing of the Oriental and that he did not desire to take issue with it. He stuck to it that he had only advised that Jones retire.

Q.—You advised it with a club up your sleeve, and that was, the power you had to withhold aid? A.—I don't know that we could have withheld aid from any bank offering sufficient collateral.

Q.—Do you mean to say that there was no discretion in the committee? A.—It had power to pass on the collateral.

Q.—That is, whether the bank was entitled to credit? A.—Yes.

Q.—And one of your powers was to say whether you were satisfied with the management? A.—No.

Q.—No matter how bad the management was, if a bank had the collateral, you would have to help it? A.—That is an extreme case that you have no business to put.

"We will take care of our business if you take care of yours," retorted Mr. Untermyer, and continued to press the witness as to wether it was not part of the committee's duty to pass on the question of management. Mr. Hepburn finally admitted that it was, "in a measure."

Q.—The management of the Oriental was being criticised and you thought it ought to be changed? A.—Yes.

Q.—Mr. Kelly, after you had made that statement, said it would be changed? A.—Yes.

Q.—You suggested that he should take Mr. Jones's place? A.—Perhaps so.

Q.—You said you would stand by the bank to the last ditch? A.—Yes.

Between this time and the date of the bank's closing Mr. Hepburn went to Europe.

Q.—You learned afterward that the first notice the Directors had that the loan certificates must be retired was what they saw in the newspapers? A.—Yes.

Q.—That wouldn't have happened if you had been there, would it? A.—The sending out of that notice was a mistake.

Q.—And its withdrawal was a mistake? A.—Its withdrawal was an admission of the mistake.

Q.—The whole thing was a sad mistake? A.—Yes. The desire to retire the certificates was laudable and commendable, but if the Presidents of the banks had been told in time they could have arranged to make loans from other banks and take up the certificates. Any bank would have loaned them money at that time on their collateral to enable them to take up the loan certificates.

Mr. Hepburn didn't think this was true of all four banks. The Bank of North America, a Morse institution, didn't close because of the notice, he said. It closed the same day the notice was sent, Jan. 25, 1908. Mr. Untermyer brought out that it had paid all its depositors and was paying dividends to the stock holders.

The Charges on Out-of-Town Checks

"It was a very ill-advised blunder," suggested Mr. Untermyer, "to let this thing go the way it did?"

"It was," replied Mr. Hepburn.

Then Mr. Untermyer wanted to know if Mr. Hepburn didn't think the Clearing House should be subject to judicial and legislative review. He said he didn't think that any review could be provided that would be an improvement.

"Isn't the exchange of checks the only legitimate function of the Clearing House?" asked Mr. Untermyer. Mr. Hepburn said it was, but that regulation would take away power to act in an emergency, which had been used to good advantage. Its functions would be restricted without legislation if Congress did its part in providing for an emergency currency.

"How about fixing charges for the collection of out-of-town checks?" asked Mr. Untermyer. "That is not a proper function, is it?"

"It has been made so," replied Mr. Hepburn. "What led to it was that people all over the country buying goods in New York had formerly paid in New York funds, but they started to pay by checks on their local banks. They soon found that they didn't have to deposit funds to meet these checks till just before they got back from New York."

"To prevent competition for accounts the rule was adopted?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"It was adopted to prevent loss, as the checks were credited when they were deposited."

"But if the customer's account, as a whole, didn't justify taking the checks as cash, the bank wouldn't do it?"

"I hope not," said Mr. Hepburn.

Mr. Untermyer next took up the Aldrich bill, and asked if its provision that the Governor of the Central Reserve Association was to be appointed by the President from among three men named by the bankers was not objectionable. Mr. Hepburn said it was intended to prevent the appointment of a politician, at which some of the members of the committee looked conscious, but he finally said that he would have entire confidence in any man who was appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate. Then Mr. Untermyer took up the concentration of money in New York, and Mr. Hepburn admitted that it was a bad thing.

Q.—Isn't it largely accounted for by the control financiers have been getting over railroad and industrial corporations? A.—I think it is due to the system of call loans.

Q.—But before the great consolidations each of the smaller companies had its headquarters and banking arrangements in its own locality. The formation of these combinations concentrated all this in New York? A.—Yes.

Q.—Isn't that largely responsible for the great increase in the deposits of the banks affiliated with the great combinations? A.—That would seem to be a matter of logic.

Pujo Replies, Rebutting Vanderlip.

Mr. Vanderlip was subpoenaed as a result of his letter in the morning papers criticising the conduct of the investigation. Before he appeared Chairman Pujo made public his reply to this letter. Here it is:

Frank A. Vanderlip, Esq., Chairman of the New York Clearing House Committee, New York City:

Dear Mr. Vanderlip: I have just read in this morning's papers your yesterday's letter which has not yet reached me. It is manifest that you have not read the official notes of the testimony of Mr. Sherer, the Manager of the New York Clearing House Association, as your statements are not in accord with the record.

Following the testimony of three reputable witnesses and the statement of one now dead, there appeared in all the newspapers, contrary to the testimony of sworn witnesses, a version of the affair in the form of an interview from one said to be prominent in the association, but who declined to disclose his identity or the source of his information, so that it was impossible to locate him or to know the basis for his assertions.

Thereupon, the Chairman instructed counsel, through you as Chairman of the Clearing House Committee, to invite all persons having knowledge of the facts to come before our committee.

In response to this very fair and proper invitation you have seen fit, instead of acting on this suggestion, to indulge in what seems to us most unjust and unwarranted attack on counsel in the methods of conducting the inquiry, in a renowned effort to present your view of the facts through the newspapers instead of to the committee and under the solemnity of an oath.

The committee assumes that the interests affected by the inquiry prefer that it should not be held, but it cannot permit the important constructive purposes of the investigation to be lost sight of by a baseless complaint of unfairness or by any attempts to turn it into a personal controversy. All the committee has sought, or is seeking, is the facts, and those it proposes to secure as soon as all the questions as to its power that have been raised by you and your associates are removed by further legislation.

Meantime the committee will, in an orderly way, hear every one who can throw light upon any of the collateral branches of the inquiry, but it cannot undertake to take note of unofficial assertions unsupported by proof. I am directed by the committee to send you this communication, and have the honor to remain.

Yours respectfully,
A. P. PUJO, Chairman.

New York, June 11, 1912.

Sees No Need of Apology.

Mr. Vanderlip was accompanied by James M. Beck, counsel for the National City Bank, of which Mr. Vanderlip is President. Mr. Untermyer began without reference to the letter:

Q.—What is the purpose of the Clearing House organization? A.—The clearing of checks.

Q.—Is not that its sole legitimate function? A.—By no manner of means. I would say that every panic experience had given a great illustration of that fact.

Q.—What justification do you assert for using the association for the promulgation of a rule binding the banks in their relations with their customers with respect to the collection of out-of-town checks? A.—I presume the members feel that if they mutually agree that course of action is desirable that would be the basis for their taking such action.

Mr. Untermyer asked what Mr. Vanderlip would think if the members should decide to tax merchants 1 per cent. instead of one-tenth of 1 per cent. on the collections, and Mr. Vanderlip said that if the Clearing House did that he would believe that it had a good reason for doing so.

"It is one of those institutions that can do no wrong?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"Oh, no!" said Mr. Vanderlip, "but it is one that has done a great deal of right." He said he had never heard of attempts by some Clearing House associations to fix a uniform rate of interest on deposits, and Mr. Untermyer read from James G. Cannon's book to that effect. It was news to him, Mr. Vanderlip said. He said he considered it wrong. He said it was foreign to the functions of the Clearing House to fix interest rates.

Mr. Untermyer asked if he knew that some Clearing House associations fixed uniform interest rates on loans. Mr. Vanderlip said he never knew that, and Mr. Untermyer again had recourse to Mr. Cannon's book, reading a passage, saying that it was one of the special functions of Clearing Houses to fix interest. Mr. Vanderlip said he did not think it was.

"Why haven't they just as much justification for fixing interest rates as collection charges?" again demanded Mr. Untermyer.

"That is a matter that is open to difference of opinion," answered Mr. Vanderlip.

"I'm asking for yours," persisted Mr. Untermyer.

"It is very clear in my mind," said Mr. Vanderlip, "that it should not be the function of the Clearing House to fix interest rates. I can't say that I have in mind any arguments to support my opinion, but I have always thought so."

"Perhaps it is because you found it a custom to fix collection charges when you came into the business," suggested Mr. Untermyer.

"I suppose it is," assented Mr. Vanderlip.

Q.—Do you keep in your bank any special account showing the amount of out-of-town checks collected? A.—I presume so; I don't know.

Q.—Do you know whether it costs anything to make these collections; that as a rule your correspondents make no charges? A.—I know that, as a rule, they do.

Q.—When the rate is in favor of the interior they would probably be made without charge? A.—Yes.

Q.—There are times when you would have to buy interior exchange? A.—No, the interior banks would have to ship money here.

"According to that arrangement, you get the country banks coming and going," said Mr. Untermyer. "Whether you owe the interior or the interior owes you, the country bank has to pay 'tribute.'"

Then Mr. Untermyer took up Mr. Vanderlip's letter criticising his methods. He asked if Mr. Vanderlip had read the testimony. He said he had read the newspaper accounts, but not the stenographer's minutes. Mr. Untermyer ponted out that they could be obtained from the stenographer for fifteen cents a folio. Mr. Vanderlip said he couldn't afford it, and didn't think it worth the price.

Mr. Untermyer then read from Mr. Vanderlip's letter this extract:

"Take, for example, the sensational statement that has been given wide publicity that the profits of the New York banks on the collection of country checks reached $50,000,000 per annum. This statement, of course, emanates not from a witness, but from your counsel."

"I suppose you wouldn't object to apologizing," said Mr. Untermyer, "for any mistake you have made, if it was shown to be a mistake?"

"It would be a pleasure to do it," replied Mr. Vanderlip.

"Well, I think you'll enjoy that pleasure," remarked Mr. Untermyer. He read from Mr. Sherer's testimony, showing that he had testified that $50,000,000 was the amount. Mr. Vanderlip said he didn't think Mr. Sherer knew.

"You're not quarreling with Mr. Sherer, are you?" asked Mr. Untermyer. "You haven't any knowledge on the subject either, have you?"

Mr. Vanderlip said he would estimate the percentage of country collections that were on discretionary points on which no charge is made at nearer 70 per cent. than 60, as Mr. Sherer testified. Mr. Untermyer asked him what were the discretionary points. He said he had had no occasion to familiarize himself with them, but that he knew some of them.

"Which ones do you know?"

"You have the information," he said.

"But you don't know?"

"I do not."

Mr. Vanderlip said he could give no idea of the percentage, but adhered to his letter.

"You haven't the good grace to apologize?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"No, I see no occasion to."

Mr. Vanderlip said he knew the facts when he wrote his letter, but not from a personal inspection of the books. He was not sure whether his bank kept any record of the cost of collections.

A Look Into Stock Exchange.

In answer to other questions he said he did not remember accurately of how many corporations he was a Director, but that it was about thirty-five, and that he had never given any thought to the subjects of the incorporation or regulation of the Clearing House. He thought it entirely right that the association without review should pass on the rights of potential competitors, because nobody was excluded:

Q.—Under an ambitious or unscrupulous management great injustice and evil might be wrought? A.—Oh, yes; I believe the method of selection prevents that.

Q.—You are at the head of the Clearing House, I believe? A.—I happen to be this year.

Q.—And no doubt you are satisfied with your own management? A.—I am.

Mr. Ely's explanation brought out very little information beyond the confirmation of the fact that the Stock Exchange has a rule prohibiting its members from having communication with the members of the Consolidated Exchange, or from transacting business with them. The purpose of the rule is to prevent quotations from being sent to the Consolidated, but the rule is worded very broadly. Most of the questions Mr. Ely answered by saying that he didn't know. He declined to identify a printed volume as the report of the Horace White Committee, which investigated the Exchange several years ago. When he was asked about the Consolidated he said he didn't know anything about it. When asked for his "impression" as to its relative size he said he was there "to tell facts, not to give impressions." He finally admitted that it wasn't as big as the Stock Exchange.

He didn't know whether members were permitted to deal in stocks not listed on the Stock Exchange. He din't know whether practically all the great Inter-State corporations are listed on the Exchange. When asked about some of the rules, he said it was a foolish question, as Mr. Untermyer had a copy of the book containing the rules.

"Anything in the book is gospel?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"It is, so far as I'm concerned," was the reply.

Mr. Ely said he had never stopped to consider whether the regulations were reasonable, as it didn't concern him. He didn't know what stocks were listed on the Consolidated.

"You don't know, and you don't want to," suggested Mr. Untermyer.

"I don't want to," assented Mr. Ely.

"Why shouldn't a Consolidated broker be able to sell to a Stock Exchange broker?"

"Because it's against the law," declared Mr. Ely, and he thumped his copy of the Stock Exchange constitution several times to emphasize the source of that law.

"What is the reason for the rule?" persisted Mr. Untermyer.

"So as to prevent it," was the answer.

Mr. Ely declared that the Stock Exchange was "not in any business," although he admitted that it owned the Stock Ticker Company and the stock of the company that owns its building. The price of seats on the Exchange, he said, was due to supply and demand. What constituted that supply and demand he didn't know.

The hearings will continue to-day.

LARGER ANTHRACITE OUTPUT.

Tonnage of Last Week 75 Per Cent. of the Maximum.

In its weekly review of the New York coal market the current issue of The Coal Trade Journal says:

"The anthracite output is increasing steadily, but it is still light. The tonnage of the region as a whole is believed to have been approximately 75 per cent. of maximum last week, though some of the companies are reported to be doing better than that. Receipts at tidewater were even less, proportionately, owing, to the attention being given to the line trade and lake shipments. Each company has its own policy in its shipments, and while some of the local sales agents report that they are getting a full proportionate share of the entire output, others are getting considerably less. Practically all of the individual coal in the prepared sizes is going to all-rail territory, where the circular nets the operators a mine price of 25 to 35 cents more than the tidewater price.

"The poorer grades of soft coal, being in over-supply in this market, are extremely weak. The price situation shows no improvement, but there is evidence of the unsold tonnage standing at the piers being cleaned up gradually. There is plenty remaining, however, and every day sees some of it sacrificed at a figure which nets a heavy loss to the owners. Zut the fate which awaits unsold consignments at the New York loading ports is pretty well understood now, and producers are becoming more cautious. The better brands are relatively firm, and only one or two shippers appear hard pressed to dispose of their holdings."

QUICK RISE AS A BANKER.

Watts, Just Called to St. Louis, Began Career at 12 Years.

Special to The New York Times.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 11.—F. O. Watts, President of the First National Bank of Nashville, who wired to-day his acceptance of the Vice Presidency of the Third National Bank of St. Louis, has had a remarkable banking career. He began his business career at 12 years of age as office boy in the First National Bank of Union City, his home town, and before he was of age he was Cashier of the bank, and before he was 40 years old he was at the head of the biggest organization of financiers in the world, the American Bankers' Association.

He served as President of the association, had previously served as President of the Tennessee Bankers' Association, and is now a member of the Executive Council of the parent organization and a moving spirit in it. Mr. Watts came to the First National from Union City to become Cashier fifteen years ago. In two years' time he was made President.

Having heavy financial transactions in Nashville, Mr. Watts, under an agreement with both banks, will divide his time between the two institutions until January next, when he will go permanently to St. Louis.

PREPARING B. R. T. FINANCING.

Underwriters About Decided on $50,000,000 Notes, Secured by Bonds.

The Central Trust Company and Kuhn, Loeb & Co., who are to underwrite the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company's issue in connection with its share of the cost of the new subway work, have about completed a plan which they expect to be able to announce next Monday. It is understood that $50,000,000 of six-year 5 per cent. notes will be issued by a new construction company to be formed by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, the notes to be secured by $100,000,000 of first mortgage bonds.

The decision to issue notes was the result of the present unsatisfactory conditions in the bond market and the belief that by the time the notes mature the new subway will be in operation. The company should then be able to dispose of its bonds, based on the new property, on a more satisfactory basis than could be obtained at the present time. It is expected that the new securities will be offered at close to par.

TALK OVER COAL PRICES.

Railroad Presidents Will Reply to Merchants' Association.

George F. Baer, President of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad and the Central Railroad of New Jersey was in this city yesterday and had an informal talk with some of the other anthracite Railroad Presidents at 143 Liberty Street. The question of a reply to the letter from Henry R. Towne, President of the Merchants' Association, asking for cooperation with the committee of the association which is investigating the anthracite coal situation and the advance of twenty-five cents a ton on domestic anthracite was talked over. It was only agreed that the roads would not absolutely refuse information to the association.

President Baer before he left the city, signed a reply to the letter from Mr. Towne, and it was agreed that all the railroad Presidents to whom Mr. Towne's letter was sent would reply to the letter individually.

Mr. Baer would not state what the contents of his letter were.

At the office of W. C. Brown, President of the New York Central, it was stated that Mr. Brown was taking up the matter with other officers of the road, and would have nothing to say about it until to-day. President Truesdale of the Lackawanna said he had not yet replied to the letter and had nothing to say on the subject.

Pending developments, consumers have practically stopped buying anthracite coal for domestic purposes, and the demand is the poorest in ten years.

TRAVEL EASY FOR BANKERS.

They'll Register and Get Hotel Room Keys While En Route to Buffalo.

Representatives of the leading banks of New York City, Westchester County, and Long Island, many of them accompanied by their wives, will start for the convention of the New York State Bankers' Association, in Buffalo, over the Lehigh Valley this morning at 10 o'clock. Their train will be known as the Bankers' Special. The bankers will be personally conducted by the General Passenger Agent of the road and his chief aids. Two dining cars will be in charge of the company's traveling chef. Besides the usual complement of male attendants, there will be ladies' maids at the call of the women passengers.

One of the features of the arrangements is the provision for the allotment of hotel accommodations and the disposal of baggage before the guests leave the trtain. Representatives of the Buffalo hotels will board the train before Buffalo is reached and will allot rooms and deliver keys. Each passenger may thus turn over his baggage checks and find his trunks in his room upon his arrival.

DECIDE FOR NORTHERN BANK

But Contest with Mulligans Is Set Down for Another Trial.

The Supreme Court jury which heard the trial of the suit of the receiver of the Northern Bank for $17,500 against William L. Mulligan and Mulligan's counter suit for $22,315, returned yesterday to Justice Davis a verdict for $9,258.75 in favor of the bank. This verdict was unsatisfactory to both parties, and they joined in asking Justice Davis to set it aside and order a new trial. The Justice granted the application.

The Northern Bank became the holder of Mulligan's notes, originally payable to the Hamilton Bank. Both banks failed. Mulligan asserted that the Hamilton Bank, which failed first, had agreed to pay him and his wife, Agnes K. Murphy Mulligan, for their services in trying to maintain public confidence in the Hamilton Bank.

TO DOUBLE ITS CAPITAL.

Stockholders of California Standard Oil to Vote on $25,000,000 Issue.

Stockholders of the Standard Oil Company of California have been called to a special meeting for July 30 to authorize an increase in the company's capital from $25,000,000 to $50,000,000. The new stock will be offered to stockholders at par.

The increase in capital has been expected for some time, it being well known that the company has been at heavy expense in adding to pipe lines and oil transport equipment as well as the purchase of additional property. It has debts of approximately $11,000,000.

In the circular to stockholders it is explained that by raising necessary capital through the issuance of stock "the current earnings of the company will, after such issue, be available for dividends."

MR. OSBORNE TAKES $12,000.

New York Attorney Settles State Claim for Investigating Albany.

ALBANY, June 11.—The claim of James W. Osborne for services and expenses while acting as chief counsel to the Senate committee which investigated Albany City and County affairs has been adjusted by Senator Howard R. Bayne, Chairman of the committee.

Mr. Osborne put in a claim for $17,400 for services, but has agreed to take $12,000 and $3,720.51 for expenses incurred. He has already received $8,500. The settlement of the claim closes the account of the committee with the exception of the amount due John C. McNeilly, one of Mr. Osborne's assistants, who has not yet filed his voucher.

To pay his claim there is left $1,731 of the $50,000 appropriated by the Legislature for this investigation.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Following is the forecast for Wednesday and Thursday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina and South Carolina—Fair Wednesday and probably Thursday; light, variable winds.

Georgia—Fair in northern, cloudy in southern portion Wednesday and Thursday; moderate easterly winds.

Florida—Local rains Wednesday and probably Thursday; moderate easterly winds.

Alabama and Mississippi—Fair in the interior unsettled on the coast Wednesday and Thursday; moderate easterly winds.

Louisiana and Eastern Texas—Fair in the interior, probably showers on the coast Wednesday. Thursday, fair; moderate to brisk easterly winds.

Western Texas—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, except showers in extreme western portion.

New Mexico, Arizona, Colorado and Wyoming—Local rains Wednesday and probably Thursday.

Utah—Fair Wednesday; Thursday probably showers.

Oklahoma, Arkansas and Tennessee—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Kentucky—Fair Wednesday; probably followed by showers at night. Thursday fair.

Ohio and Indiana—Unsettled weather, probably followed by showers Wednesday; Thursday fair; moderate southwesterly winds, becoming variable.

Illinois—Unsettled, probably local showers and somewhat cooler Wednesday. Thursday cloudy; light to moderate northerly winds.

Lower Michigan—Unsettled Wednesday, probably preceded by showers. Thursday, fair; light west and northwest winds.

Upper Michigan—Unsettled Wednesday. Thursday, fair; light to moderate northerly winds.

Wisconsin—Cloudy and somewhat cooler Wednesday. Thursday, fair; light to moderate northerly winds.

Minnesota—Fair Wednesday and probably Thursday; light, variable winds.

Iowa, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Nebraska—Cloudy Wednesday and Thursday.

Missouri—Local showers Wednesday. Thursday, cloudy.

Kansas—Local rains Wednesday. Thursday, unsettled.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Containers of Quicksilver Held Unusual Coverings—Other Decisions.

The Board of United States General Appraisers has decided that cylindrical metal vessels, invoiced by W. H. Stiner & Son, as "bottles," used as containers of quicksilver, are not the usual coverings specified in the Tariff act of 1909. The Collector at New York classified the containers as unusual coverings and exacted duty at the rate of 30 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 151. The importers alleged that the articles are usual coverings, containing merchandise subject to a specific rate, and therefore free of duty. Judge Fischer, in denying the contention, says that it is possible the containers should have been assessed at a higher rate under Paragraph 189. The board, however, decides to affirm the Collector's levy of 30 per cent.

A dispute between the customs authorities and B. Illfelder & Co., dealing with the classification of fancy paper bells, fans, and garlands, was settled by the board partly in favor of the importers. The merchandise was assessed at 35 per cent. ad valorem under the tariff of 1909, as manufactures of paper, but at not less than 5 cents a pound and 15 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 410 as tissue paper articles. The importers protested against the application of the minimum rate as provided in Paragraph 410, and claimed that as paper in the bells, and other articles, weighs more than 10 pounds to the ream the merchandise is not governed by the tissue paper rate. Judge Fischer says that the record justifies sustaining claims affecting certain of the merchandise. Entry at the rate of 35 per cent. is granted on this part of the importation. The balance is held dutiable as assessed by the Collector.

It was decided that duty was properly taken by the Collector on importations of wine entered by H. E. Gourd of New York. The importer claimed that the wine did not contain more than 14 per cent. of alcohol, and that it is accordingly dutiable at only 45 cents a gallon under the first clause of Paragraph 309 of the present law. An analysis of the product under the Treasury regulations disclosed 15.90 per cent. of alcohol. A test by a private chemist made in behalf of the importers showed a smaller quantity of spirits. Judge Somerville holds that as the wine was tested, according to regulations, the higher duty complained of by the importers must stand.

Contentions raised by several importers regarding the classification of webbings, braids, embroideries, and other articles were decided adversely to the protestants by Judge Howell. Duty was assessed under the acts of 1897 and 1909 at what the board terms appropriate rates. The importers failed to introduce any testimony. The firms affected by the ruling are Hunken, Heale & Forbes; A. Steinhardt & Brother, Stevenson, Rye & Co.; Mills & Gibb, O. G. Hempstead & Son, Johnson & Faulkner, D. Ullman & Co., and the John Zimmermann Company.

SHOE BUSINESS IMPROVED.

Compares Favorably with This Season of a Year Ago.

A noticeable improvement in the sale of seasonable footwear has been in evidence in the New York shoe market of late, and, according to a prominent manufacturing wholesaler, the season's trade will, as a result, probably compare favorably with business done in the corresponding season a year ago. The trade has recovered nicely from the setback caused by prolonged unfavorable weather conditions earlier in the season, and it is now believed that the closing out of Spring stocks next month will show little accumulation in the local market. Despite the unfavorable conditions under which the present season's business was done, it is said that the trade as a whole is in better condition than last year, because of the few novelties that entered into the season's demand. In 1911, wholesalers were compelled to carry assortments of velvet, satin, and other novelty shoes, while this year, outside of canvas footwear, the demand has been almost entirely for staple lines.

Fall business is retarded somewhat by the present strength of sole and upper leathers, and the consequent necessity on the part of manufacturers to advance prices. Retailers are resisting the advance, it is said, and are holding off at present to await future developments. Prospects for a good season are bright, and the opinion is expressed that the wholesaler who has sufficient stock on hand to meet the demand that will develop later in the season will do an excellent business. When retailers realize that advances are inevitable, it is believed that a general rush will be made to cover the season's needs.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

SUGAR.—The refined sugar market showed greater activity yesterday. The Federal, late in the day, took orders on the basis of $5.05 net, less 2 per cent. for cash. Other refiners took orders at $5.10, but quoted card rates at $5.20. The following quotations are net, less discount of 2 per cent. for cash: Crystal dominos in cases of 60 two-pound cartons, $8.20; in cases of 24 five-pound cartons, $7.70; Eagle tablets, $6.50; cut loaf, $6; crushed, $5.90; Mold A, $5.55; cubes, Eagle, five-pound bags, powdered, and Eagle confectioners' granulated, $5.45; XXXX powdered, $5.35; powdered, coarse powdered, and Eagle coarse granulated, $5.30; fruit powdered and Eagle extra fine granulated, $5.20; Eagle, two, three and one-half, and five-pound cartons of fine granulated, $5.40; Eagle, two-pound bags, fine granulated, $5.50; three-and-one-half-pound bags, $5.45; five-pound bags, $5.40; ten-pound bags, $5.35; twenty-five and fifty-pound bags and standard granulated, $5.25; fine granulated and Diamond A, $5.20; confectioners' A and No. 1, $5.05; Nos. 2 to 12, $5@$4.50, in five-cent ranges; Nos. 13, 14, and 15, $4.45.

The local market for raw sugar was steady to firm, with sales of 20,000 bags Cuba centrifugal, in port at a $3.92 basis for 96 test.

Spot prices were named as follows: Centrifugal, 96 test, $3.92; muscovado, 89 test, $3.42, and molasses sugar, 89 test, $3.17.

The London beet sugar market was quiet, but ¾ to 2¼d higher. June, July, and August stood at the same price, 11s 10½d. Stock in the United Kingdom is 148,000 tons, against 150,000 tons a week ago.

Heavy rains are reported in Cuba. The movement of the crop thus far is from 55,000 to 60,000 tons more than same time last year. This, if kept up, would give a crop of 1,850,000 tons, against an actual outturn last season of 1,483,000 tons. Cables to Willett & Gray report the movement of sugar at Cuban ports for the week, figures in tons, as follows: Receipts at six ports, 16,000, against 28,000 last week and 8,000 a year ago, with receipts at all ports 29,000, compared with 40,000 and 15,000. Exports, six ports, 10,000, against 44,000 and 17,000. Stock, six ports, 455,000, compared with 450,000 and 242,000.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS. — Molasses was steady and unchanged. Syrups were dull. Quotations: New Orleans, centrifugal, common, 14@15c; fair, 16@19c; good, 20@26c; prime, 26@32c; New Orleans, open kettle, 35@50c; syrups, common, 9@12c; medium, 14@17c; fancy, 25@28c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The flour market was inactive, with buyers inclined to hold off because of the continued unsettled condition of the wheat market. The following are prices quoted (in wood) on the New York Produce Exchange: Spring patents, $5.70@$6; Winter straights, $5.30@$5.45; Winter patents, $5.50@$5.70; Spring clears, $4.75@$5; extra No. 1 Winter, $4.40@$4.60; extra No. 2 Winter, $4.20@$4.30; Kansas straights, $5.20@$5.35; fancy Spring patents, $6.85@$7.15. RYE FLOUR—Easy. Quoted: Fair to good, $4.80@$5; choice to fancy, $5.10@$5.25. CORNMEAL—Quiet. Quoted: Kiln dried, $4.25. BAGMEAL—Steady. Quoted: Fine white and yellow, $1.70@$1.75; coarse, $1.65@$1.70. FEED—Western easy; city easy. Quoted: Western Spring, $23.50; standard milling, $26.50; flour, middling, $31.10; Red Dog, $31.85; city bran, $25 bulk; $26.40 sacks; middling, $27@$32; Red Dog, $32.50; hominy, chop, $29@$30, bulk, $30.20@$31.20 sacks; oil-meal, 37.50@$38.

RICE.—The market for rice held steady, but quiet. As a rule, prices were unchanged. Dan Talmage's Sons Company telegraphs Louisiana crop movement at New Orleans to date as follows: Receipts, rough, 1,122,400 sacks, against 1,214,708 last year; sales, cleaned, 1,146,020 pockets, compared with 1,156,000 a year ago. Quotations: Screenings, 3¾@3⅞c; fair, 4¼@4⅜c; ordinary, 4⅛@4¼c; good ordinary, 4⅜@4⅝c; prime, 5⅛@5½c; choice, 5½@6c; Head, Japan, 4¼@4¾c; Patna, 6@6½c.

OILS.—Neither linseed oil nor refined petroleum showed any change. Quotations: Standard white petroleum, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $8.60; bulk, $5; standard white, cases, New York, $10.50; water white, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $9.60; bulk, $6; water white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $11.50. Linseed Oil—American seed, city, raw, 79@80c; out of town, raw, 78@79c; Calcutta, raw, 85c.

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits turpentine were steady and unchanged. Resin and tar were firm at earlier quotations. Quotations: Spirits turpentine, machine barrels, 48c. Tar, $5.50. Resin, common to good, strained, $6.50@$6.60; B, $7; D, $7.30; E, $7.50; F, $7.80; G, $7.85; H, $7.90; I, $7.95; K, $8.15; M, $8.25; N, $8.30; WG, $8.35, and WW, $8.40.

DRY GOODS BUYERS ACTIVE.

Quite a Revival in Orders After a Few Dull Days.

Following a day of general activity in retail circles, trading in the New York dry goods markets yesterday reached proportions quite unusual for this time of the year. Advices from the principal secondary distributing centres were indicative of good business, and the day's trading in the primary markets generally reflected this activity. Coming after several days of ordinary business, the extent of yesterday's buying was particularly gratifying to wholesalers. Important city and out-of-town buyers were in the market in good number, and the purchases of the smaller merchants of New York and vicinity also helped to swell the aggregate business of the day. Mail orders were numerous, according to reports from the principal houses, and for the most part were of substantial size. A good part of the mail business was confined to Fall lines of merchandise, but the demand for seasonable goods for filling-in purposes was of no small dimensions. Southern correspondence continues to show a gradual increasing demand, and the orders, though as a rule individually small, give promise of good business to come before the season closes. The Middle West as yet shows little improvement.

Wash goods trading yesterday was about on a par with that of last Tuesday, when the largest business for several weeks was done. With a good demand from now until the season closes, the total sales are said to have a fair chance of equaling those of last year. White goods have slowed up considerably, and with the end of the season near, no important developments are expected. Ribbons were in good demand yesterday, one of the largest jobbing factors in the trade reporting some excellent orders. Silks of a seasonable nature moved slowly, as did embroideries. Laces were very active in jobbing circles, and as yet show few signs of a declining demand. Seasonable underwear and hosiery showed noticeable improvement in the secondary markets. Notions were normally active for this time of the year.

SILVERSMITHS ARE HOPEFUL.

Trade Is Slow at the Moment, but Prices Are Well Maintained.

Now that the June matrimonial season is on in earnest reports from silversmiths in the Maiden Lane district are more optimistic regarding the ultimate outcome of the season. The advances declared some time ago on sterling ware are firmly maintained, and generally accepted with good grace by the retailing jewelers of the country. In certain quarters of the trade current sterling silver ware prices are held to be too low, and the manufacturer's margin of profit too small. It is not probable, however, that prices will further increase as long as silver is quoted at the present rate.

Handlers of plated ware also report a good season. In this field, too, current prices are believed to be too low, the head of one prominent firm stating that present selling prices show a very slight margin over the cost of production. With the cost of base metal considerably higher than last year, and the cost of labor, which is said to be a big factor in the manufacture of plated ware, also greater, the possibility of an advance on these lines within the next few months is not entirely remote. Lacquer, another factor in the production cost, because of its wide use as a coating to prevent tarnishing, is now about twice as expensive as a year ago.

While business at the present moment is slow on both sterling and plated ware, a great deal of activity is expected when the Southern buyers come in to the market in August. The outlook for the Christmas trade is said to be even brighter than that of last year.

$42,000 FINE FOR REBATES.

Penalty Imposed Upon Hocking Valley Road Will Be Appealed.

TOLEDO, Ohio, June 11.—Judge John M. Killetts in the United States District Court this afternoon announced a fine of $42,000 upon the Hocking Valley Railroad Company, and a fine of $20,000 upon the Sunday Creek Company, a coal company of Columbus, Ohio, for violation of the Hepburn law relative to rebating.

Clarence Brown, counsel for the defendants, announced that the case will be appealed to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, as this is the first time that the question as to whether the giving of unlimited credit on freight bills is in violation of the act.

The railroad company gave and the coal company received such credit by means of notes. The defendants entered pleas of nolo contendere. The case has been pending for two years.

BUSINESS NOTES.

A second meeting of the New York branch of the National Coffee Roasters' Traffic and Pure Food Association will be held June 18 in the rooms of the Whitehall Club, 17 Battery Place. The local branch now has about twenty-one active members. According to Ross W. Weir, President of the branch, the annual convention of the National association will be held in New York some time this Fall.

W. H. Touhey, who for six years was connected with The Fair, Chicago, has opened a specialty ready-to-wear shop in Rochester under the trade name of the Sidney Company. This is the sixth store opened by Mr. Touhey since leaving The Fair. A New York office is maintained at 15 East Twenty-sixth Street.

The Wholesale Dry Goods Centre Association, comprised of merchants, bankers, and real estate men operating in the Worth Street district, now has several important plans under way. Among them is a plan to secure a Worth Street station on the new Broadway subway. The association is growing rapidly, fifteen new members having been admitted in the last week or ten days. The new members are John Graham & Co., Howe, Brooks & Co., Edward E. Poor & Co., Charles Kohlman & Co., Warner-Godfrey Company, M. Park Parker, E. McKittrick & Co., Inc., Albert D. Smith & Co., Woodward, Baldwin & Co., Converse, Stanton & Co., William M. Austin & Co., Galey & Lord, I. L. Marrow, Jr., Pearsall & Rycroft, and Vigilant Mills.

Exports of Commodities.

Exports of important commodities from the Port of New York in the week ended June 8, are reported as follows:

Wheat, 1,196,840 bushels; corn, 16,222 bushels; oats, 85,635 bushels; barley, 99,431 bushels; peas, 306 bushels; beans, 224 bushels; flour 11,729 barrels, 70,090 sacks; cornmeal, 3,262 barrels; feed, 116,800 pounds; oatmeal, 600 packages; hay, 50 bales; hops, 240 bales; whisky, 2,630 gallons; oilmeal, 233,375 pounds; oil cake, 4,701,600 pounds; pork, 842 barrels; beef 1,287 barrels, 414 tierces; bacon, 2,532,600 pounds; ham, 120,600 pounds; lard, 4,002,050 pounds; stearine, 20,000 pounds; tallow, 169,600 pounds; grease, 737,600 pounds; butter, 15,000 pounds; cheese, 23,520 pounds; lard oil, 1,000 gallons; cottonseed oil, 177,965; lubricating oils, 1,683,830 gallons; turpentine, 11,740 gallons; resin, 700 barrels; pitch, 50 barrels; crude petroleum, 640,229 gallons; refined petroleum, 7,609,681 gallons; naphtha, 543,926 gallons; benzine, 326,800 gallons; gasoline, 23,770 gallons, and residuum, 7,500 gallons.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

MAURICE RUNKLE.—Maurice Runkle real estate broker of 1,851 Seventh Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $111,175 and no assets. Part of the debts were contracted in connection with the Bay State Clothing Company, of which he was President, and part on account of the Runkle Realty Company, of which he was also President. The debts were contracted in 1892 and from 1903 to 1912. This is his second petition in bankruptcy. He filed one on March 5, 1910, which was closed up on May 8 last without a discharge. He filed the petition yesterday to stay an examination in supplementary proceedings on a judgment for $72. He owes the City of New York $2,000, judgment for personal taxes, 1905 to 1912.

GUS BRONNER.—Gus Bronner, salesman of 145 West 111th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $53,430 and no assets. The debts were contracted in Syracuse in 1895 as a partner in the firm of Bronner & Dryfoos.

GEORGE AND GUSTAVE FOERSTE.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against George and Gustave Foerste, who compose the firm of Foerste Brothers, grocers at 389 Third Avenue, by two creditors, Marwell Brothers, $168, and Louis Hoffman, $397. Liabilities are $5,000 and assets $1,000.

MICHELE SCLAFANI.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Michele Sclafani, wholesale and retail grocer of 91 Elizabeth Street, by P. Pastene & Co., creditors forr $1,620. It was alleged that while insolvent he transferred the business in bulk without notice to creditors to the M. Sclafani Company. This company was incorporated on May 4 with capitol stock at $10,000. The business was started five years ago.

THE ALLERMANN COMPANY. — Herman Allermann, John Hoesel, and Heinrich Mory, doing business under the style of the Allermann Company, dealers in provisions at 614 and 619 Ninth Avenue, have filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $6,979 and assets of $2,608, consisting of cash, $150; stock, $600; horses, wagons, and harness, $730; fixtures, $400; accounts, $658, and insurance, $70. They began business on Sept. 1, 1911.

ABRAHAM STEIN.—Abraham Stein of 690 East 158th Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy individually and as a member of the firm of Hirsh & Stein with liabilities of $3,195 and no assets. The debts are mainly for silks and woolens.

ABRAHAM BERKOWITZ.—Judge Hand has granted a motion to confirm the report of Peter B. Olney, referee in bankruptcy, denying a discharge to Abraham Berkowitz, who did business as the A. & B. Waist Company, at 474 Broadway, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on Aug. 10, 1910. The referee reported that Berkowitz failed to account for disappearance of assets. He claimed to have lost about $7,600 on goods by a strike, but the explanation did not satisfy the referee.

GEORGE A. SIPP.—Judge Hand has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on April 15 by George A. Sipp, who formerly had a saloon hotel at Third Avenue and 116th Street. It is said that he has paid creditors in full. Liabilities were $4,480.

BIRCH REALTY COMPANY.—Petitions in bankruptcy wer efiled yesterday against the Birch Realty Company, which is erecting two buildings covering the block front in Northern Avenue, 178th to 179th Street, and also against the firm of H. Raabe & Sons, manufacturers of architectural wood work, at 319 and 321 West Sixty-fourth Street, who owned the company. The petitions were filed by Weschler & Rothschild for these creditors, who are the same in each case: Elbert Skannel, $2,183; Edward Schaile, $600, and Rudolf Gersmann, $4,350, the last claim being on notes of the company, which were indorsed by the firm. The business of H. Raabe & Sons was established forty-two years ago by the father of the present partners. They formerly did a large business, but it is said the plant has been closed down for several months past. The partnere are Herman and Henry Raabe. The assets of the firm are estimated at $60,000, consisting of equity in factory property, $20,000; over mortgages of $85,000; stock, $5,000; machinery, $5,000; outstanding accounts, $30,000, and unfinished contracts amounts unknown. The assets of the Birch Realty Company are estimated at $20,000, equities in real estate consisting of the parcel on Northern Avenue, 178th to 179th Street, on which there are mortgages for $250,000, and another parcel on 152d Street, near Amsterdam Avenue, on which there are mortgages for $107,000, on which foreclosure proceedings have been begun. It was alleged as acts of bankruptcy that the company gave two mortgages of $15,000 each on the Northern Avenue property to Gussie Raabe, gave her a note for $5,000, and suffered her to obtain a judgment for $44,822 on June 8. The company was incorporated in March, 1907, with capital stock, $5,000. Herman Raabe was President and Treasurer and Henry Raabe Secretary.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Allgood, Andrew P. De F.—Lemaitre & Mack, $406.
Alton, Henry—R. Skoog, $3,897.
Busse, Jeanette—B. Altman & Co., $1,707.
Bocock, Caroline R.—N. D. Stern, $170.
Benedict, Julian—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $150.
Bolte, Lena—Bernheim Distilling Co., $142.
Barnet, Jonas M.—S. G. Geller, costs, $129.
Cowpland, C. Connor—Peter A. Frasse & Co., $2,330.
Converse, Henry L.—N. Y. Life Ins. & Trust Co., $366.
Comings, Hill L.—B. Altman et al., $400.
Coffey, Jay C.—A. M. Quinn, $151.
Cohen, David—P. S. Hager et al., $742.
Cohen, Adolph—H. M. Bloch & Brother, $999.
Davison, John, and Harry Spector—G. Stein, $303.
De Baud, Henry—J. J. Wise, $112.
Davy, Chas. F.—Johnston Export Pub. Co., $230.
Epstein, David—G. Steinbrugger, $250.
Same—F. Steinbrugger, $110.
Evans, Wallace W.—W. F. Baker, costs, $107.
Einhorn, Moses—L. Lewis, $204.
Eagan, James J.—Sonn Bros. Co., $202.
Ferber, Arthur H., and Paul H. Sheridan—S. Watts et al., $165.
Feldman, Esther, Dora Kaufman, David Malinowitz, and Ralph Dworin—W. Spector, $3,645.
Fisher, John C.—Encyclopaedia Britannica Co., $108.
Finn, Mary—S. Chard, $215.
Fowler, Anna P.—J. N. Luning, $5,041.
Gais, Alexander—L. Manson, $240.
Green, Chas. W.—B. R. Lansing, $282.
Grimmer, Henry G.—H. Herrmann Lumber Co., $133.
Goldman, Ida—M. Spielman, $149.
Greenberg, Morris, Nathan, and Louis, (not summoned)—Smith & Friedman, $178.
Gordon, Henry, and Samuel Rauch—People, &c., $500.
Gill, Louis—A. Margolis, $113.
Hart, Lizzie C.—G. M. Buttle, $2,103.
Hartman, Otto—E. H. Snyder, $477.
Same—Same, $2,720.
Herring, George—E. Wagner, $830.
Hoeninghausen, Walter—E. P. Sayre, costs, $162.
Hickok, Bert H.—Weber-Bunke-Lange Coal Co., $108.
Higgins, Frank F.—Metropolitan Chair Co., $119.
Johansen, John—W. Walther, $2,021.
Junkins, Sydney E.—S. J. Junkins, $151.
Kadonsky, Yetta—City of N. Y., costs, $133.
Kernan, Harry—J. Frari, $238.
Kaufman, Dora, and Esther Feldman, David Malinowitz, and Ralph Dworin—W. Spector, $3,645.
Grieman, Louis—L. M. Kahn, $164.
Kunkell, Theodore—A. Kunkell, $199.
Kaufman, Maurice B.—H. B. Rosen, $352.
Keogh, Edward—D. Molinari, $200.
Laucon, George L.—H. B. Ketcham, $173.
Loeb, Marsa—L. Rothenberg, $2,824.
Lederer, Bernhard—J. Sanders, $850.
Leffler, Sam—M. L. & C. Ernst, $110.
Longobardi, Carmine, guardian—W. J. Moeller, costs, $109.
Murgerum, Charles—Estey Wire Works Co., $173.
Messina, Savlour—Manhattan Straw Board Co., $1,109.
Marrone, Michael, and Sheridan S. Norton—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $266.
Munger, Alphonse, and Joshua A. Hanway—S. B. Mann et al., $5,332.
Murphy, William M., administrator—City of N. Y., costs, $100.
O'Brien, William A.—M. L. Reeves, $174.
Oswald, John H., and John J. M. Walsh—R. Schmitt, $528.
Pruess, August—L. Wirth, $164.
Ryan, Daniel J.—U. S. Metal Products Co., $251.
Rudman, John—E. J. Lederle et al., costs, $119.
Ranno, Sebastino, and Giuseppe Raccina—New State Co., $508.
Raubfogel, Morris—H. Hermann Lumber Co., $151.
Russell, David A.—E. C. Beall, $2,307.
Reich, Max, and Adolph Weiss—Wohl & Kalman, $166.
Ruderman, Annie—H. Dreyer, $3,199.
Rauch, Samuel, and Henry Williams—People, &c., $500.
Saltford, George—S. W. White, $250.
Sidelsky, Daniel—J. Ash, $383.
Stewart, Harry S., and De La Greene Keller—Cross, Austin & Ireland Lumber Co., $1,203.
Stark, Abraham—J. Auerbach, $123.
Sladkus, S. Edmund—Stern Brothers, $980.
Searle, Clifford N.—Dowd Construction Co., $595.
Shope, Julian B.—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $123.
Smith, Charles—Metropolitan Chair Co., $103.
Southgate, Henry—Second National Bank of Hoboken, $134.
Scott, Arthur D.—C. C. Bohner, $450.
Thompson, John H.—J. Brodie, $118.
Tischler, Moses—J. Blaustein, $2,555.
Tenzer, Michael—T. Katz, $1,750.
Wilcox, Katherine, or Mrs. L. G. Hodson—Hotel Astor, Inc., $294.
Walkinshaw, William B.—Harlem Supply Co., $344.
Williamson, Dora—Acme Metal Ceiling Co., $148.
Westheimer, Abram—De Winter & Co., $522.
Corse Payton Amusement Co.—J. Matthews et al., $631.
New National Art Bent Glass Co.—New State Co., $503.
Inter-State Pneumatic Tube Co.—Burr & Houston Co., $112.
Sunswick Co. and G. Harold Selleck—Maurice O'Meara Co., $236.
Knox Construction Co. and Herman Fenischel—Tozzini & Co., $169.
St. Luke's Hospital—H. Petersen, $1,092.
Green Oak Club—D. B. Green, $713.
K. Egan & Co.—P. Comstock, $165.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

American Development Co. and Kaplan, Kandra & Co.—Grossman Bros. & Rosenbaum, June 5, 1912, $115.
Bahr, Henry D.—W. Flynn, Dec. 13, 1907, $200.
Consolidated Gas Co. of New York—P. O'Leary, June 3, 1912, $287.
Same—S. Harrington, June 3, 1912, $277.
Doherty, Patrick, executor—W. L. Elliott, April 25, 1912, $3,807.
Freeman, George A., and Francis G. Hasselman—W. C. Farber, Dec. 19, 1911, $746.
Feller, Ray—J. Taube, May 12, 1906, $101.
Isman, Felix—H. T. Jordan, June 4, 1912, $25,000.
Hage, Daniel S.—J. T. Sprague, June 8, 1912, $120.
Same—Same, Dec. 18, 1909, $160.
Same—Same, Dec. 20, 1910, $260.
Jacob, Lazarre, and Bertha—W. Sheinberg, May 13, 1912, $169.
Mathisen, Charles—S. Kerbs, Dec. 27, 1909, $470.
Orpheum Theatre and Realty Co.—A. Snow, April 7, 1910, $1,140.
Sutherland, Leslie, and Charles Karg—W. Bradley, May 28, 1912, $131.
Same—Snare & Triest Co., May 28, 1912, $117.
Same—City of New York, May 23, 1912, $124.
Tangiers Development Co.—Harper Press, Inc., March 25, 1912, $1,550.
Wiley, Roger M.—W. A. Larned and others, Dec. 15, 1911, $249.
Carroll, Patrick, Jr.—McMann & Taylor Co., Aug. 1, 1910, (canceled,) $269.
Same—Same, July 29, 1910, (canceled,) $286.
Same—F. N. Du Bois and others, June 4, 1910, (canceled,) $286.
Field, Thomas G.—City of New York, Feb. 23, 1912, (vacated,) $262.
Same—Same, Feb. 23, 1912, (vacated,) $262.
Danies, John—Zeltner Brewing Co., Sept. 29, 1909, $3,077.
Coney Island and Boulevard Realty Co. and Frederick J. Quimby—A. Schonberg and others, Feb. 21, 1912, $125.
Quimby, Frederick J.—A. J. Kerwin, Jr., Oct. 17, 1911, $217.
Vias, Elizabeth A.—P. Hopper, April 30, 1909, (canceled,) $410.

GUIDE LOST WITH END OF THE GARY DINNERS

Steelmaker, Who Attended Them All, Says There Was No Attempt to Bind Any One.

PIG TIN CORNER IN LONDON

Metal Dealer Says Plan Is to Squeeze American Consumer—Trial of Suit Against Steel Trust Resumed.

The Gary dinners again came in for discussion at the hearing in the Government's suit for the dissolution of the United States Steel Corporation yesterday. William P. Worth, an independent manufacturer of steel and iron in Coatesville, Penn., testified that he had attended all of them and that they had furnished "a guide" for those in the business.

Judge Gary always represented a steady market, he said, but at a dinner on Feb. 18, 1909, the Chairman of the Steel Corporation said he was going to reduce prices. The independents had been cutting prices, he said.

"Judge Gary said he didn't want his hands tied," Mr. Worth testified. "After he made the announcement that he would cut prices there was no guide."

"And after that you cut loose from the guide?"

"Yes," answered the witness.

Richard V. Lindabury, counsel for the Steel Corporation, was anxious to make Mr. Worth admit that Judge Gary, so far as he knew, never attempted to lay down a rule for the rest of the manufacturers, or attempted to bind any of them. Mr. Worth said that this was true, and, also, that Judge Gary always gave the other men advice, counseling publicity. Mr. Worth said that the dinner in February, 1909, was the only one in which Judge Gary couldn't make up his mind to let the other men see where he stood in the trade.

The dinners continued for a little more than two years, Mr. Worth said, and came to an end when it was concluded that they should end. Mr. Worth said he didn't know just what the reason was.

"Was Judge Gary's policy always followed?" asked Judge Dickinson.

"He never said anything about prices. He would sometimes say that it was time to make a concession."

Mr. Worth also told of the plate and boiler tube associations, which antedated the Gary dinners. Among those he had met were Charles M. Schwab and William E. Corey. Judge Gary had also attended some meetings. Prices were discussed, and a basic price was adopted. After the Plate Association was dissolved meetings continued to be held, but there were no agreements. Each manufacturer told what price he intended to make. Mr. Worth said it was desirable and necessary to find out what other manufacturers were doing, what orders they had booked and what their prospects were. Before the conferences were held the individual manufacturers had to get their information from the customers, if they got it at all.

Charles S. Trench, whose firm deals in metals and publishes trade statistics, declared that pig tin is cornered in the London market, and that the corner is practically continuous.

"The plan is," he said, "to squeeze the shorts if there are any in the market and to get as much as possible out of the American consumer. The Steel Corporation can't buy pig tin any cheaper than I can. The market is free and any man's money buys the metal."

Mr. Trench said he was formerly the head of the Norristown Tin Plate Company. They were what is known as dippers, not making their own black sheet. After the American Tin Plate Company was formed, he said, he was unable to buy black plate from the mills that had formerly supplied him, which were now in the combination. They said they needed it themselves. Similar testimony has been given by others who conducted independent tin plate mills.

Mr. Trench finally sold out to the American Tin Plate Company for $50,000, which he said was a fair price. In recent years, he said, when he needed pig tin he had sometimes been able to buy it from the United States Steel Products Company, the export branch of the Steel Corporation, at fair prices.

Mr. Trench also testified as to statistics published by his firm, which were put in evidence.

SUGAR TRUST'S BIG LOAN.

It Advanced $5,000,000 in Cash to the Beet Sugar Men in 1907.

During the panic of 1907 the American Sugar Refining Company loaned the Great Western Sugar Company more than $5,000,000 in cash, and so saved it at a time when it was at its wits' end to find the money to pay for the beets for which it had contracted. Chester S. Morey, President of the Great Western Sugar Company, gave testimony as to this loan at the hearing yesterday of the Government's suit against the Sugar Trust in the Federal Building before Special Examiner Wilson B. Brice. Charles W. Waterman, counsel for the Great Western Company, asked the witness:

"What would have happened if you had not been able to obtain the loan?"

"We should have been very much embarrassed," was the answer, "and should have been obliged to issue certificates of indebtedness payable at some future time with interest."

The loan was paid back to the American Sugar Refining Company in six or eight months with interest at 6 per cent. In contrast to the good fortune of his own company Mr. Morey told of the hard times which an independent factory at Grand Junction, Col., had to endure during the panic year. It had been so hard put to it for money that it had to issue scrip redeemable in sugar. Some of these certificates fell into the hands of wholesalers at much less than their par value, and this enabled the wholesalers to stock up well below the market rate, which led to much demoralization of prices.

Assistant District Attorney Knapp began to question Mr. Morey in redirect examination. "How would you have known," asked Mr. Knapp, "if any one with the necessary capital had come into the field?"

"I couldn't help but hear," said Mr. Morey, "if any company went far enough to commence to get beet contracts."

"Isn't it a fact that you made efforts to learn whether any one was intending to build a factory?"

"I attempted to keep posted," admitted the witness.

Mr. Morey will be on the stand again to-day.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Stock Exchange has admitted to the list Inspiration Consolidated Copper Company subscription receipts for first mortgage, ten-year 6 per cent. convertible bonds, first installment 25 per cent. paid.

Stockholders of the International Agricultural Corporation have authorized $30,000,000 first mortgage and collateral trust 5 per cent. twenty-year sinking fund bonds. White, Weld & Co. have arranged to underwrite the sale of $13,000,000, proceeds of which will be used to retire the company's floating debt of more than $8,000,000, as well as to provide funds for development.

Thomas M. Thatcher and Percy Chubb were elected Directors of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company at the annual meeting of stockholders.

Sartorius & Einstein have issued special letters on the Steel Corporation, St. Paul convertible bonds, and the Reading Company.

Julius Stern & Co. are distributing a letter on Mays Consolidated Oil Company.

At the annual meeting of the Henry Clay and Bock & Co. yesterday, Percival S. Hill, President of the American Tobacco Company, was re-elected Chairman of the board. George G. Finch was made a Director in place of T. T. Anderson, who is now affiliated with the Liggett & Myers Company.

U. P. MEN ON ALTON BOARD.

Will Have an Influential Voice, but Not Control.

The Union Pacific, which has arranged to advance $4,500,000 for improvements on the Chicago & Alton, for which it will take the company's new 6 per cent. bonds, will have additional representation on the Alton's board in September or October, according to the present plans. It is understood that the Harriman interests will have an influential voice in the management of the company, in whose preferred stock they are interested, but that control of the road will remain with the Clover Leaf.

Directors of the Alton met in Chicago Monday and adopted a resolution, calling for a special meeting of stockholders in August. At this meeting approval will be asked for the new $20,000,000 mortgage under which the bonds sold to the Union Pacific will be issued. Under the law two months' notice is required for a special meeting of the shareholders, so that the Alton will not be in receipt of its new money until the Fall. At that time places will be made on the board for Union Pacific representatives.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
1st week June..	$201,560	$190,843	$10,717
July 1-June 7..	9,537,848	9,345,875	191,973

CANADIAN PACIFIC—

Wk. end. June 7	2,520,000	2,071,000	449,000
July 1-June 7..	112,204,807	95,537,759	16,667,048

DENVER & RIO GRANDE—

1st week June...	441,100	429,900	11,200
From July 1....	21,570,000	21,580,100	*10,100

DETROIT, TOLEDO & IRONTON—

4th week May...	40,414	38,573	1,842
Month May	124,240	124,527	*287
July 1-May 31...	1,624,632	1,671,338	*46,706

GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLORIDA—

4th week May..	62,943	55,574	7,369
Month May	192,689	176,514	16,175
July 1-May 31...	2,267,185	2,213,506	53,679

HAVANA ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO.—

Wk. end. June 9	40,085	45,491	*5,406
Jan. 1-June 9...	1,102,662	1,044,804	56,858

MISSOURI PACIFIC—

1st week June...	930,000	898,000	32,000
July 1-June 7...	51,021,298	49,549,813	1,471,485

TEXAS & PACIFIC—

1st week June...	211,551	239,030	*27,479
Jan. 1-June 7....	6,856,118	6,099,674	756,445

*Decrease.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE report to Inter-State Commerce Commission for April—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Mileage	4,545	4,496	4,483
Freight rev.....	2,193,206	1,923,512	1,992,234
Passenger rev..	737,227	682,676	603,725
Total oper. rev..	3,199,190	2,835,441	2,812,401
Maint. way and structure	388,642	317,203	330,838
Maint. of equip..	463,901	387,821	342,771
Trans. exp......	1,056,275	956,337	837,676
Total oper. exp..	2,039,755	1,782,240	1,628,696
Taxes	130,000	115,000	95,500
Oper. income...	1,029,435	938,200	1,088,204
July 1 to April 30:			
Freight rev.....	18,808,974	18,237,918	17,654,358
Passenger rev...	7,165,128	6,560,696	5,756,537
Total oper. rev..	28,037,117	26,702,011	25,198,597
Maint. way and structure	3,628,571	3,338,897	3,290,916
Maint. of equip.	4,095,244	3,875,996	3,498,036
Trans. exp......	9,622,153	8,692,079	7,590,552
Total oper. exp..	18,537,971	17,052,105	15,495,003
Taxes	1,101,000	994,000	949,500
Oper income....	8,398,146	8,655,906	8,754,094

BOSTON & MAINE report to Inter-State Commerce Commission—

Mileage	2,244	2,242	2,242
Freight rev.....	$2,275,076	$2,070,557	$2,146,081
Passenger rev....	1,189,074	1,155,171	1,119,737
Total op. rev....	3,755,653	3,504,661	3,539,685
Mt. w & st.....	351,492	392,013	377,854
Mainten. equip..	568,373	535,949	459,904
Transporta. exp.	1,750,749	1,636,215	1,499,346
Total oper. exp..	2,766,252	2,704,294	2,464,955
Taxes	172,350	172,261	165,489
Operating inc...	831,862	635,426	910,348
July 1 to April 30:			
Freight revenue.	22,237,735	21,347,568	21,270,394
Passenger rev...	13,101,794	12,926,226	12,168,003
Total op. rev....	38,159,392	37,072,289	36,082,148
Mt w & st.....	4,919,260	4,678,821	4,228,816
Mt equip	5,406,612	5,102,829	4,473,395
Transporta. exp.	17,892,140	17,618,123	15,747,047
Total op. exp...	29,451,386	28,735,201	25,698,567
Taxes	1,742,162	1,795,433	1,745,900
Operating inc...	7,125,895	6,591,346	8,691,034

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE for April—

Gross	545,621	517,097	516,891
Net	98,922	176,356	183,699
10 mos gross....	5,431,650	5,114,869	4,972,275
10 mos net......	1,504,029	1,590,452	1,719,661

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & PUGET SOUND reports to Inter-State Commerce Commission for April—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Mileage	2,058	2,004	1,463
Freight revenue.	1,170,129	953,962	1,150,284
Passenger rev...	213,758	147,922	123,502
Total op. rev...	1,415,267	1,131,598	1,292,899
Main, way & str.	105,304	102,543	45,315
Main. of equip..	168,840	114,121	126,208
Transp. exp.....	435,645	471,426	441,640
Total op. exp....	775,601	731,107	654,186
Taxes	75,787	50,306	22,560
Op. income.....	568,371	346,718	620,952
July 1 to April 30:			
Freight revenue.	10,656,233	10,541,015	7,291,829
Passenger rev...	2,126,923	1,223,701	757,734
Total op. rev....	13,231,065	12,081,784	8,196,700
Main. way & str.	959,635	795,519	378,185
Main. of equip..	1,505,628	1,253,589	619,108
Transp. exp.....	4,821,811	4,389,443	2,666,700
Total op. exp....	7,975,658	6,873,890	3,979,028
Taxes	901,678	428,227	190,240
Op. income......	4,439,346	4,790,308	4,056,010

DELAWARE & HUDSON reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for April—

Mileage	854	819	843
Freight revenue.	870,559	1,501,692	1,380,666
Passenger rev...	208,915	203,831	191,822
Total op. rev....	1,136,290	1,754,927	1,756,841
Main. way & str.	155,340	134,530	115,208
Main. of equip..	222,337	262,616	227,426
Transp. exp.....	592,632	610,499	556,826
Total op. exp...	1,045,483	1,078,003	956,855
Taxes	49,000	43,866	35,000
Op. income......	36,538	632,065	764,497
July 1 to April 30:			
Freight revenue.	14,471,616	14,393,695	13,293,155
Passenger rev...	2,512,231	2,469,426	2,439,131
Total op. rev....	17,544,128	17,384,388	16,586,180
Main. way & str.	1,341,000	1,312,190	1,016,847
Main. of equip..	2,506,721	2,471,367	2,204,079
Transp. exp.....	6,248,030	6,125,300	5,698,174
Total op. exp...	10,789,263	10,546,036	9,502,179
Taxes	496,598	455,571	341,468
Op. income......	6,258,831	6,381,776	6,741,514

ERIE SYSTEM reports to Inter-State Commerce Commission for April:

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
Mileage	2,265	2,265	......
Freight revenue.	2,504,757	3,114,124	*609,367
Passenger rev...	735,663	737,421	*1,758
Total op. rev....	3,573,460	4,190,671	*617,210
Main. way & str.	438,093	351,672	86,420
Main. of equip..	714,166	747,705	*33,538
Transp. exp.....	1,560,883	1,526,259	34,623
Total op. exp...	2,928,683	2,827,136	101,545
Taxes	94,534	132,017	*37,483
Op. income......	539,711	1,231,425	*691,714
July 1 to April 30:			
Freight revenue.	33,436,787	33,072,721	364,065
Passenger rev...	7,997,313	8,185,404	*208,091
Total op. rev....	44,941,206	44,595,011	346,196
Main. way & str.	5,024,105	4,847,338	176,765
Main. of equip..	7,930,618	7,697,338	233,280
Transp. exp.....	16,449,044	15,460,102	988,940
Total op. exp....	31,554,619	30,093,941	1,460,677
Taxes	1,627,695	1,285,520	342,174
Op. income......	11,591,581	13,012,554	*1,420,973

*Decrease.

ERIE RAILROAD proper reports to the up-State Public Service Commission for the quarter ended March 31—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Gross	11,646,712	11,137,718	11,032,581
Net	2,569,891	3,095,603	3,083,198
Other income ..	607,254	438,755	400,624
Total income ...	3,171,146	3,534,358	3,483,821
Def. after chg..	613,186	†218,228	†306,775

†Surplus.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN reports to the up-State Public Service Commission for the quarter ended March 31—

Gross	12,422,947	11,117,129	11,711,542
Net, after tax..	3,513,726	2,190,101	3,508,900
Other income ..	3,700,702	4,727,853	4,065,713
Total income ..	7,214,428	6,917,954	7,574,613
Surp. after chg.	4,509,384	4,468,860	5,365,933

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE reports to Inter-State Commerce Commission for April—

Mileage	4,727	4,591	4,595
Freight rev	3,461,519	2,947,179	3,202,507
Passenger rev ..	963,312	896,842	882,294
Total op. rev...	4,729,590	4,127,362	4,394,263
Mt. way & str..	794,664	763,339	836,195
Mt. equip	892,430	791,229	798,112
Trans. exp	1,623,114	1,452,831	1,384,860
Total op. exp...	3,495,723	3,191,029	3,249,956
Taxes	150,616	161,507	133,552
Op. income	1,085,389	780,683	1,038,270
July 1 to April 30:			
Freight rev	34,212,351	33,101,012	32,011,897
Passenger rev ..	10,203,037	9,761,030	8,966,848
Total op. rev ..	47,214,648	45,607,227	43,671,251
Mt. way & str..	7,217,577	7,483,557	5,991,965
Mt. equip	8,332,533	7,950,901	6,994,636
Trans. exp	15,306,873	14,742,217	13,171,879
Total op. exp...	32,739,570	32,030,006	27,983,258
Taxes	1,494,500	1,615,074	1,335,526
Op. income	12,956,888	11,986,721	14,402,447

PHILADELPHIA & READING report to Inter-State Commerce Commission for April—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Mileage	1,015	1,022	1,024
Freight rev	2,171,150	3,135,475	3,271,194
Passenger rev...	546,015	561,904	601,480
Total op. rev....	2,890,484	3,857,997	4,047,886
Mt. way & struc.	329,066	392,137	378,203
Maint. equip....	611,923	681,330	617,966
Transp. exp.....	1,170,131	1,172,513	1,198,047
Total op. exp....	2,219,214	2,380,002	2,302,624
Taxes	89,658	84,075	75,163
Op. income	607,463	1,470,124	1,755,498
July 1 to April 30:			
Freight rev	29,981,386	29,262,033	29,321,222
Passenger rev...	5,748,234	5,820,363	5,871,484
Total op. rev....	37,399,360	36,715,601	36,752,916
Mt. way & struc.	3,230,816	3,145,479	2,766,830
Maint. equip	6,897,461	6,835,430	7,274,154
Transp. exp	12,353,799	11,860,176	11,058,180
Total op. exp....	23,556,081	22,949,422	22,101,704
Taxes	900,343	842,104	737,959
Op. income	13,218,708	13,159,471	14,133,617

WABASH RAILROAD for April—

Gross	2,071,119	2,294,262	2,224,978
Net	*41,902	406,641	359,333
10 mos. gross...	23,646,099	24,996,544	24,138,757
10 mos. net.....	4,861,277	6,560,679	7,307,839

*Deficit.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Most Local Issues Have Weak Day in Keeping with the Trend of Prices in New York.

Tuesday's markets at other points were generally weaker in the early trading yesterday, with a partial recovering later in the day, according to reports to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

At Baltimore yesterday Houston Oil shares were less active and slightly easier, but demand was good, a shade under the market. Mechanics Bank reached a new high level, recording a gain of nearly a point.

Island Creek Coal common stock, a Boston issue, begins dividends with 50 cents per share, quarterly, $3 per share extra, and the right to subscribe for new stock, 6,000 shares to be issued at $50 per share. The stock sold in Boston at 64 yesterday, and the preferred at 90½, with Bond Creek Coal ranging from 19¾ to 19. Coppers were easy, sympathizing with the Wall Street decline; Butte and Superior continued the market leader. It furnished over 10,000 shares, and sold at 48½, thence down to 47. North Butte got down to 30½; Calumet and Arizona lost 1½; Isle Royale, ¾; Lake touched 40½; Calumet and Hecla receded 12, to 512. The market showed good powers of absorption, and there was a fair afternoon rally.

Following the break in New York, local securities on the Chicago Exchange displayed a tendency, also. In most instances the active issues simply slid off without much show of strength. Union Carbide was a strong exception to the rule, the price being advanced a few points to new high records on what was noticeably an aggressive demand. The declines in several points made by American Can shares, and losses of small proportions in the quotations on Sears-Roebuck common and Chicago Railways series 2 certificates were the foremost of the weak issues. Steel common receded substantially, while moderate losses were noted in Booth Fisheries preferred, Illinois Brick, Peoples Gas, Swifts and Streets, Stable Car common issues Quaker Oats shares ruled firm.

Dominated largely by dealings of a semi-professional character, trading on the Philadelphia Stock Exchange was almost entirely monopolized by arbitrage stocks, Reading and United States Steel leading the list in volume of sales. Price changes in these followed closely the declining tendency which developed in the larger market.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
15..Con. Coal	103¼	103¼	103¼
5..Fid. & Deposit.......	153	153	153
1,120..Houston Oil t. ctfs..	14⅝	14½	14⅝
220..Hous. Oil pf. t. ctfs.	67¼	67¼	67¼
10..Int. & Gt. Northern..	56	56	56
30..Mechanics' Bank	30	30	30
40..Norfolk Ry. & Light.	28	28	28
200..St. L. Southwestern..	33¾	33¾	33¾
300..United Rys	24¼	24¼	24¼
BONDS.			
$2,000..Ana. & Potomac 5s..	100	100	100
1,000..Carolina Central 4s..	92	92	92
2,000..Cotton Duck 5s......	75	75	75
1,000..G. B. S. Brew. 4s.....	53½	53½	53½
3,000..Fair. & Clarks. t. 5s.	100	100	100
3,000..Houston Oil div. ctfs.	85⅝	85	85¾
1,000..Milwaukee ref. 4½s..	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝
3,000..Norfolk & P. t. 5s...	89	89	89
4,000..Seaboard 4s, stamped.	87¼	87¼	87¼
1,000..United Rys. 4s......	84¾	84¾	84¾
4,000..United Rys. inc......	65¼	65	65
2,000..United Rys. fdg. 5s..	90	89½	90

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
10..Atchison	106¾	106¾	106¾
60..Boston & Albany......	215½	215½	215½
10..Boston Elevated	128	128	128
2..Boston & Lowell.....	205	205	205
36..Boston & Maine......	97	96	97
5..Fitchburg pf.	124	124	124
300..Mass. Electric	20	20	20
3..Mass. Elec. pf., stpd.	80	80	80
980..Mass. Elec., frac. war.	20c.	19½c.	20c.
108..N. Y., N. H. & H...	135	135	135
10..Union Pacific	168¼	168¼	168¼
100..West End St. R. R...	84½	84	84
TELEPHONES.			
455..American	146	145½	145½
15..New England	152½	152½	152½
MISCELLANEOUS.			
242—Am. Ag. Chemical...	61½	61	61
250..Am. Ag. Chem. pf...	100⅞	100⅝	100⅝
20..Amoskeag	83	83	83
110..Am. Pneu. Service..	5	4¾	5
60..Am. Pneu. Serv. pf..	17¼	17¼	17¼
357..Am. Sugar	132	130¾	131¼
16..Am. Sugar pf.......	121½	121½	121½
102..Am. Woolen pf......	92	91½	91½
100..East Boston Land....	15¾	15	15
10..Galveston & Houston.	79	79	79
104..Ga. Ry. & Elec......	125	125	125
8..General Electric ...	169½	169	169½
15..Mass. Gas pf........	95	95	95
16..Pullman	160	159¾	159¾
15..Swift & Co..........	105	104¾	104⅞
357..Torrington	28½	28½	28½
143..United Fruit	195	193	195
530..United Shoe	52	51½	51½
4..United Shoe pf......	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛
2,373..U. S. Steel.........	69⅞	68¼	68⅞
40..U. S. Steel pf.......	110⅞	110⅝	110⅝
MINING.			
3,230..Adventure	10⅜	9½	10⅛
5..Ahmeek	350	350	350
150..Algomah	7	7	7
210..Allouez	47	45½	47
1,707..Amalgamated	86	84¾	85¾
2,615..Am. Zinc	31	30¾	31
10..Anaconda	44	44	44
790..Arizona Com'l	5⅞	5½	5¾
872..Boston & Corbin.....	8½	7¾	7¾
11,650..Butte & Superior....	48¾	47	47⅞
1,539..Calumet & Arizona..	77¼	75½	75⅞
59..Calumet & Hecla....	520	512	515
175..Centennial	24½	24½	24½
335..Chino	33⅜	32⅝	32¾
217..Copper Range	60½	59⅜	59⅜
50..Daly-West	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
250..East Butte	14	13⅝	13¾
255..Franklin	13	13	13
500..Giroux	5¾	5⅝	5⅝
140..Granby	55	54⅝	55
845..Greene	10¼	10	10
1,250..Hancock	35	34¼	34⅝
160..Helvetia	1½	1½	1½
255..Indiana	20	19¼	19¼
145..Inspiration	19½	19⅜	19½
455..Island Creek	64	63	63
200..Island Creek pf......	90½	90	90½
2,150..Isle Royale	31	30	30½
811..Lake Copper	40½	39½	40
35..La Salle	7¼	7¼	7¼
1,200..Mason Valley	13⅛	12½	12⅝
10..Mass Con.	7¼	7¼	7¼
225..Mayflower	10	9½	10
326..Miami	28⅝	27½	27¾
25..Michigan	3	3	3
10..Mohawk	66	66	66
10..Nevada Con.	22⅛	22	22⅛
300..New Arcadian	4⅝	4¼	4¼
315..Nipissing	7 13-16	7 11-16	7 11-16
805..North Butte	31½	30½	30¾
100..North Lake	7	7	7
415..Old Colony Mining...	7¾	7¼	7¾
405..Old Dominion	59	58	58½
177..Osceola	124	122	123
1,377..Pond Creek	19⅞	19	19¼
120..Quincy	91½	91	91½
425..Ray Con.	21	20½	20¾
285..Santa Fe	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞
200..Shannon	15½	15	15
105..South Utah	85c.	85c.	85c.
180..Super. & Boston......	2½	2⅜	2⅜
100..Superior Copper	37	36	37
445..Tamarack	45¼	44	44
25..Trinity	8¼	7	7¾
810..Tuolumne	4⅜	4 1-16	4¼
100..Union Cop. Land....	2½	2½	2½
835..U. S. Smelters	39	38¼	39
86..U. S. Smelters pf....	49	48⅞	49
50..Utah Con.	13	13	13
45..Utah Copper	63⅛	63	63⅛
100..Victoria	4½	4¼	4¼
225..Winona	7	6¾	6⅞
75..Wolverine	110⅞	110	110⅞
BONDS.			
$10,000..Am. Ag. Chem. 5s..	102	102	102
1,000..Am. Fone 4s.........	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝
1,000..Am. Zinc 6s, 1915..	125	125	125
2,000..A., G. & W. I. 5s..	63⅛	63⅛	63⅛
5,000..C. & O. con. 3½s....	93¼	93¼	93¼
5,000..C., M. & St. P. con. 4½s	102¼	102¼	102¼
6,000..Shann. & Ariz. 6s....	99	99	99

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
300..American Can	36⅝	34	34¼
150..American Can pf....	117¾	116½	116½
50..Am. Tel. & Tel.....	145¾	145½	145¾
25..Booth Fisheries pf...	94¼	94	94¼
410..Chicago Rys., Ser. 2.	26	25½	25½
50..Corn Products Ref..	15¼	15¼	15¼
25..Hart, S. & M. pf....	101	101	101
281..Illinois Brick	67⅛	66⅝	66¾
16..National Carbon pf..	117	117	117
150..Peoples Gas	115⅛	114	114½
36..Quaker Oats pf......	109	109	109
250..Sears-Roebuck	189	187½	188
60..Street's Stable Car...	9¾	9¾	9¾
10..Swift & Co..........	104½	104½	104½
350..U. S. Steel	69⅝	68¾	69⅛
229..Union Carbide	162	160	162
15..Public Service	84½	84½	84½
30..Pacific Gas & Elec..	64	64	64
94..Public Service pf....	100	100	100
BONDS.			
$1,000..Armour 4½s	92	92	92
4,000..Com. Edison 5s......	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
5,000..City & Contg. 5s.....	88½	88½	88½
8,000..Chicago Rys. 5s, B..	86¼	86⅛	86⅛
1,000..Ogden Gas 5s........	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
1,000..City Railways 5s....	102	102	102
55,000..Chicago Tel. 5s	101¼	101⅜	101¼

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
110..Amalgamated Copper.	85½	85	85
5..American Railways ..	43½	43½	43½
56..Baldwin Locom. pf..	108	107⅞	108
200..Cambria Iron	43¼	43	43
130..Cambria Steel	43¼	43⅛	43⅛
3..Electric Storage	56	56	56
110..General Asphalt	20	20	20
10..General Asphalt pf...	63	63	63
20..Ins. Co. of N. A....	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞
8..Keystone Tel. pf....	28½	28½	28½
25..Lehigh Nav.	89¼	89	89¼
22..Lehigh Nav. ctfs....	89½	89¼	89½
147..Lehigh Valley	86¼	85⅝	86¼
53..Lehigh Valley Tran..	13½	13¼	13½
139..Mine Hill	60¼	60⅛	60¼
5..Norristown R. R....	149	149	149
1..North. Penn.	97	97	97
191..Pennsylvania	62 1-16	61⅝	61⅞
61..Penn. Salt Mfg.....	103¾	103½	103¾
10..Penn. Steel pf.......	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜
25..Philadelphia Co.	51⅝	51⅝	51⅝
1,140..Philadelphia Elec	22½	22¼	22¼
10..Philadelphia R. T....	23	23	23
5..Philadelphia R.T.ctfs.	23	23	23
5..Philadelphia Traction.	84¼	84¼	84¼
2,771..Reading	84 13-16	83⅝	83 11-16
185..Tonopah Mining	7 1-16	7	7
452..Tonopah Belmont	10¼	10¼	10¼
50..Union Traction	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝
599..United Gas Imp......	89¼	88⅞	89¼
6,290..U. S. Steel..........	70	68⅞	69
50..U. S. Steel pf........	110⅞	110⅞	110⅞
6..Warwick Iron	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
50..West Jersey & S. S..	53	53	53
1..North Penn.	96½	96½	96½
BONDS.			
$3,500..Am. G. & E. 5s......	87⅛	87	87
2,000..Baldwin Locom. 5s...	104¼	104¼	104¼
1,000..Choctaw Con. 5s......	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜
4,000..Con. Trac. of N. J. 5s.	104½	104⅜	104⅜
8,200..Elec. & Peo. 4s......	88	87⅞	88
1,000..General Asphalt 5s....	94½	94½	94½
2,000..Jamestown F. & C. 5s.	95	95	95
1,000..Leh. Nav. gen 4½s...	103½	103½	103½
2,000..Leh. Valley con. 6s...	115¾	115¾	115¾
2,000..Leh. Valley 4s.......	98	98	98
2,000..Phila. & Erie 4s......	100	100	100
19,000..Phila. Co. 5s..........	97	97	97
8,000..Phila., W. & B. 4s....	99¾	99¾	99¾
1,000..Phila., B. & W. 4s...	101¾	101¾	101¾
26,400..Phila. Elec. 4s.......	83⅝	83½	83⅝
1,100..Phila. Elec. gold 5s...	103⅞	103¾	103⅞
13,000..Reading-J. C. 4s......	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
27,000..Reading-J. C. gen. 4s.	98	97⅞	98
2,000..Spanish-Am. I. 6s....	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
4,000..Standard G. & E. 6s.	100¾	100¾	100¾
4,000..United Ry. gold 4s...	77½	77½	77½
5,000..United Ry. 5s.......	83⅝	83½	83½
1,000..Welsbach 5s........	92	92	92
2,000..West N. Y. 4s........	87	87	87

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
100..Am. Window Glass pf.	60½	60½	60½
520..Crucible Steel	12⅞	12¾	12¾
230..Crucible Steel pf.......	86¾	86½	86¾
20..High Grade Oil pf....	102	102	102
45..Mfrs. L. & H.	39	39	39
120..Nat. Fireproofing	5½	5½	5½
45..Nat. Fireproofing pf..	26	26	26
1,275..Pure Oil	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛
160..Pitts. Brewing	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜
50..Pitts. Brewing pf....	37	37	37
60..Westinghouse	36¾	36⅝	36⅝
60..Union Switch	100	100	100
604..Westinghouse A. B...	175	174	175
40..Real Estate Trust.....	150	150	150
BOND.			
$1,000..Pitts. Coal deb. 5s...	98	98	98

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.07	Julia	.15
Alpha Con.........	.05	Justice	.10
Andes	.07	Kentucky Con.	.06
Belcher	.58	Mexican	7.70
Best & Belcher...	.13	Occidental Con.	.55
Bullion	.03	Ophir	1.10
Caledonia	1.40	Overman	.80
Challenge Con.....	.14	Potosi	.03
Chollar	.03	Savage	.14
Confidence	.55	Sag Belcher	.22
Con. Cal. & Va.....	.55	Sierra Nevada	.15
Con. Imperial	.06	Union Con.	.70
Crown Point	.38	Utah Con.	.02
Gould & Curry....	.04	Yellow Jacket	.48
Hale & Norcross..	.14		
TONOPAH.		Daisy	.08
Belmont	10.05	Diamondf'd B. B..	.08
Jim Butler	.52	Goldfield Con. M..	4.30
McNamara	.25	Goldfield Merger...	.32
Midway	.44	Great Bend	.04
Montana	2.65	C. O. D.	.10
North Star	.18	Jumbo Extension..	.38
Rescue Eula	.19	Florence	.98
Tonopah Extension	1.90	Lone Star	.04
West End	1.90	Red Hills	.02
GOLDFIELD.		Sandstorm Kend...	.02
Adams	.01	Vernal	.13
Atlanta	.27	Silver Pick	.12
Blue Bell	.06	Nevada Hills	2.10
Comb. Fraction....	.16	MANHATTAN.	
Booth	.09	Manhattan Con. ...	.19

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot.	5½	6½	Jackpot ...	4	6
Elkton	66½	67	McKinney..	71⅝	73
El Paso....	99⅞	100	Old Gold....	3⅝	4
Findlay ...	4½	6	Portland ...	92	95
Gold Dollar.	16⅞	17½	Vindicator..	83½	85
Isabella ...	14	14½	Jen. Samp..	5	6

SEEK NORTHERN BANK FUNDS

State Banking Department Hopes to Get Some Robin Misapplied.

George C. Van Tuyl, Jr., State Superintendent of Banks, said yesterday that if it were possible to recover for the depositors and creditors of the Northern Bank the funds which were misapplied by its former Chairman, Joseph G. Robin, who is now awaiting sentence for larceny of the funds of the Washington Savings Bank, it would be possible to pay all depositors of the Northern Bank in full. At the present time there appears to be little prospect of getting such reimbursement from Robin. Nevertheless, additional dividends will be paid as rapidly as the further liquidation of the slower assets of the bank, the involved litigation pending, and the unsatisfactory condition of the real estate market will permit.

Charles A. Horne, the State Bank Examiner now in charge of the liquidation, has just reported to Mr. Van Tuyl that the books show that the cost to June 1 of the work of liquidation has been only 2.69 per cent. of the total amount disbursed to creditors.

The bank has already paid dividends of 60 per cent., amounting to $3,295,832. The aggregate deposits of the Northern Bank at the date of closing on Dec. 27, 1910, was $6,291,512.

The average costs of liquidation, under the State Superintendent of Banks, are kept to the minimum figure, the percentage ratio of the cost of collection, that is, the proportion of the total cost of liquidation to the amount disbursed to creditors in seven institutions, being but 2.87 per cent.

During the period from Oct. 1, 1907, to Feb. 1, 1908, when the old receivership law was in operation, nine State banks and trust companies were placed in charge of receivers appointed by the Supreme Court. Such receivers retained possession for periods averaging less than six months, and at the longest seven months. During this time the receivers and their counsel were paid in fees out of the assets of these nine institutions the sum of $398,509, or an average in each institution of more than $44,000.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

Domestic Staples All Lower on Good Weather Reports.

Wheat, after a strong opening on the Government report, became very weak, closing at the low point of the day. Corn was dull, reacting late with wheat. Oats were lower on the favorable feedstuff crop situation. Provisions were dull and easier. Cotton reacted with more favorable weather than had been expected. Rains would be beneficial over parts of the West. Spots are firm, with Liverpool more active and a better tone reported at Manchester.

WHEAT.

The wheat market refused to accept the Government report at its face value. The market opened up and was quite excited for a few minutes. It became very quiet, however, shortly after the opening and dragged all the morning, becoming decidedly weak in the late afternoon, with decided pressure on Chicago July. The close was at about the low point of the day, at 2c to 2½c off from the high of the morning, some deliveries showing slight gains, some slight losses net for the day. The advance of the morning seemed to be the opportunity waited for by the bulls to sell out their wheat. It was poured out steadily and in greater volume than the market could digest. The Winter wheat report was admitted as bullish, with further claims of damage since the 1st of June, although the rains in the Southwest have stopped deterioration and brought some improvement the past few days. The Spring wheat news was excellent, and there was very little complaint from any portion of the Northwest. The foreign crop news was encouraging and the German official report better than last year. In fact, the foreign situation in Central and Western Europe is very promising. The week's statistics showed a very large decrease in the visible supply. The total east of the Rockies decreased 2,305,000 bushels; west of the Rockies increased 122,000 bushels, Canada decreased 3,714,000 bushels, and Europe decreased 2,200,000 mushels, making a grand total decrease of 8,097,000 bushels. The break in the afternoon brought some export business in Manitoba wheat, and sales of fifteen loads were reported. Cash prices for American grades were nominal. No. 2 red was quoted at $1.21, free on board; No. 1 Northern, $1.06¾; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.21½; No. 1 Manitoba, spot, $1.18¼.

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—Prices were firm all the morning, the market easing off a little in the afternoon influenced by the weakness in wheat and oats. The weather conditions were favorable, but the movement is decreasing a little at the interior, and the offerings of corn from the country were not large. Weather conditions continue favorable, however, and the demand is influenced by the favorable promise of the other feed crops. The visible showed an increase of 636,000 bushels for the week. Spot corn was nominal, with No. 2, 82¾c, free on board.

OATS.—The trading in oats was fairly active and the market weak, owing to the very favorable reports on the promise of the crop, the favorable weather conditions, and influenced also by the weakness in wheat. The excellent report on the promise of the hay and pasturage conditions also had bearish influence on both old and new crop deliveries. The visible supply showed a decrease of 2,876,000 bushel for the week. The spot market was quiet, with standards quoted at 61c, elevator; No. 3 white, 60½c to 61c, and No. 2 white 61½c.

PROVISIONS.

In the provision market trading was slow, with prices showing a little recession due to the hog movement, which was heavy, amounting to about 128,000 at the principal points. The close was quiet.

NEW YORK MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	$1.16	$1.14⅛	$1.14¼	[illegible]
September ..	1.11⅝	1.10⅝	1.10⅛	1.10⅝
December ...	..	..	1.10¼	1.10⅝

CHICAGO MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
July..........	$1.11⅛	$1.08½	$1.08⅝	$1.09⅝
September ..	1.07	1.05	1.05⅛	1.05⅛
December ...	1.07¼	1.05⅝	1.05⅝	1.05⅝
Corn—				
July	74½	73⅝	73⅝	73¾
September ..	72⅞	72¼	72¼	72⅝
December ...	62⅜	62⅜	62⅜	62⅜
Oats—				
July	51⅛	50¼	50¼	51⅜
September ..	41½	40⅜	40⅜	41½
December ...	42½	41⅝	41¾	42½
Lard—				
July	11.05	10.97½	10.97½	11.02½
September ..	11.22½	11.15	11.15	11.22½
October	11.32½	11.22½	11.22½	11.30
Ribs—				
July	10.60	10.52½	10.52½	10.60
September ..	10.75	10.65	10.65	10.73
Pork—				
July	19.02½	18.85	18.85	18.95
September ..	19.27½	19.10	19.10	19.20

COTTONSEED OIL.

The volume of trade was light and prices rather irregular. Near positions were steadier, with offerings limited, while a desultory demand for the distant options was reflected in a sagging tendency of those months, following slightly higher prices at the outset. Reports of a betterment in the consuming demand were current, but it was generally agreed that the improvement was not important, and that as a whole, inquiry was not active. It is apparent that developments are being awaited with the market fluctuating nervously over a small area, and in the meantime, cotton and lard fluctuations are not decisive enough to inspire activity.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	6.87	6.75
June	6.90	6.90	6.88	6.77
July	6.93	6.91	6.90	6.90
August	7.05	7.02	7.02	7.03
September	7.15	7.12	7.11	7.14
October	7.14	7.09	7.09	7.11
November	6.71	6.66	6.66	6.69
December	6.60	6.60	6.59	6.63
January	..	..	6.59	6.63

COTTON.

Whatever demand was inspired by apprehension of storm damage during Monday's session received a decided check with the posting of a favorable weather map yesterday morning. This factor, in connection with the failure of the Liverpool market to fully respond to our advance of the preceding day, led to a reaction of values. Initial declines were from 2 to 5 points, and while it was still declared by some authorities that accumulation of contracts was in progress as prices receded, the rallying power of the market was not impressive, and closing quotations were at about the low. Some of recent large buyers were among those freely supplying the demand. The South also sold.

Sentiment was mixed, and it was apparent that even though the storm reported at the mouth of the Mississippi failed to materialize with no precipitation in the eastern belt, there was caution among the bear forces. However, the weather news was not of a character to encourage outside support, with the bulk of the crop advices favorable. The Journal of Commerce reports on the Carolinas and Georgia were in line with recent private advices confirming claims of considerable improvement in the appearance of the crop. A prominent firm of Meridian, Miss., forwarded statistics on fertilizer sales showing that in Alabama these totaled 444,000 tons, or slightly in excess of last year; Georgia, 1,085,000 tons, or 120,000 tons under last year; Mississippi, 110,000, against 148,000 tons last year; South Carolina, 863,000, against 1,049,000; Tennessee, 45,000, against 65,000, and North Carolina, 621,000, against 771,000 tons a year ago. It was estimated that at least 2 per cent. of the tonnage tags sold are still in the hands of the fertilizer factories.

From Galveston were advices that wires were down, with rumors of a tidal wave at that point, which had a temporary steadying effect on the market, but late advices from the President of the Galveston Cotton Exchange were that there was no disturbance, the rumors being branded as false. The weather forecast did not hold out much hope for precipitation of importance in either the Eastern or Western sections, which item was construed as rather bearish, particularly in regard to the East. The weekly weather report had little influence and was not unfavorable, although comment was made on the heavy and damaging rains in parts of Georgia and South Carolina recently, also on the dry conditions in parts of the West, it being stated that rain is urgently required over certain sections of Oklahoma and Arkansas and that precipitation, would be beneficial in parts of Texas.

The spot situation remains firm. Yesterday's spot markets were officially quoted at unchanged to ⅛c higher, mainly unchanged. Savannah reported an improved demand at higher levels, with local spot people again asserting that high grades were scarce, while low grades are not being pressed for sale. The New York spot market was unchanged, with middlings at 11.75c. Spot sales at Liverpool were 10,000 bales, and incidentally a hardening of Manchester yarns and cloths was reported.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Closing. Bid. Ask.	Prev. Close.
June	....	....	11.15@11.19	11.24
July	11.31	11.22	11.25@11.26	11.34
August	11.37	11.31	11.31@11.32	11.38
September	11.44	11.38	11.37@11.39	11.47
October	11.54	11.45	11.45@11.46	11.56
November	....	....	11.49@11.51	11.60
December	11.64	11.55	11.55@11.56	11.67
January	11.61	11.53	11.52@11.53	11.64
February	....	....	11.56@11.58	11.68
March	11.74	11.66	11.65@11.66	11.76
May	11.80	11.73	11.72@11.73	11.81

COFFEE.

Coffee was steadier, and after opening 2 to 5 points up there was a further gain of 2 or 3 points for the active positions. Near the close there was a slight reaction, and final figures were 2 to 6 points net higher; total sales, 62,000 bags. Havre came ¼ to ½ franc higher, while Hamburg was unchanged, and Rio was 75 reis higher and Santos was steady, unchanged. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were unchanged to 5 points higher.

Spot coffee, 14¼c for Rio 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	....	....	13.41@13.43	13.37
July	13.46	13.46	13.44@13.45	13.41
August	13.54	13.54	13.53@13.54	13.50
September	13.65	13.61	13.62@13.63	13.59
October	....	....	13.67@13.68	13.63
November	....	....	13.72@13.73	13.67
December	13.78	13.75	13.76@13.77	13.71
January	....	....	13.77@13.78	13.71
February	....	....	13.73@13.75	13.68
March	13.81	13.75	13.80@13.81	13.76
April	....	....	13.80@13.81	13.76
May	13.85	13.81	13.81@13.82	13.79

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extras, pound, 27¾@28c; firsts, 26½@27¼c; seconds, 25½@26c; thirds, 24@25c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 26½@27c; good to prime, 24@26c; common to fair, 22@23c; process, extras, 25@25½c; firsts, 23½@24½c; seconds, 22@22½c; factory, current make, firsts, 22½@23c; seconds, 21@21½c; thirds, 19@20c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 20@20½c; No. 3, 18½@19½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, new, colored, specials, pound, 14¼c; white, 14@14¼c; average fancy, 13¾c; undergrades, 12¼@13½c; daisies, best, 14¾c; State, skims, new, specials, 11¼@11¾c; choice, 10@10¾c; fair, 8½@9½c; undergrades, 6@8c; full skims, 3@5c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 21½@22c; extra firsts, 19½@20½c; firsts, 18½@19c; seconds, 17½@18c; thirds and poorer, 16@17c; dirties, No. 1, 17c; No. 2, 15½@16½c; checks, good to fine, 15@15½c; poor to fair, 10@14½c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery whites, fancy, large, new laid, 24c; selected, fair to good, 22@23c; Western, gathered whites, 21@22c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery browns, 21@22c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 19@21c.

DIVIDENDS.

THE MAY DEPARTMENT STORES CO.
15 Broad St., N. Y. City, June 6th, 1912.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. upon the preferred capital stock of the May Department Stores Company, payable July 1st, 1912, to the preferred stockholders of record at the close of business on June 15th, 1912. Checks will be mailed.

DAVID MAY, President.

AMERICAN MANUFACTURING CO.
No. 65 Wall Street.
New York City, June 1st, 1912.

61st CONSECUTIVE QUARTERLY DIVIDEND

A dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (1½%) has been declared on the stock of this company, payable July 1, 1912, to stockholders of record June 15, 1912.

HENRY B. MURRAY, Secretary.

HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK
Fifth Avenue and 44th Street
NEW YORK
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS - - $1,000,000
DEPOSITS - - - - - - - $9,000,000

The capital and surplus of this bank have been increased in response to local mercantile demands for more ample banking facilities and to correspond with the rapid growth of deposits. Accounts invited on the basis of accommodation warranted by character of business, financial responsibility and bank balances.
Banking hours: 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS OPEN FROM 8 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

June 5, 1912.

SCHUYLER, CHADWICK & BURNHAM.—Certificate of renewal of limited partnership. The undersigned persons having heretofore formed a limited partnership pursuant to the provisions of the statutes of the State of New York, which expires by limitation on the 4th day of June, 1912, and desiring to renew and continue said limited partnership beyond the time fixed for its duration as aforesaid, do hereby certify as follows:

1. That the name of the firm under which said partnership is to be conducted is Schuyler, Chadwick & Burnham.

2. That the principal place of business of said partnership is to be located in the County of New York, the State of New York.

3. That the general nature of the business intended to be transacted is the buying, selling, and dealing in stocks, bonds, and other securities and a general stock brokerage business.

4. That the names of all the general and special partners therein and their respective places of residence are:

Sidney S. Schuyler, whose place of residence is 792 Belvidere Avenue, in the City of Plainfield, State of New Jersey.

John R. Chadwick, whose place of residence is Riverdale, City of New York, in the State of New York.

Charles L. Burnham, whose place of residence is Sherman Square Hotel, in the Borough of Manhattan, State of New York.

David Oakes, whose place of residence is 240 Belleville Avenue, in the town of Bloomfield, State of New Jersey.

That Sidney S. Schuyler, John R. Chadwick, and Charles L. Burnham are the general partners and David Oakes is the special partner of said firm, and all of said partners are of full age.

5. That the amount of capital which the special partner has contributed to common stock of said partnership is one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) in cash.

6. That the time at which the said partnership is to begin is the 5th day of June, 1912, and the period at which it is to terminate is the 4th day of June, 1914.

In witness whereof we have made, signed, and acknowledged this certificate at the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, this 28th day of May, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

SIDNEY S. SCHUYLER, [L. S.]
JOHN R. CHADWICK, [L. S.]
CHARLES L. BURNHAM, [L. S.]
DAVID OAKES, [L. S.]

In the presence of
[Notarial Seal.] JARED F. HARRISON.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this 28th day of May, 1912, before me personally came Sidney S. Schuyler, John R. Chadwick, Charles L. Burnham, and David Oakes, known to me and by me known to be the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing certificate and severally acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

JARED F. HARRISON,
Notary Public, No. 48,
New York County.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

Sidney S. Schuyler, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is one of the general partners named in the foregoing certificate; that the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) specified in said renewal certificate to have been contributed by David Oakes to the common stock of said copartnership was actually and in good faith paid into the said firm in cash at the commencement of this copartnership on June 4, 1906; and said contribution of one hundred thousand dollars, ($100,000,) as paid in by David Oakes as aforesaid, remains in the capital stock of this copartnership unimpaired.

SIDNEY S. SCHUYLER.

Sworn to before me this 28th day of May, 1912.

JARED F. HARRISON,
[Notarial Seal.] Notary Public, No. 48,
New York County, N. Y.

CRISP, RANDALL & CRISP, Attorneys, 80 Broadway, New York City.

WE, DANIEL W. HERRMAN AND LOUIS S. FRIBOURG, hereby declare our intention to deal under the firm name of W. HERRMAN, STERNBACH & CO., and will have our principal place of business in the County of New York, at 21 Waverly Place, and that our respective places of residence are as follows:

DANIEL W. HERRMAN, 85 East 79th Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

LOUIS S. FRIBOURG, 600 West 113th Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 11th day of June, 1912.

DANIEL W. HERRMAN, (L. S.)
LOUIS S. FRIBOURG, (L. S.)

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this 11th day of June, 1912, before me personally came DANIEL W. HERRMAN and LOUIS S. FRIBOURG, to me known and known to me to be the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they severally duly acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

LOUIS S. QUIMBY,
Notary Public, New York County.

H. M. BYLLESBY & CO
ENGINEERS
EXAMINATIONS AND REPORTS
INSURANCE EXCHANGE BUILDING
CHICAGO
New York, Portland, Ore.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF
H. M. BYLLESBY & COMPANY,
Engineers, Managers.
Chicago.

The Board of Directors of the Standard Gas and Electric Company has declared a quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent (2%) upon the preferred stock of the company, payable by check June 15th, 1912, to stockholders of record as of the close of business May 31st, 1912.

ROBERT J. GRAF, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF
H. M. BYLLESBY & COMPANY,
Engineers, Managers.
Chicago.

The Board of Directors of the Arkansas Valley Railway, Light & Power Company has declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) upon the preferred stock of the company, payable by check June 15th, 1912, to stockholders of record as of the close of business May 31st, 1912.

ROBERT J. GRAF, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF
H. M. BYLLESBY & COMPANY,
Engineers, Managers.
Chicago.

The Board of Directors of the Muskogee Gas and Electric Company, Muskogee, Oklahoma, has declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) upon the preferred stock of the company, payable by check June 15th, 1912, to stockholders of record as of the close of business May 31st, 1912.

ROBERT J. GRAF, Asst. Secretary.

FOUNDED
1803

218th CONSECUTIVE SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND
THE MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK
of the City of New York,
42 Wall Street.
June 6th, 1912.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT., (3½%,) free of tax, payable July 1st, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 25th, 1912.

JOSEPH BYRNE, Cashier.

OFFICE OF
VIRGINIA-CAROLINA CHEMICAL CO.
RICHMOND, Va., June 11, 1912.
DIVIDEND NO. 67.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of TWO (2%) PER CENT., the same being consecutive quarterly dividend No. 67, on the preferred stock of this Company, payable July 15, 1912, when checks will be mailed to all preferred stockholders of record at the close of business on Saturday, June 15, 1912, and for the purposes of this dividend and of the annual stockholders' meeting, th transfer books of this Company (both preferred and common) will be closed from 12 M., Saturday, June 15, 1912, until 10 A. M., Thursday, July 18, 1912.

S. W. TRAVERS, Treasurer.

American Brake Shoe & Foundry Company
Preferred Stock Dividend.
New York, June 11, 1912.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of 1¾% upon the outstanding preferred stock of this company, payable June 29th, to stockholders of record on June 20, 1912.

HENRY C. KNOX, Secretary.

American Brake Shoe & Foundry Company
Common Stock Dividend.
New York, June 11, 1912.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of 1¾% upon the outstanding common stock of this company, payable June 29th to stockholders of record on June 20th, 1912.

HENRY C. KNOX, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

Office of the Comptroller of the City of New Orleans, City Hall.

New Orleans, May 16th, 1912.

The City of New Orleans, acting under authority of Act 179 of the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana for the year 1908, ratified by Constitutional Amendment, and now a part of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, will receive sealed proposals at the office of the Comptroller of the City of New Orleans up to twelve (12) o'clock noon, on the 20th day of June, 1912, for the purchase of $300,000 in face value of Public Belt Railroad Bonds of the City of New Orleans, authorized by and to be issued under and subject to the provisions of the Act aforementioned, and the Constitutional Amendment ratifying same, and of the numbers, denominations, and maturities of the authorized issue of $2,000,000, and in the form of and in accordance with the bond schedule of the maturities of the entire authorized issue, as given and prescribed by an ordinance of the City of New Orleans, being Ord. No. 8628, N. C. S., approved May 14th, 1912, and Ord. No. 8629, N. C. S., approved May 14, 1912, of said City, authorizing the present offering.

Said bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, and bear interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum, evidenced by coupons attached, payable semi-annually on the 1st days of January and July, respectively, of each year.

Said bonds are the first issuance out of the total amount authorized by said Act and Constitutional Amendment, and are of the numbers, amounts and maturities, as follows, to wit:

Fifty bonds, Nos. 6951 to 7000, inclusive, aggregating in face value $50,000, maturing July 1st, 1959.

Fifty bonds, Nos. 6901 to 6950, inclusive, aggregating in face value $50,000, maturing July 1st, 1958.

One hundred bonds, Nos. 6801 to 6900, inclusive, aggregating in face value $100,000, maturing July 1st, 1957.

One hundred bonds, Nos. 6701 to 6800, inclusive, aggregating in face value $100,000, maturing July 1st, 1956.

Said bonds are subject to call by the City of New Orleans on the 1st day of July, 1932, or on any interest day thereafter, at par and accrued interest, on thirty (30) days' notice of its intention to so redeem, published in the official newspaper of the City of New Orleans.

They are, by the aforesaid Act and Constitutional Amendment, exempt from all State, Parish and Municipal taxes, and may be legally invested for the estates of minors and of interdicts, and are receivable by State, Parish and Municipal officers where, by law, deposits of bonds are allowed or required to be made.

The payment of the principal and interest of said bonds is made a preferential charge upon the net revenues of the Public Belt Railroad of the City of New Orleans, and are and will be issued under and subject to the aforementioned statutes and ordinances, all of which are hereby referred to and made part of this advertisement for greater certainty and particularity.

Said proposals shall be received under and subject to the following conditions, to wit:

Proposals must be in writing, sealed, and marked on the outside of the envelope "proposals for the purchase of $300,000 of Public Belt Railroad Bonds of the City of New Orleans," and shall likewise be accompanied by a certified check on some chartered bank in the City of New Orleans, for an amount equal to one per cent. of the aggregate amount of the bid, which said check of the successful bidder or bidders shall be cashed and the proceeds retained by the City of New Orleans as a guarantee that the successful bidder or bidders will comply with its or their bids, and the said proceeds shall be applied to the payment of the bonds last delivered to the successful bidder or bidders, respectively. In case of the neglect or refusal to comply with any bid, the proceeds of said check shall be forfeited to the Public Belt Railroad Commission of the City of New Orleans.

No sale shall be made unless the aggregate of bids received equals the full amount of the present offering of $300,000, in face value, and the adjudication shall be made to the highest bidder, provided, however, that no adjudication shall take place for less than par and accrued interest. All matured interest coupons shall be cut from said bonds and cancelled, and the successful bidder shall pay the interest which may have accrued on said bonds up to the date of delivery. The bonds shall be paid for in cash as fast as said bonds can be signed and delivered. All bonds will be delivered within thirty days from the opening of said bids. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

Further particulars and information will be furnished on application to W. B. Thompson, President Pro tem., Public Belt Railroad Commission, or to Charles R. Kennedy, Comptroller of the City of New Orleans.

CHARLES R. KENNEDY,
Comptroller of the City of New Orleans.

EDISON ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER COMPANY OF ERIE, PA.
Six Per Cent. First Mortgage Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to twelve noon on June 15, 1912, for the sale to it for account of the Sinking Fund of Bonds as above described sufficient to use the sum of $5,000, said bonds to be delivered on July 1, 1912. The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
formerly New York Security Trust Company,
Trustee,
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, June 4, 1912.

SEALED PROPOSALS for furnishing and delivering election supplies required to be furnished by the Secretary of State to the various Boards of Elections for the year 1912, will be received by Edward Lazansky, Secretary of State, at the Capitol, Albany, N. Y., until June 19th, at 12 o'clock noon, when they will be publicly opened and read. Specifications may be had upon request.

OFFICE OF DEPOT QUARTERMASTER, Washington, D. C., May 24, 1912.—Sealed proposals for furnishing Laundry Plant Equipment will be received here until 11 A. M. Saturday, June 15, 1912. Further information on application to this office. H. L. Pettus, Major & Q. M.

DIVIDENDS.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.
Treasurer's Office, New York, June 7th, 1912.

A dividend of Five Per Cent. on the capital stock of the NEW YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY will be paid by the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, lessee, (under the provisions of the contract between the two companies,) at this office on the 1st day of July next to stockholders of record at the close of business on the 15th inst.

EDWARD L. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

NATIONAL LICORICE COMPANY.
PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 40.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1½% on the Preferred Stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable on June 29th next to all Preferred Stockholders of record June 24th. The Transfer Books of the Company will close 3:00 P. M. on June 24th, reopening at 10:00 A. M. July 1st, 1912.

H. W. PETHERBRIDGE, Treasurer.
June 11th, 1912.

THE BUFFALO MINES, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a regular quarterly dividend of five (5%) per cent. on the capital stock of The Buffalo Mines, Limited, will be paid July 1st, 1912, to stockholders of record June 20th, 1912. Stock books will close at the close of business on June 20th, 1912, and reopen for transfer July 2nd, 1912.

GEORGE C. MILLER,
June 4, 1912. Secretary-Treasurer.

THE NATIONAL SUGAR REFINING COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY.
New York, June 11th, 1912.

The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (1½%) on the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable July 2d, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business on June 17th, 1912.

F. D. MOLLENHAUER, Treasurer.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY.
DIVIDEND NO. 52.

A quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. on the capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable July 15th, 1912, at the office of the Treasurer, 131 State Street, Boston, Mass., to stockholders of record at the close of business June 25th, 1912.

CHARLES A. HUBBARD, Treasurer.

NIPE BAY COMPANY.
PREFERRED STOCK.

A dividend of One Per Cent. on the preferred stock of this Company has been declared, payable July 15th, 1912, at the office of the Treasurer, 131 State Street, Boston, Mass., to holders of stock of record at the close of business June 25th, 1912.

CHARLES A. HUBBARD, Treasurer.

GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY.
25 Broad Street, New York, May 20, 1912.

A regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) will be paid July 1, 1912, to preferred stockholders of record at close of business June 19, 1912.

JAMES L. MORGAN, Treasurer.

KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.
115 Devonshire Street, Boston. 56 Wall Street New York.
Investment Securities
Foreign Exchange
Letters of Credit
Correspondents of
BARING BROTHERS & CO., Ltd
LONDON.

Confidence
The safe and profitable investment of money is a matter of vital importance to every one with surplus funds, and anything that contributes to your knowledge of the subject is worthy of serious consideration. This is why you should have a copy of our circular explaining how to employ your money to its best advantage in the field of conservative investment.
We have been in the investment banking business about forty years, and the individual investor who buys securities recommended by us can feel confident that the issues have been thoroughly investigated.
Write for Circular No. 883, "Judicious Investment."
Spencer Trask & Co.
Investment Bankers
43 Exchange Place, New York
ALBANY—BOSTON—CHICAGO
Members New York Stock Exchange

An Ideal Method of Saving
SAFE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, yielding 5 to 6 per cent., when obtainable in denominations of $100 and exchangeable into $1,000 bonds, constitute, in our judgment, an ideal way of saving money for people of moderate means.
For example: We offer at a price to yield 6%, First Mortgage Bonds of a steam railroad, issued at the low rate of $10,000 per mile. These bonds are in $100 pieces, and when ten are accumulated may be converted into $1,000 bonds. Meanwhile purchasers receive a return at least 50 per cent. higher than paid by most savings banks.
We have sold Bonds of this issue to conservative investors.
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If so, ask your bankers to purchase for you K., N. & K.'s Letters of Credit and Travelers' Checks.
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It contains concise, brief descriptions of eleven First Mortgage Railroad Bonds yielding from 4¼ to 5.20%.
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Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Co.
Knickerbocker Trust Co., (Ctfs.)
Chemical National Bank
Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co.
U. S. Motor Com. & Pref.
Babcock & Wilcox
Safety Car Heating and Lighting
Central Foundry Pref.
Allentown Portland Cement
Atlantic Fruit & S. S. Stock & Bonds
General Baking Com. & Pref.
WANTED
Du Pont Powder Com. Stock
International Nickel 5s
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Sharp Declines, Followed by Some Recovery—Money Trust Investigation a Factor.

In a decline which extended to a large majority of the issues traded in on the Stock Exchange yesterday the greatest weakness was shown by Reading, Lehigh Valley, and American Can, three stocks in the operations in which a prominent part has been taken by a group headed by a market operator whose activities have been the subject of Stock Exchange gossip for many weeks. The immediate cause of the break which occurred in the quotations for these stocks was the report, later partly verified, that many Stock Exchange houses through which the operations in these stocks have been carried on were to be called before the Congressional Committee which is now engaged in the investigation of the alleged "money trust." This was not a factor which had anything to do with the intrinsic position of any of these properties, but the excursion into the operations conducted on the Stock Exchange, which these plans foreshadowed, was not, to say the least, relished by brokers directly concerned, or, indeed, by many others who, though not expecting to be called before the committee, did not view with very much comfort a close scrutiny of stock market operations involving, as it would seem in this case to be likely, a good deal of manipulation.

Viewed with that lack of perspective in which those directly concerned see a single day market factor, this episode might well be regarded, as it was by some, as a distinctly discouraging incident. To that extent it reasonably accounts for much of the unsettlement to which the stock market was subjected yesterday, though from this it partly recovered before the close. There is no reason, however, why those whose interest in properties are based upon investment considerations rather than upon the probable success of a purely market movement should feel any concern regarding an inquiry into Stock Exchange methods, providing only such inquiry be conducted with a view to setting forth clearly the truth of the matter rather than with a view to presenting a distorted picture of what goes on on the Stock Exchange. Indeed, the interest of investors, it would seem, would be served and not harmed by any properly conducted inquiry which would lead, even though it be indirectly, to the remedying of any such shortcomings or abuses as may be found in present methods. There would be no reason, so far as the stock market is concerned, for discouraging such an investigation, providing it could be carried on for the sincere purpose of bettering the situation rather than of merely stirring it up to no good purpose. The inquiry will commend itself to those who are open-minded on the subjects proposed to be investigated in direct proportion to the extent to which the investigation is conducted along lines which may lead to practical, good results. The stock market before the close of the session was disposed to take a little less discouraged view of its own immediate concern of the day, and recoveries of more than a point occurred in most of the stocks which were the special objects of selling pressure.

A collateral influence in the decline in prices during the earlier hours of the day as well as in the later recovery was exercised by the fluctuations in the grain markets, where wheat at first rose sharply, only to recede in the afternoon far enough to lead to a net decline for the day. The crop report issued on Monday was non-committal enough in respect to the prospects for the wheat crop to encourage some further active operations on the long side of the wheat market, but the report did not fall sufficiently short of expectations to prevent a good many realizing sales on the advance in prices which occurred earlier in the day. The weekly summary of the Weather Bureau recorded a more mixed weather experience, and all in all a less favorable one than those of the two preceding weeks. Inasmuch as this summary covers most of the period since the date from which Monday's crop report was made up, it serves rather to emphasize than to minimize the less favorable features of that report. As matters now stand, the wheat yield this year will not be up to early expectations, but in other directions there is yet no ground for anticipating any shortage. Conditions have been generally favorable for the hay crop, the importance of which is often lost sight of, and it is still true, as it is to be hoped it will remain true, that as a whole the outlook is for a somewhat better aggregate result than those which were realized last year.

In reducing its discount rate yesterday to 4½ per cent. from 5 per cent., at which it had stood since Sept. 19 last, the Imperial Bank of Germany fulfilled expectations formed some time ago, but which were for a time deferred owing to the firmness which developed in the Berlin money market toward the close of May. The cable dispatches indicated that the Berlin Boerse did not take much encouragement from the lowering of the bank rate, partly, no doubt, because of the realization that this reduction will in all probability not prevent another period of tight money before the close of the present month. The reduction can only be interpreted, however, as carrying with it an assurance on the part of the Council of the Imperial Bank that the outlook for the German money market is by no means as difficult as some of those would have it believed who have lately been predicting that no reduction in the official bank rate would be possible for a long time to come.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2½@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2¾ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¾ per cent.

Many large lenders on call are holding their money at 3 per cent.

Time money rates, 3 per cent. for sixty days, 3@3¼ per cent. for ninety days, 3¼@3½ per cent. for four months, 3½@3¾ per cent. for five and six months, and 3¾@4 per cent. for seven and eight months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3¾@4 per cent. for prime four to six months' maturity.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $412,359,126; balances, $22,624,144; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $205,862.

The local banks have lost $2,247,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 2¾@2 15-16 per cent. for short bills and 2⅞ per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 2⅞ per cent., and Berlin, 4½ per cent. The money rates were 2@2¼ per cent. in London and 3½ per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate on London was 25 francs 24 centimes, and the Berlin check rate on London 20 marks 45 pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8745; demand, $4.8725.
Paris—Cable, 5.17½ less 1-32; check, 5.18⅛ plus 3-64.
Berlin—Cable, 95⅝ less 1-64; check, 95 5-16 less 1-64.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.18⅜ less 1-32; check, 5.18¾ less 3-32.
Holland—Cable, 40.36; check, 40.33.
Belgium—Cable, 5.20 less 1-16; check, 5.20⅝ less 1-32.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8455; 90 days, $4.8345.
London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.84¼; 90 days, $4.83¼.
Paris—Bankers', 60 days, 5.21¼ less 1-16; 90 days, 5.22½ less 1-16.
Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.21¼ plus 1-16; 90 days, 5.22½ plus 1-16.
Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 94¾ less 1-32; 90 days, 94½ less 1-16.
Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94 7-16 plus 1-32; 90 days, 94 3-16.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c premium; St. Louis, 15c premium; St. Paul, 45c premium; San Francisco, 20c premium; Montreal, 15⅝c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted unchanged in London, at 28⅛d per ounce, and unchanged in New York, at 61c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 47c.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Coal and the Cost of Living.

It was said yesterday that the anthracite operators are not of one mind in the matter of agreeing to the proposal of the Merchants Association that the coal interests united with the association in seeking to find the reason for the recent advance. Some of the operators have their own theory about the advance in the price of anthracite and they are content with that. One of them was quoted as saying yesterday: "The Merchants Association appears to be a self-appointed board of mussers. There is not a merchant in that body whose merchandise has advanced less in price in ten years than anthracite."

***

Profits on Outside Collections.

Inquiry among a number of the largest banks yesterday failed to elicit any more actual figures as to the profits or loss resulting from the collection fee charged on checks drawn on the out-of-town banks, but it was everywhere agreed that if the interest on the money taken out of use pending the arrival of credits from interior points be taken into consideration, the collection items entail a considerable loss. One of the largest institutions estimates that two-thirds of the money collected on the checks is paid to the out-of-town banks, and that the loss on the funds in transit is very much more than the remaining one-third. Another very large National bank has an apparent profit of perhaps $20,000 a year on its collections, but figures that the actual work entailed costs more than this sum.

***

Wabash Still Losing.

The Wabash is still running behind its operating costs. In April the company's net showed a deficit of $117,000, as against a surplus of $324,000 for the corresponding month of last year. When the previous earnings statement was issued it was explained that the weather had been responsible for the company's unfavorable showing under the receivership. The weather was, for the most part, favorable in April, but the road contnued to lose, partly because of the added difficulties of operation during the rehabilitation work going on.

***

Market Disappoints.

In the first hour yesterday the market looked as if it might produce one of the biggest days of the year. Between 10 and 11 transactions were well above 200,000 shares, and before noon had far exceeded the total business of Monday. In the noon hour, however, the promise of the morning session was upset. Business dropped to about 50,000 shares, and between 1 and 2 had declined to less than 39,000 shares. The last hour's business was little more than half that recorded on the tape in the last hour of Monday.

***

Lower Bank Rates Abroad.

In reducing its rate from 5 to 4½ per cent. yesterday, the German Reichsbank is far behind the other leading European institutions in letting down the higher rates established during the stringency of last September. The 5 per cent. rate has remained in force with the Reichsbank since Sept. 19. Since then the Bank of England has made two reductions, one from 4 to 3½ per cent. in February and the last to 3 per cent. last month. Last month, too, the Bank of France reduced its rate from 3½ to 3.

***

New Test for Monoply.

When the market was dull yesterday the floor member of an Exchange house who keeps his office posted by periodic bulletins over the 'phone discovered that the American Sugar Company is not a monopoly. This is the bulletin he sent into his office from the floor: "American Sugar not a monopoly. Fifty-one per cent. stockholders women."

***

Savings Bank Interest.

Most of the savings banks will decide this week on their interest rate for the midsummer period. It is expected that besides those which have already cut to 3½ per cent. the ranks of the twelve which are now paying 4 will be further depleted. One of the effects of the maintenance of the 4 per cent. rate is an increase in deposits, which automatically reduces the proportion of surplus, a process which will in time force a reduction in interest payments.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

		—Maturity.—	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5	Apr. 1,'13	100⅜	100⅝	4.10
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'13	100¼	100⅜	4.10
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'14	99½	99¾	4.63
C., H. & D., purchase money	4	July 1,'13	99⅝	99⅞	4.12
Chi. & Alton	5	Mar. 15,'13	99⅝	99⅞	5.56
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July 1,'14	98⅛	98½	5.77
Erie	6	Apr. 8,'14	101	101⅛	5.26
Erie	5	Oct. 1,'14	99⅝	99⅞	5.18
Erie	5	Apr. 1,'15	99	99⅛	5.33
Gen. Motors	6	Oct. 1,'15	99⅞	100⅛	5.96
Gen. Rubber	4½	July 1,'15	97⅝	98	5.14
Hudson Co.	6	Feb. 1,'13	99⅞	100¼	5.56
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug. 1,'14	98	98¼	5.87
Int. Harv. Co.	5	Feb. 15,'15	100⅝	100⅞	4.74
Minn. & St. L.	5	Feb. 1,'13	90	95	..
Mo., K. & T.	5	May 1,'13	99½	99¾	5.30
Mo. Pacific	5	June 1,'14	94⅝	95¼	7.60
M. C. of Mex.	4½	Sep. 1,'13	98⅛	98⅜	5.83
N. Rys of M.	4½	June 1,'13	98	98⅜	6.10
N. Y. Central	4½	Mar. 1,'14	100¼	100⅜	4.27
N. Y. Central	4½	May 1,'15	99⅞	100¼	4.50
Pac. T. & T.	5	Jan. 5,'13	100⅝	100⅞	3.86
S. L. & S. F.	5	June 1,'13	99⅞	100⅛	4.87
Southern Ry.	5	Feb. 1,'13	100⅝	100⅞	3.73
U. S. Rubber	6	Dec. 1,'18	104⅝	104⅞	5.11
Westinghouse	6	Aug. ,'13	101¼	101⅝	4.50

STOCK MARKET SUMMARY.

The averages of the twenty-five typical railroad stocks and twenty-five industrials again dropped sharply, the railroads a little further than the industrials. The averages were:

1912.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Mon., June 10	93.37	92.71	93.04	92.98
Tues., June 11	92.80	91.90	92.35	92.38
	Open. Jan. 2.	High. Apr. 26.	Low. Feb. 1.	
†Year's range	91.43	96.34	88.74	

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Mon., June 10	70.98	70.25	70.62	70.34
Tues., June 11	70.31	69.66	69.98	69.93
	Open. Jan. 2.	High. June 6.	Low. Feb. 1.	
†Year's range	64.00	71.40	61.47	

1911.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Mon., June 12	99.55	98.60	99.07	98.92
Tues., June 13	99.05	98.37	98.71	98.89
	Open. Jan. 3.	High. June 8.	Low. Apr. 24.	
†Year's range	91.79	99.57	94.47	

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last
Mon., June 12	69.27	68.75	69.01	69.01
Tues., June 13	69.35	68.60	68.92	69.14
	Open. Jan. 3.	High. June 5.	Low. Apr. 24.	
†Year's range	62.95	69.76	62.94	

†To latest date named.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	June 10.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$482,002	$8,271,171	$293,301,380
Internal rev.	329,997	7,613,592	273,226,995
Corporation tax	83,538	763,947	5,619,016
Miscellaneous	141,779	3,317,512	54,201,988
Total receipts	1,037,317	19,966,223	626,349,381
Expenditures	1,343,547	17,323,731	630,169,024
Surplus	*306,229	2,642,492	*3,819,643

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was: Working balance in Treasury offices, $62,850,799; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $35,362,617.

The total balance in the general fund was $128,083,511.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Trading Active Only in Spots, and Many Issues Make Declines on the Curb.

There were a number of declines among the Curb issues yesterday, though many recovered from the low prices of the day. Some of the industrials made small gains, notably United Cigar Stores, which after declining from 238 to 236 rose to 241. Porto Rican-American advanced 5 points from the opening to 285, and R. J. Reynolds, 3 points to 236. B. F. Goodrich preferred selling "and dividend" declined ¼ to 106¾. McAndrews and Forbes sold 4 points down from the opening, and United States Lighting and Heating lost 1¼ points. The mining shares were irregular, many stocks recovering from fractional recessions, and a few closed above the opening levels. A burst of activity in Yukon Gold, which reported transactions of 6,000 shares, was one of the features. The price declined from 3¾ to 3⅝, but closed at 3 11-16.

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Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
900	*Allied Secu. Co	88	89	88	89
21	Am. Coal Prod.	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼
420	Am. Water W. G Co. pf.	98⅝	98⅝	98½	98⅝
5,000	‡B.-Am. Tob.	27⅞	28⅛	27¾	27⅞
100	B. F. Goodrich Co., (new)	82	82	82	82
275	B. F. Goodrich Co. pf. & div.	107	107	106¾	106¾
475	Hav. Tobacco	8⅝	8⅝	7	7
450	L.-W. Bis. Co.	37	37⅛	37	37
200	L.-W. B. Co. pf.	102⅞	103	102⅞	103
60	McA. & Forbes	188	188	184	184
2,200	Man. Transit	2½	2½	2⅜	2 7-16
500	Mar. of A., new	8⅝	9	8⅝	9
1,200	*Mays Oil	28	29	28	28
30	Porto R.-Am. T.	280	285	280	285
872	R. J. Reynolds	233	236	233	236
60	Standard Oil of New Jersey	383	383	380	382
1,200	United Cigar S.	238	241	236	241
250	U. S. L. & Ht., new	21½	21½	20¼	20¼
100	U. S. Motor	3½	3½	3½	3½
100	U. S. Motor pf.	11½	11½	11½	11½
80	J. S. Youngs	181	181	181	181
	MINING STOCKS.				
8,000	Braden Copper	6¼	7	6¾	6⅞
1,750	Brit. Col. Cop.	5⅞	6	5¾	6
2,000	*C. O. D. Con.	11	11	10	10
900	Con. Ariz. Sm.	11-16	11-16	⅝	⅝
800	Davis-Daly Cop	2¼	2¼	2⅛	2⅛
8,000	Diamond F. D.	11	11	9	10
11,000	El Paso Con.	1	1 1-16	96	99
500	Florence	90	95	90	90
500	Giroux Mining	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
700	Greene-Cananea	10	10⅛	10	10⅛
200	Kerr Lake	2⅞	2⅞	2¾	2¾
100	La Rose Con.	3½	3½	3½	3½
8,000	Mason Valley	13⅛	13¼	12½	12⅝
500	McKin.-Dar.	1 13-16	1 13-16	1 13-16	1 13-16
100	Motherlode Gold	15-16	15-16	15-16	15-16
1,700	Nevada Hills	2⅛	2⅛	2 1-16	2⅛
1,000	Nip. Mines Co.	7⅝	7⅞	7¾	7⅞
600	Ohio Copper	1⅝	1⅝	1 9-16	1 9-16
120	Silver K. Con.	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
850	South Live Oak	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
500	Stewart	1¼	1¼	1 3-16	1¼
1,000	*Temiskaming	41	41	41	41
500	Tonopah Ext.	1⅞	1 15-16	1⅞	1 15-16
3,500	Tuolumne Cop.	3⅞	4⅝	3⅞	4 5-16
8,000	*Wetlauf. S. M.	55	56	50	52
6,000	Yukon Gold M.	3¾	3¾	3⅝	3 11-16
	BONDS.				
$1,000	Brad Cop. 6s	146½	146½	146½	146½
1,000	N. Y. State 4s, new	100½	100½	100½	100½
25,000	N. Y. Tel. 4½s	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞

*Sells cents per share. ‡Ex dividend.

Note.—Not reported yesterday $2,000 Western Pacific 5s at 84.

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The bid and asked prices of listed stocks and bonds, of which there were no sales on the Curb yesterday, make these comparisons with those of Monday:

INDUSTRIALS.

	June 11. Bid.	Asked.	June 10. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Coal Prod. pf.	109¾	110	109¾	110
Am. Writing Paper	3⅞	4	3⅞	4
At., Gulf & W. I.	7	8	7	8
At., Gulf & W. I. pf.	13	15	13	15
Baldwin Locomotive	53¾	54¼	53¾	54¼
Bay State Gas	½	⅝	½	⅝
Borden's Con. Milk	128	129	128	129
‡Borden's Cond. M. pf.	107	108	107	108
Con. Rubber Tire	16	18	16	18¾
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	55	59	55	59
B. F. Goodrich Co.	81½	82½	81⅝	83
B. F. G. Co., pf. flat	108½	108¾	108½	108¾
Havana Tobacco pf.	..	17	18	19½
Houston Oil	14½	15	14½	15
Houston Oil pf.	67	68	67	68
Inter. Rubber t. c.	15½	16⅞	15½	17
International Salt	3	6	3	6
J. I. Case pf.	102	103	102	103
Kayser	83	90	83	90
Kayser pf.	107	109	107	109
Kolb Bakery pf.	98½	98¾	98½	98¾
S. S. Kresge	51	52	51	52
L. V. Coal Sales Co.	244	248	244	248
Standard Oil (old)	880	910	860	890
Standard Oil, (N. Y.)	427	429	427	429
Standard Oil Subsid.	500	510	470	490
Studebaker Co.	36	38	36½	38
Studebaker Co. pf.	94	96	95½	96
Sulzberger pf.	99	101	99	101
U. S. L. & H. pf. new	87	90	87	90
F. W. Woolworth	86½	88	87	88
F. W. Wool. pf. flat	116	118	116	118
RAILROADS.				
Am. Light & Traction	315	..	315	..
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	108	110	108	110
MINING STOCKS.				
*Beaver Consolidated	44	46	45	47
Big Four	46	48	48	50
Caledonia Mining	68	75	65	75
First National	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2¾
Gold Hill	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
Guggenheim Explor.	218	230	218	230
International S. & R.	120	123¼	120	123¼
Keystone	2⅞	3	2⅞	3
Mines of America	3	3¼	3	3¼
*Nev.-Utah M. & S.	5	7	5	7
Pacific Smelters	⅛	3-16	⅛	¼
South Utah M. & S.	⅝	⅞	¾	⅞
Tonopah Mining	7	7⅛	7	7⅛
Tri-Bullion	½	9-16	7-16	9-16
Union Mines	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
United Copper	¾	1	¾	1
United Copper pf.	8	20	8	20
BONDS.				
Braden Copper 7s	144	147	144	147
Inspira. Con. conv. 6s	104	105	104	105
Mason Valley 6s	128	133	132	135
Miami Copper 6s	150	156	150	156
N. Y. City 4¼s	101	101¼	101	101¼
Western Pacific 5s	84	85	84	85

*Sells cents per share. ‡Ex dividend.

Note.—Not reported yesterday, $2,000 Western Pacific 5s at 84.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

Name of Company.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
The Atlantic Refin. Co.	383	390	385	395
Borne-Scrymser	100	175	100	175
The Buckeye P. L. Co.	135	142	139	145
Chese. Mfg. Co., Cons.	675	725	680	730
Colonial Oil Co.	130	160	125	160
Continental Oil	800	900	800	900
The Crescent Pipe Line	53	58	55	60
Cumberland P. L., Inc.	70	80	70	80
The Eureka P. L.	295	310	295	310
Galena-Signal Oil	225	235	225	235
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	135	143	135	145
Indiana Pipe Line	90	95	90	95
National Transit	36	40	37	40
New York Transit	290	305	295	310
Northern Pipe Line	105	115	105	115
The Ohio Oil Co.	92	95	93	96
The Prairie Oil & Gas	260	270	260	275
The Solar Refining Co.	450	525	450	550
Southern Pipe Line	195	205	195	200
South Penn. Oil Co.	575	600	575	600
South Wst. Penn. P. L.	142	148	145	155
The Stand. Oil (Cal.)	155	165	160	170
The Stand. Oil (Ind.)	220	230	225	235
The Stand. Oil (Kans.)	190	210	200	215
The Stand. Oil (Ken.)	375	400	375	400
The Stand. Oil (Neb.)	200	225	210	230
The Stand. Oil (N. Y.)	420	430	420	435
The Stand. Oil (Ohio)	172	183	170	185
Swan & Finch Co.	175	250	175	225
Swan & Finch, war.	75	150	75	125
Union Tank Line Co.	50	53	50	55
Vacuum Oil Co.	158	165	160	170
Washington Oil Co.	20	30	20	30
Waters-Pierce Oil	1,000	1,400	1,000	1,300
Anglo-American Oil	23⅛	23½	23½	24
Stand. Oil, N. J.	380	385	380	385
St. O., sub., "en bloc"	500	525	500	525
St. O., old st. "all on"	880	910	880	910

Standard Oil subsidiaries "en bloc" and old stock "all on" quotations include all stock dividends and Swan & Finch warrants and the new Vacuum Oil Stock paid up.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

This list comprises those tobacco stocks not listed on the Stock Exchange:

	June 11. Bid.	Asked.	June 10. Bid.	Asked.
British-American	27¾	27⅞	27¾	28
Conley Foil	290	300	290	300
Johnson Tinfoil & Met.	190	200	190	200
J. H. Young	180	183	178	183
MacAndrews & Forbes	183	186	185	190
Porto Rico-American	278	285	285	295
R. J. Reynolds	235	240	232	237
United Cigar Stores	240	241	237	240

Boston Curb Closing Prices.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Bay St. G.	27	28	Goldf'd C.	4⅜	4½
Bohemia	3¾	4	La Rose C.	3½	3 9-16
Boston Ely.	1½	1⅝	Majestic C.	56	58
Cactus	11	13	New Baltic	3⅛	3¼
Calaveras	2 13-16	2 15-16	Oneco	2⅜	2½
Chemung	5	5¼	Ohio Copper	1½	1⅝
Chief Cons.	1⅜	1½	Raven	31	34
Cons. Ariz.	65	70	R. I. Coal	28	31
Davis-Daly	2 3-16	2¼	South Lake	10	10½
First Nat.	2⅞	2 15-16			

CANAL BILL AMENDED.

Senate Modifies Provision Against the Railroad-Owned Ships.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The Senate Committee on Interoceanic Canals ordered a report on the Panama Canal bill today, making important changes in the general legislation embodied in the measure as it passed the House. The sweeping provision in the House bill forbidding the ownership of any competing or possibly competing steamship line by a railroad is eliminated. In its place is inserted a much narrower provision forbidding steamships owned directly or indirectly by a railroad from passing through the canal when engaged in the coastwise trade.

Even this comparatively restricted prohibition is further limited to enable ships owned by railroads to use the canals freely when engaged in transoceanic trade with Europe or the Orient. And these ships, while making for their oversea destination, are permitted to stop at any number of American ports, and to that extent do a coastwise trade. Ships ordinarily in the transoceanic trade, however, when not actually on such a voyage, are prohibited from entering the coastwise trade in any way. The ocean voyages are construed strictly so as not to apply to voyages to Canada, Mexico, Central, or South America.

Like the House bill, the Senate measure provides for the fixing of canal tolls by the President, but an amendment is inserted forbidding him to change rates once established without six months' notice. The House provision exempting American ships in the coastwise trade from tolls is retained.

An important addition to the House bill made by the Senate Committee exempts American ships in foreign trade from all tolls in case the owners of the ships agree that the United States Government may take over the ships at their actual value in case of war or other great emergency. The object of this addition is apparent. It will give the United States, it is hoped, the nucleus for a possible transport service without the expense incident to buying and maintaining vessels. The reason why only ocean-going ships in foreign trade are included in this provision is because only vessels of that class would be of real value as transports.

The Senators voted to retain at least a part of the Canal Commission after the canal is completed. Where the House provided for the administration of the canal and the zone by a Governor and other subordinate officials, the Senate provided simply for reducing the present commission of five members to three, and giving them the local authority under the President. The President of the reduced commission, with a salary of $10,000 a year, would be an engineer officer. Another of the commissioners would be a man skilled in sanitation in the tropics, and the third would be a civilian. The last two commissioners would receive salaries of $9,000.

The House bill contained a provision authorizing the President to establish a wireless telegraph service in the zone. The Senate Committee adds to that provision a further authorization for his entering into agreements with private wireless companies to supplement or replace any Government service.

It is certain that the bill in some form will pass the Senate at this session. In all tentative schedules made out in either House for adjournment this bill is included as essential. It is realized that before another measure can be drawn next year the canal will have been so nearly completed that the delay would result in administrative difficulties as well as cause a positive hardship to the commercial world, which is waiting now to learn under what terms it can receive the benefits of the waterway.

MAY CHANGE BANK POLICY.

Treasury Opposed to Small Capital in Sections of Large Cities.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The policy of the Treasury Department permitting the organization of small National banks in the suburban sections of large cities may be changed. The question is being considered by Secretary MacVeagh and Attorney General Wickersham. The issue has been raised anew by numerous applications for Federal charters for banks of $50,000 capital to be organized in certain sections of great cities.

The National Bank act stipulates that a bank of $25,000 capital may be organized in a place of less than 3,000 inhabitants and a bank of $50,000 caiptal in a place of less than 6,000 people, but in cities of 50,000, banks must be capitalized at $200,000 at least. The solicitor of the Treasury has held that the word place gives the Controller of the Currency authority to consider distinct portions of a city as separate from the city within the meaning of the law. Coney Island has thus been regarded as separate from Brooklyn.

The matter probably will be determined by a suit which the Controller of the Currency has instituted for the revocation of the charter of the First National Bank of Capitol Hill, a suburb of Oklahoma City, Okla. This institution, with a capital of $25,000, was organized when Capitol Hill was less than 3,000 people and was separate from Oklahoma City. It has now been included within the city and the bank has removed to the centre of the municipality.

This is the second suit in the history of the country for the revocation of the charter of a National Bank.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

By far the largest trading on the Consolidated Stock Exchange was in the forenoon, when prices were breaking heavily under general selling movement. With the pressure relaxing, prices rallied somewhat, but the tone continued rather uncertain to the close. Uncovering of numerous stop loss orders accelerated the early downward movement. Trading sentiment at the start was decidedly bearish. Reading and American Can were particularly weak, but practically the whole list suffered severely. Colorado Fuel was about the only prominent stock that made a substantial gain in the face of the decline elsewhere.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
3,530	Amal. Copper	85⅝	85⅝	84⅛	85⅜
690	Am. Beet Sugar	74½	74½	73¼	74
3,650	Am. Can	36	36	33	34
240	Am. Can pf.	117⅛	117⅛	116⅜	116⅜
10	Am. Cotton Oil	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛
10	Am. Ice	26½	26½	26½	26½
1,590	Am. Smelting	85⅞	85⅞	84⅜	85¼
540	Am. Sugar	132⅛	132⅛	130⅝	131¼
350	Anaconda Cop.	44	44	43¼	43⅜
290	At., T. & S. F.	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	106⅜
10	Balt. & Ohio	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
110	Brooklyn R. T.	88⅛	88⅛	87⅞	88⅛
120	Can. Pacific	263⅜	264	262⅛	264
40	Cent. Leather	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜
40	Ches. & Ohio	78	78	77⅝	77⅝
1,360	C., M. & St. P.	103⅞	103⅞	102⅛	103⅛
10	Chi. & Northw.	134⅛	134⅛	134⅛	134⅛
10	Chino Copper	33	33	33	33
1,980	Col. Fuel & I.	29⅛	32⅛	29	32⅛
20	Consol. Gas	141⅝	141⅝	141¼	141⅝
680	Erie	34⅜	34⅜	34	34⅛
290	Gt. North. pf.	133⅛	133⅛	132⅞	133
20	Gt. N. Ore. cfs.	40⅞	41⅛	40⅞	41⅛
10	Inter.-Met.	20	20	19⅞	19⅞
50	Inter.-Met. pf.	57⅝	57⅝	57⅛	57⅝
1,540	Lehigh Valley	173⅛	173⅛	171	172
20	Louis. & Nash.	157⅛	157⅛	156⅞	157
320	Mo. Pacific	36⅞	36⅞	36¾	36⅞
10	Nat. Lead	57	57	57	57
40	Nevada Con.	22	22¼	22	22¼
120	N. Y. Central	118⅛	118⅛	117⅝	117⅞
10	N. Y., O. & W.	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛
290	Nor. Pacific	119⅛	119⅛	119	119⅛
20	Pacific Mail	33	33	33	33
80	Pennsylvania	123⅛	123⅛	123⅛	123⅛
10	Peoples Gas	114⅛	114⅛	114⅛	114⅛
5,620	Reading	169⅛	169⅛	166	167¼
410	Rock Island	24⅛	24⅛	23⅞	24⅛
120	Rock Island pf.	49⅛	49⅛	48⅛	48⅞
60	Southern Pac.	110	110	109	109⅞
20	Southern Ry.	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛
100	Tenn. Copper	42⅞	43	42⅞	42⅞
7,560	Union Pacific	169⅛	169⅛	167⅞	168⅛
30	U. S. Rubber pf.	63⅛	63⅛	63⅛	63⅛
18,320	U. S. Steel	70	70	68⅞	68⅞
60	U. S. Steel pf.	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛
230	Utah Copper	63⅛	63⅛	62⅞	63⅛
160	Wabash pf.	17⅛	17⅛	16⅞	16⅞
40	West. Union	83	83	83	83
51,150					
	MINING STOCKS.				
800	Atlanta	.27½	.27½	.27½	.27½
150	Belmont	10.12½	10.12½	10.12½	10.12½
600	C. O. D.	.11	.11	.11	.11
500	Daisy	.10	.10	.10	.10
500	Florence	1.00	1.00	.97½	.97½
1,000	Isabella	.12½	.12½	.12½	.12½
400	Jim Butler	.49½	.49½	.49½	.49½
800	Jumbo Ext.	.36	.36	.36	.36
100	Mexican	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70
50	Ontario	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
100	Ophir	1.17½	1.17½	1.17½	1.17½
600	Silver Pick	.14½	.14½	.14½	.14½
5,100					

BOURSES OF EUROPE

Americans Weaken After Opening in London—Paris Trading Dull—Berlin Quiet.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, June 12.—The London Times in its City article to-day says:

"There was little inquiry for money yesterday, and in the afternoon, when the supply increased to some extent, the rate for day-to-day advances fell away under 2 per cent. Balances remained until at the close, but in several cases terms for short fixtures were unaltered.

"The India Council continues to renew loans, the volume of business being still small. Rates gave way about 1-16 per cent. for most dates. Quotations for six months paper were nominally maintained by most houses, but it was not easy to obtain bills of maturity.

"A trifling increase in the discount rate may be attributed to the reduction in the Reichsbank's rate. With regard to the latter President Havenstein said that the last returns were comparatively satisfactory, and there was an evident reduction in tension. The Bank decided to reduce the rate because there was a hope that successful efforts would be made to restrict credit. The money market was not, however, easy. Very heavy claims upon it must be expected by the end of the quarter. He hoped the banks would continue to exercise restraint, and that would thus possibly keep the official rates of discount at a lower level until the Autumn.

"In most departments of the Stock Exchange business was even less active than on Monday, the only exception being the home railway market, which showed a better tendency in the afternoon.

"After opening dull Consols and most other high-class investment stocks were again depressed, owing chiefly to the fact that capital was loaded fully with securities of this class before the appearance of the New Zealand debentures, for which they now expected to make room.

"The American market, after a show of support from Wall Street, was weakened by sales from that quarter. Canadian Pacifics suffered in the same way.

"The Berlin mining settlement presented no features of interest. The fact that the settlement generally begins to-day helped to diminish the volume of business.

"Although the Marconi report is considered satisfactory some disappointment was expressed by optimistic bulls at the dividend policy of the Directors. The market for shares opened weak, the shares of the parent company falling rather sharply to 5⅝ at the opening; subsequently they recovered.

PARIS, June 11.—Trading was dull on the Bourse to-day. Prices moved irregularly.

Three per cent. rentes, 93f. 67½c., for the account.

BERLIN, June 11.—Trading was quiet on the Boerse to-day. The markets were not affected by the reduction in the discount rate of the Imperial Bank of Germany, owing to the fear that it will be short lived, since the lowering of the rate was accompanied by a Directors' warning to banks not to grant excessive credit. If this warning is heeded the rate can be maintained until Autumn, but otherwise a re-raising of the rate will be necessary in a few weeks.

Private discount rate, 4 per cent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	76 5-16	..	..	— ¼
Consols, account	76 7-16	..	..	— ¼
Anaconda	9	43⅞	44⅜	— ½
Atchison	109⅛	106⅜	107	— ½
Canadian Pacific	270	263	264⅝	— 1⅜
St. Paul	105⅛	102⅞	104	— 1⅛
Erie	35⅝	34⅝	35	— ⅛
Erie 1st pf.	54	52⅝	52¼	— ⅜
Illinois Central	130	126⅝	127	+ ⅜
Louis. & Nash.	162¼	158⅛	158½	— ⅜
N. Y. Central	121¼	118⅛	118⅝	— ⅝
Pennsylvania	63½	123⅝	124¼	— ½
Reading	86½	168⅛	169½	— 1
Southern Pacific	113	110⅛	110⅝	— ½
Union Pacific	172¾	168⅛	169⅝	— 1⅜
U. S. Steel	70⅝	68⅞	70⅛	— 1¼
U. S. Steel pf.	113⅝	110⅞	111	— ⅛

Exchange 4.87.

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German Government 3½s	89¼	90½
German Government 3s	79¼	81
Prussian consol 4s	100¼	101¼
Bavarian Government 4s	99½	100½
Saxony Government 3s	79¼	80⅝
Hamburg Government 3s	79¼	80⅛
City of Berlin 4s	99⅝	100⅝
City of Cologne 4s	99⅝	100⅝
City of Munich 4s	99½	100
City of Frankfurt 3½s	90⅛	91¼
City of Vienna 4s	90	91¼
Russian Government 4s	92½	93¼
Mexican Government gold 5s	98	100

METAL MARKET REPORT.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday a generally steady tone was shown. Copper was slightly higher in the bid for nearby deliveries. Tin was irregular, at a slight recession in the bid, 25 tons of spot selling at 47.45, 25 at 47.40, 25 at 47.35, 25 at 47.37½, 75 tons of July at 45.00, and 25 tons at 44.90. Lead sales included 50,000 pounds of New York spot delivery at 4.20, 50,000 pounds of St. Louis spot at 4.12½, and 350,000 pounds at 4.15.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

Standard copper—	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Spot	16.70	17.25	16.62½	17.25
June	16.75	17.25	16.62½	17.25
July	16.75	17.25	16.70	17.25
August	16.80	17.25	16.87½	17.25
September	16.80	17.37½	16.87½	17.37½
Lead	4.20	4.30	4.20	4.30
Spelter	6.90	7.00	6.90	7.00
Tin	47.40	48.25	47.75	48.00

The following prices obtained on the Metal Exchange in London yesterday for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These final figures compare with Monday's closing prices:

	Tuesday. £. s. d.	Monday. £. s. d.
Copper, spot	77 18 9	78 5 0
Copper, futures	78 11 3	78 17 6
Pig tin, spot	206 0 0	206 10 0
Pig tin, futures	195 15 0	196 10 0

The market ended easy. Spanish pig lead was down 2s 6d, at £17 10s. Spelter was unchanged, at £25 15s. Cleveland warrants were up 1½s, at 54s 1½d.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s, Mch., 1962, l'chg.	100⅝	100⅞	100⅝	100⅞
4½s, Sept., 1960, l'chg.	100⅝	101⅛	100⅝	101⅛
4½s, Mch., '30-60, l'chg.	101	101⅛	101	101⅛
4½s, Nov., 1957, l'chg.	107	107¼	107	107¼
4½s, May, 1957, l'chg.	107	107¼	107	107¼
4½s, Nov., 1917, l'chg.	101⅞	102¼	101⅞	102¼
4½s, May, 1917, l'chg.	101⅞	102¼	101⅞	102¼
4s, May, 1959, l'chg.	99¼	99⅝	99¼	99⅝
4s, Nov., 1958, l'chg.	99¼	99⅝	99¼	99⅝
4s, May, 1957, l'chg.	99¼	99⅝	99¼	99⅝
4s, Nov., 1955-6, reg.	99¼	99⅝	99¼	99⅝
4s, Nov., 1936, reg.	97¾	98¼	98	98⅜
4s, 1918-1919, l'chg.	99½	100	99½	100
3½s, Nov., 1954, l'chg.	86¼	86⅞	86¼	86⅞
3½s, May, 1954, coup.	86⅜	86⅞	86⅜	86⅞
3½s, 1950-1954, reg.	86¼	86⅞	86⅜	86⅞
3½s, Nov., 1941, reg.	88½	89	88½	89
3½s, Nov., 1929, reg.	91	91⅞	91¼	91⅞

$18,000 Verdict Against the Central.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 11.—A Supreme Court jury this morning returned a verdict of $18,375 against the New York Central Railroad in favor of Mrs. Margaret A. Hogan, as damages for the death of her husband. Hogan, an engineer, was crushed between his engine and the wall of a roundhouse.

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100 Federal Sugar Pfd. Stock
50 General Baking Com. & Pfd. Stock
100 Internat. Agricultural Corp. Pfd. Stock
100 Internat. Motor Com. & Pfd. Stock
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20 Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Stock
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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Tuesday, June 11, 1912.

Total sales June 11, 1912.......... 522,972
From Jan. 1, 1912.......... 65,631,625
Same period last year.......... 48,525,471

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
85	85¼	34,140	Amalgamated Copper	85⅝	85⅞	84⅝	85⅛	−1⅛
60¾	61	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	61	61	61	61	− ½
73⅞	74⅛	7,600	Am. Beet Sugar	74⅞	75	73	73⅞	− ⅝
100½	101	100	Am. Beet Sugar pf.	100½	100½	100½	100½	+ ¼
34	34¼	21,400	Am. Can	36⅜	36⅜	33	34¼	−2
116½	117½	2,075	Am. Can pf.	117¾	117¾	116⅛	116½	−2½
58½	58¾	800	Am. Car & Fdry. x d.	59	59	58½	58½	− ⅞
53	53½	400	Am. Cotton Oil	53½	53½	53	53	− ⅝
24	25¼	100	Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼	+1⅛
26	26¾	1,000	Am. Ice Securities	26½	26½	25½	25½	−1
14	14⅝	100	Am. Linseed	14½	14½	14½	14½	...
41½	41⅞	650	Am. Locomotive	42½	42½	41¾	41¾	− ½
15	15¼	900	Am. Malt	14⅝	15	14½	15	+ ⅛
58⅞	59	900	Am. Malt pf.	58¾	59	58⅜	58¾	+ ¼
84¾	85⅛	5,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	85¼	85⅝	84⅛	85⅛	− ⅝
107½	107⅞	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	+ ⅝
89⅛	89½	100	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B.	89¼	89¼	89¼	89¼	− ¼
161	162½	1,150	Am. Snuff	163	163	158½	161	−2
131	131¼	4,550	Am. Sugar Refining	132½	132½	130¼	131¼	−1¼
145¾	146	900	Am. Teleph. & Teleg.	145¾	145¾	145½	145¾	...
291	293	1,100	Am. Tobacco	295	295	289	292½	−2½
105¼	105½	1,100	Am. Tobacco pf. new	105¼	105¼	105	105⅛	+ ⅛
90¼	91½	200	Am. Woolen pf.	91½	91½	91	91	− ¾
86¼	88	200	Am. Writing Paper pf.	86¼	86¼	86¼	86¼	− ½
43⅞	44	6,370	Anaconda Copper Co.	44½	44½	43¾	43⅞	− ½
106⅝	107	2,570	Atch., Top. & S. F.	106⅞	106⅞	106⅜	106⅞	− ⅞
103½	103¾	200	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	103½	103½	103½	103½	...
140½	141¼	815	Atlantic Coast Line	140½	140½	139¾	139¾	−1¼
107⅝	108	200	Baldwin Loco. pf.	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾	− ⅛
108¼	108½	1,300	Baltimore & Ohio	108½	108½	107¾	108½	− ⅞
87½	88	300	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	87½	87½	87½	87½	...
86¼	87	400	Bethlehem Steel	87¼	87¼	86⅜	86⅜	−1⅛
70⅛	70½	100	Bethlehem Steel pf.	70½	70½	70½	70½	−1½
142	144	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	144	144	144	144	+1½
88⅛	88¼	7,100	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	88⅞	89	87¾	88¼	− ⅝
263¼	263⅝	5,750	Canadian Pacific	264	264	262½	263½	− ⅞
25	26	200	Central Leather Co.	25½	25½	25½	25½	− ½
77⅞	78	1,700	Chesapeake & Ohio	78	78⅛	77⅞	78	...
83½	84½	300	Chi. Gt. Western pf.	83	83	83	83	− ¾
103	103½	10,725	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	103⅜	103⅜	102	103	−1
140½	141½	200	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	142	142	141	141	−1
135½	136½	1,200	Chi. & Northwestern	135½	135½	135	135½	+ ½
32¾	33	3,300	Chino Copper	33½	33½	32⅝	33	− ½
31¾	31⅞	11,200	Colorado Fuel & Iron	29½	32½	29½	31⅞	+3¼
140½	141	1,300	Consolidated Gas	141½	141½	140¼	140⅜	−1
15⅛	15¼	200	Corn Products Ref.	15¼	15¼	15⅛	15⅛	− ½
81½	82¼	100	Corn Products Ref. pf.	82	82	82	82	−1
167¼	168½	300	Delaware & Hudson	168½	168½	168¼	168¼	− ¼
19⅝	20½	100	Denver & Rio Grande	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	− ⅜
35½	36	100	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼	+ ¾
33⅜	33½	600	Distillers' Securities	33¼	33⅜	32⅞	33⅜	+ ¼
34¼	34½	4,000	Erie	34⅜	34⅜	34	34⅜	+ ⅝
52½	53	400	Erie 1st pf.	52½	52⅝	52¼	52½	...
41⅝	42	100	Erie 2d pf.	42	42	42	42	− ⅞
108	111½	300	General Chemical pf.	111	111	111	111	...
169	169½	600	General Electric	168⅞	169	168¼	169	−1
185	191	200	Geo. W. Helme Co.	187	187	185	185	−4
4⅜	4½	4,600	Goldfield Consol	4½	4½	4⅜	4½	+ ⅛
133	133¼	4,600	Great Northern pf.	133½	133½	132¾	133	− ⅜
40¾	41¼	600	Gt. N. certs. ore prop.	41¼	41¼	40⅞	40⅞	−1
126⅜	126¾	500	Illinois Central	127	127	126½	126⅜	− ¼
19¼	19⅝	425	Inspiration Con. Cop.	19½	19½	19⅜	19½	− ½
19⅞	20	1,600	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs.	20	20	19⅝	20	− ¼
57½	57⅝	2,400	Inter.-Met. pf.	58¼	58¼	57¼	57½	− ½
118½	120½	50	Int. Harvester	118½	118½	118½	118½	...
17½	17¾	700	Int. Paper	17½	17¾	17½	17½	− ½
59½	60	200	Int. Paper pf.	60⅞	60⅞	60	60	− ¼
25	26	100	Int. Steam Pump	25	25	25	25	−1
79	80	100	Int. Steam Pump pf.	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞	+ ⅛
24½	25	400	Kansas City South.	25	25	24¾	24¾	+ ⅛
58	60	100	Kan. City South. pf.	58	58	58	58	− ⅜
34	40	100	Lackawanna Steel	35	35	35	35	− ½
105	106	200	Laclede Gas	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼	− ¾
38	39	100	Lake Erie & West. pf.	38½	38½	38½	38½	−1¼
171¾	172¼	29,900	Lehigh Valley	173½	173½	171⅛	172	−2
199½	202	520	Liggett & Myers	198	200	198	199¾	−2¾
112	113	600	Liggett & Myers pf.	112⅝	112⅝	112½	112½	...
157¼	157¾	1,900	Louisville & Nash.	158	158	156½	157½	−1
68½	69¾	100	Mackay Cos. pf.	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝	− ¼
78	79	100	May Dept. Stores	78¼	78¼	78¼	78¼	+1
67¾	68	2,600	Mexican Petroleum	68	68	67	67⅞	− ½
27⅞	28	2,600	Miami Copper	28	28	27½	28	− ⅛
140¼	142	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	140⅞	140⅞	140⅞	140⅞	+ ⅛
27½	27⅝	900	Mo., Kan. & Texas	28	28	27¼	27½	− ½
60	61½	100	Mo., Kan. & T. pf.	60	60	60	60	−1
36¼	36½	3,600	Missouri Pacific	36⅞	36⅞	36	36½	− ½
155⅝	157	400	Nat. Biscuit Co.	156½	156½	156	156	...
57	58	600	Nat. Lead Co.	57¾	57¾	56⅞	56⅞	− ⅞
108	109½	100	Nat. Lead Co. pf.	109½	109½	109½	109½	+2
30¼	31	800	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	31½	31½	30¼	30¼	−1
22⅛	22¼	3,800	Nev. Consol. Copper	22⅜	22⅜	22	22⅛	− ¼
75½	76	1,100	New York Air Brake	74½	76	74½	76	+ ⅛
118	118½	1,600	New York Central	118⅜	118⅜	117⅞	118	− ⅜
37	37½	150	N. Y., Ont. & West.	37½	37½	37½	37½	...
88¾	89⅜	100	N. Y. State Railways	89	89	89	89	+ ⅝
111⅛	111¼	700	Norfolk & Western	111¾	111¾	111	111⅛	− ½
83	83¼	400	North American	82	83	82	83	− ¼
119½	119⅝	2,900	Northern Pacific	119½	119⅝	119⅛	119½	− ¼
33⅛	33½	400	Pacific Mail	33	33¼	32¾	33¼	− ¼
50	51	300	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	51	51	50	50	−1⅛
99½	..	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel. pf.	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾	...
123¼	123½	3,200	Pennsylvania R. R.	123¾	123¾	123¼	123½	− ¾
114	114½	200	People's Gas, Chi.	114½	114½	114	114	−1
103	104	100	Philadelphia Co.	103	103	103	103	−1
191½	196	520	P. Lorillard Co.	192	192	191	191	−2
88½	89¾	300	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	88¾	89	88¾	89	− ¾
35	35½	100	Pressed Steel Car	35	35	35	35	− ½
20¾	20⅞	9,690	Ray Consol. Copper	21¼	21¼	20⅝	20¾	− ¼
166¾	166⅞	127,900	Reading	169⅝	169⅝	165¾	166⅞	−2⅝
87¾	88	472	Reading 1st pf.	88	88	88	88	−2
95	98	300	Reading 2d pf.	97	97	97	97	−1½
23½	24	100	Rep. Iron & Steel	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼	−1
78½	79	400	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	79	79	78⅛	78½	−1½
24¼	24¾	8,300	Rock Island Co.	24½	24½	23½	24½	− ⅝
49½	49¾	2,000	Rock Island Co. pf.	50	50	48¾	49¾	− ⅜
33⅝	33⅞	500	St. Louis Southwest'n	33	33⅞	33	33⅞	+ ⅛
76¼	77	200	St. L. Southwest'n pf.	76	76¼	76	76¼	− ¼
25¼	26	600	Seaboard Air Line	25⅜	25½	25	25½	− ½
55⅜	55½	2,300	Seaboard Air Line pf.	55½	55½	54⅞	55½	− ½
188¾	189	300	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	188	188¾	188	188¾	− ¼
108⅞	109	3,900	Southern Pacific	110⅝	110⅝	109	109	−1⅝
28¼	28½	1,600	Southern R'way ext.	28½	28½	28¼	28¼	− ⅝
73¾	74	1,300	South. R'way pf., ext.	74	74	73½	73⅞	− ⅜
27½	28	210	Standard Milling	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	+ ⅜
43¼	43¾	1,400	Tennessee Copper	43	43½	42	43½	− ½
109¼	110	1,100	Texas Co.	110½	110½	109	109	−1½
23¼	23¾	200	Texas & Pacific	24	24	23¾	23¾	− ¼
38½	39½	200	Third Avenue, new	38½	38½	38½	38½	− ½
107½	108	700	Underw'd Typewriter	107	107	106⅝	107	−1¾
11⅝	12¼	600	Union Bag & Paper	12	12	11⅝	11½	− ⅝
168⅞	169	30,150	Union Pacific	169½	169½	167⅞	169	− ⅝
90	90½	900	Union Pacific pf.	90¼	90¼	90⅛	90⅛	...
61⅝	62	100	United Cigar Mfrs.	62	62	62	62	...
20	21⅝	100	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	21	21	21	21	+ ⅞
58	58½	310	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf.	57¾	58⅛	57¾	58	− ¼
39½	40¼	900	U. S. Ind. Alcohol	40⅞	40⅞	40	40	− ½
103	103¾	300	U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf.	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾	+ ⅞
75½	76½	200	U. S. Realty & Imp.	75¾	75¾	75¾	75¾	− ¾
63¼	63½	1,600	U. S. Rubber	63⅝	63⅝	62¾	63½	− ⅝
111¼	111⅞	100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	111⅞	111⅞	111⅞	111⅞	...
81½	82⅛	100	U. S. Rubber 2d pf.	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝	+ ⅝
68¾	68⅞	93,400	U. S. Steel	69⅞	69⅞	68¼	68¾	−1⅜
110¾	111	850	U. S. Steel pf.	110⅞	110⅞	110⅝	110¾	− ¼
63	63¼	4,700	Utah Copper	63½	63½	62¾	63	−1
50⅜	50¾	400	Va.-Caro. Chemical	50¾	50¾	50⅜	50⅜	− ⅜
20½	25	100	Vulcan Detinning	23	23	23	23	+1
6¾	7	1,800	Wabash	6½	6⅞	6½	6⅞	+ ⅜
17	17¼	900	Wabash pf.	17⅜	17½	16¾	17	− ⅜
57⅜	57½	400	Western Maryland	57⅝	57⅝	57⅛	57⅜	− ⅞
83	83¼	200	Western Union Tel.	83	83	83	83	− ½
72	73	600	Westinghouse E. & M.	72½	72½	72	72½	−1
202	..	30	Weyman-Bruton Co.	203	203	203	203	...
52½	55	100	Wisconsin Central	53½	53½	53½	53½	−3½

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales June 11, 1912.......... $1,986,000
From Jan. 1, 1912.......... 374,614,500
Same period last year.......... 420,418,500

Panama 3s, coupon
5,000 .... 101⅝
Jap Gov 4½s, sterl loan, 2d Series
2,000 .... 91¼
4s, sterl loan
7,000 85
500 .... 84¾
Sao Paulo 5s
3,000 .... 97⅝
U S of Mexico 5s
6,000 .... 96⅛
N Y State 4s, 1958
1,000 .... 100⅛
4s, 1961
40,000 101
Va 6s, def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs
1,000 .... 47½
20,000 47
N Y City 4s, 1959
13,000 .... 99½
1,000 .... 99⅝
N Y City 4¼s
61,000 .... 101¼
5,000 .... 101⅜
4¼s, 1962, temp rcts
67,000 .... 100⅞

Am Ice Secur 6s
3,000 80
Am Smelt Secur 6s
8,000 .... 104¾
Am T & T col 4s
10,000 .... 90⅝
1,000 .... 90½
Ann Arbor 1st 4s
1,000 .... 79⅝
Armour & Co 4½s
2,000 .... 91⅞
A, T & S F gen 4s
10,000 .... 98⅛
500 .... 97⅞
conv 4s, 1955
10,000 .... 106¾
conv 4s, 1960
10,000 .... 103⅛
12,000 103
5,000 .... 102¾
5,000 .... 102½
10,000 .... 102⅞
1,000 103
conv 5s
2,000 107
Atl Coast Line 4s
1,000 .... 95⅛
3,000 95
3,000 .... 95⅛
2,000 95
Lou & N col 4s
2,000 .... 93¾
3,000 .... 93⅞
B & O pr lien 3½s
1,000 .... 91⅛
gold 4s
2,000 .... 98⅛
2,000 .... 98¼
1,000 .... 98⅛
P, L E & W V 4s
5,000 .... 90⅜
S W Div 3½s
7,000 91
Beth Steel 5s
3,000 .... 96⅞
13,000s10f 96¾
3,000 .... 96⅞
7,000 97
6,000 .... 96¾
Bost & N Y A L 4s
5,000 .... 99½
B R T gold 5s
1,000 .... 105⅝
1,000 .... 105½
ref conv 4s
6,000 90
5,000 .... 89⅞
10,000 90

Bklyn Un El 1st 5s
3,000 102
Bklyn Un Gas 5s
2,000 .... 107¾
Cent Leather 5s
2,000 .... 95⅝
Cent of N J gen 5s
1,000 .... 120½
Cent Pac gtd 4s
13,000 .... 96⅛
Ches & O gen 4½s
1,000 .... 100¼
1,000 .... 100⅜
conv 4½s
5,000 .... 93⅛
Chi & Alton 3s
3,000 .... 70⅞
Chi & Alton 3½s
6,000 .... 63½
C, B & Qy gen 4s
10,000 .... 95⅞
3,000 96
1,000 .... 95⅞
deb 5s
1,000 .... 100⅜
joint 4s
4,000 .... 96½
14,000 .... 96⅝
3,000 .... 96½
Denver Div 4s
6,000 .... 99⅝
Chi & East Ill ref & imp 4s
3,000 .... 80¼
Chi, Mil & St P conv 4½s, sub rcts, full paid
3,000 .... 102⅜
88,000 .... 102¼
4,000 .... 102⅛
10,000 102
2,000 .... 102⅛
25,000 102
18,000 .... 102⅛
Chi, M & P Sd 4s
1,000 .... 93⅛
Chi & N W gen 4s
4,000 .... 97⅞
Milwauk, Spart & N Wn 1st 4s
2,000 .... 93⅞
10,000 .... 93⅝
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s
10,000 .... 88⅝
11,000 .... 88¾
5,000 .... 88⅝
C, R I & P R R 4s
39,000 69
1,000 .... 69⅛
5,000 69
Chi, St L & N O gold 5s
2,000 .... 114⅛
Chino Copper 6s
5,000 140
Colorado Industl 5s
13,000 78
8,000 .... 79½
Col & Southn ref & ext 4½s
2,000 .... 96¾
Corn Prod Ref s f 5s, 1934
1,000 95
Del & Hud conv 4s
5,000 .... 98⅛
Den & Rio Grande 1st & ref 5s
1,000 .... 85⅝
5,000 .... 85¾
Dist Secur Corp 5s
12,000 .... 74⅝
2,000 .... 74½
Du P de N Pow 4½s
5,000 89
Erie 1st con 4s
20,000 90

Erie, Pa col tr 4s
1,000 .... 90½
Evans & Ter Hte Sull Co Br 5s
1,000 95
Genl Motors 6s
1,000 100
5,000 .... 99⅞
Gt Northn ref 4¼s
2,000 .... 100⅝
Gulf & Ship I 5s
2,000 91
Ind Steel 5s, J P M & Co tr rcts
40,000 .... 101⅛
Insp Con Cop 6s, suf rcts, 1st pd
3,500 .... 104⅛
Inter-Met 4½s
1,000 .... 81⅞
1,000 .... 81¾
2,000 .... 81⅝
2,000 .... 81¾
Inter Rap Tran 5s
5,000 .... 104⅜
Int & Gt Nor 6s
1,000 108
Internat Nav 5s
2,000 78
2,000 .... 78½
1,000 79
Internat Paper 6s
2,000 .... 103¾
1,000 .... 103⅛
conv 5s
2,000 .... 90¼
Int Stm Pump 5s
5,000 .... 92¼
Iowa Cent ref 4s
1,000 .... 64½
Kana & M 2d 5s
6,000 .... 98½
K C, Ft S & M 4s
3,000 .... 79½
Kan City & P 4s
10,000 91
Kan City So 5s
1,000s6f 98
Lack Steel 5s, 1915
1,000 .... 93⅜
1950
2,000 c 81
Lake Sh & Mich So 4s, 1928
2,000 .... 93⅜
1931
2,000 .... 93¼
1,000 .... 93¼
2,000 .... 93¼
Liggett & Myers 7s, temp bonds
1,000 .... 120⅝
Liggett & My 5s
32,000 .... 94⅞
Mer Mar col tr 4½s
5,000 .... 65¼
Mex Petroleum 1st ref conv 6s, Series A
1,000 .... 98¾
2,000 99
1,000 .... 98½
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
1,000 .... 94⅞
s f 4½s
1,000 88
1,000 .... 88⅛
M, K & T of Tx 5s
1,000 .... 101¾
Mo Pac 5s, 1917
1,000 99
N Y Cent gen 3½s
1,000 87
1,000s20f 87
N Y Rys temp ref 4s
1,000 .... 78⅝
2,000 .... 78⅞
10,000 .... 78¾

1,000 .... 78¾
1,000 .... 78⅞
temp adj 5s
15,000 .... 52½
2,000 .... 52⅛
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
6,000 129
N Y Teleph 4½s
2,000 99
N Y, West & B 4½s
1,000 .... 99⅞
Norf & Wn con 4s
19,000 99
conv 4s
2,000 .... 110½
Northn Pacific 4s
9,000 .... 99¼
1,000 .... 99⅜
10,000 .... 99½
5,000 .... 99⅝
Northn Pacific 3s
2,000 69
1,000 .... 69⅛
Ore R & N con 4s
3,000 .... 94¾
Ore Short L 1st 6s
8,000 .... 112¼
Pac Tel & Tel 5s
1,000 100
13,000 .... 100⅛
Penn conv 3½s, 1912
12,000 100
500 100
500 100
1915
8,000 .... 97½
15,000 .... 97⅝
45,000 .... 97½
Penn 4s, 1948
5,000 .... 104⅛
P Lorillard Co 5s
22,000 .... 95⅛
1,000 95
11,000 .... 94⅞
12,000 .... 94¾
Pitts, C, C & St L gtd 4s, Ser D
1,000 .... 97½
Pitts, S & L E 1st 5s, 1940
4,000 .... 113⅛
Pub Serv Cor s f 5s
1,000 .... 93⅞
Reading gen 4s
12,000 98
4,000 .... 97⅞
4,000 98
1,000 .... 97⅞
Roch & Pit con 6s
5,000 115
St L, Ir Mt & So gen 5s
20,000 104
River & Gulf 4s
1,000 .... 83½
St L & San Fran R R gen 5s
1,000 87
ref 4s
1,000 78
St L S Wn 2d income 4s
10,000 82
San An & A P 4s
8,000 .... 86¾
So Pac col 4s
8,000 91
conv 4s
10,000 .... 94⅞
10,000 .... 94¾
6,000 .... 94⅞
3,000 95
1st ref 4s
10,000 .... 94⅞
10,000 .... 94¾
2,000 95
6,000 .... 94⅞

Seaboard Air Line gold 4s, stpd
5,000 .... 87½
adjustment 5s
6,000 .... 80¼
Southern Ry 1st 5s
6,000 .... 107¾
gen 4s
27,000 .... 78⅜
M & O col 4s
5,000 .... 86⅞
Stand Millg 1st 5s
5,000 .... 86½
Texas Co conv 6s
6,000 .... 99⅞
1,000 .... 99¾
Tex & Pac 1st 5s
1,000 .... 107¾
Third Av ref 4s
10,000 .... 82¾
adj 5s
4,000 .... 73½
5,000 .... 73⅜
4,000 .... 73¼
6,000 73
Tol, St L & Wn 4s
8,000 62
Union Pac 1st 4s
4,000 .... 100¼
conv 4s
10,000 .... 101¾
2,000 .... 101⅞
1st & ref 4s
8,000 .... 96½
8,000 .... 96⅝
U S Steel Cor s f 5s
8,000 .... 102¾
2,000 .... 102¼
2,000 .... 102⅜
8,000 .... 102½
2,000 .... 102⅝
5,000 .... 102¼
2,000 .... 102⅜
registered
500 .... 102½
Wabash 2d 5s
10,000 .... 99⅞
1,000 .... 99¾
5,000 .... 99⅝
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s
89,000 69
42,000 .... 68½

Cent Tr ctfs of dep, stamped
10,000 66
Eq Tr Co ctfs of dep, stpd
16,000 .... 65⅞
213,000 66
5,000 .... 65⅝
Wab, Pitts Ter 1st, Cent Tr ctfs
2,000 35
3,000 .... 34½
10,000 .... 33¾
21,000 33
5,000 .... 32¾
5,000 .... 32½
5,000 33
5,000 .... 32¾
10,000 .... 32½
10,000 32
9,000 .... 32¼
10,000 .... 32½
14,000 33
1,000 .... 33¼
5,000 .... 32⅝
Colum Tr ctfs
2,000 32
5,000 .... 31½
1,000 32
2,000 .... 32¼
9,000 .... 32½
2,000 33
Western Elec 5s
1,000 .... 101⅝
West Md 4s
3,000 87
3,000 .... 86⅞
22,000 .... 86⅝
West Shore 4s
1,000 .... 98¾
registered
10,000 .... 97½
W U Tel col tr 5s
5,000 .... 101½
Westinghouse E & M 1st conv s f 5s
3,000 s 94⅝
2,000 .... 94½
5,000 .... 94⅝
Wis Cent gen 4s
3,000 .... 92½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100½	101
2s, c, 1930	100½	101¼
3s, r, 1918	102	102¾
3s, c, 1918	102	102¾
4s, r, 1925	114	114¾
4s, c, 1925	114	114¾
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100½	101
Pan 2s, r, 1938	100½	101
Pan 3s, r, 1961	101⅝	102
Pan 3s, c, 1961	101⅝	102

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Exp.	205	220
Alb & Susq.	265½	..
Alle & W.	130½	..
Allis-Chalm.	¾	1
Do 1st pd.	2	2¼
Allis-Ch pf.	2½	10
Do 1st pd.	4⅞	5½
A A C pf.	100	100½
A B S & F.	95½	96¼
Do pf.	137½	..
A C & F pf, ex div.	116¼	119
Am Coal.	70	95
A C O pf.	94⅜	96⅞
Am Exp, ex div.	210	220
A H & L.	5	6
Am Lin pf.	37	39
Am Loc pf.	107½	108½
Am Sn pf.	100	108
A S pf, n.	100	105
Am St Fds.	36	37
A S R pf.	121	122½
A T & C.	..	77¼
Am Tob pf.	107	108
Am Woolen.	28	29½
Ann Arbor.	15	35
Do pf.	60	90
Assets Real.	120¼	123½
Assoc Oil.	..	58
Batopilas M	1⅝	1¾
Bruns Ter.	9	10
B, R & P.	112	114
Do pf.	126	150
But'k Co.	33¼	35½
Canada So.	67½	69
Cent L pf.	92	93
C R R of N J.	370	395
C & S A T.	117½	119¾
Chi & Alt.	18½	20
Do pf.	30	40
C, B & Q.	207	..
Chi Gt W.	17½	18½
C, I & L pf.	50	80
C & N W pf.	180	192
C, St P, M & Om.	130	135
Do pf.	152	160
Chi Un Tr ctfs sta.	2½	3
Do pf.	6½	7¼
C, C, C & St L.	53	57
Do pf.	100⅛	105
Cleve & P.	169	..
C F & I pf.	112	..
Col & So.	39	41
Do 1st pf.	74	75
Do 2d pf.	66½	68
Cons Coal.	102	..
Crex Carpet	82	88
Cub-Am S.	..	45
Do pf.	93	100
D, L & W.	540	550
D M & Ft D.	5	9
Det & M.	115	..
Do pf.	105	..
Det Un R.	67	70
D, S S & A	8½	10¼
Do pf.	18	21
Du P de N Pow pf.	95	96
Ev & T H pf.	..	105
F M & S.	15	17
Do pf.	41¼	43
Gen Chem.	140	145
Gen Motors.	33	35
Do pf.	74¼	75
G & S Tel.	115⅛	..
G.W.Helme pf.	105	111
H.B.Claflin 1st pf.	..	90
Do 2d pf.	..	90
Hock Val.	124½	..
Homestake.	93	97
Ill C l l, ex div.	88⅛	..
Inger-Rand.	105	..
Do pf.	98	..
Int H pf.	117½	122
Iowa Cent.	11	13
Do pf.	25	30
K C, Ft S & Mem pf	77⅛	80
K & D M.	7	9
Do pf.	50	60
K I, C, pf.	60	78
L E & W.	15	17¾
Lake Shore.	464	..
Long Island.	49½	51
Mackay Cos.	84	86
Mah C R.	600	1,000
Man Beach.	2	5
Man Elev.	135½	137
M D St pf.	106	108
Mer Marine	4⅜	4⅝
Do pf.	18¼	19⅝
Mich Cent.	160	190
M & St L.	18¾	21
Do pf.	44	49
M, St P & S S M pf.	152	154
Do l l.	85¾	87
Mor & Es.	170	180
N, C & St L.	160	180
Nat B pf.	125	131
Nat Enam.	16	16½
Do pf.	91½	94
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	65	70
N O, M & C pf.	27	28½
N Y, C & St L.	57	60
Do 1st pf.	103	112
Do 2d pf.	85	87
N Y Dock.	20½	..
Do pf.	40	49
N Y, L & W.	122	130
N Y, N H & H.	135	135½
N O T & L.	60	62
Norf South	46	50½
N & W pf.	86	90
Ont Mining.	2	2⅜
Pabst B pf.	110½	112
Pac Coast.	90	100
Do 1st pf.	85	105
Do 2d pf.	90	100
Peo & E.	13¾	16
P. Lor pf.	113¼	114
Pere Marq.	..	30
Do 2d pf.	..	38
Phelps-D'ge.	200	..
P, C, C & St L.	107½	109
Do pf.	110	117
Pitts Coal.	21¼	21¾
Pitts St pf.	102¾	103
P,Y & A pf.	163⅛	..
Pr St C pf.	100	102
Pub S Corp.	109	111½
Pullman Co.	159½	160
Quicksilver.	4	6½
Do pf.	6½	11
R R Sec, I C stk cts.	85¼	89
Ry St Sp.	34¾	35¼
Do pf.	98¼	102
Rens & S.	185⅛	..
R, W & Og.	128	..
R G M Co pf.	107	110
R'ly Co pf.	101⅛	101½
St L & S F.	23	25
Do 1st pf.	61½	65
Do 2d pf.	36½	38
St L & S F, C & E I ctfs.	120	..
Do n ctfs.	51	56
Do pf ctfs.	108	111
Sears-R pf.	122½	..
S-S S & I.	51	52½
Do pf.	90	100
So P R S.	70	80
Do pf.	107	110
So Ry, M & Ohio ctfs.	82½	87
Stand M pf.	62½	63½
T P L Tr.	91½	..
T, P & W.	15¼	..
Tol R & L.	6¼	7½
T, St L & West.	14	15
Do pf.	29½	31½
T C R T.	105	107¼
Do pf.	140¾	145
Und T pf.	111½	115
U B & P pf.	60	62
U C M pf.	105	110
Un Dry G.	99¾	101½
Do pf.	106	108½
U Rys Inv.	29½	30¾
Do pf.	59¼	60
U S Exp.	95	100
U S R & R	2¼	3
Do pf.	5	7
Va-Car Ch Co pf.	118	119
Va I, C & Coke	56	60
Va Ry & P.	47½	50½
Vul Det pf.	83	87
W F Exp.	140	145
Weyman-B pf.	105	114
W Md pf.	77¼	80¾
Westingh'se 1st pf.	117	120
Wh & L E.	7½	8
Do 1st pf.	22	25
Do 2d pf.	11½	12½

LONDON WARNS INVESTORS.

British Market Is Overcrowded, Says Authority in Cablegram.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Quebec, June 11.—A serious warning to Canadian investors and financiers is sounded by the London correspondent of The Montreal Star in a cable which reads in part as follows:

"High financial authorities take a serious view of the effect, most unpleasant to Canadian interests, which is certain to follow the present overstraining of the London bond market. A leading Anglo-Canadian banker says:

"'You should warn Canadian municipalities and provincial governments that the state of congestion here was never worse than now. Many loans are unabsorbed, and the public are not applying for new issues. Unless Canadian issues slacken, we shall soon reach the point when they cannot be even underwritten here.

"'Canada must for years depend so largely upon British credit that want of restraint and judgment at this juncture, especially on the part of provincial governments and municipalities, will cause the bottom to drop out of Canadian credit, and Canada will be refused money at any price in reason. The situation may well become extremely grave if Canadian authorities continue to neglect warnings from disinterested London friends.

"'The heavy pressure which some Canadian municipalities are putting upon the London bond market is doubtless due to the anxiety of Canadian bankers to pass on to the English public large temporary loans they have made to municipalities on treasury bills.'"

GREENE COPPER REPORT.

Earnings for 1911 Were $6,045,834, Compared with $5,592,050 in 1910.

The Greene Consolidated Copper Company's report for the year ended Dec. 31 shows total revenue of $6,045,834, compared with $5,592,050 for 1910. Operating expenses, taxes, and interest increased from $4,407,301 to $4,738,703, leaving net earnings at $1,307,131, against $1,184,750 in 1910. After charging $280,180 for depreciation, against $684,097 charged in the previous year, there remained net profit of $1,026,951, which compares with $500,653 in 1910.

These figures combine the income account of the Greene Consolidated Copper Company with those of the Cananea Consolidated. The Cananea Consolidated production of copper during the year was 44,897,466 pounds, as against 45,680,145 pounds in the previous year. Silver produced was 1,295,297 ounces, against 1,184,980, and gold 5,892 ounces, against 5,468. The average price for the year's copper output, all of which was sold, was 12.886 cents per pound.

SUIT FOR $4,500,000 CONFRONTS BELMONT

Court of Appeals Sustains Right of Continental Securities Company to Bring Action.

FREEDMAN A CO-DEFENDANT

Litigation Over a Transfer to the Banker's Firm of 15,000 Shares of Interborough Railroad Stock.

ALBANY, June 11.—The Court of Appeals to-day sustained the right of the Continental Securities Company and Clarence H. Venner, as stockholders of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, to begin an action against August Belmont, Andrew Freedman and others, Directors and stockholders of the Interborough, to set aside a transfer made to Belmont & Co., of 15,000 shares of stock of the Interborough, estimated to be worth $4,500,000.

The case will now go before the Court on its merits, as the questions involved were up on a demurrer, it being asserted that the complaint did not state a cause of action. The Court of Appeals denied this contention.

The complaint alleged that the shares of stock of the Interborough were transferred to Belmont & Co. for shares of stock of the Pelham Park and the City Island Railroad Companies, and for compensation to Belmont & Co., for services rendered in procuring an assignment of a contract between John B. McDonald and New York City for the construction of subways. It was asserted that this transaction was brought about through fraud and misappropriation for the purpose of paying a bonus to Belmont & Co.

Belmont and Freedman contended that those behind the action were required to show that they had made a demand on the majority stockholders to begin the suit.

In an opinion by Justice Chase the Court of Appeals held that in such an action brought by stockholders in behalf of themselves and other stockholders of the company, a demand on the corporation and its Directors was sufficient. The Court also held that although the Continental Securities Company and Venner had acquired their stock holdings subsequent to the transaction complained of, they nevertheless had the right to attack such transactions.

"In this case," says Judge Chase, "where the plaintiff alleges fraud and a substantial misappropriation of 15,000 shares of the stock through a nominal purchase of property and the payment of a pretended claim for services, the application to the body of stockholders was not necessary."

ORIGIN OF THE LAWSUIT.

Defendants Demurred When the Action Was First Brought.

The suit was brought in the Supreme Court, Kings County. No defense was interposed, but the defendants demurred, contending that since eight years had elapsed the statute of limitations had operated and that Venner and his associates were bound by the consent of the previous holders of their stock to the transactions attacked.

Justice Blackmar dismissed the demurrer and ordered the case to trial. His decision, from which an appeal was taken was sustained by the Court of Appeals decision.

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E. B. Morris, President

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Fifth Ave. & 38th St. Fifth Ave. & 60th St.
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CLARK WILLIAMS, . . President

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Fifth Ave. & 43d Street
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METROPOLITAN DEPT.,
NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS,
489 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.

Pere Marquette Railroad Co.
Four Per Cent. Fifty Year Gold Bonds, Issued Under Mortgage Dated January 2, 1901.

Receivers of the property of the Pere Marquette Railroad Company having been appointed, and it appearing to be desirable that the interests of holders of the above bonds be protected by a Committee, the undersigned have agreed to act as a Bondholders' Committee, and invite deposits of the bonds with the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 22 William Street, New York, subject to a Bondholders' Agreement on file with the Depositary

June 3, 1912.
EDWIN S. MARSTON,
WILLIAM W. CRAPO,
CHARLES W. COX,
JACOB E. WARD,
C. MINOT WELD,
Committee.
AUGUSTUS V. HEELY,
Secretary, 22 William St.
STRONG & CADWALADER,
Counsel.

TO THE HOLDERS OF BONDS OF RACINE GAS LIGHT COMPANY OF RACINE, WISCONSIN:

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of the mortgage or deed of trust duly executed under date of January 2nd, 1900, by Racine Gas Light Company to The Milwaukee Trust Company, (whose name has now been changed to First Savings & Trust Company,) to secure the payment of the bonds of said Racine Gas Light Company, bearing date of January 2nd, 1900, and which mortgage is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Racine County, Wisconsin, in Volume 85 of Mortgages, on Pages 160 to 184, both inclusive, said Racine Gas Light Company has elected and elects to redeem, and will redeem all of its bonds secured by said mortgage or deed of trust at a premium of five per cent. (5% upon the 2nd day of July, 1912, and that interest on said bonds will cease on said 2nd day of July, 1912.

Said redemption will be made at the place where the principal of said bonds is payable, to-wit: the office of said First Savings & Trust Company, (formerly named The Milwaukee Trust Company,) in the City of Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

The holders of such bonds of said Racine Gas Light Company are hereby required to present the same for redemption on July 2nd, 1912, at the office of said First Savings & Trust Company in the City of Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Such bonds, when presented, must be accompanied by all interest coupons maturing after the 2nd day of July, 1912.

Dated June 6th, 1912.
RACINE GAS LIGHT COMPANY,
By J. D. MORTIMER, President.
Countersigned:
F. J. BOEHM, Secretary.

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38 Park Row, New York.
4½%

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

WESTINGHOUSE
Electric & Manufacturing Co.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

To the Stockholders of Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company:

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company will be held at the chief office of the Company, in the Borough of East Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, on Wednesday, June 12, 1912, at ten o'clock A. M., for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The stock transfer books will be closed on Friday, the 31st day of May, 1912, at three o'clock P. M., and will be reopened on the 13th day of June, 1912, at ten o'clock A. M.

Dated New York, N. Y., May 18, 1912.
JAMES C. BENNETT, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE UNIVERSAL TALKING MACHINE MANUFACTURING COMPANY:

A special meeting of the stockholders of the Universal Talking Machine Manufacturing Company will be held at the office of the company, Rooms 1,405-1,407, No. 257 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 17th day of June, 1912, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to dissolve said company forthwith, pursuant to Section 221 of the General Corporation law of the State of New York.

Dated New York, May 25th, 1912.
ALBERT C. MIDDLETON, Secretary.

To the Shareholders of
The National Nassau Bank of New York.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Directors of The National Nassau Bank of New York have called a special meeting of the shareholders to be held Tuesday, July 2d, 1912, at the banking rooms, No. 9 Beekman Street, from 11 o'clock A. M. to 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of electing four new Directors, thereby increasing the number of Directors from seven to eleven.

EDWARD EARL, President.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

THE GALLATIN NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, located at 11 Nassau Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the Association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

SAMUEL WOOLVERTON, President.
Dated New York, May 27th, 1912.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF MEETING
IRVING NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK.

New York, May 11th, 1912.

To the Stockholders of Irving National Exchange Bank:

Notice is hereby given that by order of the Board of Directors a Special Meeting of Stockholders of Irving National Exchange Bank of New York has been called to be held at 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 17th day of June, 1912, at its Banking Office, corner of Chambers Street and West Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon the consolidation of The Mercantile National Bank of the City of New York with Irving National Exchange Bank of New York; of ratifying and approving the action of the Board of Directors in the premises; of voting upon the increase of the capital stock of Irving National Exchange Bank from $2,000,000 to $4,000,000; the issue of 20,000 additional shares of the par value of $100 each, at the price of $175 per share, in cash; the change of name of Irving National Exchange Bank of New York to Irving Mercantile National Bank, New York; the increase of the number of Directors so that the Board shall consist of not less than twenty nor more than thirty stockholders; the election of additional Directors; the amendment of the Articles of Association accordingly, and voting or acting upon any other matters that may come before the meeting.

The stock transfer books will be closed from May 15th to June 18th, 1912, inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.
HARRY E. WARD, Cashier.

NOTICE OF MEETING
THE MERCANTILE NATIONAL BANK.

New York City, May 11th, 1912.

To the Stockholders of The Mercantile National Bank of the City of New York:

Notice is hereby given that by order of the Board of Directors a Special Meeting of Stockholders has been called and will be held at twelve o'clock noon on the 17th day of June, 1912, at the banking office of The Mercantile National Bank of the City of New York, No. 195 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, to vote upon a resolution to place said Bank in voluntary liquidation pursuant to Sections 5,220 and 5,221, United States Revised Statutes, to take effect upon such date as may be fixed, and upon a resolution to ratify the action of the Board of Directors in the premises preliminary to liquidation, and upon such other matters as may be brought before said meeting.

The stock transfer books will be closed from May 15th to June 18th, 1912, inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.
EMIL KLEIN, Cashier.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE UNIVERSAL TALKING MACHINE COMPANY:

A special meeting of the stockholders of the Universal Talking Machine Company will be held at the office of the company, Rooms 1,405-1,407, No. 257 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 17th day of June, 1912, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to dissolve said company forthwith, pursuant to Section 221 of the General Corporation law of the State of New York.

Dated New York, May 25th, 1912.
ALBERT C. MIDDLETON, Secretary.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE MUTUAL PROFIT REALTY COMPANY are hereby notified that an Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of said Company will be held at its office on the 21ST FLOOR OF 141 WEST 36TH STREET, IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK, IN THE BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN, on Thursday, June 27th, 1912, at 11 A. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

ELMER DWIGGINS, Secretary.
Dated New York City, June 5th, 1912.

BUSINESS MEN'S NEWSPAPER.
Trend of business in Wall Street and other monetary centres at home and abroad clearly shown in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Latest quotations of every bond and stock dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb, prices of inactive securities, declared dividends, railroad earnings at a glance, and comprehensive articles on finance and commerce. Every Monday. Mailed anywhere in the United States for One Dollar a year.—Adv.

J. J. HILL GOES FISHING.

President of Great Northern Won't Discuss Changes on His Road.

James J. Hill arrived in New York yesterday on his way to Labrador for his annual fishing trip on the St. Johns River, where he will entertain a party of friends on the yacht Wacouta. They will start for the salmon beds in a few days.

Mr. Hill is still reticent as to changes in the Great Northern's management. He would not discuss his reported resignation as Chairman of the board in favor of his son, Louis W. Hill.

"When the company elects a new Chairman an official notice to that effect will be sent out," he said. "Until that time it is unwise to credit anything you hear. I will be 74 this Summer, but I don't feel it."

The Northwest gives promise of returning the best harvest in years, according to the veteran railroad official, but he pointed out, as usual, that it is rather early to begin measuring the grain. Oats and wheat are looking particularly good, he said. General business he found in fair volume, but quiet.

"There is a certain amount of routine business which this country is always doing," he said. "There is little going on in the way of new enterprises. The merchant, the skilled and unskilled workman, in fact every class but the men who have to put up the money is anxious for the beginning of new enterprises. The capitalist is holding off."

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Emery-Bird-Thayer Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.: Mr. Van Hoeinhoff, ready to wear, basement; 396 Broadway.

Palmer, J. E., Company, Portland, Me.; B. B. Buress, ladies' waists and dresses; Broztell.

Bailey Company, Cleveland, Ohio; H. R. Tyroler, dresses; 11 West 23d.

White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; S. Abbott, books and stationery; 41 Union Square.

Harris & Mowry Company, Woonsocket, R. I.; Miss E. J. Burbank, notions and trimmings; 75 Spring.

Dey Brothers & Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; J. A. Russell, cloaks and suits; 220 5th Av.; Park Avenue.

Lyman Brothers Company, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; F. A. Lyman, flowers and feathers; 621 Broadway.

Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill.; S. Stern, millinery, notions, and corsets; 438 Broadway.

Gilchrist Company, Boston, Mass.; E. V. Davies, ribbons; Knickerbocker. A. B. Austin, boy's clothing and furnishing goods; Prince George. H. E. Rust, embroideries; Knickerbocker; J. G. Ford, waists; Miss C. Lowns, handkerchiefs; J. Walker, furnishing goods, hosiery, and knit underwear; J. W. Kelly, trimmings, yarns, and art goods; 55 White.

Butler, W. S., & Co., Boston, Mass.; A. Danico, men's furnishing goods, umbrellas, and handkerchiefs; 55 White; Prince George.

Burton, Peel D. G. Co., Paris, Texas; Miss M. Humphries, corsets; 239 4th Av.

Arbuthnot, Stephenson Co., Pittsburgh, Penn., J. H. Anderson, furn. goods, waists, and skirts; 43 Leonard.

Rothschild, J., Co., St. Paul, Minn.; H. Hirschman, millinery; 621 B'way.

Boggs & Buhl, Pittsburgh, Penn.; W. G. Madore, linens; 45 E. 17th; Hoffman House.

Pidgeon, C. J., Millinery Co., Fort Wayne, Ind.; W. E. Woebbeking, millinery; 621 B'way.

Fox, G., & Co., Hartford, Conn.; M. F. Marks, corsets, waists, and ladies' underwear; 320 Church.

Fahnley & McCrea millinery Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; A. E. Dietrich, millinery; 648 B'way.

Younker Bros., Des Moines, Iowa; A. F. Gerhardt, white goods; 218 5th Av.

Shartenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; C. Shartenberg, dry goods; J. McGuire, furn. goods, hosiery, and knit underwear; W. Snegg, notions and leather goods; T. H. Cullen, dry goods; L. K. Young, cloaks and suits; H. A. Ward, millinery; 75 Spring.

Shartenberg & Robinson, Pawtucket, R. I.; T. F. Skahan, hosiery, gloves, and underwear; P. J. Kelly, furn. goods and umbrellas; H. A. Ward, laces and h'dk'fs; C. H. Clark, cloaks, suits, and waists, A. B. Cote, dress goods and silks, 75 Spring.

Hens & Kelly Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; J. M. Looby, wash dresses; W. L. Lowrey, jobs boys' wash suits; 31 Union Square.

Sanger Bros., Waco, Texas; J. Sanger, drygoods; 15 Mercer.

Malley, Ed., Co., New Haven, Conn.; J. S. Broseau, housefurnishing goods; 320 Church.

McWhirr, R. A. Co., Fall River, Mass.; R. A. McWhirr, umbrellas; 75 Spring, Prince George.

Smith & Murray, Springfield, Mass.; H. J. Donnelly, laces, ribbons, handkerchiefs, embroideries, hosiery, gloves, furnishing goods; 55 White.

Denholm & McKay Co., Worcester, Mass.; C. P. Macduff, leather, fancy, toilet goods; J. A. Keiler, house furnishing goods, china, toys, silverware; 2 Walker.

Brown, Thomson & Co., Hartford, Conn.; F. W. Pass, ribbons, laces, embroideries.; F. P. le Pard, books, stationery, silverware, jewelry; 2 Walker.

Jordan-Marsh Co., Boston, Mass.; H. Cook, muslin underwear; W. Edwards, millinery, (basement;) Mrs. M. E. Darlington, misses' suits; F. A. Burdick, ladies' coats, skirts; J. Lamb, mdse. mgr.; J. J. Whitaker, umbrellas, ribbons, parasols; Mr. Donovan, hosiery; C. H. Hurd, hosiery, knit underwear; Mr. Reid, hosiery, knit underwear; O. Rideout, raincoats; Mr. Daly, representing; Mr. Tierney, representing; 31 Union Sq.

Filene's, W., Sons Co., Boston, Mass.; C. E. Bradley, men's furn. goods, (basement;) Miss Murphy, ruchings; Miss A. Milliken, infants' wear; Mr. Phillips, coats, walking skirts; Miss Mastwick, coats, capes; L. L. Rivers, asst. mdse. mgr.; 116 West 32d.

Given, I. S., Buffalo, N. Y.; furs; 32 Union Sq.

Saenger, J., Mercantile Co., Belleville, Ill.; J. Saenger, jobs serge, silk dresses, Fall coats, suits; 32 Union Sq.

Milner, W. L., & Co., Toledo, Ohio; Mr. Mason, laces, hdkfs., embroideries, art, optical goods; 20 West 22d.

Starr, L., & Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss F. Prescott, millinery, ready-to-wear; Miss C. McInnes, ready-to-wear; 11 West 17th; Broztell.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester, N. Y.; J. Engler, upholstery goods; 454 Broome; Broztell.

O'Dwyer & Ahern Co., Texarkana, Texas; J. C. O'Dwyer, dry goods; 258 Church; Marlborough.

Witz, M., & Co., Baltimore, Md.; M. Witz, piece goods; Breslin.

Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; C. M. Whitely, linings; Broadway and 32d; Latham.

Lidstone, R. D., Worcester, Mass.; cloaks, suits; Broztell.

Weinberg Cloak Co., Baltimore, Md.; D. A. Weinberg, cloaks; Latham.

Porter, J. J., & Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; F. L. Gullette, flowers, feathers; Grand.

Fowler, Dick & Walker, Binghamton, N. Y.; G. N. Fowler, dry goods; 104 5th Av.; Grand.

Sisson Brothers & Weldon Co., Binghamton, N. Y.; A. J. Miles, carpets; Breslin.

Rockwell & Tuttle Co., Hornell, N. Y.; L. A. Rockwell, dry goods; Breslin.

Hovey, C. F., & Co., Boston, Mass.; C. A. Brett, boys' clothing; St. Denis.

Daniels & Fisher Stores Co., Denver, Col.; Mrs. Apperson, millinery; 56 Worth.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester, N. Y.; S. P. Caldwell, cloaks; 454 Broome.

Snellenberg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; Mrs. Arnold, muslin underwear; 1,261 Broadway.

Armstrong, Cator & Co., Baltimore, Md.; W. P. Whitmore, ladies' ready to wear and laces; 621 Broadway.

Kaufmann Bros., Pittsburgh, Penn.; J. Baer, clothing, sporting goods; 200 5th Ave.

Taylor, Wm., Son & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; W. P. Ayres, wash goods, white goods, linens; 51 Leonard

Blankenberg & Levinson, Baltimore, Md.; J. Blankenberg, notions, hosiery, underwear; Victoria.

Horn & Bro., Philadelphia, Penn.; P. Horn, waists; Albert.

Morris, Mann & Reilly, Chicago, Ill.; H. Morros, notions, ribbons, jewelry; 487 Broadway.

Lederer, Strauss & Co., Des Moines, Iowa; L. Strauss, trimmed hats; 621 Broadway.

Syracuse D. G. Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; R. Rouz, mfg. dept.; 51 Leonard.

Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; F. E. Woodward, books; 334 4th Ave.; Herald Square.

Jobs in foulard dresses for spot cash. Ben. F. Levis, 30 East 23d St.

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Unique Beauty

Harbors filled with summer craft, the sea round about a maze of exquisite islands—that is Mt. Desert.

Ultra-fashionable Bar Harbor is a small part. Seal Harbor, Northeast, Southwest, a host of smaller, inexpensive places have each their own charm.

There is every summer sport, mountain climbing, golfing and sailing like no other in the world; wonderful drives.

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Tickets and information at Wharf offices, at 290 Broadway, also at N. Y. Transfer Co. and Tourist offices generally throughout the city.

The Ideal routes to Maine and the Maritime Provinces are those provided by the All-the-Way-by-Water Service of the

EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

FALL RIVER LINE TO BOSTON $4.00

Lv. Pier 19, N. R., New York, daily at 5:30 P. M. Strs. COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.

New London (Norwich) Line. Leave Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and CHESTER W. CHAPIN.

New Bedford Line, for New Bedford, Woods Hole, Martha's Vineyard, Nantucket, Mattapoisett, Marion, and Cape Cod points—Leave Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, at 6:00 P. M. Strs. MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE.

New Haven Line. Leave Pier 28, E. R., week days only, 2:45 P. M. L. ft. E. 22d St., week days, 3 P. M.; Sunday, 10:00 A. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.

Bridgeport Line. Week days only. Leave Pier 27, E. R., 11 A. M. Str. NAUGATUCK. Str. BRIDGEPORT 3 P. M.; ft. East 22d St. 3:30 P. M.; Sundays, 5:30 P. M.

Tickets, etc., at 171 Broadway, Transfer Tourist Offices and Piers.

THE NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

JOY LINE 2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.

Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

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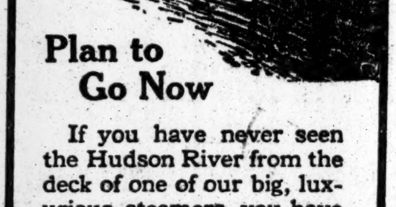
STRS. "IROQUOIS" & "MOHAWK"
LV. FT. OF W. HOUSTON ST. 5.30 P.M.
FT. OF W. 129th ST. 6 P.M. TEL. SPRING 9226

Central Hudson Line

For Newburgh, Po'keepsie, Kingston, from ft. Franklin St., week days, except Saturday, 4 p. m.; West 129th St. at 4.30 p. m. Saturdays 1 p. m. West 129th St., 1.30 p. m.

For Newburgh and lower landings, week days, except Saturday, Franklin St., 5 p. m. Saturdays 3 p. m.; West 129th St., 3.30 p. m.



Plan to Go Now

If you have never seen the Hudson River from the deck of one of our big, luxurious steamers, you have missed the most perfect inland water trip in the world.

It is a moving picture with 150 miles of the most charming, romantic and historic scenery in the United States.

There is good music, and the restaurant is excellent. June is the ideal time for the journey. Decide to go NOW. Here is the timetable:—

ALBANY DAY LINE STEAMERS, DAILY, except Sunday, leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42nd St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted.

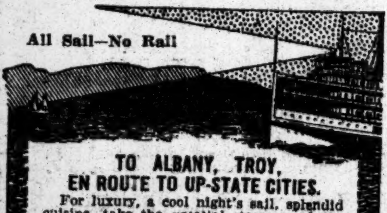
Hudson River Day Line
Desbrosses Street Pier, N. Y.

Steamer Mary Powell

Afternoon boat for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston, and way landings leaves Desbrosses St. daily, except Sunday, at 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M.

Ideal outing to West Point, returning by boat or rail. 3

All Sail—No Rail



TO ALBANY, TROY, EN ROUTE TO UP-STATE CITIES.

For luxury, a cool night's sail, splendid cuisine, take the palatial steamers of the PEOPLE'S and CITIZENS' LINES, leaving Pier 32, N. R. (foot Canal St.) at 6 P. M. People's Line calling at W. 129th St. at 6:45 P. M., Citizens' Line calling at Yonkers at 7 P. M. Write for particulars about All-Day Sunday Sail.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO., Pier 32, N. R. 'Phone Spring 9400.

TO ALBANY 50¢

The Economical Way is via the comfortable and roomy Steamers FRANK JONES, KAATERSKILL which leave Pier 46, North River, at 5:30 P. M., W. 129th Street at 6 P. M. daily, (including Sunday.) Fare 50 cents.

CAPITAL CITY LINE, Pier 46, N.R. 'Phone 507 Spring.

HARTFORD LINE

From New Pier 20, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M. for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

STEAMSHIPS.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN

Largest S. S. Co in the World
Over 400 SHIPS 1,210,000 TONS

ATLANTIC SERVICE
LONDON, PARIS, HAMBURG

Amerika........June 13, 9 AM
¶§Pretoria......June 15, 9 AM
Cleveland.....June 20, 10 AM
Hamburg...June 22, 12 noon
¶Second Cabin only. §Will call at Boulogne.

MEDITERRANEAN
Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa
S. S. MOLTKE
July 6, 10 A. M.
S. S. Moltke August 20, 11 A. M.

TWO IDEAL CRUISES
Around the World
Oct. 19, 1912 (From New York) | Feb. 6, 1913 (From San Fran.)
By the S. S. CLEVELAND (17,000 Tons.)
DURATION EACH CRUISE 110 DAYS | COST $650 UP
including all necessary expenses aboard and ashore, railway, hotel, shore excursions, carriages, guides' fees, etc.

VACATION CRUISES
SPECIAL SUMMER RATES TO
JAMAICA and the PANAMA CANAL
Cuba, Hayti, Colombia, Costa Rica
JUNE TO OCTOBER
WEEKLY SAILINGS by "PRINZ" and other steamers of our
—ATLAS SERVICE—
11 to 18 Days $75
25-Day Cruises $110 and $115
Santiago, Kingston, round trip $75.00
Colon and Port Limon, round trip $115.00
—NEXT SAILING—
S. S. PRINZ AUGUST WILHELM, JUNE 15, 2 P. M.

Write for booklet of any cruise.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 Broadway, N. Y
'Phone 1900 Rector

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EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

Delightful Afternoon Excursion to West Point, Steamer Mary Powell.

Leaving Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M., Daily except Sunday. Return to New York by boat or rail $1.10. Orchestra. See Parade, Public Buildings, etc. 9

Sight-Seeing Yachts
VISIT THE GERMAN WARSHIPS
OBSERVATION Around Manhattan Island, Daily, Battery Pier, So. Ferry, 10.30-2.30.
HALCYON SEE THE OCEAN, Sandy Hook Lightship & Forts, 1.15 P. M., return 5.

CALIFORNIA

Great Lakes, Yellowstone Park, Yosemite Valley, Grand Canyon, California, Alaska, etc. 24-Day Tour....................$192.50 & up

FRANK TOURIST CO.,
Tel. 4530 Franklin. 396 Broadway, New York

"THE ORIGINAL"
Sight-Seeing Yacht Clifton
Around the warships and Manhattan Island. Lecturer aboard. Daily, 10:30 A. M. & 2:30 P. M. Foot West 42d St. Tel. 5441 Gram.

SIGHT SEEING YACHT
View German Warships and Around Manhattan Island
10:30 A.M. | Leaves foot W. 23d St. Phone 4189 Greeley.
2:30 P.M. | Lecturer Aboard
Normandie Ticket Office, B'way and 38th St.

STEAMBOATS.

Iron Steamboat Co
CONEY ISLAND

LEAVE WEST 129TH STREET.
9:00, 9:40, 10:30, 11:30 A. M.; 12:30, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15, 6:30, 7:30, 8:40 P. M.

LEAVE PIER (NEW) 1, NORTH RIVER.
9:45, 10:20, 11:15 A. M.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:00, 6:00, 6:40, 7:15, 8:15, 9:30 P. M.

LEAVE STEEPLECHASE PARK.
10:55, 11:40 A. M.; 12:25, 1:25, 2:25, 3:10, 3:55 *4:55, 5:25, 6:10, *7:10, 7:50, 8:25, 9:25, 10:40 P. M.

Trips marked * do not go to 129th St.

Round Trip Tickets { From 129th St., 50 Cents. From Pier 1, N. R., 40 Cents.

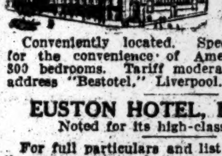
Fishing Banks, Str. "Taurus"
Lv. W. 129th St., 7:20; Pier 1, N. R., 8:20 A. M.
Fare: Gentlemen, 75c.; Ladies, 50c.; Children, 25c.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES

For Catskill, Hudson, Coxsackie, and Way Landings, steel steamers Clermont (new) and Onteora leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., 6:30 P. M.; Yonkers, 7:30 P. M. Daily except Sunday. For full information see time tables at hotels and railway offices, or mailed on request. 'Phone 1097 Spring.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

England.



NORTH-WESTERN HOTEL
Lime Street
LIVERPOOL

Conveniently located. Specially appointed for the convenience of American travellers. 300 bedrooms. Tariff moderate. Telegraphic address "Bestotel," Liverpool.

EUSTON HOTEL, LONDON.
Noted for its high-class cuisine.

For full particulars and list of hotels under the management of the company, apply for booklet,
LONDON & NORTH-WESTERN R'Y.
287 (R) 5th Ave., New York

SAVOY HOTEL
LONDON, ENGLAND.
THE FAVORITE RESORT OF ALL AMERICANS IN EUROPE.

Germany.

DRESDEN Rooms and private Bath and Toilette.
HOTEL BELLEVUE
Distinguished House of old reputation. Unique position. R. RONNEFELD, Gen. Manager.

Dr. med. E. Hirsch
BAD NAUHEIM

Switzerland.

MONTREUX, SWITZERLAND,
HOTEL MIRABEAU.
First-class apartments, with bath. Grand Park. Magnificent situation.
Cost, $2 per day.

Belgium.

BRUSSELS LEGRAND HOTEL
Entirely Renovated.

STEAMSHIPS. STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD

Express Steamers' Temporary Change of Sailing Date

For the convenience and comfort of its passengers to London and beyond, The Cunard Line has decided to sail its Express Steamers (Wednesday Service) at 5 P. M. Tuesday so long as they continue on the present extreme southerly track.

The Fastest Steamers in the World

Lusitania June 18, 5 P. M. Aug. 6
July 9, 5 P. M. Aug. 27
Mauretania July 2, 5 P. M.
July 23, 5 P. M. Aug. 20 5 P. M.

CAMPANIA June 25, 5 P. M. Aug. 13; July 16, 5 P. M. Sept. 3
CARONIA June 29, 10 A. M. Aug. 24; July 31, 10 A. M. Sept. 21
CARMANIA Sept. 7, 10 A. M.; Oct. 5, 10 A. M.

LIVERPOOL, LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
VIA QUEENSTOWN AND FISHGUARD
Mauretania and Lusitania do not stop at Queenstown, eastbound.

New York-Mediterranean-Adriatic Service
Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume.
Write for Itinerary. Sailing hour noon.

SAXONIA June 12, Aug. 1
PANNONIA a b June 20, a b Aug. 8
IVERNIA July 3, Aug. 22
CARPATHIA a July 18, a Sept. 5

a Omits Madeira. b Omits Genoa. Quotations furnished for any Tours.

Round the World Trips $600. Special through rates to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, South America.

Piers Foot W. 14th St., North River, N. Y. Offices, 24 State St., Opp. Battery

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS.

The Largest Steamer in the World

New 45,324 Ton **OLYMPIC** Sails from NEW YORK **JUNE 15** 10:00 A. M.
JULY 6 AUG. 17
JULY 27 SEPT. 7

NEARBY SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK

CEDRIC....................June 13, 12 noon
ST. LOUIS..............June 15, 9:30 A. M.
LAPLAND.................June 15, 10 A. M.

AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
St. Louis......June 15 | St. Paul......June 29
New York....June 22 | Philadelphia...July 6

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
New York—London Direct. Pr. 58, N.R.
Minneapolis. Jy. 6, 10:30 AM | Minnehaha. July 20
Minnewaska. July 13, 9 AM | Minnetonka. Jy. 27

RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
Lapland .....June 15 | Zeeland ......June 29
Kroonland ...June 22 | Vaderland ...July 6

CELTIC....................June 20, 12 noon
NEW YORK..............June 22, 9:30 A. M.
KROONLAND............June 22, 10 A. M.

WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Olympic(new). June 15, 10 AM | Olympic(nw) Jy. 6
Oceanic......June 29, noon | Majestic .July 13
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Cedric..June 13, noon | Adriatic ......June 27
Celtic...June 20, noon | Baltic..........July 3
BOSTON-MEDITERRANEAN PORTS
Cretic...June 29, 10 AM | Canopic......July 13

CANADIAN SERVICE
LARGEST STEAMERS from CANADA
Montreal via Quebec to Liverpool.
*Teutonic ....June 15 | *Canada ......June 29
Laurentic ....June 22 | Megantic ......July 6
*Only One Class of Cabin (II) Passengers.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT, 9 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Sea Trip for Summer Vacation
New York to

Havana and back **$65**
including all expenses. Eight-day outing, allowing seven days on the water and one day for brief visit on shore. Other attractive trips, including ten-day trip to

Bahamas and back **$50**
and a special trip to

Mexico and back **$84.60**
for school teachers. Sixteen days at sea, allowing attractive shore visits. Write for literature, itineraries and further particulars.

N.Y. & Cuba Mail S.S.Co.
General Office, Pier 14, East River, N.Y.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

2 DAYS OCEAN—
A Few Hours Rail

Quickest Route—6 Ships a Week to
ATLANTA—MACON—AUGUSTA
BIRMINGHAM—MONTGOMERY
All points South and Southeast, via
Clyde Steamship Company
Ticket Offices { 290 Broadway cor. Reade St. 958 Broadway, cor. 23d St.
Pier 36, North River, New York.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via Moville LONDONDERRY
California..June 15, 9 AM Caledonia...June 29, 9 AM
Cameronian.June 22, 1 PM Columbia.....July 6, noon
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
For new Illustrated Book of Tours apply
HENDERSON BROTHERS. 17-19 Broadway.

BERMUDA
Sailings every 5 Days in connection with Quebec S. S. Co. Tickets Interchangeable.
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.,
SANDERSON & SON, Gen'l Agts., 22 State St. Thos. Cook & Son, 245 and 2389 Broadway, 264 and 553 Fifth Av.; Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 Fifth Av., N. Y.
OR ANY STEAMSHIP TICKET AGENT.

ALWAYS SOUTHERN ROUTE
FABRE LINE TO THE RIVIERA
AZORES, LISBON, NAPLES, MARSEILLES, etc.
Weekly Sailings (approx.) Write for literature.
1st class rate, $75.00 & up. 2nd class $55.00.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
Paris—London—Rotterdam.
Twin-screw sailings Tues. 10 A. M.
*Noordam....................June 18
*Ryndam....................June 25
†Rotterdam....................July 2
*Potsdam....................July 9
*VIA BOULOGNE s/M.
†PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE.
Office 39 B'way, N. Y.

E. H. LOW AGENT ALL LINES REGULAR RATES. 1123 B'WAY, N.Y. TEL. 1308 MAD. SQ.

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WINTERROTH PIANOS,
105 East 14th St. and 14 West 125th St.
Pianos for seashore, country; uprights, $75; squares, $10; easy payments; player pianos, $250 up.

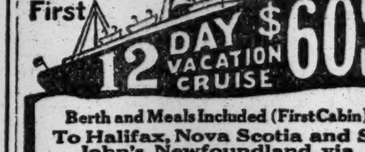
Situation Wanted advertisements in The New York Times have in hundreds of cases placed reliable, capable workers in high-class positions. Employers looking for the best and employes looking for high-grade positions can do nothing better than to read and use the Situation Wanted and Help Wanted columns of The Times.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
EXPRESS SAILINGS TUESDAYS
FAST MAIL Sailings THURSDAYS
FOR
LONDON-PARIS-BREMEN
Sailings on SATURDAYS for
THE MEDITERRANEAN
OELRICHS & CO., General Agents
5 Broadway, N. Y.

JAMAICA AND BACK **$75**
UNTIL SEPT. 30.
Enjoy the wonders of this lovely island. Summer climate delightfully cool and even, ranging from 74° to 84°. Steamers specially built for tropical travel. All outside staterooms, many with private baths. If time permits, continue on same steamer to Colon, Panama. See the Canal in its most interesting stage—just before the water is turned in.

PANAMA AND BACK **$115**
22-day cruise from New York every Wednesday; 24-day cruise every Saturday.
Write for Booklet and Detailed Information.

United Fruit Company
STEAMSHIP SERVICE.
17 Battery Place, N. Y. Tel. 1025 Rector.
Or Any Tourist or Steamship Agency. 8



Berth and Meals Included (First Cabin)
To Halifax, Nova Scotia and St. John's, Newfoundland, via
RED CROSS LINE
You cannot spend a more delightful and interesting summer vacation than by taking this grand cruise to the cool North. As truly foreign as a trip to Europe, and costing much less. The splendid, new, large tourist steamships "Stephano" and "Florizel," offer every modern equipment for safety and comfort. No hotel bills. You live on the ship, 7 days at sea, 5 days in port. Splendid cuisine. Orchestra.
Send for handsome Illustrated Catalog 46
BOWRING COMPANY, 17 Battery Place, N.Y

FRANK C. CLARK'S
Fifteenth Annual Cruise
TO THE ORIENT
February 15 to April 27, 1913
Seventy-one Glorious Days of Cruising; by the
NEW CUNARDER "LACONIA" 18,200 Tons
Cost $400 up, including hotels, drives, guides, etc.
VISITING: Madeira, Spain, Algiers, Malta, Athens, Constantinople, 19 days in Palestine and Egypt, Rome, Riviera, etc. Stopover in Europe and return by swift S. S. "Mauretania" and "Lusitania." Send for program.
Tours to Europe, So. America, Round World.
FRANK C. CLARK Times Building NEW YORK

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS (France).
Sailing Every Thursday at 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot of West 15th St.
*La Savoie.......June 13 | ‡France (new)....July 11
*La Provence......June 27 | *La Savoie.........July 18
*La Lorraine......July 4 | *La Provence.......July 25
*Twin-screw steamer. ‡Quadruple-screw steamer.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3 P. M.
One class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
La Bretagne ....June 22
General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y.

$50.00 & up To EUROPE
New York to Rotterdam
S. S. Uranium........June 20
S. S. Campanello......July 4
One Class of Cabin Only
All Outside Rooms
Uranium S.S.Co., Ltd., 13 B'way, N.Y.

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE
MEDITERRANEAN ADRIATIC
VIA SOUTHERN TRACK
Between New York & ALGIERS, ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA, KAISER FRANZ JOSEF I. (new), MARTHA WASHINGTON, etc. A few vacancies for the Kaiser, June 15, July 27, and Martha W., July 6. GRAND MUSIC FESTIVAL at Vienna June 21-July 1.
PHELPS BROS. & CO., G. A., 17 Battery Pl., N. Y.

LLOYD ITALIANO
TO ITALY IN 11 DAYS.
Taormina..June 20; July 27. Mendoza.......June 29
Rates $65, $70, $75, and up.
C. B. RICHARD & CO., 31 B'way, N. Y.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:28 | Sun sets..7:31 | Moon rises..2:13

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	4:43	5:16	10:48	11:41
Governors Island	4:50	6:40	11:20	12:00
Hell Gate	6:40	7:23	1:00	1:40

Arrived—Tuesday, June 11.

SS Cleveland, Cherbourg, June 2.
SS Czar, Libau, May 30.
SS Fratelli Bianchi, Algiers, May 2.
SS Frank Mount, Glasgow, May 30.
SS Whitefield, Cienfuegos, June 4.
SS Fruteria, Belize, May 25.
SS Jean, San Juan, June 5.
SS Turrialba, Kingston, June 6.
SS Carib, Wilmington, June 10.
SS Oscar II., Copenhagen, May 30.
SS Allemania, Inagua, June 6.
SS Denver, Galveston, June 5.
SS Rabenfels, Boston, June 10.
SS Katahdin, Georgetown, June 8.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Emilia	Fiume	May 21
City of Manchester	Dunkirk	May 23
Lux	Santander	May 22
Filomachi	Lisbon	May 25
Santiago	Havana	June 6
Minnesota	Baracoa	June 6
Olympic	Southampton	June 5
Kronprinz Wilhelm	Bremen	June 4
Pannonia	Naples	May 29
Koenig Albert	Naples	May 31
Lucigen	Rotterdam	May 29
Miramichi	Seville	May 28
Cubana	Cardenas	June 7
El Siglio	Galveston	June 6
Floride	Havre	June 1
Metapan	Kingston	June 7
Prinz Aug. Wilhelm	Kingston	June 7
Saratoga	Havana	June 8
Nueces	Key West	June 8

DUE TO-MORROW.

Orotava	Bermuda	June 11
Uranium	Rotterdam	May 30
Boyne	St. Lucia	June 4
Dongola	Glasgow	May 31
Kansas City	Swansea	June 1
Proteus	New Orleans	June 8
Huron	Charleston	June 11
Caracas	Curacao	June 5
Taormina	Naples	June 1
El Mundo	Galveston	June 7

DUE FRIDAY.

Lusitania	Liverpool	June 8
City of St. Louis	Savannah	June 11
Usk	Baracoa	June 8
Bonaventure	Jamaica	June 9
Patris	Patras	June 2
Perugia	Gibraltar	June 4
Lampasas	Galveston	June 8
Almundo	Galveston	June 8
Alamo	Brunswick	June 11

DUE SATURDAY.

Celtic	Liverpool	June 6
Roma	Angra	June 5
Alice	Trieste	May 31
Arapahoe	Charleston	June 13
Colon	Colon	June 9

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Saxonia, Madeira	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Drumcliffe, Argentina	3:00 A.M.	6:00 A.M.
Zulia, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Santa Marta, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Sabine, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Comus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Amerika, Hamburg	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Savoie, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Cedric, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Morro Castle, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Woglinde, Rio Janeiro	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Fruteria, Belize	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Allemania, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Sant' Anna, Naples	——	3:00 P.M.
Prins di Piemonte, Naples	——	——
El Sol, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
Rio Grande, Brunswick	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

Alliança, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Seguranca, Nassau	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Prinz Mauritz, Haiti	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Finland, Antwerp		10:00 A.M.
Apache, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Olympic, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
St. Louis, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
G. Washington, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Kaiser Franz I., Azores	10:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Florizel, Newfoundland	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Orotava, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Coamo, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Turrialba, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz August Wilhelm, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Seminole, Turks Island	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Goyaz, Para	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Aidan, Para	6:00 P.M.	8:00 P.M.
California, Glasgow	——	9:00 A.M.
Prinzess Irene, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Lapland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Pretoria, Hamburg	——	9:00 A.M.
Czar, Libau	——	2:00 P.M.
Alamo, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Denver, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Momus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

By Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JUNE 12, (MARCONI.)

SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, Bremen to New York, 300 miles E. at noon; due 12th, 9 A. M. North German Lloyd.
SS Olympic, Southampton to New York, 317 miles E. at 1:30 P. M.; due 12th, 9 A. M. White Star Line.
SS Cleveland, Hamburg to New York, 193 miles E. at 9 A. M.; due 12th, 8 A. M. Hamburg-American Line.
SS Oscar II., Copenhagen to New York, 193 miles E. at 10:30 A. M.; due 12th, 8:30 A. M. Scandinavia-American Line.
SS Pannonia, Naples to New York, 293 miles E. at noon; due 12th, 1 P. M. Cunard Line.
SS Metapan, Colon to New York, 240 miles S. at noon. United Fruit Co.
SS Prinz August Wilhelm, Kingston to New York, 300 miles S. at 8 A. M. Hamburg-American Line.

BROW HEAD, IRELAND.

SS Victoria Luise, New York to Hamburg, S. at 1:16 A. M.; due Plymouth 12th, 3 A. M. Hamburg-American Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP, (UNITED.)

SS Seminole, Santo Domingo to New York, 130 miles S. at 7 P. M. Clyde Line.
SS Proteus, New Orleans to New York, 535 miles S. at 8 A. M. Morgan Line.
SS Saratoga, Havana to New York, 575 miles S. at 8 A. M. Ward Line.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Chiltern Range, at Otaru, June 7.
SS City of Baroda, at Algiers, June 11.
SS Minnetonka, at London, June 11.
SS Zeeland, at Dover, June 11.
SS Martha Washington, at Naples, June 6.
SS Duca d'Aosta, at Genoa, June 7.
SS Oceania, (Aust.,) at Trieste, June 7.
SS Bremen, at Cherbourg, June 10.
SS Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, at Bremen, June 11.
SS Indraghiri, at Hongkong, June 8.
SS Phoebus, at Flushing, June 9.
SS Gibraltar, at Montevideo, June 10.
SS Courtfield, at Albany, Australia, June 11.
SS Arnold Amsinck, at Las Palmas, June 6.
SS Kabinga, at Cape Town, June 9.
SS Gogovale, at Bussorah, June 8.

Sailed.

SS Verdi, from Montevideo, June 10.
SS Orotava, from Bermuda, June 11.
SS Wells City, from Swansea, June 8.
SS Canada, from Marseilles, June 6.
SS Mendoza, from Genoa, June 8.
SS Iroquois, from London, June 11.
SS Bramley, from Shimonoseki, June 9.
SS Karema, from Calcutta, June 9.

Passed.

SS Magdeburg, to New York from Port Pirie, passed Perim.
SS Campania, New York for Liverpool, passed Brow Head.
SS Mineola, New York for Havre, passed Scilly.
SS Macedonia, New York for Piraeus, passed Gibraltar.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Sado Maru	June 13 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Minnesota	June 13 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Nile	June 17 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra	June 17 6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, New Zealand, Australia (via San Francisco)—Tahiti	June 21 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Monteagle	June 27 6:30 P.M.
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	June 30 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via Vancouver)—Zealandia	July 5 6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

$1,000,000 Deal of Fifth Avenue Business Property—West End Avenue Plot Sold—Cathedral Parkway Deal—$3,000,000 Mortgage on 42 Broadway—Activity in the Bronx.

A deal involving business property assessed at over $1,000,000 on lower Fifth Avenue formed the chief transaction in the realty market yesterday. The properties which have been sold, it is said, to an investor comprise the two commercial structures at 141 to 147 Fifth Avenue. The immediate corner, 145 and 147, being the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Twenty-first Street, is occupied by a twelve-story building on a plot 48 by 90 feet, while the adjoining structure at 141 and 143, is covered by an eleven-story building, also on a plot 48 by 90 feet, giving a frontage of 96 feet on Fifth Avenue. The assessed valuation for the property with improvements is $1,005,000, the corner parcel figuring at $545,000.

Title to the property has stood for several years in the name of Caroline A. McCready and others as trustees. The building at 141 and 143 Fifth Avenue was acquired by the recent owners in 1897 from Henry Corn for an expressed consideration of $462,500 and the corner plot was acquired in 1898 for $341,000. The buildings were erected about fifteen years ago. Adjoining the properties, on the southwest corner of Broadway and Twenty-first Street, is a vacant lot owned by Henry Corn and which was recently cleared of an old structure, for years the headquarters of Park & Tilford, for a twenty-story office building, but construction work has not been started.

Large West End Avenue Deal.

A large West End Avenue plot adjoining the twenty-two-foot residence on the northwest corner of Eighty-seventh Street has been old by R. F. Kilpatrick, for the 562 West End Avenue Construction Company, to the Security Mortgage Company. The plot includes the four dwellings at 562 to 568 West End Avenue, which were lately purchased by the sellers from W. E. D. Stokes. It fronts seventy-eight feet on West End Avenue and is 100 feet deep. The buyer, it is understood, will offer the plot with a building loan for a twelve-story apartment house.

Resale Opposite Stuyvesant Park.

C. J. Elgar has resold for Max L. Cohen, 824 and 826 East Fifteenth Street, size 26.4 by 100, a six-story apartment house to the Salara Holding Company.

The Private Dwelling Market.

Harris & Vaughan have sold for William H. Steinkamp, 162 East Sixty-third Street, the three-story dwelling, 16 by 102.8¾. The purchaser will occupy the premises.

Kurz & Uren, Inc., have sold for Robert Moorehead, 213 West 128th Street, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, a one-family dwelling.

Builder Buys Cathedral Parkway Corner.

The three-story building at the northeast corner of Cathedral Parkway and Seventh Avenue has been resold by Michael J. Leahy to a builder.

The plot has a frontage of 70.11 feet on the avenue and 100 feet on the Parkway. It is the intention of the buyer, according to report, to improve the site at once with a twelve-story apartment. Mr. Leahy acquired the property last Spring from Public Service Commissioner J. Sergeant Cram, in whose family the parcel had been held from the times when Harlem was farm land.

Activity in Dyckman Section.

As a result of recent sales in the Dyckman section, Morris Freedman, who holds title to the southwest corner of Broadway and Emerson Street, is preparing to erect a six-story elevator apartment house, with a frontage of 100 feet on Broadway and 150 feet on 207th Street.

Directy opposite, at the southeast corner of Broadway and 207th Street, on a plot 100 by 90, T. S. Galardi has had plans prepared for a six-story structure, and at the northeast corner of Broadway and 212th Street the Hazel Real Estate Company will build a six-story elevator house on plot 118.7 by 197.9.

Bronx Borough Sales.

An investor has purchased from the Knox Construction Company, 881 Tiffany Street, a six-story apartment house on a plot 50 by 85.

The two similar adjoining houses built by the same company were recently sold.

Eugene J. Busher has sold for Herbert R. Houghton, 554 East 149th Street, a five-story building with stores, on plot 37.6 by 89, to an investor.

George J. McCaffrey has sold for Green & Bertine, 2,026 Morris Avenue, a two-family brick dwelling on a lot 18.9 by 100. The same brokers have also sold for Herman Kuntze a plot 100 by 100 on the south side of Quimby Avenue, 400 feet east of Havemeyer Avenue, in the Unionport section.

Brooklyn.

Charles A. Wessell has sold for a client to the Sackett Realty Company, 315 Troutman Street, a four-story double apartment on a lot 25 by 70 by 100.

G. Krimsky has purchased for investment 239, 241, and 243 South First Street, two six-story tenements on a plot 75 by 77. Joseph Metzger was the broker in the transaction.

Arthur Truslow has sold for Frank B. Whitney to Dr. Charles D. Napier the three-story dwelling at 100 Lafayette Avenue, southwest corner of South Oxford Street.

F. C. Sauter has sold the two-story stone dwelling in McKinley Court, 7,506 Seventh Avenue, near Seventy-fifth Street, for a client to Mr. Kaufmann. This is the third sale of McKinley Court houses by the same broker in three weeks.

Charles Buermann & Co. have sold to a client 1,612, 1,614, 1,616, and 1,618 Dean Street.

Long Island.

Esther B. Leroy has sold to the Leo Bugg Realty Company a parcel of six lots on Second Street and Depot Lane, Broadway.

The Shields Company has sold for Andrew J. Cobe and James W. Jacobus Plots 9 and 10 fronting on Bay View Road, near Plandome Road. The property adjoins the estates of the late Porte V. Ransom and Mrs. W. M. Leeds. The two plots aggregate about two acres.

Staten Island.

Eight hundred feet of water front property has been sold by the Prince's Bay Realty Company to an investor. The same company has recently sold several large tracts of acreage with large water front in the Borough of Richmond.

Cornelius G. Kolff has sold a small five and a third acre tract having a frontage of 420 feet on the Port Richmond Road, at New Springfield, for the Steers estate.

Recent Buyer.

Vivian S. Scheftel is the purchaser of the American basement dwelling, 9 East Eighty-eighth Street, sold recently by Blanche Barclay.

$3,000,000 Mortgage on 42 Broadway.

The New York Real Estate Security Company has secured from the New York Life Insurance Company a new mortgage of $3,000,000 on the office building at 42 Broadway. The building was purchased by the Security Company a little over a year ago.

The mortgage will bear interest at 5 per cent., and will run for a period of years. It was secured to liquidate a mortgage for a similar amount now on the property held by the Equitable Life Assurance Society.

Congressman Harrison Leases Residence.

Congressman Francis Burton Harrison has leased, through Douglas L. Elliman & Co., to Malcolm D. Whitman his former residence at 876 Fifth Avenue, on a lot 27.6 by 100.

Country Dwellings Leased.

Pease & Elliman have leased for the estate of Samuel Dodd a camp on Little Moose Lake in the preserve of the Adirondack League Club in the Adirondack Mountains to Mme. Sidney Homer, the prima donna.

Slawson & Hobbs have rented for James G. Tyler his dwelling on Mayo Avenue in the Belle Haven section of Greenwich, Conn., to Wilberforce Sully.

Henry Hotchner, general manager of the Woodmere Realty Company, has leased to Dr. F. D. Leviseur the Mailler cottage on Frankline Place, Woodmere, L. I.

Julia Beverley Higgens has rented John C. Hunt's place, known as Feather Farm, at Bedford Hills, N. Y., to Mrs. William Draper, and William C. Le Gendre's house on McLain Street, Mount Kisco, to Charles M. Vail.

Queens Realty Officers Elected.

The Queens Borough Real Estate Exchange has elected Chairman, Walter G. Eliot, Park Commissioner; Vice Chairman, William A. Warnock; Secretary, George Hilty; Executive Committee, Morris E. Connolly, G. Howland Leavitt, James A. Renwick, E. L. Dillman, Charles U. Powell, John Jamison, Frederick Cox, and Samuel Sanders.

Commercial Leases.

The Exchange Buffet Corporation has leased for a long term of years the ground floor of the six-story building at 49 to 55 Dey Street, 100-foot front, recently completed by the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company. The building adjoins the Cortlandt, the southerly Hudson Terminal building.

The Frank L. Fisher Company have leased for Ulrich Eck 152 West Eighty-second Street, a four-story and basement private dwelling.

Edward J. Hogan, agent for the Woolworth Building, has leased for law offices space on the fifteenth floor to George C. De Lacy, and on the seventh floor to Richard B. Kelly and Rollin M. Morgan.

Westchester Fair Grounds Sale.

To-day at noon, at the County Courthouse, White Plains, Bryan L. Kennelly will hold an adjourned sale by order of the Trustees of the Society of Agriculture and Horticulture of Westchester County of the Westchester County Fair Grounds. the property contains a half mile racetrack and consists of forty-three acres, with a large frontage on the Tarrytown road, on which a trolley line runs from White Plains to Tarrytown.

Loans Placed.

The M. Morgenthau, Jr., Company has placed a first mortgage of $86,000 at 4½ per cent. for Florence M. Riddle, on the premises 452 and 454 Seventh Avenue, being a plot 36 by 75 feet on the west side of Seventh Avenue, 94 feet north of Thirty-fourth Street. Also two permanent loans aggregating $66,000 for the Nulaw Realty Company, on the five-story flats at the northwest corner of Crotona Avenue and 176th Street, in the Borough of the Bronx, and a first mortgage of $35,000 on the five-story apartment at 660-2 West 179th Street.

The Title Guarantee & Trust Company has loaned to the E. S. Prince Company $40,000 on first mortgage on the dock property at the westerly side of Westchester Creek, foot of Dock Street, Bronx. The property covers over nineteen lots and is used for a lumber and brickyard by H. G. Silleck, Jr.

Eugene J. Busher has placed a first mortgage of $10,000 for I. Tietelbaum & Co. on the property at 456 Westchester Avenue, near Bergen Avenue, Bronx.

Realty Notes.

The Harlem Property Owners' Association will hold a regular meeting to-morrow evening at 147 East 125th Street.

The City Real Estate Company has loaned to the Bronx-149th Street Realty Company $160,000 on the new building being erected on the south side of 140th Street, 216.1 feet west of Brook Avenue, a plot 90.8 by 199.9.

'Bus Line for Park Avenue.

A public hearing on the application of the Fifth Avenue Coach Company for a motor 'bus franchise to operate cars on Park Avenue, connecting the upper East Side residence district with the shopping and theatre centres, will be held to-day at the offices of the Public Service Commission at 2:30 P. M.

President Meade of the company says that many signatures of property owners favoring the line have been obtained and that little or no opposition was met with save from a newly organized property owners' association, which, however, says it will enter no objection providing the 'buses are of a noiseless kind.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

99th St, 56 West, s s, 175 ft e of Columbus Av, 25x100.11, five-story tenement; foreclosure, to M. Weinberg, $18,800.

87th St, 522 West, s s, 325 ft w of 10th Av, 25x98.9, two-story loft building; foreclosure; withdrawn.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

103d St, 237 East, n s, 150 ft w of 2d Av, 25x 100.11, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure to the plaintiff, Robert R. Moore, $18,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Charles A. Berrian.

Home St, n s, 50.4 ft w of Bryant Av, 25.2x 97.5x25x100.3, vacant; to M. E. McNamara, $2,200; also,

Hoe Av, e s, 300 ft s of Jennings St, 25x100, vacant; to John O'Rourke, $2,350; also,

Longfellow Av, w s, 75 ft s of 173d St, 75x 100, vacant; partition; to James C. McCarthy, $3,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

183d St, East, n s, 29 ft w of Willow Av, 50x 100, vacant; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, J. H. Donald, $2,000.

Shakespeare Av, w s, whole front between Highbridge and 170th St, 1.11x—x48.7x95, vacant; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Rosa Schleissner, $800.

Shakespeare Av, n w corner of 170th St, 15.4x 95, vacant; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Jennie Scheyer, $800.

Taylor Av, 1,787, w s, 250 ft s of Morris Park Av, 25x100, Van Nest; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Mary Plunkett, $3,600.

West Farms Road, s e corner of 176th St, 139.4x65.7x145.2x54.11, one-story shed; partition; to Jacob Erdenbrecher, $15,000.

187th St, 540 East, s w corner of Lorillard Place, 90.1x43.10x90x42, four-story tenement; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Leopoldina Siebert, $29,000.

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

141st St, East, n e corner of Powers Av, 199.3 to Robbins Av x100, vacant; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, W. H. McCord, $28,000.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

233d St, East, s s, 83.9 ft e of 4th Av, 18.9x 100, Wakefield; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Title Guarantee Trust Company, $3,000.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MORTGAGE MONEY
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH
DIRECTORS:
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH GEO. D. ARTHUR
WALDRON P. BELKNAP
10 EAST 33RD ST.
TELEPHONE 8300 MADISON SQUARE

Builders Attention
Have $200,000 to loan at 5% in sums to suit.
EUGENE J. BUSHER,
East 149th St., near 3d Ave.

Have funds on $500,000 to loan on first and second mortgage on good Manhattan property. Address application to The Minsker Realty Company, 2d Av., 14th St., Loan Department.

$50,000 for second mortgages; 10% covers expenses; three-year loans. Howard Mosher, 235 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, JUNE 11.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 642, w s, 25x100; Sophie D. Schoeller to S. Taber Bayles, at Port Jefferson, N. Y., and another, (mtg $38,000,) June 10; attorney, C. C. Roberts, 27 Cedar St....$100

AVENUE B, 282, w s, 25x100; Wilhelmina Kratsch to Klara Josephson, 105 Stanton St, (mtg $27,000,) June 1; attorney, Adolph Waxenbaum, 124 Stanton St....$100

LEXINGTON AV, e s, 50.11 ft n of 100th St, 50x95; Joseph L. B. Mayer to Fanny Gruen, 401 East 52d St, (mtg $48,000,) June 4; attorneys, Weil & Mayer, 5 Beekman St....$100

LEXINGTON AV, n w corner of 84th St, 41.3 x102.2x irregular; Max Arnstein and Delia K., his wife, to Jacob Hertzberg, 223 West 121st St, (mtg $60,000,) May 14; attorneys, Arnstein & Levy, 128 Broadway....$1

LEXINGTON AV, n w corner of 84th St, 41.3x 102.2x irregular; Jacob Hertzberg to Max Arnstein, 763 5th Av, (mtg $50,000,) May 16; attorneys, Arnstein & Levy, 128 Broadway..$1

PARK AV, s w corner of 133d St, 40x75; Anna M. Dreyer and others, heirs of Henry Cramer, to George Bockhaus, 371 Mott Av, all liens, June 10; attorneys, Clocke, K. & R., 391 East 149th St....$100

PEARL ST, 481-483, s w s, 36x71.5x33.10x55; Pearl St, s e corner of City Hall Place, 15.6x 55x22.8x47.8; Rudolph Wallach Co. to William Lustgarten, 86 Orchard St, June 10; address, 68 William St....$100

WEST END AV, 562 and 568, e s, 78x100; The 562 West End Avenue Construction Co. to Security Mortgage Co., 128 Broadway, (mtg $125,000,) June 10; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$180,000

WEST END AV, s e corner of 98th St, 19.11x 100; Mary B. Newington to T. J. McLaughlin's Sons, a corporation, 345 Amsterdam Av, June 11; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St....$100

1ST AV, 961, w s, 25.2x100; Roland A. Zilm to Frederick F. Eisemann, 41 Park Row, and another, (mtg $16,000,) Sept. 21, 1905....$1

29TH ST, 236 East, s s, 20x98.9; Joseph J. Setaro to Mary C. Setaro, 236 East 29th St, ½ part, all liens, June 11; attorneys, Brande & W., 346 Broadway....$1

37TH ST, 334 West, s s, 25x98.9; Benjamin Giesler to Catherine Giesler, 166 West 50th St, (mtg $11,000,) June 10; attorney, B. J. Foss, 495 9th Av....$100

39TH ST, 406 West, s s, 25x98.9; Edward L. Meierlof to Leon S. Altmayer, 150 West 79th St, (mtg $18,000,) ½ part, June 11; attorneys, Eisman, L., C. & L., 135 Broadway.$100

44TH ST, 425-427 West, n s, 50x100.5; Church of St. Clemens Mary to Catherine C. D. Rogers, 29 West 57th St, all liens, June 10; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.$39,000

44TH ST, s s, 300 ft w of 10th Av, 25x100.5; Patrick Doherty, executor, to Harry C. Hohenstien, 597 10th Av, June 10; attorney, Lawyers Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$14,000

46TH ST, 130 West, s s, 15x100.4; 46th St, s s, 370 ft e of 7th Av, 15x100.5; Libman Contracting Co. to Leavitt Realty Co., a corporation, 60 Wall St, B. & S., May 5; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

49TH ST, 126 and 128 West, s s, 50x100.5; Felix Hirsch to Mary A. Donaghy, 122 West 41st St, (mtg $70,000,) May 21; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

50TH ST, 239-245 West, n s, 92.6x100.5; John Laimbeer to Augusta L. Laimbeer, 105 West 86th St, (mtg $63,000,) Feb. 23, 1912; attorney, Francis E. Laimbeer, 299 Broadway..$1

69TH ST, s s, 441.8 ft e of 2d Av, 16.8x77.4; Josef Saxl to Annie Brockman, 354 East 69th St, April 6, 1909....$1

70TH ST, s s, 216 ft w of 1st Av, 28x100.5; Elsie H. Bennett to Joseph B. Peck, at Rochester, N. Y., (mtg $15,000,) June 8; attorney, P. A. McGoirick, 154 Nassau St....$1

85TH ST, 229 to 233 East, n s, 81x102.2; Barnet Geller to Hannah B. Anger, 72 East 122d St, (mtg $60,000 and all liens,) June 10....$1

94TH ST, 203-205 West, n s, 52x100.8x57.2x 100.8; T. J. McLaughlin's Sons to Margaret B. Newington, 323 West 106th St, (mtg $7,500,) June 11; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$100

115TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 8th Av, 25x100.11; H. & H. Sonn to Central Building, Improvement and Investment Co., 149 Church St, (mtg $90,000 on this and other property,) June 7; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$100

120TH ST, s s, 239 ft e of Madison Av, 26x 100.11; Mary A. McCarthy to Charlotte Geissler, 175 West 95th St, (mtg $20,000,) June 10; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$1

124TH ST, 41 West, n s, 25x100.11; Mary H. Esler to John A. Megargee, 1 East 124th St, (mtg $25,000,) Sept. 19, 1906....$1

137TH ST, 128 West, s s, 25x99.11; Minor L. Platt and another to Matilde Picarello, 2,059 1st Av, (mtg $24,350 and all liens,) May 31; attorney, Roger J. Hersler, 27 Cedar St...$1

138TH ST, 105 West, n s, 26x99.11; Moses Hess to Revenue Realty Co., 320 Broadway, (mtg $23,000 and all liens,) June 4; attorney, Edward A. Isaacs, 27 William St....$100

186TH ST, 552-554 West, s s, 50x107.5, (mtg $55,000;) 186th St, 556-558 West, s s, 50x107.5, (mtg $50,000;) Nathan S. Jarvis to Jacob Hertzberg, 223 West 121st St, June 11; attorneys, Arnstein, L. & Pfeiffer, 128 Broadway, $100

Bronx.

AQUEDUCT AV, e s, 1,188.7 ft n of 183d St, runs e 100.9 to w s Croton Aqueduct x n 100 x w 87.10 to avenue x s on curve 74.6 and 76.10; B. Gaines-Roberts Co to J. Frederick Muller, 1,038 Hoe Av, (mtg $35,000,) June 10; attorney, G. A. Steinmuller, 1,511 3d Av..$100

BAINBRIDGE AV, e s, 316.8 ft s of Woodlawn Road, 16.6x100; Thomas F. Cave to Nellie McEvoy, 1,984 2d Av, mtg $5,375, June 10; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..$1

BRYANT ST, e s, 350 ft n of Lafayette Av, 114.7x101.10x133.10x100; Nathan S. Hart and another, trustees, to Nellie F. Tully, 953 Whitlock Av, June 11; attorney, Lawyers Title Co, 160 Broadway....$3,125

FORDHAM ROAD, 124, s s, 21.9x102.11x18.4x 91.3; Matilda Landsman to Janpole & Werner Construction Co, 206 Broadway, June 3, 1910; attorneys, same....$1

FORDHAM ROAD, s w corner of Andrews Av, 28.8x114.1x20x114; Louise E. Bourgardez to Universal Operating Co, Dec. 1, 1909, (mtg $14,500;) attorneys, Geltner, S. & A., 277 Broadway....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Universal Operating Co. to Matilda Landsman, 105 East 123d St, (mtg $14,500,) June 4; attorneys, same....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Matilda Landsman to Janpole & Werner Construction Co, a corporation, 206 Broadway, June 5; attorneys, same.$1

INWOOD AV, e s, Lot 16, map of 25 lots of M. Schurck Estate; Inwood Av, n w corner of Goble Place, 25x100; Bryant St, s w corner of 173d St, 50x80.5x51x90.6; Margaret M. Bezold and another to Christian Hinklein and another, 10 Warren St, White Plains, N. Y., 1-5 part, June 7; attorney, E. P. Orrell, Jr., 256 Broadway....$100

LAFAYETTE AV, n w corner of Longfellow St, 150x100; Nathan S. Hart and another, trustee, to Louis B. Samuels, 1,456 Seabury Place, June 6; attorney, Lawyers Title Co, 160 Broadway....$5,100

LONGFELLOW ST, w s, 250 ft n of Lafayette Av, 100x100; Nathan S. Hart and another, trustee, to Louis B. Samuels, 1,458 Seabury Place, June 6; attorney, Lawyers Title Co, 160 Broadway....$2,600

LOT 562, Map of Section A of Vyse Estate; William A. Jackson to Margery P. Jackson, (mtg $2,000,) March 7, 1908; attorney, M. P. Jackson, 1,527 Vyse Av....$100

LOTS 333 and 334, Map 370, lots of McGraw Estate; Peter Donnelly and others to Julia Meyenberg and another, 897 East 167th St, June 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway....$100

MAIN ST, e s, 26.8 ft n of Grant St, 26.8x110; Grant St, n s, 100 ft w of Franklin Av, 50x75; Dora Jacobstat to William A. Mallett, 2,554 St. Raymond Av, (mtg $20,000,) June 8; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway....$100

MAPES AV, 214-218, 33x150; Felix H. Levy, referee, to Alburtus J. Ogden, 2,663 Briggs Av, (mtg $7,000,) June 11; attorneys, Hildreth & Palmer, 3d Av. and 148th St....$2,500

PROSPECT AV, 977, w s, 70x160; Frederick McCarthy to Wolf Burland, 801 Cauldwell Av, mtg $25,000, June 10; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

PROSPECT AV, 914, s e corner of 162d St, 25x99.11; Gertrude Boecher to Reuben E. Fichthorn, 153 East 150th St, June 11, (mtg $7,000:) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Reuben E. Fichthorn to Nagrom Realty Co, 115 Broadway, (mtg $19,500,) June 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway....$100

ST. ANN'S AV, 747, w s, 26.11x88.10; Johanna Heinrich to Natalie H. Fried, 1,019 Harrison St, Vicksburg, Miss., mtg $11,000, June 6.$100

TOWNSEND AV, s e corner of 176th St, 59.1x 100x83.4x102.11; Joshua Kantrowitz and others to Mary Ehrmann, 1,464 St. Nicholas Av, June 8; attorneys, Kantrowitz & E., 320 Broadway....$100

VERIO AV, n e corner of 235th St, 110.2x88.10x 100x135; Charles F. Jacobs to Joseph B. Peck, Rochester, N. Y., June 6, (mtg $44,000;) attorney, A. Golrick, 154 Nassau St....$1

VILLA AV, w s, 230.7 ft n of 204th St, 75x 100; Felix H. Levy, referee, to Samuel Keeler, Ridgefield, Conn., March 26; attorney, S. Keller, 132 Nassau St....$5,000

VILLA AV, e s, 71.6 ft s of Van Cortlandt Av, 50x irregular; same to same, March 26; attorney, same....$5,000

WASHINGTON AV, s w corner of 168th St, 9.7x irregular x42.7x91.3; Model Construction Co. to Corner Construction Corporation, 1,185 Washington Av, June 10; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, w s, 510 ft s of 2d St, 50.5x97; Max Kosstrin to M. Kosstrin Sons & Co., 3,633 White Plains Av, (mtg $6,000,) May 22; attorney, R. Stone, 774 Broadway, Brooklyn....$1

WHITLOCK AV, w s, 180 ft n of Barretto St, 20x100; Michael Meehan to Hunts Point Club, a corporation, 957 Whitlock Av, June 1, (mtg $7,500;) attorney, Edward McGuire, 985 Whitlock Av....$1

[illegible]TH AV, n s, Lot 957, map of Wakefield, 100x 114; Francis L. Minton to Frank Zambetti, 721 East 118th St, March 15; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway....$100

139TH ST, 481 East, 16.8x100; Mary C. Mahoney to Nicola De Luccia, 1,773 Lexington Av, (mtg $4,500,) June 10; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

165TH ST, 864 East, s s, 18.8x91; Solomon Kramer to Francis J. McGarry, 217 East 96th St, and another, mtg $5,000, May 23; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

198TH ST, s e corner of Pond Place, 36.5x 110.3x7.11x115.6; Anita E. Streuli to Lyman S. King, 2,289 3d Av, mtg $8,000, June 10; attorney, George B. Class, 156 6th Av..$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, s e corner of 173d St, and Audubon Av, n e corner of 173d St, 94.6x95; Henrietta C. S. Burley to Louise Hauf, 51 New York Av, Brooklyn, June 11, due as per bond; attorney, Myer Nussaum, 51 Chambers St....$5,000

AVENUE B, 282, w s, 25x100; Klara Josephson to Wilhelmina Kratsch, 266 Avenue A, June 1, prior mtg $10,000, 5 years; attorney, Adolph Waxenbaum, 124 Stanton St....$10,000

LUDLOW ST, 26, e s, 25x87.6; Morris Denbosky to Citizens' Savings Bank, 56 Bowery, June 11, due May 15, 1915; attorneys, Pirsson & B., 5 Nassau St....$23,000

PARK AV, s e corner of 66th St, 75.5x80; Fullerton Weaver Building to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, June 10, 1 year, 6 p. c....$450,000

WADSWORTH AV, s e corner of 187th St, 50x 100; Crest Realty Co. to Caroline Boehm, 5 East 80th St, Jan. 30, prior mtg $56,000, due as per bond; attorney Crest Realty Co., 99 Nassau St....$5,000

WEST END AV, s e corner of 98th St, 19.11x 100; T. J. McLaughlin's Sons to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St, 1 year; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St..$36,000

2D AV, 3,497, w s, 24.11x75; Ida R. Stewart to Francis M. Thompson Hill, Alston, Mass., prior mtg $14,700, June 10, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Kiddle & W., 115 Broadway..$4,765

SAME PROPERTY; same to William S. McDowell, 705 Mulberry St, Wilkensburg, Penn., prior mtg $14,700, 1 year, 6 p. c..$2,900

3D ST, 318 East, s s, 26.2x irregular; Maud B. Barclay to Harry Hastorf, 247 West 131st St, June 10, 5 years; attorneys, Davis & K., 51 Chambers....$38,000

4TH AV, s w corner of 133d St, 40x75; George Bockhaus, 371 Mott Av, to Anna M. Dreyer, 1,978 Park Av, and others, heirs of Henry Cramer, 5 years, June 10; attorneys, Elfers & Acker, 277 Broadway....$19,750

5TH AV, n e corner of 126th St, 99.11x120; Two Thousand Forty-one Fifth Avenue Co to Security Mortgage Co., 27 Cedar St, June 10, due as per bond; attorneys, Hastings & G., 258 Broadway....$25,000

9TH ST, 635 East, n s, 30x92.3; Barnet Appel to A. Gertrude Appel, 781 Lexington Av, April 29, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, F. M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row....$1,000

11TH ST, 3,282, s s, 25x94.10; Vincenzo Tuzzolino to Matteo Spinella, Everett, Mass., June 10....$500

19TH ST, n s, 236 ft e of 1st Av; Michele Rinaldo to Felice Maldari, 152 Baxter St, June 1, prior mtg $8,000, installments, 6 p. c..$1,600

29TH ST, 105 and 107 East, n s, 40x98.9; Twenty-ninth Street Construction Co. to Chelsea Realty Co., 135 Broadway, 1 year, 6 p. c., June 1; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$165,000

29TH ST, 362 West, s s, 16.8x98.9; Devonshire Realty Co. to William D. J. McCarthy, 64 East 128th St, June 10, prior mtg $6,000, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$5,000

44TH ST, s s, 300 ft w of 10th Av, 25x100.5; Harry C. Hohenstien to Martin P. Lodge, 319 West 138th St, June 10, 3 years; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$10,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Patrick Doherty, executor, 146 Myrtle Av, Brooklyn, prior mtg $10,000, June 10, installments; attorney, same....$3,000

44TH ST, 425 and 427 West, n s; Catharine C. D. Rogers to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, June 3, due as per bond....$19,000

46TH ST, 71 to 75 West, w s, 57.11x24.9x irregular, (prior mtg $46,500;) Philip A. Fitzpatrick, Glen Cove, L. I., to Hudson Mortgage Co., 165 Broadway, June 7, due Sept. 23, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$7,500

49TH ST, 126 and 128 West, s s, 50x100; Mary A. Donaghy to Felix Hirsch, 5 West 74th St, June 10, prior mtg $70,000, due as per bond; attorney, Louis Werner, 42 Broadway..$20,000

57TH ST, s s, 275 ft w of 11th Av, 225x144.11, leasehold; New York Taxicab Co. to General De Prets Fonciers et Industriels, Paris, France, June 10, due May 1, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St....$60,000

127TH ST, s s, 166.3 ft w of 5th Av, 18.9x 99.11; Emilie Loos to Eugenie L. Loos, 1,180 Jackson Av, June 1, due as per bond, Oct. 10, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, John T. Mulhall, 206 Broadway....$1,500

Bronx.

AQUEDUCT AV, e s, 1,118.7 ft n of 183d St, 87.10x—; J. Frederick Muller to Gaines-Roberts Co., 520 West 150th St, June 10, prior mtg $35,000, due as per bond; attorney, George A. Steinmuller, 1,511 3d Av....$8,500

AQUEDUCT AV, e s, 1,188.7 ft n of 183d St, 26.10x92; Gaines-Roberts Co. to Cora J. Roberts, 520 West 150th St, June 10, 5 years; same attorney....$17,500

AQUEDUCT AV, e s, 1,238.8 ft n of 183d St, 50x99.2; same to same, same address, June 10, 5 years; same attorney....$17,500

BRYANT AV, e s, 350 ft n of Lafayette Av, 101.10x133.10; Nellie F. Tully to Nathan S. Hart and others, trustees, 44 Morningside Av West, June 11, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$2,187

CROTONA AV, n w corner of 176th St, 41x 108.9x31.7x109.2; Nulaw Realty and Construction Co. to Teresa Wallach, 10 East 80th St, June 10, 3 years; attorney, M. Morganthau, 95 Liberty St....$36,000

CROTONA AV, w s, 79.4 ft n of 176th St, 38.4x 108.9; same to Terrain Realty Co., 95 Liberty St, June 10, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$30,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to John Schreyer, 53 West 83d St, prior mtg $33,000, June 10, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, same....$7,500

CROTONA AV, w s, 41 ft n of 176th St, 38.3x 108.9; same to same, prior mtg $33,000, June 10, due Dec. 10, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, same....$7,500

CROTONA AV, w s, 41 ft n of 176th St, 76.7x 108.9; same to Nassau Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St, prior mtg $60,000, June 10, due Oct. 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Bowen & S., 31 Nassau....$3,000

FOREST AV, s w corner of 168th St, 82x40; George A. Damiano to William Ollendorff, 320 West 97th St, June 10, 5 years; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$9,000

LAFAYETTE AV, n e corner of Longfellow St, 150x100; Louis B. Samuels to Nathan S. Hart and others, trustees, 44 Morningside Av West, June 6, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$3,570

LONGFELLOW AV, w s, 250 ft n of Lafayette Av, 100x100; Louis B. Samuels to Nathan S. Hart and others, trustees, 44 Morningside Av West, June 6, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$1,820

LOTS 333 and 334, map of McGraw estate; Julia Meyenberg and another to Peter Donnelly and others, 541 East 145th St, 3 years; attorney, S. Williamson, 364 Alexander Av....$4,500

PROSPECT AV, 914, s e corner of 162d St, 25x 99.11; Reuben E. Fichthorn to Gertrude Baecher, 914 Prospect Av, prior mtg $7,000, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$12,500

TOWNSEND AV, s e 176th St, 83.4x102.11; Mary E. Ehrmann to Luhr Weinstein, 1,184 Madison Av, June 11, due July 10, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Kantrowitz & E., 320 Broadway....$8,372

WASHINGTON AV, s w corner of 168th St, 42.7x irregular; Carner Construction Co. to Alois L. Ernst, 541 West 113th St, prior mtg $70,000, June 10, due Sept. 10, 1912; attorney, Jacob Freeman, 115 West 42d St....$3,000

WESTCHESTER CREEK, w s, Lot 7, map of Bowne property; Dock St, n e s, 200 ft from s e corner of Thomas St, 126.6x irregular; also land under water Westchester Creek, contains 1 101-1,000 acres; E. S. Prince Co. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due, &c., as per bond, June 10...$40,000

WHITLOCK AV, w s, 180 ft n of Barretto St, 20x100; Hunts Point Club to Michael Meehan, 953 Whitlock Av, June 1, prior mtg $7,500, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. Knox, 198 Broadway....$2,500

136TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of Lincoln Av, 50x 100; Henry D. Bahr to Bridget C. Sullivan, 436 East 116th St, June 5, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Ronald R. Brown, 436 East 116th St....$5,000

168TH ST, 456 East, s s, 24.11x42.7; Model Construction Co. to Mary E. Goodwin, trustee, 801 West 104th St, June 10, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, John J. Lenahan, 71 Nassau St....$7,000

168TH ST, 454 East, s s, 24.11x42.7; Model Construction Co. to Robert H. Oakley, trustee, 255 West 108th St, June 10, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$7,000

177TH ST, n s, 29.7 ft w of Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 46.9x—; Mount Hope Methodist Episcopal Church to Celia J. Ferguson, 223 Mount Hope Place, June 10, 3 years, as per bond; attorney, E. R. Eckley, 43 Wall St....$14,000

181ST ST, n s, 102.11 ft w of 3d Av, 35.7x131.6; Hubbard Realty Co. to George W. Dibble, 275 North Fulton Av, Mount Vernon, June 11, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$33,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

AVENUE A, n w corner of 66th St, store and part of basement; Ullmann Realty Co. to Harry E. Lowe, 1,283 Avenue A, 5 years from April 1, 1912; attorney, Central Brewery Co., 68th St. and East River....$1,820

BROOK AV, 496, n e corner of 147th St, store and part of cellar; John D. Ohlssen to Siegmund Sussman, 622 East 169th St, 3 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, E. Sussman, 622 East 169th St....$300

BROADWAY, n e corner of 110th St, or Cathedral Parkway, fourth store and basement from corner; Ada L. Westcott and others, trustees, to Isadore Cohen, 507 West 118th St, 10 years, from Sept. 1, 1912; attorneys, Gibbs & Kirby, 2,705 Broadway...$4,500

EAST BROADWAY, 57, three upper floors; Lena Teitelbaum to Stein Restaurant Co., 57 East Broadway, 5 years from Feb. 8, 1912; attorney, H. M. Phillips, 261 Broadway.$2,100

SAME PROPERTY, all; Julius D. Eisenstein to same, 138 East Broadway, 5 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, same....$4,000

FRONT ST, 212, corner of Beekman St, store; Herman C. Drake to Henry Runne, 559 48th St, Brooklyn, 5 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, H. Runne, 559 48th St, Brooklyn.$2,100

MORRIS PARK AV, 706, all; Gustav Kupsa to Patrick Muldoon and another, 706 Morris Park Av, 3 years from May 1, 1911; attorney, Central Brewing Co., 68th St and East River....$720

PARK ROW, 143 and 145, upper floor; Peter Feldman to William Nasso, 171 Johnson St, Brooklyn, 10 months from July 1, 1912; attorney, W. Nasso, 143 Park Row; per month....$55

WESTCHESTER AV, 2,314, all; Richard Powers to Jacob Weissberg, 2,314 Westchester Av, 5 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, T. Powers, 2,758 Walker Av....$960

2D AV, 748, n e corner of 40th St, store and basement; Louis T. Lehmeyer, to Patrick Fitzsimons, 138 East 28th St, 4 11-12 years from June 1, 1912; attorney, Central Brewing Co., 68th St and East River....$1,200

7TH AV, 1,815, store and basement; P. A. Adolphe to Abram Robinson and another, on premises, 5 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, J. Klein, 346 Broadway....$1,900

8TH AV, 782, all; Cecilia Potosky to Moritz Kraisler, 786 9th Av, 8 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, J. K. Moore, 303 West 54th St....$2,300

34TH ST, 363 West, fifth floor; John J. Butler to Juliet V. D. Browne, 363 West 34th St, life lease from May 1, 1912; attorney, Hulbert Peck & Sons, 268 West 34th St.....Gift

132D ST, 628 West, frame building; James O'Connell to Daniel Crimmins, 25 Manhattan St, 4 years from June 1, 1912; attorney, D. Crimmins, 25 Manhattan St....$840

MECHANICS' LIENS.

AUDUBON AV, e s, 74.11 ft n of 183d St, 20.7 x70; Cross, Austin & Ireland Lumber Co. against 184th Street Construction Co., owner and contractor; Frederick Burghard, contractor....$415

FULTON AV, w s, 100.3 ft s of 171st St, 37.6 x60; Unionport Lumber and Manufacturing Co. against Bethel Construction Co., owner and contractor....$2,900

JOHN JAY PARK, w s, whole front, between 77th and 78th Sts, 200x225; Evergreen Construction Co. against East River Homes Co., owner; Joseph G. Leikens, contractor..$194

MONROE ST, 153 and 155; Sternberg Iron Works against George G. Segal, owner and contractor....$1,375

3D AV, 1,325; Johnson & Gleason against Mary A. McNicholas, owner and contractor....$239

3D AV, 683; Henry Witson against Mrs. Haggerty, owner; Conrady Stevens Co., contractor....$111

44TH ST, 557 West; Abraham Berger against Bernardine Gorges, owner and contractor..$61

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

FULTON AV, w s, 100 ft s of 171st St; Harbison-Walker Refractories Co. against Bethel Construction Co. and others, June 7, 1912, (by bond)....$503

LORILLARD PL, n e corner of 187th St; Bonser & Dougherty against Arthur Avenue Realty and Construction Co. and others, Feb. 27, 1912....$1,475

LORILLARD PL, s e corner of 187th St; Bonser & Dougherty against Joseph Faiella and others, Feb. 24, 1912....$1,475

PARK AV, s w corner of 61st St; Mary C. Leary and others against Brearly School and others, April 20, 1912, (by bond)....$1,524

5TH AV, 1,045; J. L. Mott Iron Works against Russell Hopkins and others, April 25, 1912....$848

42D ST, 236 to 242 West; Canavan Brothers Co. against Charlotte M. Goodridge and others, March 20, 1912....$1,548

113TH ST, 134 West; Hyman Leventhal against Sophia Oppenheimer, Jan. 12, 1912..$136

LIS PENDENS.

AMSTERDAM AV, 206 and 208; Mary A. Cudlipp against William C. Rose and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Reynolds & Thomas.

LENOX AV, e s, 74.11 ft s of 143d St, 50x85; Charles H. Young and others against Hyman G. Levin and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. Ritchie.

LOT 19, Section 2, Block 453, tax map of Borough of Manhattan; Mannados Realty Co against National Coke Co and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Elsman, Levy, Corn & Lewine.

LOT 2, Section 15, Block 453, tax map of Borough of Manhattan; Manados Realty Co against Rectory, Church Wardens and Vestrymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church of St. Mark in the Bowery and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Elsman, Levy, Corn & Lewine.

LOT 14, Block 453, Section 2, tax map of Borough of Manhattan; Mannados Realty Co against Simon Uhlfelder and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Elsman, Levy, Corn & Lewine.

STEBBINS AV, s e s, 25 ft s w of 167th St, 25x85 5x irregular; John S. Williams against Otto Giebelhausen and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. M. Williams.

9TH ST, s s, 138 ft w of Avenue A, 25x94; Catharine Hoppenyelmer and others against Pincus Schacher and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, O. F. Struse.

49TH ST, 320 to 324 East; Helen M. Kelly, guardian, against Morris L. Weiss and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Alexander & Green.

99TH ST, 67 East; Hebrew Orphan Asylum of the City of New York against Annie Tow and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Hoadly, Lauterbach & Johnson.

117TH ST, 19 and 21 West; Julia L. Butterfield against Selig Falk and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. F. Hagar.

121ST ST, 442 and 444 East; Louis Lowenstein and others against Empire Cornice Works and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Hoadly, Lauterbach & Johnson.

129TH ST, s s, 117.6 ft w of Park Av, 47.5x 99.11, two actions, Mutual Life Ins Co of New York against Kate E. Van Valin and others, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorney, F. L. Allen.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

Mr. Landlord:

This announcement is an accident.

A young man walked in to see us the other day about an alteration job on his father's house—was just passing by on his way to an architect. We looked his father's place over, made sketches, had them approved by the landlord and filed and approved by the city officials.

What we are getting at is this: Our friend told us there are any number of landlords with alteration and repair work to be done who don't know that they can come to us, have architects' plans prepared and all details attended to without doing a lot of chasing around.

We quite agreed with friend "son" but we really prefer to estimate on competitive work for we can then really show how much benefit and saving our organization is to Mr. Landlord.

You can get us on the wire right now.

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Before ordering MARBLE, TILE, MOSAIC, and any other connecting works, you may get advantage asking quotations to SORACI CO., Builders' Exchange Building, New York. Phone 3618—Madison Square.

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LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY
CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000
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Bargain.—Desirable house, first-class condition; exceptional neighborhood; Subway; overlooking Riverside Drive and Hudson; owner on premises. 646 West 158th St.

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A modern fireproof ten-story and pent house business building; all leased; running through block; 137-139 East 25th St., 138 East 26th St. Apply Brackett Realty Company, 122 East 25th St.

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One block from the trolley, five minutes' walk to railroad depot; all city improvements; sewers, water, gas, cement walks, curbs; plenty of shade trees, giving parklike effect; house contains 8 large rooms and bath, outside laundry and Summer kitchen, heat; all improvements, parquet floors; I will show the house Sundays or week days; price $7,500, $1,000 cash. George C. Johnston, 75 Ludlow Av., near 5th St. and Elmhurst Bridge, Elmhurst.

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Long Island Sound; half hour from Pennsylvania Station, New York City; 7 rooms and bath; two lots; cement sidewalks; macadamized streets; gas and electric light; water and sewerage; fine bathing beach and high-class yacht clubhouse close by; refined and select neighborhood; elegant surroundings; cheap; terms to suit purchaser. SHORE FRONT, 243 West 34th St.

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Ocean fronts in New York City are passing through an evolution similar to inland sections, only the movement is far more rapid. Compared with ocean frontage, inside land is a slow gamble, while the water front is a fast certainty.

There is a vast area of inland territory and its enchancement depends largely upon the chance as to just where population will happen to concentrate first and most numerously, but there is a constant movement along the ocean front. The competition for home uses alone each year is lifting values steadily. Bear this in mind and

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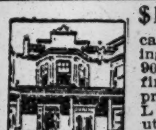
New and very conveniently arranged 2-story stone, bay window front house in Prospect Park East, one of the famous EASY HOUSEKEEPING HOMES in the most select neighborhood in Brooklyn; 9 rooms and bath; honor-built throughout; hardwood trim; parquet floors; open hearth in foyer hall, electric light, hot-water heat; will decorate to suit; near Prospect Park station, Brighton Beach L; only $1,000 cash required, balance easy terms; title guaranteed free. JONES, 101 Fenimore St., near Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.



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carries 7 room brick dwelling; only $4,750, $300 down; 90 sold during 1911 to refined families; restricted property. Take Sea Beach L from Park Row (35 minutes) or at Atlantic Av. Sub. Sta., B'klyn, direct to Kings Highway Sta. on the property. OTTO SINGER.

$80,000.
At Prospect Park Plaza; to close estate will sacrifice modern corner detached dwelling, 160 feet frontage on Plaza; 17 rooms, 2 baths; perfect order; private conservatory; spacious grounds; costly shrubbery; house alone cost $125,000; make offer.
HENRY PIERSON & CO., INC.,
307-309 Flatbush Av., corner Prospect Place.

Builders' failure has thrown on my hands 44 houses, one family, two family, some brick, some stucco, for quick turn sacrifice for $500 to $1,000 less than builders' actual cost; prices $3,900 to $5,500; small cash payment, balance like rent; quick transit, 5c fare; select neighborhood; all improvements. Building Materal Dealer, 602 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

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$100 down, $27 per month, one-family detached cottage, 6 rooms and bath; steam heat; parquet floors; laundry in cellar. C. E. WILLIAMS, 1,945 Flatbush Av.

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All City Conveniences and Improvements.
$5 DOWN, $5 MONTHLY
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Fine all-year residence; few minutes of Great South Bay dock; 24 miles out; five minutes' walk of station; fishing, boating, bathing; house contains 12 spacious rooms, 2 bathrooms, hardwood floors; beamed ceilings; cathedral glass windows; steam heat; gas; 5 rooms on main floor; hall in centre; 5 master's rooms; 2 rooms in attic; handsome grounds; over one acre; garage; perfect order; title guaranteed by Title Guarantee and Trust Company; easy terms. A. B. McCord, Owner, Merrick, L. I.

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Business reasons force me to sell. Will sacrifice on easy terms to responsible buyer. Cozy, artistic Summer or all-year home right on the Great South Bay, Long Island. 1 hr. 20 min. to Manhattan, express; 10 min. to station. Biggest snap; prettiest place offered on L. I. Trees, wharf, bathing, beach. Tel. 1250 Mad. Sq., N. Y. C.

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Ideal country home; modern house, 12 rooms, bath, electric light, gas, hot-water heat, spacious piazzas; bathing and fishing; newly decorated; in excellent condition; good reasons compel sale of this property. No reasonable offer refused. No mosquitoes. Osborn, Box 413, Sea Cliff, L. I.

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Seven acres, high bluff, cleared land; 700 feet shore frontage; $1,500 per acre. Stephen Yates, 146 East 34th St.

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will be sent free on application.
Address
GAGE E. TARBELL
320 Fifth Avenue
NEW YORK CITY

$4500 BUYS A $5900 HOUSE
EASY TERMS.
Payments same as rent.
THIS IS A GREAT BARGAIN, beautiful new house on large plot, specially built, in a restricted private residence park; refined surroundings and high class people; one block from depot; 27 minutes from Manhattan on main electrified line, 120 trains daily; fine trains and trolleys to all points; all improvements; large return veranda; excellent closets; hardwood trim throughout; large living room; panelled dining room; beamed ceilings; parquet floors; steam heat; tiled vestibule and bath; electric lights and gas; up-to-date fixtures; open fireplace, curbs, sidewalks, trees, flowering shrubs, spacious cellar of solid cement; excellent schools and churches; pure air and running water. Call, phone or write immediately for photo and particulars; inspect this rare bargain at my expense. M'NEECE, Suite 403, 334 5th Av., Cambridge Bldg.; Tel. 8425 Madison Square.

North Shore BARGAIN
HUNTINGTON Country Home.
House has 12 rooms; excellent condition; modern improvements made at small cost; FOR SALE AT A RIDICULOUSLY LOW FIGURE; 5¼ ACRES, on high hill overlooking village and harbor; 3 acres in fruit, apple, peach, pear, plum, cherry bearing heavily; step to trolley running from Sound to ocean, reaching station in few minutes; Huntington has 10,000 population; less than an hour from New York; modern barn, combining garage, carriage house, stable, and cow stable; chicken runs; fine well; beautiful country estate.
A. L. FIELD,
HUNTINGTON, LONG ISLAND,
or Room 824, 47 W. 34th St., N. Y. C.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Entire Building to Lease
3-5-7 W. 35th St.
75x98.9
Eleven-Story Mercantile Building.
High Ceilings—Sprinkler System.
STORE WITH MEZZANINE.
Possession Jan. 1.
OFFERS ON PART CONSIDERED.
GEORGE B. CORSA, Agent,
198 Broadway.

TO LET IN WHOLE OR PART FOR
Printing, Paper, or Other Trades
Eight story, extra heavy built
Fireproof Loft Building
75,000 Square Feet
FULLY EQUIPPED WITH STEAM AND ELECTRIC POWER AND LIGHT PLANT.
419 & 421 LAFAYETTE ST.
AT ASTOR PLACE.
APPLY YOUR OWN BROKER, OR
ALFRED M. RAU, 505 Fifth Av.

LEASE FOR TERM OF YEARS.
Large loft, 25x100, 12 feet high; good light. 2,182 3d Av., northwest corner 119th St. Apply to M. Bruckner, 103 Gold St.

$15 Up Month Exceptionally light and cheerful OFFICES in Modern Fireproof Bldg. 109 Broad St.

45th St., 502-508 West.—100x100; suitable for auto garage or factory; moderate rent. B. Robertson, 1,123 Broadway.

Two lofts, 25x92; low rent; steam heat and elevator. Spacesaving Appliance Company, 135 West 20th St.

Part of attractive 5th Av. office; centrally located; rent reasonable, Moderate, D 1 Times.

1,425 Avenue A, 56 stalls, 200 wagons. Inquire 1,317 1st Av.

A rare book is a treasure frequently found in The Book Exchange of The New York Times Review of Books. Every Sunday.—Adv.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

What One Woman Said—

—and it was the finest compliment our suburbs or our firm ever received

Said she: "I read the booklets on Pelhamwood and on Larchmont Gardens—then went out to see both places, prepared to allow for exaggerations. But you didn't make half strong enough the beauty, the accessibility or the improvements!"

May we surprise you, too? Free tickets on fast and frequent trains, good any week day or Sunday—and the two booklets—on request. You're under no obligations, either.

Clifford B. Harmon & Co.
42d and Madison Ave.
Phone, Murray Hill 2326

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE
WATER FRONT PLOTS AT
Premium Point Park
New Rochelle, N. Y.
At 60% of Value
Water—Sewer—Gas
Macadamized Streets Fully Installed
NO ASSESSMENTS.
C. J. VAN SLYKE,
331 Madison Av., Cor. 43d St.,
NEW YORK

KEEP UP APPEARANCES.

It costs no more to live in a refined, restricted, and easily accessible neighborhood in the country than it does to dwell in a city flat; there is for sale in the most desirable section of Westchester a house that overlooks the Hudson, and that can be purchased on a small cash payment down, the balance same as rent; it is modern in every particular, the surroundings are beautiful, and you have the additional advantage of being able to enjoy all out-of-door sports with the best class of people. Particulars from Room 1,000, 331 Madison Av.

Ryesdale Estates

If you are interested in securing a home site, with magnificent old trees and shady lawns, near the water, let us show you the most beautiful spot in Westchester; boating, bathing, fishing, &c.; quiet, refined surroundings; large plots, with all improvements, at reasonable price; sold only to approved purchasers. Homes for sale and rent. RYESDALE ESTATES, 25 West 42d St. Phone 3745 Bryant.

Beautiful Larchmont-on-the-Sound is 18 miles from New York. For a home location or investment buy a lot at Chatsworth Heights; 1,000 feet from station; all city improvements; and title policy free at from $300 to $500; they are worth more. At the way values are increasing you are sure to make a splendid profit. Lots way back of White Plains are selling for more than these figures and have no city improvements. Your money is safe and is growing when invested in Chatsworth Heights. Several new artistic houses for sale; prices low; easy terms. Ask for J. K. Davis, Larchmont, N. Y.

"FIELDSTON"
RIVERDALE-ON-HUDSON

Residence plots on highest land in New York City.

Reached in 35 minutes from 42d Street by Broadway Subway to Van Cortlandt.

DELAFIELD ESTATE, INC.,
27 Cedar Street, New York.

Throughout Westchester County
Country Homes; Acreage; Appraisals.
EDWARD M. WEST, INC.
331 Madison Av. Murray Hill 4430—'Phones—413 White Plains. Depot Square.

9-room house, parquet floors, hardwood trim; attractively decorated; all modern improvements; located in the best section of Westchester; 25 minutes from Harlem; surroundings and location ideal; will sell on easy terms. Room 708, 7 East 42d St.

Ideal situation for permanent residence; banks of Hudson, Yonkers, brick house, 12 rooms, 3 baths; modern throughout; 35 minutes house to 42d St.; exchange considered. Teesedale, 2,291 Broadway.

SCARSDALE.—Several good houses for rent at $60 a month and up; let us know your needs. Angell, 16 East 42d.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR LET.

A1 Construction. New semi-bungalow in Roselle, N. J.; on large plot, 50x100. 6 large rooms and bath, cellar, porch 9x33. Living hall has open fireplace and panelled oak staircase, white enamel bedrooms. All city improvements and conveniences. 100 trains daily. Must be seen to be appreciated. Price $4,200; moderate cash payment. P. S. Warman, Room 222E, 30 Church St., City.

New 3-Room Cottage, $50

$50 cash, balance monthly like rent, buys small home and ¼ acre, New Jersey Hills, 32 minutes out; 40 trains daily; express station; schools, churches, stores; free title policy. OWNER, P. O. Box 1,041, N. Y. City.

A JERSEY GEM.

$500 cash, balance like rent, will buy this charming house in select Bergen County suburb; high up in the hills; short distance from city; 7 rooms and bath; open plumbing; large attic; concrete cellar; steam heat; gas and electric fixtures; stationary tubs; combination gas and coal range; beam ceiling in dining room; built-in bookcases and sideboard. Builder, 185 Times Downtown.

A HILLSIDE BEAUTY.

On the slope of beautifully wooded hill; charming bungalow; just built; close to city; six rooms, bath, open fireplace; best plumbing; hardwood floors; large attic; shady veranda; plenty ground; five minutes from station; $500 cash will buy; balance like rent; visit at my expense. Rich, 801 Singer Building.

For good reason must sell at once handsome new house, seven rooms and bath; all improvements, including splendid cellar, furnace, gas, and electricity; healthful location; growing community; fine schools, churches, &c.; two methods of transportation; 30 minutes to city; price to responsible buyer on easy terms, $5,000. Box D 140 Times.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J.

Eight-room house, all improvements; large living room, open fireplace, 2 baths, steam heat; very cozy and attractive; owner must sell; will take small cash payment. Owner, 156 Broadway, Room 55.

BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY HOME

10 rooms, modern improvements; fruit and shade trees; near station; 35 minutes from Broadway. Railroad or trolley. Sacrifice $5,500. Easy terms. Herrich, Suite 459, Fifth Av. Bldg., cor. 23d.

¼ ACRE & BUNGALOW $50

Down, balance monthly; elevation 427 feet; fine scenery; good roads, near river; 35 minutes Lackawanna. Address Commuter, 40 Times Downtown.

BUNGALOW HOMES.

Adjoining Summit, N. J.; artistic, modern conveniences; 37 minutes' ride on Lackawanna; 550 feet elevation; club features; tennis courts; Roman swimming pool; $3,250 up; easy terms. Bungalow, 120 Times.

An Ideal Home Site
LESTER HILL,
White Plains, N. Y.
7 Minutes' Walk from Station.
50X100.
WATER—SEWER—GAS—
ELECTRIC LIGHTS.
MACADAMIZED STREETS
FULLY INSTALLED.
NO ASSESSMENTS.
C. J. Van Slyke,
331 Madison Av., Cor. 43d St.,
NEW YORK.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR LET.

A Distinctive Home.

For business reasons must sacrifice for $6,500 my beautiful home, just completed; built by day's labor; superior construction and materials throughout; of artistic exterior design, with porch, 24x12½ feet. Contains seven large rooms and bath, living room, 28x14, with broad, handsome fireplace, panel dining room, model kitchen, four pleasant bedrooms, and tile bathroom; trimmed in high-class style; tastefully decorated; artistic gas and electric fixtures and parquet floors. A charming home in a high-class community, where climatic conditions are ideal the year around; excellent transportation; 20 minutes from city; accessible by day and night. $500 cash required, balance on easy terms. Box D 141 Times.

CALIFORNIA BUNGALOW — Six rooms, tiled bath, open fireplace, hardwood finish, steam heat; beautiful surroundings; large shade trees. All city improvements. $4,750. Very easy terms. A handsome year round home four blocks from Railroad Station, at Fanwood, N. J. Send for particulars. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

FACTS OF A REAL BARGAIN
10 rooms, 2 baths; hollow tile const.;
billiard room; sun parlor;
electric light, hot-water heat;
parquet floors; vacuum cleaner;
new; just completed;
best section Westfield, N. J.
19 miles; 40 minutes to N. Y. City.
$18,000—EASY TERMS.
Other Houses, Bargains, All Prices.
Terms, photos, and particulars apply
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
COUNTRY DEPARTMENT,
162 W. 72d St., N. Y. C. Tel. 7240—Col.

AT FANWOOD, N. J.—An ideal home site 100x143 for $500. Terms $10 cash and $5.00 per month. Beautiful location on a hill, covered with large oak trees, 10 minutes' walk from Depot. City improvements. Full information and transportation sent you FREE. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

X WILL SACRIFICE X

7-room house, all-the-year-round home, with all city conveniences. Less than one hour from N. Y. City. On "Road of Anthracite." $5,000 is price if purchased this month. Easy terms.
Address **BARGAIN,**
P. O. Box 1431, N. Y. City.

Why Not Westfield, N. J.

for your home town? On the famous Jersey Central, 19 miles out, 38 minutes by express. Finest schools, churches, stores, macadam roads, sidewalks. A community of homes of contented people. Send request for illustrated booklet.
Westfield Board of Trade, Box 218B.

CHARMING HOME

at Morsemere, N. J.; twenty minutes from Manhattan by railroad or trolley; attractive dwelling on corner plot, 100x125; gas, electricity, steam heat, wide verandas, 9 rooms and bath; $85 per month. R. W. Thompson, Jr., Broad Av., Morsemere, or 52 Wall St., N. Y.

An ideal home; six rooms and bath; hardwood finish; all improvements; lot 50x100; $3,500; five minutes from depot. Write for photographs and particulars. Suerken, Rochelle Park, N. J.

$2,650. BUNGALOW. $2,650.
1-3 ACRE 1-3.

Peaches, plums, pears, apples, grapes, berries flowers. Biggest bargain around N. Y.; write or call at once. Coover-Hitchcock Co., Leonia, N. J.

Maplewood, N. J.—New seven-room, hollow tile dwelling, white stucco, red asbestos roof; large lot; near station; $500 cash; balance rent. Owner, Box 301 Maplewood, N. J.

Commuter's farm, hour out, near station; high, healthful; 8-room house, barn, poultry house; lawn, shade, fruit, garden; $500 cash, balance monthly. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 B'way.

ON account of moving to Boston, will sacrifice my $7,500 house for $6,000. Liberal terms. Address Opportunity, Post Office Box 1431.

Bungalow tract, 6 acres, 700 ft. river front, near station, hour out; fare 15 cts. Price $2,200. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

RIDGEWOOD, N. J.

Beautiful illustrated booklet sent free on application. GORDON & FORMAN.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR LET.

Weequahic Tract
NEWARK, N. J.
Fronting on Weequahic Park

Lehigh Valley Station at Property. Lehigh Valley Railroad to build new station at Elizabeth and Meeker Aves. at once. All Lehigh Valley trains to stop at this station.

Handsome houses and beautifully located building plots for sale. The opportunity for a profitable investment is the best ever offered in this city. Now is the time to buy. Come and see for yourself.

Title guaranteed by Fidelity Trust Co.

Take McAdoo Tubes to Newark and Mt. Prospect cars to property.

Maps and further information,
FRANK J. BOCK, Manager,
Firemen's Building, Broad and Market Sts., Newark, N. J.

GREATEST BARGAINS

in the history of suburban real estate; finest properties in New York City's most popular suburb. On MAIN LINE Central R. R. of N. J.; 17 miles out; 60 trains daily. 34 MINUTES NOW. Full sized lots and fully improved building plots right in the best section of Cranford, 3 to 10 minutes' walk from MAIN station. Write for prices, booklets, maps and free R. R. ticket.
MANOR REALTY CO.,
CRANFORD, NEW JERSEY.

NEAR MONTCLAIR
GOLF LINKS. 600 FT. ELEVATION.
BIRDSEYE HOMESTEAD

and six acres to lease. 10 rooms and bath, gas, electric light, hardwood floors; stable; fruit and shade; newly decorated; commuting distance, Lackawanna to N. Y.; on Sunset Ave., western slope of Orange Mountains, 600 ft. elevation; $1,200 per year, fully furnished; 900 unfurnished; special terms for immediate Summer rental; reference required. M. D. Birdseye, owner, Montclair. 2061 W.

ON A HILL TOP

Catching every breeze; overlooking the country for miles; craftsman stucco house; 7 rooms, bath, large attic, beamed ceiling, oak floors, all city improvements; cheap and quick commutation; small cash payment; balance like rent; other beautiful houses. F. C. Becker, 50 Church St. Phone 8748 Cort.

D. B. KEELER, JR.,
10 WALL ST., NEW YORK.
Furnished Cottages for rent; Estates for sale.
MONMOUTH BEACH,
RUMSON ROAD,
SEABRIGHT.

BEAUTIFUL MODERN
COUNTRY RESIDENCE

Eleven rooms, modern bath, conservatory, open fireplaces; beautiful grounds, shrubbery, fine shade, fruit, choice location, convenient to everything; bargain.
Elston M. French, 141 Broadway, N. Y. C.

AT BEAUTIFUL RIDGEWOOD, N. J.

New 9-room house; oak floors, steam heat, open plumbing; plot 65x165; cost, $6,500, sacrifice $5,500. Terms, $250 down, balance $45 monthly. Box 236 Ridgewood, N. J.

Asbury Park, Allenhurst, Deal
FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT.
WM. C. BURROUGHS, Asbury Park, N. J.

WILL SACRIFICE SUMMER COTTAGE
at Schooleys Mts., N. J. Furnished.
Write for particulars.
OWNER, P. O. Box 1431, N. Y. City.

Ridgewood—Town of 6,000; excellent schools; 80 trains daily; 20 miles out; small farm, 6 acres; house, 10 rooms, bath, barn; descriptive booklet. Quackenbush, 212 Broadway, N. Y.

Farms, suburban real estate; list free. Paul F. Williams, New Brunswick, N. J.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

Here is a wonderful opportunity for investing in an all-the-year resort hotel property with prospects of increased values and immense profits such as those which have made so many large fortunes in Atlantic City real estate.

This is a large property on the famous North Shore, within thirty minutes' ride of a city of a million people. Railroad accommodations could not be better.

The hotel is strictly up-to-date, in the best of condition, and caters to the very best class of patrons. It is situated on high ground, gently sloping to the beach, with hundreds of full-grown oak, elm, maple, and other varieties of trees. The garage is of terra cotta—modern and fireproof. Stable room for 20 horses. Sanitary conditions are perfect, with one of the best water and sewer systems in the United States. The health record is the highest in New England.

This property has been successfully managed as a select Summer resort—but its location is such that it should be conducted all the year round and be developed on a much larger scale. The extensive grounds and superb location make possible its development into one of the finest resorts in the country, with a promise of splendid profits. Town has several yacht clubs. Most attractive proposition for a country club.

This property has never before been on the market. The present owner bought the land 50 years ago, and has built and successfully managed the hotel. He has now arrived at the age when he feels that it is time for him to give up active business—therefore he will sell the whole property, or a part of it, or exchange for unincumbered property which will not require his personal attention.

Address N. E. Enterprise, P. O. Box 2288 Boston, Mass.

LYME, CONNECTICUT

In the Black Hall section of town, an attractive Colonial residence having on ground floor—two living rooms, bedroom, and lavatory, dining room, kitchen, and laundry; on the second floor—five master's and three servants' bedrooms and bath; garage; five acres; walking distance of beach; two bathhouses; mile and one-half from station. Rent $600. For full particulars apply to
PAYSON McL. MERRILL
481 5th Av., N. Y. Tel. Bryant 7417.

Gentleman's Country Estate and Farm For Sale

200 acres, 900 feet above sea. Land cultivatable entirely by machinery. Every modern convenience, including electric light and power plant. Latest style machinery. Every building A1 condition. Self-supporting and running at a profit now. Price $60,000, complete, including live stock, machinery, &c. WEE LADDIE FARM, CHARLTON, MASS.

TO LET—Beautifully located furnished cottages, some new this season; delightful scenery; fine bathing, boating, fishing, golf links; rental $300 to $1,000 per season; also cottages for sale. For particulars address G. E. CURRIER, Kennebunk Beach, Me.

To Rent.—Three large first-class houses, upon the ocean adjacent to Hotel Wentworth, suitable for a yacht club or boarding house or family use. Call or write to C. C. Day, Portsmouth, N. H.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

Brooklyn.

Beautiful Brick Houses
FOR RENT
1 and 2 Family $25 to $35 per Month

Send for list. Special Manager, 60 Liberty St., N. Y., Room 67. 'Phone, Cort—7440.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

STUDIO APARTMENT.
Rent $25 per month, (skylight,)
115 East 34th St., one room and bath,
from June 15 to October 1st.
FOLSOM BROTHERS, (Inc.,) 127 E. 34 St.

14 East 60th St.—To sublet, one, two and three rooms, handsomely furnished, at special Summer rates.

THE SEVILLIA Apartment Hotel, 117 West 58th St.
Nicely furnished apartment of two rooms and bath; southern exposure; to Oct. 1.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York:

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Fitz Allen Flinn, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of her attorney, Edward J. McGanney, No. 3 Broad Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 30th day of September next.

Dated New York, the 20th day of March, 1912.
NELLIE W. FLINN, Executrix.
EDWARD J. McGANNEY, Attorney for Executrix, 3 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Just Completed.
A new high class Apartment House
in a select residential neighborhood.
498 WEST END AVENUE,
S. E. COR. 84TH STREET.
A few remaining apartments for rent.
Consisting of 6, 7 & 8 rooms—2 & 3 baths.
Exceptional closet room, and large foyers.
Lowest rent in this vicinity.
Immediate Possession—leases from October 1st.
Apply on premises. A. J. McMANUS, Manager.

---

749 WEST END AVE.
Between 96th and 97th Streets.
A NEW FIREPROOF APARTMENT HOUSE,
5 & 7 Rooms with 1 & 3 Baths
Large Foyers,
Two apartments on each floor.
Separate service elevator.
READY FOR OCCUPANCY JULY 1.
RENTS $1,000 TO $1,900.
Now Open for Inspection.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

383 PARK AVENUE
Near 54th St.
NEW TWELVE-STORY FIREPROOF APARTMENTS
7 Rooms & 3 Baths
RENTS $1,900 & up
Open Fireplaces; All Modern Conveniences.
Ready July 15th
APPLY MONTANA REALTY CO.,
384 Park Av., near 53d St.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

THE ROCKFALL,
B'way and 111th St.,
(Northeast Corner)

This superb, splendidly planned and entirely modern house with its southwest exposure and sixty-seven separate apartments, NOW FULLY RENTED, will, on October 1st, have a few expiring leases. These we are now rapidly re-leasing, and applications for apartments should be made without delay.

Our present offerings consist of 6, 7, 8 and 9 room apartments, with 2 and 3 baths each. This house is not being rented to sell, but is held as an investment, our aim being to offer tenants a real home, considerate treatment and perfect service.

MANAGER ON PREMISES.

The HAMPTONS
201-203 WEST 117TH ST.,
occupying Junction 117th St., Seventh and St. Nicholas Avs.
Completely Remodelled and Renovated
Superior Service
7 and 8 Rooms and Bath
All Large and Light.
Rent from $900 to $1,100
Renting agent on premises.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

BERKELEY ARMS
326-332 West 95th St.
High-class elevator apartments.
Liberal concessions.
6-7-8 Rooms.
Subway express station.
Rents $50 to $75.
Superintendent on premises.
Telephone 4174 Riverside.

Cor. Central Park West
1 WEST 94TH STREET.
8 to 10 Rooms.
Living Room, 15x30. Suites Equal to 25 ft. Private House.
Exceptional Closet Space.

RICHMOND HILL
27 WASHINGTON SQUARE NORTH.
Very desirable modern light apartments of six and seven rooms and bath; steam heat; electric light; elevator service all night; rents reasonable.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

TO SUBLET—APARTMENT IN
BUCKINGHAM COURT
310 to 320 West 99th St.; four rooms; bedrooms 19x23, parlor 13x27, kitchenette and other room in proportion.
Apply to Superintendent on premises.

308 WEST 15TH ST.
Attractive bachelor apartments.
2 rooms and bath $32
Ashforth & Co., 11 East 42d St.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

THE CLEVELAND
126-130 East 24th St.
Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

BRONX.

The Hunts Point Apartments
Appeal to the Fastidious.
Advantages of living here are many.
Rooms are large, bright, and airy.
Private Park adjoins the building.
Tennis Courts for adults.
Playground for the Children.
YOU HAVE A CHOICE OF
4, 5, 6, 7, 8 ROOMS
AT $40, $45, $55, $60, $79
You can pay more
but you can't get more.
Let us show you the Apartments
A. ARENT COMPANY
1010 East 163d Street,
Corner Simpson St.
Phone 4600 Melrose.
Take Bronx Subway to Simpson St.

LOW RENTS
Beautiful Large Rooms
ONE BLOCK FROM CROTONA PARK;
1½ Blocks from Public School.
CLINTON AVE.
90 ft. North 175th St.
All 5-room apartments; extra large closets; electric light throughout; steam heat; everything up-to-date.
APPLY ON PREMISES, OR
PLOUGH & FOX CO., Owners
391 EAST 149TH ST.

The most efficient workers advertise in the Situations Wanted columns of The New York Times. Read and answer these advertisements and secure the best help without cost to you. Telephone Bryant 1000.—Adv.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

LA CASA BLANCA
55 East 76th St.
Near Madison Avenue.
High-class elevator apartments.
Liberal Concessions.
6-7 Rooms.
Rents $900 to $1,500.
White enamel woodwork, parquet floors. Superintendent on premises. Telephone 1690 Lenox.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of GEORGE E. STANLEY, Alleged Bankrupt.—No. 16,506.

It appearing to my satisfaction by the petition of Hastings & Gleason, verified the 10th day of June, 1912, that a petition was filed in this Court on the 29th day of April, 1912, praying that the above-named George E. Stanley be adjudged a bankrupt, and that a subpoena directed to said bankrupt was duly issued out of this Court to the Marshal of this District, and that the said Marshal has been unable to serve the same, and that said alleged bankrupt is not now within this district so that personal service may be made upon him, and that diligent efforts have since been made to ascertain the whereabouts of the said alleged bankrupt, but that he is not now within the jurisdiction of this Court; it is,

Now, on motion of Hastings & Gleason, Esquires, attorneys for the petitioning creditors,

Ordered that the above-named alleged bankrupt plead, answer, or demur on or before the 29th day of June, 1912, to the petition herein filed in the office of the Clerk of this Court on the 29th day of April, 1912, and in case of his failure to plead, answer or demur thereto, adjudication shall be made according to the prayer of said petition; and it is

Further Ordered that this order be published in The New York Times once a week for two successive weeks, said publication to commence not later than the 12th day of June, 1912, and that a copy of this order be mailed to the said alleged bankrupt at his latest known place of business, No. 79 Beekman Street, in the City of New York, on or before the date of the first publication.

Dated New York, June 10, 1912.
LEARNED HAND, D. J.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ERNEST QUIRIGHETTI and AMBROGIO BROGI, trading as BROGI & QUIRIGHETTI, Bankrupts. No. 16,619.

To the creditors of Ernest Quirighetti and Ambrogio Brogi, trading as Brogi & Quirighetti, of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 7th day of June, A. D. 1912, the said Ernest Quirighetti and Ambrogio Brogi were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York N. Y., on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated, June 11th, 1912.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,039.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ARMIN HERMAN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Armin Herman of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 6th day of January, A. D. 1912, the said Armin Herman was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, referee in bankruptcy, No. 2 Rector Street, City and County of New York, on the 26th day of June, A. D. 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
June 10, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—JOSEPH BLASBERG, individually and as trading as IMPERIAL INCANDESCENT SUPPLY CO., Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated January 6th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, July 22d, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, June 10th, 1912.

NO. 14,630.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH RESSLER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of January, A. D. 1911, the said Joseph Ressler was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver St., City and County of New York, on the 24th day of June, A. D. 1912, at 12:00 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, June 11, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—CORYDON J. DEXTER, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated April 5th 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, July 22d, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, June 11th, 1912.

SCHOOLS.

NEW YORK—Manhattan.

THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES,
MADISON SQUARE, (1,122 BROADWAY.)
Harlem Branch, 343 Lenox Av., near 127th St.
Brooklyn Branch, 218-220 Livingston St.
Schools open all the year.

MASSEE COUNTRY SCHOOL
AN INDIVIDUAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
W. W. Massee, Ph. D., Lawrence Park Bronxville, N. Y.

N. Y. UNIVERSITY SUMMER SCHOOL, JULY 1 TO AUG. 9.
Bulletin on request. 32 Waverly Place.

Wanted—English teacher, conversationalist, by Japanese gentleman, evenings. Goichi, 469 West 157th St.

Pennsylvania

FOR OUR BOYS.
DAVIDSON VACATION SCHOOL
Coolbaugh, Pa., Blue Ridge Mountain.
Station on School Ground.
HEALTH, RECREATION, PLEASURE,
STUDY, BOATING, BATHING, & FISHING.
Near the Coolbaugh College Inn.
A Family Resort of High Order.
Write for Catalogue.
Dr. D. Davidson, 1,190 Madison Av., New York.
'Phone 3488 Lenox.

NEW ENGLAND—Connecticut.

INGLESIDE—A School for Girls
Founded by Mrs. Wm. D. Black.
New Milford, Litchfield Co., Conn.
School year opens Tuesday, October 1st, 1912.
MRS. WILLIAM BLACK PELL, Patroness.

SUMMER CAMPS.

Have you a refined boy under seventeen? For one hundred and fifteen dollars, (which includes traveling expenses from New York,) he can spend July and August in a well-known camp. W 147 Times.

Camp Champlain For Boys, Mallett's Bay. Lake Champlain, Vt.
For full particulars address J. Clark Read, Berkeley School, 72d St. and West End Av., N. Y.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 Months for $5.00

and upwards. Every machine is in fine working order and will be kept so during term of rental. Initial payment allowed to apply if purchased. WE SELL rebuilt machines, guaranteed for one year, at a saving of 50% to 75%. Send for catalogue.

AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO.,
345 Broadway, Cor. of Leonard St. Tel. 5408 Franklin.
10 Barclay St., 7 Doors from B'way. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, EASTern District of New York.—In the matter of THOMAS H. MITCHELL & BRO., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that the personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold at public auction by J. W. & W. H. Reid, United States Auctioneers, at No. 21 Willoughby St., in the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, on the 12th day of June, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon.

The property, consisting of watches, clocks, jewelry, diamonds, cut glass, safe, and fixtures, may be inspected at the above premises on June 11th, 1912, between the hours of 2 and 4 P. M.

The trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from sale unless it shall bring at least seventy-five (75%) per cent. of the appraised value.

Dated New York, May 29th, 1912.
ROBERT F. TILNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
STRAUSS & SINGER, Attorneys for Trustee, Office and Post Office Address, 160 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITed States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX TIASECKI and SIDNEY STRAUSS, trading as MAX TIASECKI & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, June 21st, 1912, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of one trunk and machine, and shares of stock, as follows: 200 shares Storage Power Co., 5,000 shares St. Louis Mutual Beaumont Oil Syndicate, 1,000 shares Garden City Oil and Gas Co.

ROBERT F. RANDALL, Trustee.
JULIUS H. REITER, Attorney for Trustee, 320 Broadway, New York.

RECEIVER'S SALE

of the 3-9-19 cent store, formerly the business of Samuel Gemeiner, bankrupt, at 362 First St., Hoboken, N. J., Thursday, June 13th, 1912, at 2 o'clock on the premises, 362 First St., Hoboken, N. J.

The stock is made up of glass and chinaware, underclothing, novelties, tinware, &c., &c., and will be offered for sale as one lot and as a going concern.

The highest bid will be accepted, subject to confirmation by the Court of Bankruptcy.

Property may be inspected on the morning of the sale, at the premises.

For further information apply to
GEORGE D. HENDRICKSON, Receiver,
75 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITed States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES PRICHEP, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, June 12th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 83 Canal St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ready-made men's and boys' suits, pants, vests, overcoats, woolens, raw materials, safe, fixtures, &c. MARCUS HELFAND, Receiver.
ROSENBERG & LEVIS, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITed States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL GOLKIN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, June 12th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 140 Ludlow St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of soda water fountain, shelving, fixtures, &c.

EDGAR A. MEYER, Receiver.
GOLDSMITH, COHEN, COLE & WEISS, Attorneys for Receiver, 45 Wall St., New York.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE, No. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
Wednesday, June 12th, 1912,
at 12.30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTOR.

4 shs. Chesapeake & Ohio Rwy.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

1,000 shs. Cuban & Pan-American Express Co. Prefd.
2,450 shs. Cuban & Pan-American Express Co. common.
4,000 shs. Liberty-Nassau Building Co. common.
2,250 shs. Liberty-Nassau Building Co. 7 p. c. Cumulative Prefd.
Agreement of C. L. Gray to take and pay for at par 575 shs. of the Preferred stock of the Liberty-Nassau Building Co.
Agreement of Charles Pasche, do do 500 shs. do do.
Agreement of H. L. Christie, do do 25 shs. do do.
Agreement of E. J. Keschner, do do 100 shs. do do.
Agreement of Herbert T. Jennings, do do 100 shs. do do.
Agreement of Herbert T. Jennings, do do 150 shs. do do.
Agreement of George J. Wells, do do 50 shs. do do.
Agreement of C. C. Wright, do do 50 shs. do do.
Agreement of Snelson Chesney, do do 100 shs. do do.
Agreement of Albert M. Meints, do do 250 shs. do do.
Agreement of H. A. Berkemeyer, do do 50 shs. do do.
Agreement of W. L. Wimmer, do do 50 shs. do do.
$100,000 Mexican National Packing Co., Ltd., Tem. 6 p. c. 1st & Special Mtge. Bds., 1931.
2,700 shs. United Copper Co. com.
64 shs. Union Waxed & Parchment Paper Co. of N. J. 7 p. c. Prefd.
46 shs. Cincinnati Northern R. R. Co.
25 shs. Market & Fulton Natl. Bank.
10 shs. Hudson Trust Co.
10 shs. Tear-Off Bottle Seal Co. Pfd.
10 shs. Spiral Weld Tube Co.
1 share International Automobile League Tire & Rubber Co.
5 shs. United States Electric Co.
2 shs. Guaranty Trust Co.
2,500 shs. Naica Mining Co.
5,000 shs. Naica Mining Co.
$100 Indian Harbor Yacht Club 2d Mtge. 5 p. c. Regstd. Bd., due Jan., 1923.
$6,000 City of New York 3½ p. c. Corporate Stock, 1954.
5 shs. New Jersey Zinc Co.
25 shs. New York & Harlem R. R.
25 shs. Nat'l Nassau Bank.
10 shs. Michigan Central R. R.
349 shs. Harway Improvement Co.
10 shs. Electric Bond & Share Co. Pfd.

ALSO AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey Street:

FOR ACCT. OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

20 shs. Dreamland.
$2,000 Dreamland Mtge. & Inc. Registd. Gold Bonds, due Jany., 1914.
50 shs. People's Surety Co.
100 shs. Remsen Bond & Mtge. Co.
22 shs. Remsen Realty Co.
40 shs. Remsen Realty Co. Prefd.
100 shs. Nevada-Utah Mines & Smelters' Corpn.
50 shs. Empire China Works.
2 shs. Crematory Co. of New York.
12½ shs. People's Surety Co.
50 shs. Home Bank of Brooklyn.
268 shs. Remsen Realty Co. common.
10 shs. Home Bank of Brooklyn.
12½ shs. People's Surety Co.
10 shs. Remsen Bond & Mtge. Co.
15 shs. People's Surety Co.
20 shs. Remsen Bond & Mtge. Co.
5 shs. People's Surety Co.
60 shs. Remsen Bond & Mtge. Co.
110 shs. Remsen Realty Co.
55 shs. Italian-American Trust Co.
90 shs. Home Bank of Brooklyn.
50 shs. Builders' Mortgage Co.
$3,300 Participation Crtf. in Bond & Mortgage made to the Crematory Co. of N. Y. by Joseph Benson Stewart, No. 29, at 5 p. c. interest.

The entire high-grade and most up-to-date stock of one of the most prominent importers of this city, comprising

MILLINERY

and millinery supplies, untrimmed and trimmed hats, ranging in price as high as $50.00 each; evening gowns, opera capes, and coats, dresses, robes, suits, &c., ranging in price as high as $175.00 each; also the very elaborate fixtures in the entire establishment will be sold at peremptory auction sale

By D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer,

on Friday, June 14, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., on premises No. 7 West 31st St., 3 doors from 5th Ave. This will be one of the most attractive sales of the season. For full and further information follow this paper.

FOR SALE.

DESKS Roll and Flat Top. Chairs, Filing Cabinets. Office Partition.
HAMBURGER, 33 E. 20th St.

SUMMONSES.

CITY COURT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.—EDGAR J. HESSLEIN, EUGENE O. BEYER, and JOHN STAUDT, as co-partners, doing business under the firm name and style of NEUSS, HESSLEIN & CO., Plaintiffs, against RESTITUTO BLANCO, VALENTIN LOPEZ, and PRUDENCIO MARTINEZ, as co-partners doing business under the firm name and style of BLANCO, LOPEZ & CO., Defendants.—Summons.

To the above-named defendants and each of them:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within ten days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, April 11, 1912.
GUSTAV LANGE, Jr.,
Plaintiffs' Attorney,
Office and Post Office Address No. 257 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

To the defendants Restituto Blanco, Valentin Lopez, and Prudencio Martinez, as co-partners doing business under the firm name and style of Blanco, Lopez & Co.:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Hon. Richard T. Lynch, Justice of the City Court of the City of New York, dated May 6, 1912, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the City Court of the City of New York, at No 32 Chambers Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

GUSTAV LANGE, Jr.,
Plaintiffs' Attorney,
Office and Post Office Address No. 257 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York.
Dated New York, May 6, 1912.

Five Months

In five months of 1912 The New York Times published 3,735,504 lines of advertisements, a gain of 214,000 lines compared with the corresponding period last year—a greater growth than the combined gains of three other New York morning newspapers ranking with The Times in quality of circulation.

DRY GOODS—1,191,906 lines, compared with 1,089,164 lines in the corresponding period of 1911, a gain of 102,742 lines, exceeding the combined gains of three other New York morning newspapers.

FINANCIAL—390,210 lines, a gain of 51,000 lines compared with the same period in 1911, 150,000 lines more than any other New York newspaper, morning or evening.

AUTOMOBILES—265,054 lines, 27,694 lines more than in the corresponding period in 1911—a greater volume than any other newspaper.

REAL ESTATE—420,530 lines, high class offerings and the best in the market.

BOOKS—138,035 lines, a greater volume by 70,000 lines than any other New York newspaper.

HOTELS and RESORTS—147,007 lines, a greater volume than the combined volume of three other New York morning newspapers.

RAILROADS and STEAMSHIPS—207,830 lines, a gain of 39,402 lines compared with the corresponding period in 1911—a greater volume and a greater gain than any other New York newspaper.

The New York Times, with a net paid daily sale greatly exceeding 200,000 copies, advertising rate and purchasing power of circulation considered, offers the cheapest and best advertising proposition in the world.

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—[illegible] J. Jury Calendar. 104—Sovereign Bank v. Stanley. 102—Alexander v. St. Louis Southwestern R R. 256—Kusner v. Pressed Steel Car Co. 255—Nicoll v. Pullman. 361—Baker v. Penn R R. 44—Nashville v. Barnum. 304—Nelson v. Penn R R. 292—Harrigan v. Bouvier.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Mayer, J. Admiralty and equity. 226—City of N Y v. Tug George F. Randolph. 96—Holler v. Holmes. 260—Rapner v. West India S S Co. 226—City of N Y v. George F. Randolph. 236—Staples Brick Co v. S S A. Stefana. 250—Monk v. Tug S. R. Callaway. 223—Yellow Pine Co v. Barge O. M. Hitchcock. 19—Merritt Dredging Co v. Tug Margaret Sanford. 113—Kennedy v. Tug Charles W Crane.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division.—Ingraham, McLaughlin, Scott, Miller, and Dowling, JJ. Enumerated motions. 880—James v. Dickey. 773—Finlay v. Kane. 774—Finlay v. Kane. 775—Finlay v. Kane. 712—F V Strauss Co v. Hammerstein. 780—Well v. Well. 781—Meacham v. Jamestown, Franklin & C Carfield R R. 782—People v. Dumphy. 783—Blaw Collapsible Steel Co v. Rice et al. 784—Harriman v. Geer. 785—United Surety Co v. Meenan. 786—Hollander v. Hudson. 787—Reiner v. Galinger. 788—Ginsberg v. Autobile Coach Co. 789—Reisler v. Natl Print & Eng Co. 190—Mager v. Ertheiler. 792—Bloodgood v. Lewis.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Giegerich, J. Litigated motions. 1—Hendler v. Culver Co. 2—Harris v. Herbst. 3—Kottek v. De Witt. 4—Lazo v. Nat Biscuit Co. 5—Equitable Life Assurance Socy v. Chanler. 6—Stroll v. Brady. 7—Thurber v. Tyrrell. 8—Wells v. Barker. 9—Derby v. Moore. 10—Thurber v. Tyrrell. 11—Katz v. Dages. 12—Same v. same. 13—Same v. same. 14—Strohl v. Brody. 15—Carhart v. Keene. 16—Bakerman v. Greenberg. 17—Kline v. Kline. 18—Kuder v. Hogan. 19—Matter of Wallace. 20—Matter of Wallace. 20—City of N Y v. Mullon. 21—Same v. same. 22—Jones v. Woodin. 23—Vaughan v. Hyatt. 25—N Y Life Ins Co v. Silverman. 26—Am Female Guardian Socy v. Silverman. 27—Epstein v. Tuchman Bros Const Co. 28—McBride v. Huhta. 29—Ellmont Realty Co v. Ramilana Realty Corp. 30—Dennis v. Dennis. 31—Berkowitz v. Union Hatters Co. 32—Slocum v. Ostrander. 33—Worster v. Battaglia. 34—Ritckey v. Ritckey. 35—Kuder v. Hogan. 36—Feeny v. Hill. 37—Toland v. Herbert. 38—Lanier v. Dodge. 39—U S Fidelity and Guar Co v. Ireland. 40—O'Brien v. Bock. 41—Same v. same. 42—Same v. same. 43—Haskin v. Bryan. 44—Wood v. Ada Realty and Mtg Co. 45—Same v. same. 46—Matter of Rector. 47 Carey v. Carey. 48—Hamill v. Massett. 49—Shapiro v. Oppenheimer. 50—Rothenberg v. Schmidt. 51—Klein v. Klein. 52—Filler v. Unger. 53—Davidson v. Sklarsky. 54—Broadway Sav Inst v. Polansky. 55—Fosnacht v. Fosnacht. 56—Cullen v. Thomas. 57—Helmus v. Dreyfus. 58—De Vries v. Harrington Sons Co. 59—Richardson v. Bronx Home News Pub Co. 60—Same v. same. 61—Same v. same. 62—Collier v. Postum Cereal Co. 63—Malony v. Brown & Lafin Realty Co. 64—Matter of N Y Square Bed Co. 65—Greenbaum v. Rosenberg. 66—Matter of Newman. 67—Carlson v. Hastings Pav Co. 68—Gartlir v. Bruckman. 69—McAdoo v. Schoellkopf, Hartford & Hanna Co. 70—Arndt v. Prendergast. 71—Hengle v. Masset. 72—Nicelle Olive Oil Co v. La Manna. 73—Matter of Winkler. 74—Hellstein v. Whitridge. 75—Hanly v. Melvin Stable Co. 76—Condon v. U S Electro Galvanizing Co. 77—Miner v. Marion. 77½—Levenson Wrecking Co v. Horowitz. 78—Bacon v. Billings, King & Co. 79—Wallach v. Weisenburger. 80—Dietz v. Dietz. 81—Matter of Beniash. 82—Schultz v. Vogel. 83—Matter of Wendover-Bronx Co. 84—Newell v. Coakley. 85—Deery v. Cunningham. 86—Shapiro v. Mutual Life Ins Co. 87—Conway v. Norcross Bros Co. 88—Gottschall v. Hamilton. 89—Ehrich v. Mason Seaman Transp Co. 90—Same v. same. 91—Matter of Rullman. 92—Finrock Iron Works v. Hurwitz. 93—Kaplan v. Uris Iron Works. 94—Am Undergarment Co v. Liberman. 95—Matter of Berdell. 96—Cleary v. Dykeman. 97—Schein v. Schein. 98—Matter of Hogan. 99—Klein v. Klein.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Gerard, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—McCall, J. Motions. Demurrers. 440—Kent v. Kiernan. 452—Rhode v. City of N Y. Preferred causes. 5437—City of N Y v. Montague. 5766—Wyatt v. Eggers. 5679—Klingenstein v. Morrison. 3619—Osborne v. Thorn. 5707—Lehman v. Ferguson. 5726—Same v. Curran. 5727, 5728—Same v. McKiernan. 5730 Same v. Hurst. 5731—Same v. Moral. 5757—Farmers' L & T Co v. Mortimer. 5522—East River Sav Inst v. Orbach. 5643—Farley v. Avidan. 2386—D'Oller v. Porter. General calendar. 3567—Shapiro v. Shapiro. 4714—Gayetty v. Thompson. 4956—McOwen v. Harris. 3777—Terhune v. Terhune. 3748—Crooker v. Elec Prot Co. 2907—Brand v. Driggs. 4092—Kalvin v. Smethurst. 4066—Tucker v. Bainert. 4759—Zeggio v. Robinson. 4364—Williams v. United Wireless Tel. 4743—Uhlfelder v. Boltan. 4707—Burns v. Niagara, &c, Co. 1833—Guffanti v. Nat Surety Co. 4176—De Kalb v. Dawson. 4144—Guardian Trust Co v. Am Mineral Water Mach Co. 4951—Clinton v. Balzar. Undefended divorces. 2862—Breen v. Breen. 5646—Lombardi v. Lombardi. 5622—Wadleigh v. Wadleigh. 5629—Cowdery v. Cowdery. 4888—Sumpil v. Sumpil. 2050—Looes v. Looes. 4627—Kulinski v. Kulinski. 4815—Walling v. Walling. 4427—Petrullo v. Petrullo. 3497—Raum v. Raum. 4823—Opperman v. Opperman. 5303—Rowland v. Rowland. 5583—Kelly v. Kelly. 4478—Schlesinger v. Schlesinger. 5321—Mundy v. Mundy. 5298—Davidson v. Davidson. 5543—Clingen v. Clingen. 5599—McCabe v. McCabe. 5782—Morris v. Morris. 5788—Ungar v. Ungar. 5789—Meyer v. Meyer. 5795—Pascal v. Pascal. 5806—Forsythe v. Forsythe. 5808—Katz v. Katz. 5809—Wright v. Wright. 5810—Ruffo v. Ruffo. 5811—Lower v. Lower. 5812—Tanner v. Tanner. 5813—Getz v. Getz. 5814—Borga v. Borga. 5815—Baum v. Baum. 5816—Nodell v. Nodell. 5817—Nevitt v. Nevitt. 5818—Jacobwitz v. Jacobwitz. 5819—Chirelstein v. Chirelstein. 5820—Miller v. Miller. 5821—Markoff v. Markoff. 5822—Kimpel v. Kimpel. 5823—Fitzgerald v. Fitzgerald. 5824—Tarle v. Tarle. 5826—Atwood v. Atwood. 5827—Cavagliano v. Cavagliano. 5828—Maddocks v. Maddocks. 5829—Lahnstein v. Lahnstein. 5830—Cooper v. Cooper. 5831—Goldstein v. Goldstein. 5833—Nollette v. Nollette. 5834—Olson v. Olson. 5835—Reuther v. Reuther. 5836—De Mar v. De Mar. 5837—Nikodem v. Nikodem. 5838—Turang v. Turang. 5839—Schonberg v. Ross. 5840—Burns v. Scott. 5841—Muro v. Muro. 5842—Lewis v. Lewis. 5843—Slobinsky v. Slobinsky. 5844—Taub v. Taub. 5845—Willms v. Willms. 5846—Fauquez v. Fauquez. 5847—Conerty v. Conerty. 5848—Aberman v. Aberman. 5849—Leininger v. Leininger. 5850—Sharum v. Sharum. 5851—Churchman v. Churchman. 5852—Stevenson v. Stevenson. 5853—Brandies v. Brandies. 5854—Boeckel v. Boeckel. 5855—Langston v. Langston. 5856—Shapiro v. Shapiro. 5857—Muller v. Muller. 5858—Williams v. Edbrooke. 5859—Snow v. Snow. 5860—Nelk v. Nelk. 5861—Kanes v. Kanes. 5862—Gargare v. Gargare. 5870—Wohlert v. Wohlert. 5874—Ulmer v. Ulmer. 5873—Rohde v. Rohde. 5875—A. Jones v. D W Jones. 5802—Wulf v. Wulf. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV., case on; Part V., case on; Part VIII., clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Greenbaum, J. 6573—Meeteer v. Board of Education. 6833—People ex rel Fitzpatrick v. Henderson. 6922—A Schwerer & Sons v. Ross. 5780—Schwarzenbach v. Moran. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Gavegan, J. 3120—Klein v. Frankel. 7487—Keegan v. N Y C & H R R R. 7430—Burrieci v. Pelham Operating Co. 4506—Seaman v. Keystone Const Co. 7451—Maiorca v. Myers. 7592—Corbett v. Northern Union Gas Co. 983½—McDonough v. Staten Island R R. 7779—Fearon v. N Y Life Ins Co. 7871—Evans v. White. 5335—Dekker v. Browne. 7403—Magee v. N Y Tel Co. 4241—Levy v. Beck. 4898—Isenberg v. Setauket Spring Water Co. 4899—Hickey v. Sloane. 4904—Marks v. City of N Y. 1240—Gargulo v. F C Linde Co. 7797—Murtha v. M Reid Co. 7449—Austin v. Ellison Const Co. 7796—Donovan v. Foundation Co. 7766—Kaplan v. Uris Iron Works. 7905—King v. Post & McCord. 7899—Le Vinews v. Int R T Co. 7859—Rufo v. Canavan Bros Co. 7813—Conway v. Norcross Bros Co. 7856—Blohmn v. 3rd Ave Ry. Case on.

SUPREME COURT — Trial Term — Part IV.—Platzek, J. 4292—Heiser v. Cinn Abattoir Co. 4687—V Romano v. N Y Con Co. 4688—E Romano v. N Y Con Co. 4690—Clausen v. Connecticut Cab Co. 4068—Cahill v. City of N Y. 4962—Whitaker v. City of N Y. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Cohalan, J. 2675—Miccio v. Krotenberg. 190—Bryan v. Safly. 4698—Bird v. Press Publishing Co. 4823—Cirasella v. Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins. 1021¼—Heller v. Nassau Elec R R. 4822—Fink v. Droste. 4936—A Magnus v. Levering & Garrigues. 4937—A Magnus v. Levering & Garrigues. 4938—La Magino v. Mathew Wilson & Co. 4939—Browne v. N Y Livery & Auto Co. 4940—Hauck v. Thaw. 4945—Perlman v. J Blyn & Sons. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Guy, J. 4950—Tracy v. Hynds. 4955—Bartalattoe v. Picords. 4961—Walsh v. Van Riper. 4967, 4968—Eigenfeld v. Silpa. 4795—Block v. Elvidge. 4787—Lawson v. Hicks. 4981—Adelson v. City of N Y. 4665—Fedden v. Rosenheimer. 4606—McCabe v. same. 4546—Sweet v. Ellis. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—Erlanger, J. 858½—McLaren v. Joline. 4481—Zuckerman v. City of N Y. 4483—Zuckerman v. City of N Y. 4751—Mellen v. S W Bowles & Co. 4671—Nolan v. B Altman & Co. 4994—Robb v. Lafay. 5001—H Mason v. Welsbecker. 5002—M Mason v. Welsbecker. 281—Korn v. Altman. 5009—Nagler v. Landberg. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Delany, J. 2176—McCarton v. City of N Y. 4757—Hyman v. N Y Cont Co. 5013—Cooley v. Livingston. 5014—McGee v. Westcott Express Co. 5020—Theller v. Person & Co. 5011—Clinton v. George. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Ford, J. 4582—Maloney v. Sherry. 4679—P Mendel v. Carter Const Co. 4680—A Mendel v. same. 4784—Friedman v. Middletown Realty Co. 5028—Spence v. Foster. 5029—Hughes v. Canavan Bros Co. 5037—Fargo v. Arndstein. 5046—Durkin v. Stewart. 5038—Melvin v. Orpheum Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—Amend, J. Case on. 2653—Norton v. Wilson. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—Brady, J. 4887—Young v. Armstrong. 4842—N Y County Natl Bank v. Herrmann. 4870—Greenbaum v. S S McClure Co. 4854—Redmond v. Kastens. 4855—Redmond v. Kastens. 4874—Younges v. Miller, Daybill & Co. 5067—Tenenbaum v. Bodine. 5069—Pace v. D'Angelo. 5071—Sprague v. Crimmins Cont Co. 5073—Foster v. Riker. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Pendleton, J. 4437—Stark v. Freel. 4660—Hale v. Vaccarelli. 4653—Reid v. Plaut. 4649—Fleming v. Universal Taximeter Co. 4668—Bilkovic v. Loeb. 4191—Ludner v. Gross. 4826—Pitzele v. Hertzfeld. 55—Anderson v. Lozier Motor Co. 3384—Wasserman v. Elterman Realty Co. 1067—Dudley v. Raymond. 2450—Duffy v. N Y Const Co. 3786—Mackay v. J F Blanchard Co. 4889—Solomon v. Silber. 4890—Slobodsky v. Collica. 4892—Birdsell v. City of N Y. 4894—Alexander v. Gear. 4510—Kramer v. Crocker. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII.—Bischoff, J. Inquest. 4791—Trust Co of Am v. Graff. 663—Levine v. Foundation Co. 4277—Schencke Piano Co v. Philadelphia Cas Co. 2664—Konheim v. Harris. 3575—Coleman v. Lincoln. 3154—Moreles v. Klapsch. 4146—Furness v. Shubert. 4755—Clark v. Jackson Bros Realty Co. 4758—Donovan v. Donovan. 4775—Rees v. Hilton. 4783—Bennett v. Campbell. 4790—Schweinberg v. Altman. 4794—E B Latham Co v. Knoeppel. 4851—Barr v. Bacon. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Davis, J. Case on. 855—Societe Anonyme des Glaces Nationales Belges v. Kahn. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XV.—Dugro, J. Adjourned until June 13.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVI.—Goff, J. Inquest. 4887—Eppinger & Russell Co v. U S Wood, &c, Co. 4845—E W Midge & Co. v. Wittenberg. 4896—Moraff v. Kohn. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVII.—Hotchkiss, J. 4751—Heumann v. Penn R R. 2823—Berlinger v. Macdonald. 4044—U S Wood Preserving Co v. Kenyon. 887—Eder v. Heinze. 4922—Rosenfeld v. Jacobs. 4925—Jungman v. Naumberg. 2803—Crone v. Baker. 394—China and Japan Trading Co v. J Spencer Turner Co. 5114—Schattman v. Maze Realty Co. 291—Reilly v. Steinhart. 4155—L A Burko & Sons Co v. City of N Y. Case on.

SURROGATES' COURT — Chambers—Cohalan, S. Wills for probate: Christian Abele, George B. Goldschmidt, Elizabeth Bohm, Ella L. Middlestadt, John Stacey, Masha Weisman, Eliza K Hughes, James S Andrews, Dorothea Wolff, Herman Goldstein, Maria A Walker, Lizzie Sauerbrey, Sarah R. Wolbarst, Louis Pechar.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fowler, S. Rachel Shannon.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Schmuck, J.; Part III., Smith, J.; Part IV., La Fetra, J.; Part V., Lynch, J.; Part VI., Finelite, J.; Part VII., McAvoy, J.; Part VIII., Delehanty, J. Calendar called in Trial Term, Part I. Room, at 9:45 A. M. 7989—Levine v. McCorkel. 7931—Landau v. N Y Transp Co. 7523—Turner v. Int R T Co. 7926—Dyer v. Steckler. 8026—Carroll v. Gordon. 7665—Murray v. Byrnes. 837—Heil v. Roundtree Const Co. 7828—Martin v. Horowitz. 7829—Martin v. U S Frame & Picture Co. 7856—Shapiro v. Levinson. 7887—Sirot v. Arlington Button Co. 7922—Conlon v. O'Rourke. 7983—Gross v. Goldstein. 8022—Zogley v. Joline. 833—Buess v. Solow Const Co. 834½—Lebers v. Lebers. 6552—Foyle v. Felber Eng Co. 5812—Adams v. Pneumatic Caisson Co. 4362—Hammer v. Ischkenazy. 6951—Barth v. Theise. 4919—Quincey v. Burrill. 8030—Lipkin v. Oriff. 7441—Pierce-Rupert Co v. Pokress. 7768½—Rathbone v. Nat Surety Co. 7774—Meyer v. Sweet. 7799—Derschuch v. Haas. 7805—Shapiro v. Duross. 7811—Hyndes v. Barrett. 7813—Gottiesman v. Joline. 7814—Siegel v. Fischer. 7826—Cirello v. J Evans Const Co. 7831—Goodman v. Littman. 7841—Goldstein v. Schwail. 7854—Layman v. Halff. 7855—Charlton v. Frawley Trans Co. 7671—Adler v. Katz. 7839—Gratenstein v. Int R T Co. 7878—Man Wrecking, &c, Co v. Eidlitz. 7790½—Friedlander v. Boskowitz. 7952—Shalom v. Weinberg. 7955—Klein v. Lipman. 7980—De Phillipi v. Arbuckle. 7270—Anzalone v. Mason-Seamon Transp Co. 6454—Schlesinger v. Sternberg. 6712—Farano v. Christal. 4638—Goldsmith v. Rosenberg. 8035—Parish Mfg Co v. Orson Auto Co. 8041—Reed v. Doscher. 8042—McCloskey v. Blanchard Co. 8043—Kornbluh v. Maier. 8044—Sagat v. same. 8045, 8046—Glockner v. Kazan. 8047—London v. Koch. 8048—Menchel v. Polhowitz. 8050—Donat v. Wasserman. 8051—Langione v. Star Co. 8052—Pryde v. Keating. 8053—Silinsky v. Levy. 8055—Loughlin v. Weber. 8057—Karp v. Landay. 8058—Colt v. Atlas Assur Co. 8059—Marks v. Lane. 8060—Villone v. Melrose R Co. 8064—Berg v. Erkins. 8065—Reiss v. Joline. 8068—Dewey v. Hausman. Case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III., case on; Part IV., clear; Part V., clear; Part VI., case on; Part VII., case on; Part VIII., case on.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Donnelly, J. 4511—Goldstein v. Bloom. 4499—Fleishman Bros Co v. Levin. 4543—Wolfe v. Geisenhamer. 4560—Knauth v. Lincoln. 4576—Kalfus v. Klein. 4577—Reiner v. Specialty Paper Box Co. 4585—Greenman v. Angott. 4586—Curtis v. Solomon. 4522—Mattiaccio v. Illinois Surety Co. 4523—Di Bartolomeo v. same. 4524—Di Ginstino v. same. 4525—Celilio v. same. 4521—Frizzell v. Lichenstein. 4529—Hannah v. Met Opera Co. 4542—Albert Paper Box Co v. Nat Cloak & Suit Co. 4497—Hudson Trust Co v. McMillan. 4401—Brown v. Temmer. 4582—Riebe v. Eichner. 4594—Guardian Trust Co v. Obermayer. 4609—Replansky v. Wurtzel. 4610 Handman v. Handman. 4612—Palladino v. estate of B Johnson. 4252—Gray v. Moran. 4349—Bauer v. Inter-State Pneumatic Tube Co. 4383—Backhaut v. Perlman. 4533—Voohees Rubber Mfg Co v. Whitcomb. 4581—Davidson v. Liberman Dairy Co. 4580—Eising v. N Y Importation Co. 4490—Moos v. Squiers. 4546—Schwartz v. Rosenberg. 4552—Buhrmeister v. Title G & S Co. 4595—Simon v. Rosenthal. 4596—Watson v. Goodwin. 4601—Di Marco v. Gesto. 4615—Landeker v. Schoder. 4619—Cohen v. O'Neill. 4589, 4590—Hofheimer v. Young. 4592—Schumacher v. Zimmerman. 4621—Ulin v. Jacobs. Clear.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT--Gerard, J. Ziegel v. Brigante Co—Manton M. Wyvell. Delafield v. O'Gorman—James A. Faley. McGoughran v. McGoughran—Eugene N. Robinson. Robitzek v. Reilly (2)—Joseph A. Warren. Homer v. Handzes—Peter J. Everett.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. White v. Waters—George E. Weiller. Wentworth v. Goldman—Charles Brandt, Jr. Marx v. Greenwich Inv Co—Henry A. Friedman. Harris v. Harris—Percival H. Gregory.

SUPREME COURT—McCall, J. Levy v. Huldana Realty Co—R E T Riggs. Larsen v. Green Const Bldg—Walbridge Taft.

SUPREME COURT—Guy, J. Atlantic Dredging Co v. Beard—Maurice Deiches. Koch v. Kaufman—Henry A Foster.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J. Abraham Gottlieb v. Rose Schreiber—Thomas D McCarthy. John W Raymond v. Hyman Rosner—Thomas D McCarthy.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Judicial Department—Hirschberg, Thomas, Carr, Woodward, Rich, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar. 240—Holmes v. N Y C & H R R R. 408—N Y C & H R R R v. Hanking. 340—Terwilliger v. L I R R. 218 N. E.—Detviller v. Rolled Plate Co. 417—Quinn v. Supreme Council, C. B. L. 435—Swift & Co v. N Y & Q Co Rwy. 439—Thatcher v. Buell. 440—Dean v. City of N Y. 441—Heyman v. Rosenkranz. 403—Matter of Osborne. 414—Matter of Childs. 204—Ferris v. Black. 306—De Groot v. McLaughlin. 433—Mackmull v. Brandlein. 434—Bader v. same. 427—Wickham v. Hawley. 442—McEwen v. Borden's Cond Milk Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Maddox, J.; Part II., Aspinall, J.; Part III., Blackmar, J.; Part IV., Garretson, J.; Part V., Clark, J.; Part VI., Scudder, J.; Part VII., Putnam, J. 4367—Hauserman v. Weisman. 4346, 4349—Stemle v. B H R R et al. 2361, 2362—Munafo v. Van Brunt St R R Co. 1157—Sohnel v. Reichert et al. 2505—Smith v. Excelsior Brewery. 4225, 4226—Korb v. Nechamkin. 3803—Silverman v. Kopelowitz. 2532—Mitchell v. Nassau R R. 4379, 4380—Winter v. B H R R. 4385—Back v. Nassau R R. 4390—Thompson v. B H R R. 4391—Lomenico v. B H R R. 4178—Kavanagh v. B H R R. 4403—Williamson v. American Foil Co. 4411—Brophy v. Jones et al. 1447—Levin v. Lafayette Trust Co. 4412—Jarvi v. Madeo. 4414—Perrone v. Ludin et al. 4418—Graeter v. Glynn. 7608—Connell v. Heydenreich. 2707—Logan v. Fidelity-Phoenix Ins Co. 7513—Newton v. A & M Robbins. 3903—Sparacio v. Obermeyer & Liebman. 3861—Albanese v. McDonnell et al. 7397, 7398—Newton v. Wood et al. 7128 — Lowery v. American Plumbing Co. 7370—Magner v. Ringler & Co. 6613—Derbyshire v. Keystone Varnish Co. 5609—Denaro v. Prudential Ins Co. 7500—Kaskell v. Tack et al. 4143, 4144—Joseph v. Weiss. 1441—Richardson v. Angelbeck. 6516—Gehl v. Bachman-Bechtel Brewery. 6922—Coombs & Wilson v. Cohen. 1109—Harris v. Levy. 2669—Bennett v. Keuffel & Esser Co. 7638—Fogerty v. Atlantic Amusement Co. 2664—Weber v. Eppig Brewery. 2524—Law v. Myers. 1751—Gitlitz v. Faerber. Highest number reached on regular call, 4422.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Marean, J—1455—Stolitzky v. Linscheid. 1791—Bossert v. Dhuy. 2188—Sargent vs. Sargent. 2202—Benack v. Benack. 2205—Carroll v. Carroll. 2209—Nelson v. Dickson. 2211—Sidway v. Sidway. 2213—Kreutzkamp v. Kreutzkamp. 2217—Ward v. Holland. 1954—Gleason v. Lapersoniere. 2276—O'Connor v. O'Connor. 2236—Quimby v. Campbell. 2238—Winter v. Healley. 2153—Di Givia v. Di Givia. 2180—Byrns v. Byrns. 1971—Ingoglia v. Bordonaro. 2168—A. P. Hogle Co. v. Mulvaney. 2240—19th Ass Dist Demo Assn. v. Higginbotham. 2244—Borowsky v. Schapiro. 2248—Woodward v. Woodward. 2249—Smith v. Smith. 2253—Slater v. Shimko. 2254½—Casey v. Doody. 2256—Sargent v. Sargent. 2258—Knights of Pythias v. Myers. 2261, 2262—Zechiel v. Mann. 2264—Williams v. Williams. 2266—Mason Contract Co v. Meagher. 2270—Moskowitz v. Moskowitz. 2273—Dumont Mort and Realty Co. v. Mutual Poultry Co. 2275—Berry v. Glaser. 2277—Robertson v. Reeder. 2278—Perna v. Sparber. 2280—Gluck v. Gluck. 2282—Mehl v. Mehl. 2283—Carson v. Anderson. 2285—Levy v. Levy and others. Highest number reached on regular call, 2285.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kapper, J. Motions. 1—Hagman v. Hagman. 2—Matter of Avenue J. 3—People ex rel Wenz v. Moore. 4—Cody v. Boody. 5—Matter of Suydam St and Willoughby Av. 6—Matter of Hunter's Point Av. 7—Ennis and another v. Federal Brew Co. 8—Luciano v. Anenberg. 9—Rizzo v. Anenberg. 10—Trouve v. Penn Steel Co. 11—Rubin v. Rosenbaum. 12—People v. Schmidt. 13—Beyer v. Grundy. 14—Fuehrer v. Fuehrer. 15—Eagle Savings and Loan Co v. Brown et al. 16—Toledo v. Collum. 17—Zea v. Werner et al. 18—Kruswick v. Kowalsky and another. 19—Gluck v. Gluck. 20—Matter of 4th Av. 21—Sigmund v. Montegriffo. 22—Haynes v. Haynes. 23—Ketterle v. Jahrsdorfer and another. 24—Klein v. City of N Y. 25—Woodward v. Woodward. 26—Johns v. Rosenthal. 27—Winslow and another v. Rosenthal. 28—Von Lintig v. Raab et al. 29—Curran v. N Y Telephone Co. 30—Kiendl v. Kiendl. 31—Kiendl v. Kiendl. 32—Kiendl v. Kiendl. 33—Sea Beach Ry Co v. Browning et al. 34—Sullivan v. B H R R Co. 35—Campion v. B H R R Co. 36—Hennigan v. B H R R Co. 37—Hadly v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 38—Howley v. Kelly et al. 39—Matter of Simpson, (Strange.) 40—Ellis v. Tenny and another. 41—N J & N Y Realty & Impt Co v. Kay. 42—German Savings Bank v. Meyer et al. 43—Barry v. Abrams and another. 44—Canning v. Auto Sales Gum & Choc Co et al. 45—Zea v. Werner et al. 46—Grutzner v. Kaufman. 47—Matter of Schwoerer. 48—Savarese v. Savarese. 49—Matter of Flatbush Av Extension-4th Av Rapid Transit R R. 50—Fogerty v. Atlantic Amusement Co. 51—Wasilewsky v. U S Steel Corporation. 52—People ex rel Cohen v. Board of Health. 53—Danto v. Danto. 54—Wagner v. Stamcom and another. 55—Commercial Trust Co of N Y v. Bustanoby Bros et al. 56—Haut v. Ketcham. 57—Germania Savings Bank v. Bernow et al. 58—Borland v. Sherman et al. 59—Dean v. Dean. 60—Matter of Appel. 61—Baltsersen v. So Pacific Co. 62—Matter of Drummond and another, (Hegeman.) 63—Buttacaroli v. J A Stevenson Co. 64—Eighty-Nine Thompson St v. Mandelbaum et al.

COUNTY COURT—Civil Calendar—Part III.—Thompson, J. 1813—Walsh v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 1832—Cohen v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 707—Barron v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 612—Connors v. Brooklyn, Queens County & Sub R Co. 1833—Glavin v. Braedner and another. 1676—Walker v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 1844—Peres v. Schneider. 1845—Ohland v. Richardson. 1846—Skera v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 1847—Yasunas v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. The following causes if answered ready will be passed for the day. 1848—Susaan v. Lutz. 1804—Burke v. Sullivan. 1851—Chernov v. Menzer. 1852—Przhbyszecker v. Supnick. 1853—Lawson v. Fuchs. 1854—Brennan v. Lubkemann. 1855—Concilo v. National Licorice Co. 1856-57—Henderson v. Wood. 1858—Rethkirch v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 1157—Kortrelizeszay v. Mahtn Cooperage Co.

SURROGATES' COURT—Ketcham, S. The wills of William C. Wilson, M. Heislitz, and Amelia Fisher. The accountings of the estates of Catherine Gaynor, Joseph Washerin, Fidel Morse, Len Wintjen, Joseph Costello, Samuel Morris, Katherine Rockwell, Thomas J. Carroll, Katharine Heck, Stephano Spano, M. Hoffman, M. Bagot, Margaret Quick, and P. Heist. The estates of Frank Marino, M. Magrath, Morgan, infants; May, infants; G. Morgen, Michael Morat, Quackenbush, infants; L. Bolte, Swartz, infants; L. Simonson, M. Swarzen, Sparrow, infants; George Tevlin, C. Wright, Isadore Wierner. Contested calendar—The will of Katherine Brander.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Keogh, J. 118—Curtin v. Healy. 931—Grazioso v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 426—Tisdale v. Jackson. 86—Bannon v. Sutherland, as receiver. 900—Jone v. New York & Stamford Ry Co. 114—Reusens v. Morton. 34—Feuer v. Sutherland, as receiver. 62—Lindheimer v. Receiver Yonkers R R Co. 275—McCabe v. McGrane. 361—Perry v. Conn Cab Co. 427—Dellevan v. Abbey. 689—Ryan v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. 690—McCausland v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. 339—Biggers v. N Y C & H R R R Co.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call. 375—Power v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 463—Roberts v. New York Transportation Co. 480—Helmback v. Harlem Indp Hygeia Ice Co. 482—Andrews v. Louisville & Nashville R R Co. 495—Messin v. Interborough Rapid Transit Co. 496—Devibo v. Ciaguilo. 499—Kendall v. Fargo. 511—Slaiter v. Roth. 512—Storey v. Weiss. 516—Hupfel's Sons v. Haywood. 518—Walenia v. Garyamin Mills. 520—Turner Lumber Co v. Nolte. 521—Turner Lumber Co v. Nolte. 522—Yawre v. Wiedman. 523—Gammon v. Koerner. 526—Palmer v. Astor. 527—Pawson v. Interborough Rapid Transit Co. 528—Pawson v. Interborough Rapid Transit Co. 529—Rocco v. Hussar. 529½—Lathrop v. Twelfth Ward Bank. 530—Welch v. Parry. 532—Allen v. Receiver West Elec R R Co. 533—Keenan v. Crowley. 534—Fowler Cons Co v. Gorham. 535—Breslin v. Platt. Highest number reached, 535.

SUPREME COURT—Morschauser, J. 267—New York Interurban Development Co v. Chester Hill Park Co. ..—Wright v. Halstead. 336—Swackhamer v. Volpe. 337—Bowers v. Bowers. 343—Metropolitan Life Insurance Co v. Redman. 344—Conte v. Cignerella. 345—Dow v. Jones. 348—Schmalling v. Zaccngnie. 349—Mt Pleasant Bank v. Kollmar.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Kelly, J.—Criminal. Case on trial. Highest number reached on the general calendar, 835. Balance of calendar passed until Thursday.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Benedict, J. 404—Morton-Lange Con Co v. Boisse and another. 339—Klein v. Keyser. 420—Schiller v. Schiller. 176—Lang v. Sessler. 444—Suydam v. Suydam. 445—Withey v. Ryan. 454—Prime v. Pearsall et al. Highest number reached on the calendar, 478. Balance of calendar passed until Thursday.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Term—Humphrey, J. 3532—People v. Anna Bellawski. 3513—Same v. Dominick Torturo.

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A new hotel of fireproof construction, with accommodation for five hundred guests. Private baths, with hot and cold sea-water connection. Daily concerts; superior cuisine; attentive service. Booking representative now in attendance.
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See Special Advertisement Sunday. N. Y. Times.

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CAPACITY 540

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BETHLEHEM, N. H.
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CAPACITY 200

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THE IDEAL TOUR
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Absolutely Fireproof.
New annex now open—100 quiet rooms, each with bath.
Completely furnished with beautiful new steel fire-proof furniture with Circassian Walnut finish.
If you come from New York, the South or West, you will find the Hotel Essex just opposite the great South Station.
Convenient to theatres, shopping district, harbor and all steamers.
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In the Mountains of Berkshire.
Altitude, 1,460 Feet.
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Situated at the most delightful spot on the northern Atlantic seaboard.
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Unexcelled in location and clientele.
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WHITE MOUNTAINS
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OPENS JUNE 15. Overlooking mountains and valleys; pure spring water; private baths; electric lights and all modern improvements; reduced rates for June and October; write for booklet.
J. A. BARNES' SONS.

GIVES DEATHBLOW TO COMMERCE COURT

Senate Joins with House in Refusing Appropriation in Judicial Bill.

OTHER WORK FOR JUDGES

Inter-State Commerce Commission Happy Over Victory in Long Fight —Supreme Court Helped.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The long fight that has been waged against the Commerce Court since it was first proposed by President Taft in an Administration amendment to the Railroad bill of 1910, ended to-day when the Senate refused to continue the court in the Judicial Appropriation bill from which the House had already stricken it.

The Commerce Court is dead. While a separate measure abolishing the court, which the President has always so firmly supported, would have been certain of his veto, it is not thought possible that he will veto the present bill destroying the tribunal, as it carries with it the regular annual appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial branches of the Government.

The fight has been waged by all the departments of the Government except the Executive. The Senate, the House, and Supreme Court have united to beat over the head this favorite idea of the President, and the most savage blow was that delivered by the Supreme Court last Monday. With both the legislative and judicial departments of the Government combined against it and only the Executive in favor of it, its doom was a foregone conclusion.

The Inter-State Commerce Commission, which has been the deus ex machina of the fight against the Commerce Court all along, is chortling with joy to-night. It was the Inter-State Commerce Commission which organized the original fight against the court, which watched with glee its abortive decisions and their constant reversals by the Supreme Court, and which at every stage of the game furnished ammunition to the Commerce Court's adversaries.

To-day's heavy vote of 36 to 23 shows what progress the fight has made in the two years of the court's existence. Nine Republicans voted with the almost solid Democratic Party to accomplish the court's destruction, and only a single Democrat voted with the regular Republicans for its preservation. The lone Democrat was Mr. Thornton of Louisiana, a State in which Democracy differs from Republicanism only on the negro question. The two regulars who voted against the court were Mr. Nelson of Minnesota and Mr. Crawford of South Dakota, both of whom have occasional insurgent leanings. The other Republicans voting against the court were Mr. Bourne of Oregon, Mr. Bristow of Kansas, Clapp of Minnesota, Cummins of Iowa, Gronna of North Dakota, La Follette of Wisconsin, and Poindexter of Washington.

Mr. Poindexter spoke at length against the court as did Mr. Overman of North Carolina, and Mr. Cummins. But the court had no defenders except of the most perfunctory sort and its fate was a foregone conclusion before the roll was ordered.

The one point left in doubt when the Senate adjourned was the status of the five Judges of the court. Under the Constitution they are not removable save by impeachment and the debate hinged on the proper method of assimilating them back into the District Judges, with whom they rank.

In the Senate it was pointed out that as the Constitution provided that salaries of Judges must not be diminished during their continuance in office and as their continuance in office must be for life or good behavior, the elimination of the money for the court was simply a Constitutional violation. In the end, the whole matter was fixed up in conference and the Urgent Deficiency bill carried the necessary appropriation.

The part the Supreme Court has played has been extraordinary. The freight forwarders' case was construed by friends of the Commerce Court as being at once the answer to criticism leveled in advance at the new tribunal. The Supreme Court's decision, as handed down by the Chief Justice, was so plainly a limitation upon judicial control of the Commerce Commission, that it was thought the lower court could not possibly err, as its enemies had predicted, by assuming powers over the commission except on points of law.

In that decision the Chief Justice said:

> We say the contentions all reduce themselves to this, (a single legal proposition,) because in their final analysis all the other differences, in so far as they do not rest upon the legal proposition just stated, are based upon conclusions of fact as to which the judgment of the commission is not susceptible of review by the courts. This follows, since the reasons given by the dissneting members, except in so far as they rested upon the legal proposition as we have just stated, proceeded upon promises of fact, which, however cogent they may have been as a matter of original consideration, were not open to be so considered by the court because they were foreclosed by the opinion of the commission.

The unequivocal wording of that decision has been called to the lower court's attention by the commission's counsel every time the commission's powers were threatened by the court. But the lower court continued its course in such a way that last Friday the Supreme Court devoted three decisions to setting forth again the limitations upon the Commerce Court's authority.

In the Procter & Gamble case the lower court was told that it could not force the commission to issue an order of which its judgment disapproved. And in a case involving the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad the court was reversed for enjoining the commission's order forbidding railways from carrying coal at less than commercial tariffs. The third decision reinforced these opinions.

The Senate will take up to-morrow the question of the status of the five Judges. While there is in some quarters a sentiment in favor of removing them by the simple process of dropping them from the payroll, the constitutional provision is such that they will probably be retained for assignment to various courts as the need arises until by vacancies arising the total number of Judges is what it was before the five new places were created. The Panama Canal bill provides that during the vacation of the Judge of the zone his place may be filled from the District Judges in the States, and that will supply work for one during a few months each year.

SAVES DOG ON STEEP CLIFF.

St. Louis Prisoner Risks His Life Dangling on a Rope.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 11.—Dangling at the end of a rope 100 feet down the edge of a sheer bluff, Arthur Wilson, a prisoner at the City Workhouse, risked his life this afternoon to rescue a little fox terrier which had fallen over the cliff and had been caught in the branches of a tree growing out of the declivity.

While he clung to the rope with one arm he was compelled to fight the dog with the free hand, and finally, after the dog had torn his wrist, he managed to get the end of the rope around the animal's neck and climb back at the top of the bluff to the cheers of his fellow-prisoners.

Wilson volunteered to rescue the dag. He had been a sailor for many years, and on a rope had the agility of one long trained in the navy. The rope end was held by prisoners and guards at the top.

Situations Wanted by Men and Women

Male

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, single, six years' experience in city and touring in many States on high-powered cars; own repairs, overhauling; absolutely reliable, honest, go anywhere; Chalmers, Thomas, or Winton preferred. Hansen, 41 Park Place, Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single, 24, desires position; city or country; can do own repairing; take entire charge of car; four years' experience; willing, obliging; moderate salary. Murphy, 306 West 21st St.

CHAUFFEUR, (25;) excellent city references; New York, New Jersey license; not afraid of hard work or long hours; anything, anywhere. Fischer, 475 East 145th St., Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR.—Honest, sober, and a competent, reliable mechanic, on any high-powered car; steady position preferred; neat appearance. D 138 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, 21, desires position private family; can do own repairs; well recommended. Yeadt, Clove Road, Stapleton, S. I.

CHAUFFEUR-ENGINEER, A. M. I. A. E., (Eng.,) would drive gentleman's car for touring season; highest qualifications; strictly temperate; single. D 116 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Thoroughly experienced mechanic and driver; personal references. Vidal, 405 South 5th St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR and mechanic; A1; 8 years' experience; good references. Charles, 3 Wells Av., Yonkers.

GARDNER and USEFUL MAN.—Reliable Englishman, married, wants all-year country place; strictly honest, sober, and industrious; wages, $30 per month and cottage; reference from present employer. Address Utility, Z 88 Times.

GARDENER.—German, (31,) married, no children, wishes position on private place with greenhouse; well recommended; $60-$75 a month. Address Otto Roeske, 130 East 44th St., City.

MAN, 33; what can you offer from June 15 to 30th? General office experience or will take outside work. M 206 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MAN, 27, superior education, experienced correspondent, stenographer, law graduate, thoroughly conversant with accounts, credits, collections, adjustments, &c., desires position of responsibility; highest credentials. American, D 274 Times Downtown.

PAINTER, paper hanger wants work, city, country; reasonable; days or contract. Schumacher, 2,423 8th Av.

SALESMAN WITH EXECUTIVE ABILITY, PERSONALITY, IS OPEN TO RECEIVE PROPOSITION FROM REPRESENTATIVE MANUFACTURERS; ON SALARY OR COMMISSION BASIS; COMMANDING VERY LARGE ACQUAINTANCE AMONG MEN'S FURNISHINGS AND DEPARTMENT STORE TRADE; LEAVING NEW YORK JUNE 20, TAKING IN ALL LARGE CITIES CLEAN TO THE PACIFIC COAST. ADDRESS PRODUCER, D 147 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—Traveling, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, desires connection with responsible house. 201 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, office assistant; young man; beginner; rapid, accurate; plain penman; neat; good references; American; $7; no agency. M 214 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper, 18, desires position; good references, experience; moderate salary. Edward Kibler, 577 East 137th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert will take dictation evening and return work following evening. M 203 Times Downtown.

STEWARD.—Japanese seeks engagement on yacht or club; long experience; highest references. Tanlay, 2 West 117th St.

STOREKEEPER and commissary desires position; age 30; highest references. D 167 Times.

STYLISH GOWNS made and altered; out by day; $3. Address Dressmaker, 225 West 126th St.

YOUNG MAN, 24, failed in business, can make good with established house; understands general merchandise; selling ability; wide business experience; immediate salary secondary consideration. Reliable, D 275 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, having been with a wholesale clothing concern for three years; permanent reference. Schiller, 1,367 Putnam Ave., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 24, experienced as an all-around clerical man, desires position. W 142 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, willing, ambitious, desires position, with advancement; highest references. M 252 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) refined, seeking opportunity, will start at bottom; references. L 814 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced office assistant, wishes position assuring advancement. Hard, 1,789 Clay Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) well educated, wishes position at anything. Desnoes, 2,772 Bainbridge Av., City.

Female

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Intelligent, wide awake, refined; hard work, long hours no objection. 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Phone E. N. Y. 660.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Intelligent, wide awake, refined; hard work, long hours no objection. 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone E. N. Y. 660.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER, makes ladies', children's dresses reasonable. Mme. Juliet, 126 East 12th St. 408 Stuyvesant.

COOK.—Middle-aged woman, Protestant; best city, country references. Care McClain, 142 West 99th St.

GOVERNESS.—French; experienced; children over 4 years of age; references. L. B., 40 East 86th St.

GRADUATE trained nurse wants position as traveling companion. L 20 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined young woman; furnished room, boarding house; full charge; trustworthy. L. F., 3,525 Broadway.

HOUSEWORK, &c.—By young girl, housework or kitchenmaid. Call or address present employer, Hoffman, 120 East 34th St.

MOTHER'S HELPER.—Kindergarten graduate; good sewer; fond of children; best references; to care for children over three years. R 13 Times Downtown.

NURSERY GOVERNESS desires position; can take entire care; English; references. Williams, 136 East 17th St.

PRACTICAL YOUNG WOMAN wishes position as nurse and companion to elderly lady or gentleman; best references. Refined, Z 47 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; bright girl; beginner; rapid, accurate; neat appearance; willing; good penman; office assistant; American; no agency; $7. M 212 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' experience, familiar office routine; assist books; intelligent, accurate, rapid; highest references; $16; loyal. M 258 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Some experience; operate any machine; bright, capable, punctual, industrious, ambitious; small salary. X., 127 Powell St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, hard worker, desires position, with chance for advancement; moderate salary to start. Florence Freidberg, 951 2d Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent stenographer, preparing to enter college shortly, wishes afternoon employment. Maguire, 823 West 47th.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Intelligent, energetic young lady; best references; trems moderate. Typist, 91 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, experienced, law, brokerage, desires position; excellent references. Pursel, 507 West 142d St.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; expert desires position; rapid, accurate; $12; no agencies. H. R., 263 West 125th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience in newspaper office; accurate and conscientious. R 10 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Refined young lady desires position; thoroughly experienced; three years with Stock Exchange house; best references. M 202 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS. High-Grade Office Helpers.
BOOKKEEPERS. Office Service Co., (Agency)
STENOGRAPHERS. 149 B'way. Tel. 3499 Cort.

Domestic.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, (thoroughly investigated,) want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. Phone 4786 Columbus. Established 1899.

COLORED HELP.—Thoroughly investigated, supplied shortest notice. 6370 Harlem. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 99th St. Riverside 1538.

COOK-LAUNDRESS, $30; houseworker, $25; good references. Flaherty's Agency, 485 Columbus Av. Schuyler—4298.

COUPLES, cooks, general workers, colored; city, country. Instant Relief Employment Agency. Phone 7288 Morning.

LAUNDRESS, middle-aged, for small family, $25. Charles Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. 'Phone 2224 Plaza.

NURSE.—Refined young girl; experienced; best references. Flaherty's Agency, 485 Columbus Av. Schuyler—4298.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied; day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St. 6916 Morningside.

Situation Wanted Advertisements on following page.

NOT UNDUTIFUL DAUGHTER.

Clause Aspersing Mrs. Van Loan Withdrawn from Fitz-Gerald Will.

In accordance with the wishes of Surrogate Fowler, expressed from the bench in April last, the heirs of Mary Louisa Fitz-Gerald, widow of a Hoboken clergyman, have reached an amicable agreement over her contested will, which disposed of about $5,000 worth of personal property.

The will was contested by Mrs. Anna F. Van Loan, who objected to the fourth clause of the will, in which Mrs. Fitz-Gerald characterized her as unfilial. Attorneys for the proponents of the will agreed in open court that there was no basis for this characterization, and consented that the fourth clause be stricken from the testament. Surrogate Fowler admitted the will to probate last week with this clause stricken out.

The decree of probate recites that Mrs. Fitz-Gerald suffered from a delusion toward Mrs. Van Loan which, however, did not affect her testamentary capacity. The decree recites that the Surrogate is satisfied from the testimony before him in the will contest and from the admissions of the relatives opposed to Mrs. Van Loan that she was a loving and dutiful daughter.

BARON NEUFVILLE MISQUOTED

He Credited Long Peace to the Kaiser at Church Federation Dinner.

The Rev. Father Laidlaw of the New York Federation of Churches calls attention to an error in the report of the speech of Baron Edouard de Neufville at a dinner given in his honor by the Federation of Churches last Monday.

"Our Emperor on many occasions says he is not for a cessation of war between nations," observed the Baron, "but every time Emperor William says 'no' he means 'yes.'"

"Dr. Heischmann, preceding the Baron," said Dr. Laidlaw, "credited the long peace since the close of the Franco-Prussian war, in a large measure, to the personal influence of Kaiser Wilhelm. He likened the situation in Germany to a high-powered automobile and the Kaiser to the self-restraining chauffeur who resists the speed mania. The Baron, following Dr. Heischmann, further added that the Kaiser had frequently said 'no' to the urgings of the pan-German group to speed the automobile."

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE,
BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT,
CITY OF NEW YORK.

Public notice is hereby given that at the meeting of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment held this day the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, The Manhattan Bridge Three Cent Line has under date of December 30, 1909, made application to this board for the grant of the right, privilege and franchise to construct, maintain and operate a street surface railway upon and along Desbrosses, Vestry, Washington, Greenwich and Canal Streets, Borough of Manhattan, to and across the Manhattan Bridge and upon and along Flatbush Avenue Extension and other streets in the Borough of Brooklyn, from the Desbrosses Street Ferry, Borough of Manhattan, to the Long Island Railroad Depot, Borough of Brooklyn; and

Whereas, Section 172 of the Railroad Law and Sections 72, 73 and 74 of the Greater New York Charter, as amended by Chapters 629 and 630 of the Laws of 1905, provide for the manner and procedure of making such grants; and

Whereas, In pursuance of such laws, this board adopted a resolution on January 7, 1910, fixing the date for a public hearing thereon as February 4, 1910, at which citizens were entitled to appear and be heard, and publication was had for at least fourteen (14) days in "The New York Press" and "The World," newspapers designated by the Mayor, and in the "City Record" for ten (10) days immediately prior to the date of hearing, and the public hearing was duly held on such date; and

Whereas, This board has made inquiry as to the money value of the franchise or right applied for, and proposed to be granted to the Manhattan Bridge Three Cent Line, and the adequacy of the compensation to be paid therefor; now, therefore, it is

Resolved, That the following form of the resolution for the grant of the franchise or right applied for by the Manhattan Bridge Three Cent Line, containing the form of proposed contract for the grant of such franchise or right, be hereby introduced and entered in the minutes of this board, as follows, to wit:

Resolved, That the Board of Estimate and Apportionment hereby grants to the Manhattan Bridge Three Cent Line the franchise or right fully set out and described in the following form of proposed contract for the grant thereof, embodying all of the terms and conditions, including the provisions as to rates, fares and charges, upon and subject to the terms and conditions in said proposed form of contract contained, and that the Mayor of the City of New York be and he hereby is authorized to execute and deliver such contract in the name and on behalf of the City of New York, as follows, to wit:

PROPOSED FORM OF CONTRACT.

This contract, made this   day of   1912, by and between The City of New York (hereinafter called the City,) party of the first part, by the Mayor of said city, acting for and in the name of said city, under and in pursuance of the authority of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of said city (hereinafter called the Board,) and the Manhattan Bridge Three Cent Line (hereinafter called the Company,) party of the second part, witnesseth:

In consideration of the mutual covenants and agreements herein contained, the parties hereto do hereby covenant and agree as follows:

Section 1. The city hereby grants to the company, subject to the conditions and provisions hereinafter set forth, the following rights and privileges:

First—To construct, maintain and operate a street surface railway with the necessary wires and equipment for the purpose of conveying passengers and property in the Boroughs of Manhattan and Brooklyn, in the City of New York, upon the following routes:

(1) Beginning at a point in the marginal way adjacent to the North River at or near the Desbrosses Street Ferry, thence by double track in, upon and across the marginal way and West Street to Desbrosses Street, thence by double track in and upon Desbrosses Street to Washington Street, thence by single track in and upon Washington Street to Vestry Street, thence by single track in and upon Vestry Street to Greenwich Street, thence by double track in and upon Vestry Street to Canal Street, thence by double track in and upon Canal Street to a point easterly from the Bowery and opposite the property acquired by the city for a terminal to the Manhattan Bridge, thence southerly in, upon and across Canal Street to a point on the southerly side thereof where a connection can conveniently be made with the tracks to be constructed by the city upon said Manhattan Bridge, its approaches and terminals.

Also a branch beginning at and connecting with the above described route at the intersection of Washington and Desbrosses Streets, thence by single track in and upon Desbrosses Street to Greenwich Street, thence by single track in and upon Greenwich Street to Vestry Street, and there connecting with the above described tracks in said last-named street, all in the Borough of Manhattan.

(2) Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Nassau Street, where a connection can conveniently be made with the tracks to be constructed by the city upon the Manhattan Bridge, its approaches and terminals, thence by double track in, upon and across Nassau Street to Flatbush Avenue Extension, thence by double track in and upon Flatbush Avenue Extension to its intersection with Fulton Street, thence by single track in and upon Fulton Street to Rockwell Place, thence by single track in and upon Rockwell Place to Flatbush Avenue, thence by single track in and upon Flatbush Avenue to Fourth Avenue, thence by single track in and upon Fourth Avenue to Atlantic Avenue, thence by single track in and upon Atlantic Avenue to Third Avenue, thence by single track in and upon Third Avenue to Flatbush Avenue, thence by single track in and upon Flatbush Avenue to Livingston Street, thence by single track in and upon Livingston Street to Hoyt Street, thence by single track in and upon Hoyt Street to Fulton Street, thence by single track in and upon Fulton Street to Bridge Street, thence by single track in and upon Bridge Street to Flatbush Avenue Extension, and there connecting with the above-described double track in Flatbush Avenue Extension, all in the Borough of Brooklyn. And to cross such other streets and avenues, named and unnamed, as may be encountered in said routes. Provided, however, that nothing in this contract shall be construed as permitting more than a double track in any portion of said routes or branches thereof in which there already exist street surface railway tracks.

The said routes with turnouts, switches and crossovers hereby authorized are shown upon a map entitled: "Map showing proposed track of the Manhattan Bridge Three Cent Line in the Boroughs of Manhattan and Brooklyn, City of New York, to accompany petition to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, dated December 30, 1909," and signed by F. W. Rowe, President, and J. C. Brackenridge, Engineer; a copy of which is attached hereto, is to be deemed a part of this contract, is to be construed with the text thereof, and is to be substantially followed, provided that deviations therefrom and additional turnouts, switches and crossovers which are consistent with the foregoing description, and the other provisions of this contract may be permitted by resolution of the board.

Second—To operate the cars of the company upon two (2) tracks when constructed upon the Manhattan Bridge and approaches thereto, such tracks to be assigned to the company by the Commissioner of Bridges; beginning at a point in the southerly side of Canal Street upon the land acquired by the city for bridge terminal purposes, in the Borough of Manhattan, and there connecting with the tracks of the company first above described, thence in and upon said bridge terminal to the approach to the Manhattan Bridge in the Borough of Manhattan, thence upon and along said bridge approach to the Manhattan Bridge, thence upon and along said bridge to the approach thereto in the Borough of Brooklyn, to land acquired for the Manhattan Bridge terminal in the Borough of Brooklyn, thence upon and along said land to Nassau Street, and there connecting with the above-described tracks in Nassau Street. The said route is more particularly shown upon the map hereinbefore referred to and is to be operated by the company as a continuous route in connection with the routes hereinbefore described.

Section 2. The grant of the right or privilege to construct, maintain and operate said railway from a point in the marginal way adjacent to the North River at or near Desbrosses Street Ferry to the entrance to the Manhattan Bridge and upon the approach thereto upon the routes hereinbefore described in the Borough of Manhattan, and from the entrance to the Manhattan Bridge to the intersection of Atlantic Avenue with Fourth Avenue, upon the routes hereinbefore described in the Borough of Brooklyn, is subject to the following conditions which shall be complied with by the company:

First—The consent in writing of the owners of half in value of the property bounded on said streets and avenues to the construction and operation of said railway shall be obtained by the Company within six (6) months from the signing of this contract by the Mayor, and a copy of such consents shall be filed with the Board within such time, or in the event that such consents cannot be obtained within such time, the Company shall, within said six (6) months or within one (1) month thereafter, make application to the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court for the appointment of Commissioners in the manner provided by the Railroad Law to determine if said railway ought to be constructed; otherwise this grant shall cease and determine.

Second—Nothing in this contract shall be deemed to affect in any way the right of the City to grant to any other corporation or to any individual a similar right or privilege upon the same or other terms and conditions over the routes hereinbefore described, and the Company shall not at any time oppose, but shall consent to the construction and operation of any street surface railway by any such other corporation or individual which may receive a franchise therefor from the City, and which may necessitate the use of any portion of the railway which shall be constructed by the Company pursuant to this contract.

Should the City at any time during the term of this contract grant to any other corporation or to any individual the right or privilege to operate a railway upon the tracks of the Company on the route herein described or any portion thereof, then the city shall within thirty (30) days thereafter give notice to the Company that such right has been granted and of the name of the corporation or individual to which such right has been granted.

At the expiration of ninety (90) days after the giving of such notice such individual or corporation shall have the right to begin the operation of cars upon the tracks of the company upon the route or any portion thereof over which such corporation or individual may receive a right or privilege, and continue such operation during the term thereof. Such corporation or individual shall pay to the Company for the right to use its tracks, equipment, power and all other property of the Company which shall be necessary in the operation of the railway upon the Company's tracks, such sum or sums as may be agreed upon by such corporation or individual and the Company within said ninety (90) days, or in the event that such agreement cannot be reached within said ninety (90) days, then such sum or sums as shall be determined by arbitrators, as hereinafter provided.

If the Company and such corporation or individual cannot, prior to the expiration of said ninety (90) days, agree upon the compensation for the use of such tracks, then such compensation shall be fixed by arbitrators selected in the following manner:

One fit and impartial person shall be chosen by the Company; one fit and impartial person shall be chosen by such corporation or individual. In default of such selection by either party within thirty (30) days after the expiration of said ninety (90) days, then the person who shall have been so selected by one party shall appoint and associate with himself one fit and impartial person for the purposes aforesaid, and if the persons so chosen shall differ in judgment, they shall appoint a fit and impartial person to be associated with them for the said purpose, if they can agree upon such person, or if they cannot agree, then each of them shall nominate two fit and impartial persons and from the names of the four persons so nominated that of one of them shall be drawn by lot, who shall be associated for the purpose aforesaid with the said two persons previously so respectively chosen or appointed. The decision under oath of any two of the said persons who shall be so selected shall be final and conclusive. The compensation and expenses of the persons so selected shall be borne by the individual or corporation to which such right may be granted.

Within thirty (30) days after an agreement has been reached between said parties or in case said agreement cannot be reached before the time specified herein, then within thirty (30) days after the determination of the arbitrators as herein provided, the said parties shall enter into a written agreement which will specify the sum or sums which such corporation or individual shall pay to the Company for said privilege and the Company shall file the same with the Board. If the Company fails to sign such an agreement within said thirty (30) days and file the same with the Board, then the right herein granted shall cease and determine.

Third—Upon the termination of this original contract, or if the same be renewed, then at the termination of the said renewal term or upon the termination of the rights hereby granted for any cause, or upon the dissolution of the Company before such termination, the tracks and equipments of the Company constructed pursuant to this contract within the streets and avenues shall become the property of the City without cost, and the same may be used or disposed of by the City for any purpose whatsoever, or the same may be leased to any company or individual.

If, however, at the termination of this contract as above, the board shall so order, by resolution, the company shall, upon thirty (30) days' notice from the Board, remove any and all of its tracks and other equipment constructed pursuant to this contract, and the said streets and avenues shall be restored to their original condition at the sole cost and expense of the Company.

Fourth—the Company shall commence construction of the railway herein authorized within three (3) months from the date upon which the consents of the property owners are filed with the Board or from the date of the order of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court made pursuant to Section 174 of the Railroad Law confirming the determination of the Commissioners appointed thereunder, that such railway ought to be constructed, and shall complete the construction and place the same in full operation within six (6) months from the date of filing of such consents or the date of such order; otherwise this right shall cease and determine, and all sums paid, or which may be deposited with the Comptroller of the city, as hereinafter provided, shall thereupon be forfeited to the City; provided that the period for commencement and the period for completion and placing the railway in full operation may be extended by the Board, but the total extension of time for either of such periods shall not exceed in the aggregate six (6) months; and provided, further, that when the commencement or completion of said construction shall be prevented by legal proceedings in any court or by works of public improvement, or from other causes not within control of the Company, the time for the commencement or completion of such construction may be extended for the period of such prevention, but no delay shall be allowed for unless the court proceedings shall be diligently prosecuted by the Company, and provided further, that in no case shall such delay be deemed to begin until the Company shall have given written notice to the Board of any such court proceedings or other occasion of delay, and deliver to the Board copies of any injunction or other orders, and the papers upon which the same shall have been granted, and unless upon the request of the Board, the Company shall, in writing, consent that the Board either in its own name as a party, or in the name of the City as a party, may intervene in any such proceedings.

Fifth—Said railway shall be constructed, maintained and operated subject to the supervision and control of all the authorities of the City who have jurisdiction in such matters, as provided by the Charter of the City.

No construction upon said railway shall be commenced until written permits have been obtained from the proper City officials. In any permits so issued such officials may also impose such conditions, as a condition of the granting of the same, as are necessary for the purpose of protecting any structures, in the streets and avenues, over which such officials have jurisdiction, and the Company shall comply with such conditions.

The electrical equipment to be installed by the Company for the operation of the railway within the limits of the City, whether the same be upon streets and avenues or upon private property, shall be constructed and maintained under the supervision and control of the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity.

Sixth—The portion of said railway in the Borough of Manhattan and upon the Manhattan Bridge and its terminals shall be operated by underground electric power substantially similar to the system of underground electric power now used by the street surface railways in the Borough of Manhattan, by gas engine power or by electric storage battery power; provided that any other power may be used, except locomotive steam power, horse power or overhead electric power, which may be lawfully used, approved by the Board and consented to by the abutting property owners in accordance with the provisions of law and by the Public Service Commission for the First District of the State of New York. The portion of said railway in the Borough of Brooklyn, except upon the Manhattan Bridge and its terminals, may be operated by overhead electric power substantially similar to the overhead electric system now in use by street surface railways in the Borough of Brooklyn, by gas engine power or by electric storage battery power; provided that any other power may be used, except locomotive steam power or horse power, which may be lawfully used, approved by the Board and consented to by the abutting property owners in accordance with the provisions of law and by the Public Service Commission for the First District of the State of New York.

Seventh—No wires for the transmission of power, except trolley wires, shall be permitted unless they be placed in conduits underneath or along the side of the railway. When such conduits are constructed the Company shall provide two (2) conduits not less than three (3) inches in diameter each for the exclusive use of the City. The Company hereby agrees that such conduits shall be used only by the Company and the City, as above.

Eighth—The Company shall at all times keep the streets and avenues upon which the said railway is constructed, between its tracks, the rails of its tracks and for a distance of two (2) feet beyond the rails, on either side thereof, free and clear from ice and snow; provided, however, that the Company shall, at the option of the Commissioner of Street Cleaning, enter into an agreement for each Winter season, or part thereof, to clean an equivalent amount of street surface from house line to house line.

Ninth—As long as said railway, or any portion thereof, remains in any street or avenue, the company shall pave and keep in permanent repair that portion of the surface of the street or avenue in which the said railway is constructed, between its tracks, the rails of its tracks and for a distance of two (2) feet beyond the rails on either side thereof, under the supervision of the local authorities, whenever required by them to do so, and in such manner as they may prescribe. In case of the neglect of the company to make pavement or repairs in the Borough of Manhattan after the expiration of thirty (30) days' notice to do so from the President of the Borough of Manhattan or to make pavement or repairs in the Borough of Brooklyn, after like notice from the President of the Borough of Brooklyn, then the said Presidents or either of them may make such pavement or repairs in their respective boroughs at the expense of the company. And the city shall have the right to change the material or character of the pavement of any street or avenue, and in that event the company shall be bound to replace such pavement in the manner directed by the proper city official, at its own expense, and the provisions as to repairs herein contained shall apply to such renewed or altered pavement.

Tenth—Any alteration to the sewerage or drainage systems, or to any other subsurface or to any surface structures in the streets, required on account of the construction or operation of the railway, shall be made at the sole cost of the company, and in such manner as the proper city officials may prescribe.

Eleventh—It is agreed that the right hereby granted to operate a street surface railway shall not be in preference or in hindrance to public work of the city, and should the said railway in any way interfere with the construction of public works in the streets and avenues, whether the same is done by the city directly or by a contractor for the city, the company shall, at its own expense, protect or move the tracks and appurtenances in the manner directed by the city officials having jurisdiction over such public work.

Twelfth—Should the grades or lines of the streets and avenues in which the railway is hereby authorized be changed at any time after the railway has been constructed and during the term of this contract, the company shall, at its own expense, change its tracks and appurtenances to conform with such new grades and lines, and during the construction of any public improvement upon said streets and avenues the company shall take care of and protect the tracks and appurtenances at its own expense, all to be done subject to the direction of the city official having jurisdiction over the construction of such change.

Section 3. The grant of the right or privilege to operate cars upon two (2) tracks on the Manhattan Bridge and the approaches thereto, upon the route hereinbefore described, and to use other equipment owned by the city upon said bridge, is subject to the following conditions, which shall be complied with by the company:

First—The company shall use only such tracks as shall be assigned to the company by the Commissioner of Bridges, and nothing in this contract shall be deemed to affect in any way the right of the city to grant to any individual or other corporation a similar right or privilege upon the same or other terms and conditions, or to affect the right of the Commissioner of Bridges to assign the same or other tracks to such individual or other corporation.

Such tracks and all electrical equipment necessary for the operation of cars thereon shall be installed at the expense of the city, and shall remain the property of the city, but the company shall pay the cost of keeping and maintaining such tracks and electrical equipment in good order and repair, and in such manner as shall be approved and directed by the Commissioner of Bridges, and shall furnish all motive power required by the Commissioner of Bridges, for the operation of its cars, and the company shall renew any or all tracks and electrical equipment used by it upon the bridge and its terminals when directed by the Commissioner of Bridges and in such manner as may be prescribed by him. If deemed necessary by the Commissioner of Bridges, the company shall install and operate a system of signals to insure the safe and efficient operation of cars; such system to be approved by the Commissioner of Bridges. In the event of any necessity for changing the layout of tracks, curves, switches, sidings or platforms on the bridge in order to facilitate operation of cars by the company, said company must do all the work and furnish all the labor and tools necessary for affecting such changes, which shall all be made under the control and direction of the Commissioner of Bridges, and no such changes or construction connected therewith, or relating thereto, shall be made unless the plan or plans for the same have been first submitted to the Commissioner of Bridges and approved by him.

If, however, the tracks and appliances herein mentioned are used by any other individual or corporation, then the company shall bear only such proportion of the cost of work required by the terms and conditions of this subdivision as the use of such track and appliances by the company bears to the entire use of such track and appliances.

Second—Before beginning the operation of the cars, the company shall file with the Commissioner of Bridges a statement for his approval and assent as to the type of car which it proposes to operate and a sketch showing clearance dimensions, weight on axles and wheel spacing, or such other information as may be required by said Commissioner. All cars operated over the bridge by the company and all equipment and appliances relating to such operation shall be subject at all times to the inspection of the Commissioner of Bridges or his authorized representatives, who shall have power to forbid the entrance to the bridge of cars which may for any reason be unsatisfactory, and who shall have power to direct the removal of any old or inadequate appliance, and the substitution therefor of appliances of approved character.

Said Commissioner may adopt rules and regulations in regard to the number of cars to be operated over the bridge, the rate of speed of said cars, the movement and headway thereof, the type and weight of cars to be used and the condition thereof, the switching of cars and the use of platforms and the control of the electrical current used by the company, and the said Commissioner may alter and amend any such rules and regulations so as to secure the safety and comfort of persons using the bridge and preserve the purposes for which the bridge was constructed, and, upon serving notice upon the company that such rules and regulations have been made, amended or altered, the company shall comply with all the requirements thereof.

Third—Nothing in this contract shall be deemed to affect in any way the right of the Commissioner of Bridges to make any alterations or changes in the construction, operation or management of the bridge or to affect in any way the control of such Commissioner over such bridge, as provided by the Charter of the city.

Section 4. The grant of the said right and privilege to construct, maintain and operate a street surface railway from a point in the marginal way adjacent to the North River at or near Desbrosses Street Ferry to the westerly approach to the Manhattan Bridge in the Borough of Manhattan and from the easterly approach to said bridge to the intersection of Fourth and Atlantic Avenues in the Borough of Brooklyn, upon the routes hereinbefore described and the grant of the said right and privilege to operate cars upon the Manhattan Bridge and the approaches thereto are both subject to the following conditions which shall be complied with by the company:

First—The said rights and privileges shall be held and enjoyed by the company for the term of ten (10) years from the date upon which this contract is signed by the Mayor, with the privilege of renewal of said contract for the further period of fifteen (15) years upon a fair revaluation of the right and privilege to operate over such continuous route and for the right to use the tracks owned by the city upon the Manhattan Bridge and the approaches thereto, and the terminal loop or other terminal facilities which are the property of the city and used by the company.

If the company shall determine to exercise its privilege of renewal it shall make application to the board, or any authority which shall be authorized by law to act for the city in place of the board. Such application shall be made at any time not earlier than two (2) years and not later than one (1) year before the expiration of the original term of this contract. The determination of the revaluation shall be sufficient if agreed to in writing by the company and the board, but in no case shall the annual rate of compensation to the city be fixed at a less amount than the sum required to be paid during the last year prior to the termination of the original term of this contract.

If the Company and the Board shall not reach such agreement on or before the day one (1) year before the expiration of the original term of this contract, then the annual rate of compensation for such succeeding fifteen (15) years shall be reasonable, and either the City (by the Board) or the Company shall be bound upon request of the other to enter into a written agreement with each other, fixing the rate of such compensation at such amount as shall be reasonable, but in no case shall the annual rate so fixed be less than the sum required to be paid for the last year prior to the termination of the original term of this contract, and if the parties shall not forthwith agree upon what is reasonable, then the parties shall enter into a written agreement fixing such annual rate and at such amount as shall be determined by three disinterested freeholders selected in the following manner:

One disinterested freeholder shall be chosen by the Board; one disinterested freeholder shall be chosen by the Company; these two shall choose a third disinterested freeholder, and the three so chosen shall act as appraisers and shall make the revaluation aforesaid. Such appraisers shall be chosen at least six (6) months prior to the expiration of this original contract, and their report shall be filed with the Board within three (3) months after they are chosen. They shall act as appraisers and not as arbitrators. They may base their judgment upon their own experience and upon such information as they may obtain by inquiries and investigations, without the presence of either party. They shall have the right to examine any of the books of the Company and its officers under oath. The valuations so ascertained, fixed and determined shall be conclusive upon both parties, but no annual sum shall, in any event, be less than the sum required to be paid for the last year of the original term of this contract. If in any case the annual rate shall not be fixed prior to the termination of the original term of this contract, then the Company shall pay the annual rate theretofore prevailing until the new rate shall be determined, and shall then make up to the City the amount of any excess of the annual rate then determined over the previous annual rate. The compensation and expenses of the said appraisers shall be borne jointly by the City and the Company each paying one-half thereof.

Second—The Company shall pay to the City for the privilege hereby granted the following sums of money:

(a) The sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) in cash within three (3) months after the date on which this contract is signed by the Mayor, and before anything is done in exercise of the privilege hereby granted.

(b) During the first term of five (5) years an annual sum which shall in no case be less than four thousand dollars ($4,000,) and which shall be equal to three (3) per cent. of its gross annual receipts if such percentage shall exceed the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000.)

During the second term of five (5) years an annual sum which shall in no case be less than seven thousand dollars ($7,000,) and which shall be equal to five (5) per cent. of its gross annual receipts, if such percentage shall exceed the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000.)

The gross annual receipts mentioned above shall be the gross receipts of the Company from all sources within the limits of the City.

The annual charges shall commence from the date upon which this contract is signed by the Mayor.

(c) For the use of the tracks owned by the City upon the Manhattan Bridge and the approaches thereto, the sum of five cents for each round trip or the sum of two and one-half cents for each single trip of each and every car operated upon the bridge.

The number of such cars shall be certified by the Commissioner of Bridges to the Comptroller once each month in such form as shall be designated by the Comptroller.

(d) The Company shall pay to the City four (4) per cent. per annum upon the cost of any terminal loops or other terminal facilities which are the property of the City and used by the Company; provided, however, that if such terminal facilities are used by any other company or companies, then the Company shall only pay such portion of four (4) per cent. per annum upon the cost thereof as shall be proportionate to the use of such facilities by the Company.

The Commissioner of Bridges shall determine such amounts due the City and certify the same to the Comptroller.

All annual charges as above shall be paid into the treasury of the City on November 1 of each year, and shall be for the amount due to September 30 next preceding. Provided that the first annual payment shall be only for that proportion of the first annual charge as the time between the date upon which this contract is signed by the Mayor and September 30 following shall bear to the whole of one year.

Whenever the percentage required to be paid shall exceed the minimum amount as above, then such sum over and above such minimum shall be paid on or before November 1 in each year for the year ending September 30 next preceding.

The annual charges herein provided are intended to include the percentages of gross receipts now required to be paid by railway companies to the City pursuant to the Railroad Law as amended.

Any and all payments to be made by the terms of this contract to the City by the Company shall not be considered in any manner in the nature of a tax, but such payments shall be made in addition to any and all taxes of whatsoever kind or description, now or hereafter required to be paid by any ordinance of the City or resolution of the Board or any law of the State of New York.

Third—The annual charges or payments shall continue throughout the whole term of this contract (whether original or renewal), notwithstanding any clause in any statute or in the charter of any other railway or railroad company providing for payment for railway or railroad rights or franchises at a different rate, and no assignment, lease or sublease of the rights or privileges hereby granted (whether original or renewal), or of any part thereof, or of any of the routes mentioned herein, or of any part thereof, shall be valid or effectual for any purpose unless the said assignment, lease or sublease shall contain a covenant on the part of the assignee or lessee that the same is subject to all the conditions of this contract; and that the assignee or lessee assumes and will be bound by all of said conditions, and especially said conditions as to payments, anything in any statute or in the charter of such assignee or lessee to the contrary notwithstanding, and that the said assignee or lessee waives any more favorable conditions created by such statute or its charter, and that it will not claim by reason thereof or otherwise exemption from liability to perform each and all of the conditions of this contract.

Fourth—The rights and privileges hereby granted shall not be assigned, either in whole or in part, or leased or sublet in any manner, nor shall the title thereto, or right, interest or property therein, pass to or vest in any other person or corporation whatsoever, either by the act of the Company, or by operation of law, whether under the provisions of the statutes relating to the consolidation or merger of corporations or otherwise, without the consent of the City, acting by the Board, evidenced by an instrument under seal, anything herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding, and the granting, giving or waiving of any one or more of such consents shall not render unnecessary any subsequent consent or consents.

Fifth—Said railway shall be constructed and operated in the latest approved manner of street railway construction and operation, and it is hereby agreed that the Board may require the Company to improve or add to the railway equipment, including rolling stock and railway appurtenances, from time to time, as such additions and improvements are necessary, in the opinion of the Board. Upon failure on the part of the Company to comply with the direction of the Board within a reasonable time, the rights hereby granted shall cease and determine.

Sixth—The rate of fare for any passenger upon said railway shall not exceed three (3) cents, and the Company shall not charge any passenger more than three (3) cents for one continuous ride from any point on its road or on any road, line or branch operated by it or under its control to any other point thereof or any connecting branch thereof within the limits of the City, and the Company shall at all times have tickets on sale, one of which shall entitle a passenger to a like privilege, and the company shall sell such tickets at a rate not exceeding five (5) cents for two (2) tickets.

Should the Company at any time during the term of this contract be merged or consolidated with any other street surface railway company or companies, whose lines connect with or intersect the lines of the Company, the Company shall, by reason of such merger or consolidation, become obligated to receive passengers from and transfer passengers to the lines of such merged or consolidated company or companies and said passengers shall be given a continuous ride over the lines of the Company and the lines of such merged or consolidated company or companies for a single fare of not exceeding five (5) cents.

In the event of the failure at any time subsequent to such merger or consolidation of the Company or any merged or consolidated company or companies whose lines connect with or intersect the lines of the Company or of the successors or assigns of such company or companies for any reason whatsoever to receive and transfer passengers as hereinabove provided, this franchise shall ipso facto become void and forfeited.

The Company shall carry free upon the railway hereby authorized during the term of this contract all members of the Police and Fire Departments of the City, when such employees are in full uniform.

Seventh—No cars shall be operated upon the railway hereby authorized, other than passenger cars, cars for the transportation of express matter and cars necessary for the repair or maintenance of the railway, and no freight cars shall be operated upon the tracks of said railway. Provided that no cars for the transportation of express matter shall be operated between the hours of six o'clock a. m. and eight o'clock p. m daily, and that the Board may further limit the operation of such cars as public convenience may require.

The rate for the carrying of property over the said railway upon the cars of the Company shall in all cases be reasonable in amount, subject to the control of the Board, and may be fixed by the Board after notice to the Company and a hearing had thereon, and when so fixed such rate shall be binding upon the Company, and no greater sums shall be charged for such services than provided for by it.

Eighth—The Company shall attach to each car run over the said railway proper fenders and wheelguards, in conformity with such laws and ordinances as are now in force, or may hereafter during the term of this contract be enacted or adopted by the State or City authorities, or as may be required by resolution of the Board.

Ninth—All cars which are operated on said railway shall be heated during the cold weather, in conformity with such laws and ordinances as are now in force, or may hereafter during the term of this contract be enacted or adopted by the State or City authorities, or as may be required by resolution of the Board.

Tenth—All cars operated on said railway shall be well lighted by electricity, or by some lighting system equally efficient, or as may be required by resolution of the Board.

Eleventh—Cars on the said railway shall run at intervals of not more than thirty (30) minutes both day and night, and as much oftener as reasonable convenience of the public may require, or as may be directed by the Board.

Twelfth—The Company shall submit to the Board a report not later than November 1 of each year for the year ending September 30 next preceding, and at any other time upon the request of the Board, which shall state:

1. The amount of stock issued, for cash, for property.
2. The amount paid in as by last report.
3. The total amount of capital stock paid in.
4. The funded debt by last report.
5. The total amount of funded debt.
6. The floating debt as by last report.
7. The total amount of floating debt.
8. The total amount of funded and floating debt.
9. The average rate per annum of interest on funded debt.
10. Statement of dividends paid during the year.
11. The total amount expended for same.
12. The names of the directors elected at the last meeting of the corporation held for such purpose.
13. Location, value and amount paid for real estate owned by the Company as by last report.
14. Location, value and amount paid for real estate now owned by the Company.
15. Number of passengers carried during the year.
16. Total receipts of Company for each class of business.
17. Amounts paid by the Company for damage to persons or property on account of construction and operation.
18. Total expenses for operation, including salaries.

—and such other information in regard to the business of the Company as may be required by the Board.

Thirteenth—The Company shall at all times keep accurate books of account of the gross receipts from all sources within the limits of the City, and shall, on or before November 1 of each year, make a verified report to the Comptroller of the City of the business done by the Company for the year ending September 30 next preceding, in such form as it may prescribe. Such report shall contain a statement of such gross receipts, the total miles in operation within the limits of the City and the miles of railway constructed and operated under this contract, and such other information as the Comptroller may require. The Comptroller shall have access to all books of the Company for the purpose of ascertaining the correctness of its report and may examine its officers under oath.

Fourteenth—In case of any violation or breach or failure to comply with any of the provisions herein contained or with any orders of the Board acting under the powers herein reserved, the franchise or consent herein granted may be forfeited by a suit brought by the Corporation Counsel, on notice of ten (10) days to the Company, or at the option of the Board by resolution of said Board, which said resolution may contain a provision to the effect that the railway constructed and in use by virtue of this contract shall thereupon become the property of the City without proceedings at law or in equity. Provided, however that such action by the Board shall not be taken until the Board shall give notice to the Company to appear before it on a certain day not less than ten (10) days after the date of such notice, to show cause why such resolution declaring the contract forfeited should not be adopted. In case the Company fails to appear, action may be taken by the Board forthwith.

Fifteenth—If the Company shall fail to give efficient public service at the rates herein fixed, or fail to maintain its structures and equipment as herein provided in good condition throughout the whole term of this contract, the Board may give notice to the Company specifying any default on the part of the Company, and requiring the Company to remedy the same within a reasonable time; and upon failure of the Company to remedy such default within a reasonable time, the Company shall, for each day thereafter during which the default or defect remains, pay to the City the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250) as fixed or liquidated damages, or the Board, in case such structures or equipment which may affect the surface of the streets shall not be put in good condition within a reasonable time after notice by the Board as aforesaid, shall have the right to make all needed repairs at the expense of the Company, in which case the Company shall pay to the City the amount of the cost of such repairs, with legal interest thereon, all of which sums may be deducted from the fund hereinafter provided for.

Sixteenth—The Company shall assume all liability to persons or property by reason of the construction or operation of the railway authorized by this contract, and it is a condition of this contract that the City shall assume no liability whatsoever to either persons or property on account of the same, and the Company hereby agrees to repay to the City any damage which the City shall be compelled to pay by reason of any acts or default of the Company.

Seventeenth—This grant is upon the express condition that the Company, within thirty (30) days after the signing of this contract by the Mayor, and before anything is done in exercise of the rights conferred hereby, shall deposit with the Comptroller of the City the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000), either in money or securities, to be approved by him, which fund shall be security for the performance by the Company of all of the terms and conditions of this contract and compliance with all orders of the Board acting under the powers herein reserved, especially those which relate to the payment of the annual charges for the privilege hereby granted, the rendering of efficient public service at the rates herein fixed, the repairs of the street pavement, the removal of snow and ice, the quality of construction of the railway and the maintenance of the property in good condition throughout the whole term of this contract, and in case of default in the performance by the Company of such terms and conditions, or compliance with such orders or either or any of them, the City shall have the right to cause the work to be done and the materials to be furnished for the performance thereof after due notice, and shall collect the reasonable cost thereof from the said fund without legal proceedings; or after default in the payment of the annual charges, shall collect the same, with interest, from the said fund after ten (10) days' notice to the Company; or in case of failure to observe the said terms and conditions of this contract and orders of the Board acting thereunder, relating to the headway, heating and lighting of cars, fenders, wheelguards and watering of street pavements, the Company shall pay a penalty of fifty dollars ($50) per day for each day of violation, and the further sum of ten dollars ($10) per day for each car that shall not be properly heated, lighted or supplied with fenders or wheelguards, in case of a violation of the provisions relating to these matters, all of which sums may be deducted from said fund.

The procedure for the imposition and collection of the penalties in this contract shall be as follows:

The Board, on complaint made, shall give notice to the Company, directing its President, or other officer, to appear before the Board on a certain day not less than ten (10) days after the date of such notice, to show cause why the Company should not be penalized in accordance with the foregoing provisions. If the Company fails to make an appearance, or after a hearing appears in the judgment of the Board to be in fault, said Board shall forthwith impose the prescribed penalty, or where the amount of the penalty is not prescribed herein, such amount as appears to the Board to be just, and without legal procedure direct the Comptroller to withdraw the amount of such penalty from the security fund deposited with him. In case of any drafts made upon the security fund the Company shall, upon ten (10) days' notice, pay to the City a sum sufficient to restore said security fund to the original amount of ten thousand dollars ($10,000), and in default thereof this contract shall be cancelled and annulled at the option of the Board, acting in behalf of the City. No action or proceeding or right under the provisions of this contract shall affect any other legal rights, remedies or causes of action belonging to the City.

Eighteenth—The words "notice" or "direction," wherever used in this contract, shall be deemed to mean a written notice or direction. Every such notice or direction to be served upon the Company shall be delivered at such office in the City as shall have been designated by the Company, or if no such office shall have been designated, or if such designation shall have for any reason become inoperative, shall be mailed in the City, postage prepaid, addressed to the Company at the City. Delivery or mailing of such notice or direction as and when above provided shall be equivalent to direct personal notice or direction, and shall be deemed to have been given at the time of delivery or mailing.

Nineteenth—The words "streets or avenues" and "streets and avenues," wherever used in this contract, shall be deemed to mean "streets, avenues, highways, driveways, bridges, viaducts, public places or any other property to which the City has title or over which the public has an easement" encountered in the routes hereinabove described, and upon or in which authority is hereby given to the Company to construct a railway.

Twentieth—If at any time the powers of the Board or any other of the authorities herein mentioned or intended to be mentioned, shall be transferred by law to any other board, authority, officer or officers, then and in such case such other board, authority, officer or officers, shall have all the powers, rights and duties herein reserved to or prescribed for the Board or other authorities, officer or officers.

Section 5. The rights hereby granted are for a continuous line, but it is expressly agreed that no forfeiture shall be claimed by the City in the event of the Company being unable to secure the consents of the street surface railways in the Borough of Manhattan for operation over their tracks, provided through operation is had by the Company over the balance of the route or routes hereby authorized.

Section 6. Nothing in this contract shall be construed as in any manner limiting the present or future jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission under the laws of the State of New York.

Section 7. This grant is also upon the further and express condition that the provisions of article 5 and other provisions of the Railroad Law, pertinent hereto, shall be strictly complied with by the Company.

Section 8. The Company promises, covenants and agrees on its part and behalf to conform to and abide by and perform all the terms, conditions and requirements in this contract fixed and contained.

In witness whereof, the party of the first part, by its Mayor, thereunto duly authorized by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of said City, has caused the corporate name of said City to be hereunto signed and the corporate seal of said City to be hereunto affixed; and the party of the second part, by its officers, thereunto duly authorized, has caused its corporate name to be hereunto signed and its corporate seal to be hereunto affixed, the day and year first above written.

THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
By
Mayor.
[Corporate Seal.]
Attest:
City Clerk.
MANHATTAN BRIDGE THREE CENT LINE,
By
[Seal.] President.
Attest:
Secretary.

(Here add acknowledgments.)

Resolved, That the result of the inquiry made by this board as to the money value of the franchise or right proposed to be granted and the adequacy of the compensation proposed to be paid therefor, and of the terms and conditions, including the provisions as to rates, fares and charges, are as hereinbefore specified, and fully set forth in and by the foregoing form of proposed contract for the grant of such franchise or right.

Resolved, That these preambles and resolutions, including the said resolution for the grant of a franchise or right applied for by the Manhattan Bridge Three Cent Line, and the said form of a proposed contract for the grant of such franchise or right containing said result of such inquiry after the same shall be entered in the minutes of this board, shall be published for at least twenty (20) days immediately prior to Thursday, June 20, 1912, in the City Record, and at least twice during the ten (10) days immediately prior to Thursday, June 20, 1912, in two (2) daily newspapers, to be designated by the Mayor therefor, and published in the City of New York, at the expense of the Manhattan Bridge Three Cent Line, together with the following notice, to wit:

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Estimate and Apportionment before authorizing any contract for the grant of the franchise or right applied for by the Manhattan Bridge Three Cent Line, and fully set forth and described in the foregoing form of proposed contract, for the grant of such franchise or right and before adopting any resolution authorizing such contract, will, at a meeting of said board, to be held in the Old Council Chamber, City Hall, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Thursday, June 20, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., hold a public hearing thereon, at which citizens shall be entitled to appear and be heard.

The Times and The Sun designated.
JOSEPH HAAG, Secretary.
Dated New York, May 16, 1912.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The area of low barometric pressure over the Gulf of Mexico has apparently lost much of its intensity, but continues to cause rains on the Gulf Coast and in Florida.

Temperature is somewhat lower in the South Rocky Mountain region, but it has risen generally in the East and the Northwest.

Unsettled weather will continue Wednesday and Thursday along the Gulf and the great lakes.

In other portions of the country the weather will remain generally fair, although it will become unsettled in the North Atlantic States Thursday.

Temperatures will not change decidedly in any part of the country during the next forty-eight hours.

Winds along the New England Coast will be light to moderate west; Middle and South Atlantic Coast, light to moderate, variable.

Steamships departing Wednesday for European ports will have moderate west winds and overcast weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair south, unsettled north portion Wednesday; Thursday cloudy, light to moderate west winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Wednesday; Thursday unsettled, light to moderate southwest winds.

Southern New England—Fair Wednesday; Thursday unsettled, light to moderate west winds.

Northern New England—Unsettled Wednesday, probably followed by showers at night; Thursday overcast, light to moderate west winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
3 A. M.	64	61	4 P. M.	80	80
6 A. M.	68	61	6 P. M.	78	79
9 A. M.	71	70	9 P. M.	69	70
12 M.	78	77	12 P. M.	65	67

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 70; for the corresponding date last year it was 71; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years 68.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 66; at 8 P. M. it was 74. Maximum temperature 81 degrees at 3 P. M.; minimum 60 degrees at 4:20 A. M. Humidity 48 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 34 per cent. at 8 P. M.

THE FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
12:25—407 E. 118th St.; M. Healy	Trifling
1:40—635 E. 11th St.; J. Solomon	Trifling
3:15—29th St. and Broadway; Hotel Breslin	Slight
4:50—244 Greenwich St.; H. Barkheusen	$500
8:40—187 Avenue C; Abe Gadis	$50
9:10—614 Grand St.; Zimmerman Bros.	$500
9:10—223 9th Av.; not given	$10
9:50—507 W. 125th St.; L. Nagel	Trifling
9:55—747 9th Av.; Ike Hoffman	Trifling
10:05—315 9th Av.; Anna Daly	Slight
10:30—140 2d Av.; Stuyvesant Casino Co.	$5
10:45—232 E. 103d St.; Jacob Stansky	$300
10:50—1,470 5th Av.; Jacob Bleman	$200
11:12—1,580 Madison Av.; Mrs. — Brady	$500
P. M.	
12:20—222 E. 112th St.; Samuel Reiss	Trifling
12:30—388 E. 10th St.; Max Welsblum	Trifling
12:40—524 7th Av.; George Thomas	$20
1:35—S. E. corner 110th St. and 5th Av.; George Barnbaris	$50
1:40—109 Ludlow St.; Rachel Rosenbloom	$200
2:00—106 Attorney St.; M. Melmitzker	$5
2:10—1 E. 111th St.; William Spruss	$9
2:28—24 Water St.; Elizabeth Pope	Trifling
4:50—E. 107th St. and the East River; Department of Street Cleaning	Trifling
5:35—492-494 Water St.; Bossie Sloabotkin	$200
6:15—20 W. 3d St.; Lessig Bros.	Not given
6:25—5th Av. and 95th St.; not given	Trifling
8:17—Southern Boulevard and 139th St.; Thomas Crimmins & Co.	Trifling
8:20—237 Lafayette St.; Trent & Chester Construction Co.	Trifling
8:30—167 Monroe St.; Jacob Rosenberg	Trifling
8:45—320 West 35th St.; A. Whitlof	Trifling
9:15—1,627 Park Av.; Miller Blerman	Trifling
9:30—298 West 4th St.; Emil Keller	$25
9:45—160th St. and Fort Washington Av.; not given	Trifling
10:20—328 West 68th St.; Bradley Construction Co.	$2,000

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

FREDERICK J. H. DUNKAK, (died May 31;) left more than $5,000 personalty; legacies of unestimated value to Anna Dunkak, wife, and Frederick H. and Anna Dunkak, children.

DOROTHEA WOLFF, (died April 6;) left more than $10,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty; left more than $10,000 to each of her grandchildren, Stanley L. and Dorothy S. Wolff.

HENRY EGNER, (died May 22;) left more than $500 personalty; to Clara A. Ruck and Florence Voos, nieces, $500 each.

BRIDGET BULMAN, (died June 5;) left $4,000 realty and $100 personalty to eight cousins.

ANNIE E. COLLINS, (died March 9;) left $200 personalty to Hattie Newsome.

MEREDITH HOWLAND, (died April 3;) left $2,000 personalty to Adelaide Howland, wife.

THERESA SUSANNA COTTRELL, (died June 5;) left $5,000 personalty; one-fifth each to Clarence J. Waller, Edward Fluhr, Jr., Dorothy J. Skogstrom, sister; Mary Theresa Skogstrom, and John A. Skogstrom, Jr.

MARY F. HILL, (died May 12;) left $3,000 personalty; $333 each to Lewis S. Hill, Claude L. Hill, sons, and William V. Hill, grandson; Kate Hill Soria, May S. Hill, and Elizabeth H. Bolling, daughters, residue.

CHARLES T. HARVEY, (died March 11;) left $1,000 personalty to Sarah V. Harvey, wife.

ALBERT F. SCHWANNECKE, (died April 30;) left $2,000 personalty; $5 each to Frederick A. Schwannecke, son; Clarence H. Schwannecke, son; Daisy Busse, Georgia C. Schwannecke, and Henrietta Reeber, daughters; Marie E. Nestor, residue.

SARAH ADELINE JACKSON, (died May 2;) left more than $10,000 personalty; to Mathilda P. Woodford, daughter, $2,900; Ada J. Sillcocks, daughter, residue.

ESTATE APPRAISED.

Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser transmitted the following appraisal under the inheritance tax law yesterday to Anthony J. Barrett, Chief Clerk of the Transfer Tax Office of the Surrogates' Court:

Estate of SQUIRE GARNSEY, (died Jan. 22, 1911;) net personalty, $21,581.57.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The Brooklyn Class Teachers' Association has petitioned the Board of Education to pay women teachers of graduating classes the same salaries as those provided for the men teachers, the maximum being $2,400 a year.

The Board of Superintendents is considering a change in the course of study for the third and fourth years in the high schools.

Classes for tubercular children will be opened on July 1 on four ferryboats, under the supervision of the Committee on Special Schools. Regular teachers will be in charge.

It is said that the total number of pupils attending the high schools in May, 1912, exceeded by 4,000 the total number attending in May, 1911.

It is said that Public School 144, in Allen Street, will be used for teaching children suffering from contagious eye diseases, the plan to use Public School 97, under the Williamsburg Bridge, having been abandoned.

The Committee on High Schools, it is said, has refused to approve the nomination by the Board of Superintendents of William T. Hervey as First Assistant in Bushwick High School.

There is talk of abandoning 146 Grand Street, which is now used as an annex to Washington Irving High School, and which for years was the Hall of the Board of Education.

It is said that next term Washington Irving High School will have an Italian class.

William A. Hutcheson, actuary of the Mutual Life Insurance Association, will make the investigation of the Teachers' Retirement Fund, as recently ordered by the Board of Education.

An exhibition of physical training, folk dancing, and games will be given at Public School 139, Cortelyou Road, Flatbush, this afternoon.

The Board of Superintendents has renominated the following District Superintendents, whose terms are about to expire: John W. Davis, James J. McCabe, Charles W. Lyon, Dr. John Griffin, Edgar D. Shimer, James Lee, and Walter L. Ettinger.

The Board of Superintendents has recommended that Principal Martin Joyce be transferred from Public School 59, Queens to Public School 108, Brooklyn; that Principal Helen E. Warner be transferred from Public School 46, Brooklyn, to Public School 111, in that borough, and that Harold Peyser be appointed Principal of Public School 2, Manhattan.

At the weekly assembly yesterday of the classes above the fourth grade of the Morris High School, the musical programme included an original march, "The Chocolate Baby," and a "Spring Song" by Miss Hazel McDonald, and two songs by Miss Lillian Stein, "The Two Fairies" and "Spanish Dance," and a piano piece, "Call of the Woods." David Berend, who plays the violin in the Morris High School orchestra, wrote a waltz, which was played by it. The Morris High School Sewing Club presented to the school the borough flag, made by the club. This flag was adopted by the Bronx at the suggestion of Borough President C. C. Miller. This afternoon a parody on Milton's "Comus," written by Miss Martha Feuerstock, will be given in the auditorium of the school.

POLICE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Mutual Transfers—Patrolmen H. J. Welsh, 53d Precinct to 169th, and J. Lottes, 169th to 53d.

Temporary Assignment—Lieut. William J. Clark, 40th Precinct, to command 85th for twenty days from July 9, during vacation of Capt. Handy.

James S. Flynn, 28th Precinct, May 21, under influence of intoxicants, unfit for duty, twenty days. C. W. Thon, and D. Levy, 32d, May 28, did not properly patrol, fifteen days each. C. Martin, 43d, May 24, absent from post, coming from hallway, failed to make entry, thirty days. C. Humbeutel, 65th, May 25, smoking, five days.

Leaves of absence without pay—Patrolmen E. R. Erickson, 36th Precinct; M. McGrath, 43d; John J. Eller, 161st; Simon P. Gillis, Traffic A, and P. McDonald; Traffic C, sixty days; T. Reilly, Traffic C, thirty days.

Application for full pay approved—Patrolman Charles F. Duffy, 146th Precinct, April 24-29, while under suspension.

Fines imposed—Patrolman Edward P. Donovan, 13th Precinct, April 8, entered saloon while in uniform, drank whisky, struck bartender with fist, used vile language, drew and pointed revolver, thirty days.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has approved the following:

Request of the Commissioner of Parks, Queens, for a non-competitive examination for Ferdinand H. Cook to qualify him for provisional employment as foreman of trees in city streets.

Report of Dr. Warbasse, of the medical re-examination of John J. Ryan, who was rejected for patrolman by the police surgeons on a former certification, re-examined by Dr. Warbasse and also rejected. Dr. Warbasse passed him, stating that in the past year his heart condition has shown constant improvement.

Requisition of the Department of Public Charities for the certification of additional names from which to appoint one stenographer and typewriter at $750 per annum in the Borough of Richmond.

Request of the Fire Commissioner for authority to employ Samuel Solomon as Inspector in the Bureau of Fire Prevention.

Letter from the Commissioner of Street Cleaning, stating that he has appointed Charles L. Allers as Medical Examiner, with compensation at $1,800 per annum, for a period of fifteen days.

Requests of the Fire Commissioner for authority to employ Dennison, Hirons & Darbyshire, architects, for the preparation of plans and specifications and supervision of the construction of proposed buildings to be located on the west side of Mount Hope Avenue, south of 175th Street, the Bronx, and on the south side of Thomson Avenue, west of Brown Avenue, Newtown, Queens, the estimated fees for each building to approximate $2,500.

He also asks authority to employ Jay H. Morgan, architect, for the construction of a proposed building to be located on the south side of Myrtle Avenue, east of Witte Street, Newtown, Queens, the fees to be about $2,500.

The following requests for restoration to the eligible lists specified have been granted by the commission:

Maurice S. Regan, 127 West 121st Street, bookkeeper, third grade; George E. Reilly, 686 Hicks Street, Brooklyn, preferred list of attendant; Edward J. Colligan, 321 East Sixty-fifth Street, Inspector of Plumbing, for temporary work; Anastasia C. Sparks, 218 East Thirty-ninth Street, attendant, preferred list; Mary A. Walsh, 1,963 Daly Avenue, Bronx, attendant, preferred list; Joseph Beletsky, 218 East Broadway, clerk, second grade, temporary work; Isidor Leibowitz, 1,775 Fulton Avenue, the Bronx, clerk, second grade; Jacob A. Shientag, 26 West 112th Street, clerk, second grade, temporary appointment; Mary Corcoran, 237 East Twelfth Street, attendant, preferred list.

United States.

Men and women will be admitted to the examination for teacher in the Indian Service at the New York Custom House on June 26 and 27. The usual entrance salaries are $540 to $600 a year for boarding school teachers, and $72 a month for ten months in the year for day school teachers. Each applicant is required to furnish with the application a medical certificate showing him or her to be in good health. No person will be appointed who is unable to speak the English language. Quarters are usually provided for the employes, and are assigned by the Superintendent of the school, but at some of the schools the accommodations are limited, and two or more persons must occupy one room, so that employes with families may be required to content themselves with space accordingly. Some of the day schools are not located at the headquarters of the agency, and in these quarters may be provided for the teacher. At each boarding school there is a common "mess" for all employes, the cost of which to each employe ranges at the different schools from $10 to $15 a month. Leave of absence may be granted in the discretion of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs not to exceed thirty days in any calendar year, and is usually granted during the school vacations. Appointees will be required to pay their own traveling expenses to the places where they are to be employed, and the salary begins on the day an employe enters upon duty at the school. The department will not advance money to pay the expenses of an employe to the place of employment.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Major W. J. Snow, Third Field Artillery, upon the completion of his duties at Fort Sill, Okla., will proceed to New Orleans, and Baton Rouge, La., for consultation with the Adjutant General of Louisiana.

Leave of absence for four months granted Capt T. H. Koch, Coast Artillery Corps.

Leave of absence for ten days granted Capt. Miles K. Toulbee, Porto Rico Regiment of Infantry.

Lieut. Col. J. E. Baxter, Deputy Quartermaster General, will relieve Col. F. E. Eastman, Deputy Commissary General, of his duty as assistant to the Chief Commissary, Central Division.

Col. A. L. Smith, Assistant Commissary General, upon his relief from present duties at Omaha, Neb., will proceed to Chicago, Ill., and report to the Commanding General, Central Division.

Col. F. Baker, Ordnance Department, will make, not to exceed one visit per week, during July, August, September and October, to Philadelphia on official business.

Leave of absence for one month and fifteen days granted Capt. A. H. Huguet, Seventeenth Infantry.

Leave of absence for ten days is granted First Lieut. H. I. Lawrence, Ninth Infantry.

First Lieut. R. M. C. Pennell from the Sixth Field Artillery to the Fifth Field Artillery.

First Lieut. W. A. Capron from the Fifth Field Artillery to the Sixth Field Artillery.

Leave of absence for fourteen days is granted First Lieut. H. Beeuwkes, Medical Corps.

Leave of absence granted Capt. G. H. Scott, Medical Corps, by the Surgeon General, is extended twenty days.

Leave of absence for one month is granted Capt. Chalmers G. Hall, Fifth Cavalry.

Leave of absence for one month is granted Second Lieut. D. B. Crafton, Third Infantry.

Leave of absence granted Capt. G. W. Biegler, Fourteenth Cavalry, is extended one month.

The Navy.

Lieut. Commander J. J. Raby, detached naval academy, Annapolis, made to command supply; Lieut. Commander L. C. Richardson to Naval War College, Summer Conference; Lieut. Commander H. A. Pearson, detached Utah, to Maryland as executive officer; Lieut. Commander E. L. Bisset, detached command supply, home, wait orders; Lieut. Commander C. J. Lang, detached Maryland, to Pacific reserve fleet; Lieut. W. W. Lorshbough to navy recruiting station, Omaha, Neb.

Movements of the Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Uncas at El Cobre; Uncas at Guantanamo; Uncas at Baracoa; Uncas at Guantanamo; Culgoa at Siboney and Guantanamo; Sylph at Hampton Roads; Mayflower at Washington; Nashville at Port Tanamo; Nashville at Nipe Bay; Stringham at Norfolk; Florida at Hampton Roads; Utah, North Dakota and Massachusetts at Hampton Roads; Delaware at Sewall Point; Washington and Rhode Island at Havana; Eagle, Hecter and Albany at Guantanamo, Hampton Roads and Olongapo.

Sailed—Uncas from Guantanamo for El Cobre; Uncas from El Cobre for Guantanamo; Uncas from Guantanamo for Baracoa; Uncas from Baracoa for Guantanamo; Culgoa from Guantanamo for Siboney; Culgoa from Siboney for Guantanamo and from Guantanamo for Manzanillo; Mayflower from Hampton Roads for Washington; Nashville from Nipe Bay for Port Tanamo and from Port Tanamo for Nipe Bay; Stringham from Washington for Norfolk; Stringham from Norfolk for Washington; Florida, Utah, Delaware, North Dakota and Massachusetts from Annapolis for Hampton Roads; San Francisco from Annapolis for Key West; Mars from Key West for Havana; Colorado from Olongapo for Bremerton, via Guam and Honolulu.

Country Houses To Let
FURNISHED

LONG BEACH FURNISHED COTTAGES. Reduced Rentals. New and modern. Cool and convenient. Eight rooms, $850. Nine rooms, $900. Eleven rooms, $1,200. Twelve rooms, $2,100. Fifteen rooms, $2,500. One to three baths. 'Phone 6820 Madison Sq. for appointment. Frederick P. Jones, 334 Fifth Ave.

At sacrifice, cool Summer residence, 11 rooms, bath; furnished; large verandas, large, well-kept lawn; two-story barn for garage; close to bay and ocean; 45 minutes from city; 5-cent fare; $8,000; reasonable terms; immediate possession. Address Owner, Room 903, 1170 Broadway.

Westchester County, Between Bronxville and Yonkers.—Cottage, furnished, for season; ¾ of acre; large, shady lawn; fruit trees, flowers, vegetable garden; 6 minutes' walk to train; hour to Wall St. Address J. A. Beaver, 37 Wall St.

WYCHMERE SEASHORE COTTAGES, Harwichport, (Cape Cod;) rented, completely furnished, bathrooms, all comforts; rents reduced; delightful beach; abundant supplies; booklet. Box 55 South Harwich, Mass.

Arverne.—Furnished rooms, for entire season only, in cottage of private family; suitable light housekeeping. Z 52 Times.

Furnished eight-room cottage to let; garden; convenient to New Rochelle Station. Z 48 Times.

Lost and Found

LOST—June 10, in Altman's Misses' Department, or on first floor, or from 34th St. entrance to 5th Av., one diamond crescent pin, 19 stones. Suitable reward if returned to W. B. Sewell, 22 Pine St., New York City.

LOST—Corner 23d St. and 6th Av., (McCreery's,) a gold-plated vanity box, attached to a thin gold chain; same valued as keepsake; reward. Communicate Miss K., Hotel Marlborough, East Orange, N. J.

LOST—Diamond and platinum bar pin, between Marie Antoinette Hotel and 66th St., uptown Subway station, to 145th St., and Subway; thence to 565 West 148th St. Call 4328 Cortlandt; reward.

LOST—On Subway train, Van Cortlandt Park to Grand Central, between 4 and 5 Tuesday, a green sweater, silk bound; $5 reward, if returned to Dr. Webster, 749 Madison Av.

LOST—Wednesday, June 5, 116 colored pictures in package, on upper west side. Suitable reward for return of goods. Brown's Express, 57½ Dey St., New York.

LOST—On Monday morning, between 114th and 116th Sts., on Broadway, a silver mesh handbag. Suitable reard on return to Phelps, 611 West 114th St.

LOST—In Subway, Decoration Day; large envelope addressed "James McElroy, 1,023 Marbridge Building." Reward if returned to 207 West 14th St.

LOST.—Evening June 4, in New Rochelle, diamond bar pin, designed by owner; liberal reward. J. H. Bowers, 718 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn.

LOST.—Diamond earring, three solitaires with nine stone drop, platinum setting; $75 reward. Suite 501, 2 West 35th St., New York.

LOST—Locket, chain, initials "M. C. F.," 127th-129th, 7th, Madison; reward. Fulliam, 75 West 127th.

LOST—Monday, $165 roll, between Macy's store and 96th St. Liberal reward. R 19 Times.

LOST—Central Park, 96th St., pansy enameled pin, with diamond; reward. Strauss, 1 East 100th.

LOST—Gentleman's gold chain, locket, penknife, keys; $10 reward. Room 25, 81 East 125th.

STOLEN.—Bicycle from 1,072 Park Place, Brooklyn; reward; no questions asked. Unique Laundry, 1,095 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

$50 REWARD for return of Grecian set gentleman's diamond ring; lost between Feltman's, Faust's, Churchill's, and 1,990 7th Av. New York Manufacturing Co., 168 Greene St.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

LOST.—A black and white Russian wolf hound; liberal reward. James P. Knight, 194 Riverside Drive, corner of 92d St.

LOST—Fox terrier, male, white-brown ears, black spot on back; reward. Sullivan, 344 West 45th St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

FOUND, June 10.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—Hudson Tubes: Apply Concourse, 30 Church St.: Card case, eyeglasses, shoes, umbrella, satchel, photographs, pin, cigars, book, 2 purses, 2 bags.

FOUND, June 11.—NEW YORK CENTRAL and N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station—Four packages, auto coat, book, memo book, lady's pin, pocket, roll of paper, keys.

FOUND, June 11.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City—Bag, package, portfolio.

FOUND, June 11.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.—Seven packages, three umbrellas.

FOUND, June 11.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City—Three packages, two pocketbooks.

FOUND, June 11.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau—Electric light, umbrella, key, shoes, pair gloves.

FOUND, June 11.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.—Two packages, portfolio, pins, key, comb, fan, kid gloves, umbrella, pipe, tobacco, nightshirt, three suits pajamas, raincoat, soapbox, umbrella, package.

FOUND, June 11.—SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Purse, plans, shoes, towels, medicine, brush. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, satchel, handbag, check, books, magazine, pictures, certificate, bill, hats, shoes, sack, goods, stockings, silk, putty. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, handbag, purse, pamphlets, gloves, papers, magazine, books, stationery, apron, cards, shirt and collars, raincoat, chisels, box. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Purse, gloves, catalogue, designs, shoes, slate, rule, hat. SUBWAY.—Handbag, wallet, purses, tickets, pictures, music, cards, photos, book, keys, gloves, hat, coat, shirt, velvet and lace, buttons, ties, apron, coat, rule, board, basket and tackle.

Business Opportunities

The New York Times offers a reward of $100 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person obtaining money through the insertion of a fraudulent or misleading advertisement in its columns.

NO TIME OR MONEY WASTED. IF YOU ARE INTERESTED IN THE BEST MANUFACTURING PROPOSITION IN THE U. S., MAKING THREE STANDARD COMMODITIES SOLD IN EVERY DRY GOODS AND DRUG STORE, COME AND SEE IT. FINANCE IT AND WE WILL PRODUCE THE GOODS. HAVE $60,000 INVESTED IN MODERN PLANT AND MACHINERY. WANT MONEY TO DO BUSINESS WITH. NO AGENTS; PRINCIPALS ONLY. BOX 235, MYSTIC, CONN.

SALOON, partner, experienced bartender, seven years in one position, desires to buy prosperous, old-established saloon; price, $2,000; have $1,000 myself; want willing, industrious partner with $1,000; place clearing $100 weekly; can be greatly improved; each can draw $35 weekly salary, divide other profits monthly; experience unnecessary; a beginner's opportunity. William Walsh, 3,081 Broadway.

An established New York manufacturer branching out his business is looking for a young man who will invest $600 and services; immediate returns assured; unlimited field; large demand established; investment secured; good future. Principals Only, 287 Times Downtown.

Van Cortlandt Estate.—Lot 206, Albany Road; all improved; 100 feet from 238th St. trolley line; two blocks from Subway; near trolley line to Park through Albany Road; will consider offer. Address Apartment 2, 526 West 158th St.

Wanted, party with from $1,000 to $5,000 to invest in dividend-paying proposition; investment guaranteed; strictest investigation. Farley, 249 West 42d.

Prominent vaudeville professional wants investor with $300; big novelty act. Write or call, 12-2, Greene, Gaiety Theatre Building, Room 209.

Company, well established, manufacturing brass and copper, has splendid opening for business man with few thousand dollars to invest. D 162 Times.

For Sale.—Old established dry goods business; light, large store; small stock. J. T. Colcord, 108 W. State St., Ithaca, N. Y.

CONNECTING in our old established food importing business; success is assured for proper party. M 216 Times Downtown.

Party with $1,000 to invest can obtain interest in lucrative business standing strictest investigation. Z 51 Times.

Wanted—$150,000 underwriting for electric railroad. Suite 2,112, 90 West St. No agents.

Established old and new book business for sale or will take partner. D 156 Times.

First-class cigar and stationery store; full particulars. Address W 148 Times.

Business Notices

FAC SIMILE LETTERS MULTIGRAPHED JUST LIKE TYPEWRITING. LAWRENCE F. DEUTZMAN LETTER CO., 123 LIBERTY ST. 3663 CORT.

City Houses to Let—Furnished

Sublet—Summer, attractive seven-room house; all conveniences; piazza, garden; $50. 47 East 84th.

For Sale

Bank or office fitted up at small cost; for sale at a sacrifice; about one hundred feet of solid mahogany banking partitions of very ornamental pattern. Apply Excelsior Savings Bank, No. 46 West 24th St., New York.

Slightly-used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers; Multigraphs, filing cabinets, Neostyles, addressograph, wardrobes. Nathan's, 102 Worth, near Broadway.

We will pay highest cash price for your furniture, pianos, paintings, bric-a-brac, rugs; don't sell until you receive our offer. Flat, 115 University Place. Telephone 2298 Stuyvesant.

Purchase and Exchange

I would exchange Munson's Phonographic Dictionary, Phrase Book, and two copies of the Complete Phonographer for a film camera. Jas. J. Doherty, 2,137 Schenectady Av., Brooklyn.

Pianos and Organs

Weber upright piano, in fine condition; cost $500; sell for $125. 310 West 42d St.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Comfortable large, small rooms, with board; cool, refined surroundings; Southerners accommodated.

16TH ST., 20-22-33 WEST.—Large and small rooms; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

356 W. 20TH ST. PHONE 4554 CHELSEA. Medium sized sunny room, small family adults; references; $8 per week.

32D ST., 55 WEST.—Hall room, with running water, closet, bath adjoining; private family; reasonable.

39TH, 49 WEST.—Heart new retail shopping district; walking distance theatres; large, small, airy rooms; high-class home cooking; parlor dining; private tables; Summer rates; transients. Table board.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $10 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting of parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heated throughout; elevator service. Phone 793 Bryant.

48TH ST., 107 WEST.—Most desirable large room; running water; in strictly first-class house.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large and single rooms, private bath; house, table strictly first-class; references.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Established 24 years; rooms and suites; baths, telephone; half rates Summer.

57TH ST., 337 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath; board optional; table board; transients.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for one or two; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 56 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; electric light; private bath; marble shower; in house with owner; Southerners catered to; board optional.

70TH, 30 WEST.—Large rooms; every convenience; beautiful location; board; refined home.

269 WEST 70TH ST. Attractive rooms; 'phone; Subway; board optional.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Second-story room; private bathroom; hot water; room telephone.

72D ST., 305 WEST.—Pleasant home; few paying guests; front, back single rooms; every convenience; southern exposure; very homelike; cars, Subway, elevated; excellent home cooking; very reasonable.

73D, 102 WEST.—Attractive rooms; exceptional meals; Summer rates; table guests; Subway, "L"; Jewish.

74TH ST., 131 WEST. Seventeenth year; Summer rates; large, small rooms; private baths; parlor dining; excellent table; references.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent table; Summer rates; table guests; Subway, elevated; references.

76TH, 237 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Large, small, clean, cool rooms, bath; excellent table; table guests; telephone; Summer rates; Southerners desired.

76TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large, medium, well-furnished, airy rooms; excellent table; table guests.

76TH ST., 129 WEST.—Light, airy rooms; excellent table; transients; 'phone 7725 Schuyler; table guests.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Small room, adjoining bath; table guests; references.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining; table board; references.

79TH ST., 162 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; high-class house; telephone; convenient; board optional; references.

80TH ST., 123 WEST.—Cool, cheerful rooms; single or en suite; excellent table; refined surroundings.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Exceptionally fine rooms; electricity, telephone; home environment; generous table; references.

80TH, 143 WEST.—Large, cool front rooms; bay windows; park view; reduced rates; references.

82D, 55 WEST.—Hall room, with running water, closet; bath adjoining; private family; reasonable.

82D, 128 WEST.—Every room parquet floors; electricity; special catering. Telephone 7506 Schuyler.

50-52 WEST 82D ST. Attractive rooms for business people. Schuyler 8397.

83D ST., 44 WEST.—Comfortably furnished rooms; finest table; refined Jewish family; table guests; telephone.

84TH, 37 WEST, Near Central Park.—Desirable, airy rooms; excellent home cooking; Jewish family.

84TH ST., 53 WEST.—Summer rates; beautiful large, small rooms with Jewish family; table board.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Airy, cool rooms; home surroundings; excellent table; moderate. Telephone 2871 Riverside.

92D ST., 60 WEST.—Southern suite rooms; hot, cold water; Summer rates; transients; table board.

93D ST., 304 WEST.—Newly decorated, beautifully furnished double and single rooms, table a specialty.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable large room; also single; southern exposure; good board; references.

94TH ST., 36 WEST.—Large room; all conveniences; excellent home cooking; private house; telephone. Strauss.

94TH, 60 WEST.—Large airy rooms; parlor dining; excellent Southern cooking; table guests; reasonable.

96TH, 64 WEST.—Handsome rooms with board; reasonable; near Central Park, subway, elevated; references.

96TH ST., 54 WEST. Desirable rooms; near Central Park; terms moderate.

96TH ST., 61 WEST.—Rooms with board or rooms with breakfast; reasonable.

113TH ST., 544 WEST.—Double, single rooms, parlor dining; table guests; home cooking; Summer rates.

114TH ST., 526 WEST.—Large and small rooms, overlooking Columbia campus; excellent board.

121ST ST., 509 WEST.—Finest Summer location in city; close to Broadway, parks, and Drive; beautiful front room with kitchenette; single room also; meals deliciously cooked and served in elegant, modern, restaurant; low weekly rates.

520 WEST 122D. KERKER. Attractive room; elevator; excellent board; table guests.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Delightful Summer location; large rooms; electricity; homelike; unexcelled cuisine; table guests.

144TH, 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptionally clean; desirable accommodations; excellent table board; reasonable rates.

145TH, 412 WEST.—Delightful accommodations; newly established house; Summer rates; American; board optional; references.

BEAUTIFUL Convent Avenue, near 144th, in handsome private house, attractive, medium-sized room; excellent meals and service; a real home; permanent; references exchanged. 'Phone 7605 Audubon.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 25.—157th Subway, Broadway; cool rooms, overlooking Hudson; telephone; dining room.

OPPORTUNITY.—Uptown, west, beautiful room, three southern windows; elegant house, neighborhood; Americans; board two; Summer, $14; Winter, $20. Tel. 6380W Morningside.

WEST END AV., 240.—Large, medium, small rooms; cool, airy house, near 72d Subway express; transients and Southerners accommodated; board optional.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855, (Woodbury.)—An ideal Summer home; two blocks north 157th St. Subway; rooms; veranda; grounds command uninterrupted view of Hudson.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 64.—Large, cool rooms; excellent home table; Summer rates. Phone 8632 Schuyler.

THE LELAND, board and room directory, 4 West 33d St., offers superior accommodations in exclusive house; special Summer rates; convenient location.

East Side.

15TH ST., 210 EAST, (Opposite Stuyvesant Park.)—Double and single rooms; private bath; excellent table; table guests; references; telephone.

54TH ST., 15 EAST.—Splendid inducements; Summer rates; unexcelled residential block; cuisine and service; references.

63D ST., 23 EAST.—Second-floor large rooms; private bath; other rooms; board optional.

80TH, 40 EAST.—Large rooms, $18-$25, 2 persons; $9-$10, one, with board.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large parlor floor, bath; family or gentlemen; board optional; other rooms.

Board Wanted

MEXICAN GENTLEMAN, (18,) desires room and board with a private American family, between West 80th and West 110th Sts.; absolute cleanliness indispensable. W 154 Times.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

5TH AV., 3.—Large front room, private bath; small room; electricity; cool, ideal location; telephone; references.

5TH AV., 25.—Refined surroundings; beautiful small, large rooms; running water, bath; breakfast optional.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Harvard men will find friends, accommodations; private house; telephone, electricity; location ideal.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, light, cool room; modern conveniences; large closets; single room, $3.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms, suitable for either one or two persons.

37TH ST., 54 WEST.—Furnished large room, one flight; conveniences; Grand Piano; Summer rent. Seifert.

42D ST., 322 WEST.—Bright rooms; near Subway; suitable one or two; tiled bath. Hughes.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; private bath; exclusive.

56TH ST., 55 WEST.—Large and small rooms to let; private bath; gentlemen only.

58TH ST., 17 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms, suites; private baths; board optional; references.

59TH ST., 208 WEST, (Facing Central Park.)—Furnished rooms; all conveniences; electric light; telephone; $4 up; room suitable for studio or two or three gentlemen; Summer rates.

61ST ST., 38 WEST, (Near Park.)—Large room, connecting bath; also small rooms; $3 to $7 weekly; Subway, "L"; telephone.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 78 WEST.—Attractive, large, corner front room, outside, single, $3; private. Schultz.

69TH ST., 129 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large room; private bath; smaller rooms; running water; Summer rates.

69TH ST., 135 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; private bath; elegant location, four doors from Broadway.

70TH ST., 307 WEST.—Newly furnished room; running water; 'phone; private house; nice locality.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room, private bath; steam heat; gentleman only.

70TH ST., 262 WEST.—Medium-sized rooms; southern exposure; every convenience.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Cool, elegantly furnished one, two rooms; bachelors' apartment; private bath; reasonable.

73D ST., 155 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and single rooms; every convenience; Summer rates; telephone.

74TH, 106 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; suitable couple or two bachelors; bath floor.

76TH ST., 180 WEST. Room, private bath, electricity; also single room; everything first-class; private house; owner; references.

76TH ST., 57 WEST.—Large, desirable room; attractive neighborhood. Phone 8124 Schuyler.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Cool, airy rooms in first-class neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

77TH, 126 WEST.—Large, beautifully furnished rooms, bath adjoining; breakfast optional; refined surroundings; reasonable.

77TH, 109 WEST.—Large front room; smaller; first-class, cool, comfortable; Summer rates.

78TH ST., 168 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, single or en suite, with or without private bath; electric light, telephone; breakfast optional; references.

78TH ST., 107 WEST.—Desirable large room; also hall room; all conveniences; private family; references.

78TH ST., 114 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive, airy, single rooms; newly decorated; large closets; phone; references.

78TH ST., 121 WEST.—For gentleman, medium-sized room, lavatory right adjoining; reasonable; private family.

79TH ST., 169 WEST.—Large, airy rooms adjoining dressing room with running water; private house; references.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelor home; large, handsome suite or single; attractive to those seeking quiet, refined surroundings; all modern conveniences; references.

80TH ST., 136 WEST.—Physicians' office in well-appointed private residence. Telephone 4847—Schuyler. References.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large room, with bath; also medium room; private house; reasonable rates.

81ST ST., 106 WEST.—Large front room; suitable two; hall room; clean; cool; all conveniences.

82D ST., 6 WEST.—Select gentlemen; newly furnished and decorated; large and small rooms; first-class location; near Central Park; transients accommodated.

82D, 327 WEST.—Private house, overlooking drive; large, small; running water, shower, telephone; moderate.

83D, 121 WEST.—Nice rooms in small, private house; electric light; all conveniences; reasonable.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Cool, airy rooms, singly, en suite, near Park; special Summer rates.

84TH ST., 10 WEST, (Near Park.)—Private residence; newly decorated; handsomely furnished rooms; telephone; reasonable.

84TH ST., 10 WEST, Near Park.—Private family rent few rooms; beautifully furnished home; telephone.

84TH ST., 41 WEST.—Back parlor; running water; southern exposure; also hall rooms; extremely clean.

137 WEST 84TH.—KENNEDY. Attractive, newly decorated rooms; Southern exposure; reasonable.

85TH ST., 212 WEST.—Attractive, cool room; large closets; bath adjoins; Subway; reasonable. MacMillan.

87TH, 319 WEST.—Handsome large and small rooms, newly furnished; private family; references.

91ST, 46 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; conveniences; telephone; convenient all cars.

92D ST., 51 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; running water, bath adjoining; Summer rates.

93D, 111 WEST.—Large furnished room; southern exposure; running water; large closets; private house.

94TH ST., 205 WEST.—Opposite Hotel Bonta, overlooking Hudson; handsome suite, or single. Call 9807 Riverside.

96TH ST., 38 WEST.—Large, airy front rooms, near Central Park, beautifully furnished; Summer rates.

98TH ST., 243 WEST.—Two beautifully furnished rooms; every convenience; near 96th St. Subway express. Lasalle.

102D ST., 254 WEST.—Private house; refined environment; near Subway; two attractive rooms. Telephone; bath.

103D ST., 122 WEST.—Exquisitely kept room, $3.50; bath; choice double; running water. Apartment 1.

104TH ST., 65 WEST.—Two gentlemen or father and child; parlor and bedroom; private entrance; no other roomers; Christian family. Stein.

106TH, 65 WEST.—Clean, comfortable, medium rooms; suitable one, two; reasonable; one flight. Jones.

112TH, 504 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Very large front room; single room; elevator apartment. Wells.

112TH ST., 601 WEST.—Cool, quiet room; elevator, electric light, shower bath. Apartment 5C.

112TH ST., 504 WEST.—Large front room and single room; elevator; telephone; electricity; shower. Cooke.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Near Columbia; southern exposure; artistically furnished; Subway; moderate; electricity; elevator. Smith.

419 WEST 118TH ST. Attractive, light rooms; lavatory; elevator. Apt. 52.

418 WEST 118TH ST. Nice front rooms; elevator; moderate. Apt. 64.

119TH ST., 424 WEST.—Young couple having most desirable outside room in high-class elevator apartment, (telephone Morningside 3350,) will rent same to gentleman; no other roomers. Walsh.

119TH ST., 422 WEST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; kitchen; elevator; reasonable. Inquire Apartment 1.

430 WEST 119TH ST. Opposite Columbia, large, attractive rooms; elevator. Muller.

121ST ST., 223 WEST.—Cool, pleasant room; medium-sized; use of piano; kitchen; reasonable. Mason.

501 WEST 121ST ST.; HAWTHORNE. Attractive front rooms; southern exposure; elevator; transients.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Attractive outside rooms; cool in Summer; elevator. Apartment 61.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Suites, with private baths; showers; elevator; telephones; small rooms, $2.50. Carper.

123D ST., 439 WEST.—Single, double rooms; newly furnished; exceedingly clean; telephone; Subway, "L." Pendleton.

123D ST., (corner Morningside Av.,) 100.—Clean, cool, outside room, $3.50 week. Mitchell.

126TH ST., (329 Lenox Av.)—Two large front rooms, connecting, single; running water; bath; Subway. Davis.

142D ST., 611 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, large, front room; modern improvements; private house; telephone; reasonable.

157TH, 600 WEST.—Apartment 16; Subway station; desirable rooms; running water; connecting, singly; reasonable.

BROADWAY, 2,783, (107th.)—Comfortable, homelike outside room; running water; elevator, electric light. Telephone 7210 Riverside.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 378.—Ideal Summer room; windows on all sides; elevator, telephone. Brien.

FOR SUMMER.—Furnished rooms, with bathrooms, dressing rooms, elevator, electric light service, in a handsome private residence on Riverside Drive, in the 80s. Summer rates. Phone, 8911 Riverside.

IRVING PLACE, 14, Corner 15th St., (block East of Union Square.)—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 14.—Two exceptionally cool, handsomely furnished rooms, overlooking park; refined surroundings; every convenience. Jewett. 'Phone 3307 Morningside.

East Side.

5TH AV, 226, (Opp. Madison Sq.)—$75; 3 large rooms, kitchenette, bath, 'phone, piano. Call 10 to 4. Guest.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; private house; reasonable.

19TH ST., 117 EAST.—Cool, nicely furnished room, suitable two; Summer rates.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Desirable room; private house; electicity, telephone; references; also first floor room.

40TH, 5 EAST.—Handsome suite; double, single rooms; private bath; electric light; kitchenette; Summer prices.

43D, 13 EAST.—Large rooms, with and without private bath; also small room.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome room; private bath; square room; single room; breakfast optional; references.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Large rooms with bath; single rooms; gentlemen; reference.

57TH ST., 419 EAST.—Furnished rooms to rent. Apply to Miss Strange.

60TH, 134 EAST.—Cool, comfortable rooms; quiet house; parlor with alcove, suitable two; shower.

92D ST., 129 EAST.—Large, front room; every convenience; adjoining bath; strictly private residence; telephone.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Beautiful large and small room; $3.50 up; telephone 1978 Gramercy; references.

LEXINGTON AV., 246, Near 34th St.—Private family, rent clean room, running water; business man.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d St.)—Homelike rooms; also back parlor, bath; breakfast; telephone; references; select.

Country Board

Westchester.

Very attractive room and bath, near water, at New Rochelle; $35 for two; refined, private home. Address W 145 Times.

Long Island.

Couple having few rooms in private cottage desire several gentlemen for Summer; breakfast or board optional; close to bay and ocean; fare 5 cents; reasonable rates. Address Owner, 2,781 East 27th St., Sheepshead Bay, L. I.

Rockaway Park, 46 Second Avenue.—Cool, comfortable connecting rooms, with bath, and balconies overlooking ocean; $125 until October. 'Phone 931 Hammels.

Private family, Whitestone, Long Island, 30 minutes from city; 2 pleasant rooms; pretty and exclusive home; boating, bathing; references. Z 46 Times.

PRIVATE Jewish family, occupying beautiful home, near ocean, would accommodate few very select guests, (adults.) S., P. O. Box, Arverne.

Box 35, East Williston, L. I.—Modern house, large rooms; good table; commuters, $6-$7. F. Quinn, East Williston, L. I.

Bath Beach.—2 or 3 elegantly furnished housekeeping rooms; bathing. Zix, 217 Bay 10th St.

New York State.

PLEASANT VIEW HOUSE, Dover Plains, Dutchess County, N. Y., two hours Grand Central; mountains, fishing, driving; gas; bath; 150-acre farm supplies excellent table; $10 up; circular. Fred Kerker, 520 West 122d, New York. Telephone Morningside 3345.

SYLVAN LAKE COTTAGE, Hopewell Junction, N. Y.—Homelike, cozy farmhouse, where rest and good cooking are supreme; all table products from farm; near lake; rates reasonable.

Absolute rest on Adirondack farm; maple syrup, eggs, thick cream, and buttermilk not a myth; $7; particulars by letter. Mrs. Wamsley, Olmstedville, Essex Co., N. Y.

New Jersey.

MAPLE HILL HOUSE, 200 Central Av., Madison, N. J.; high and healthy; 10 minutes Lackawanna Railroad Station; hour out; commutation, $8.20 monthly; write, call; rates for families and commuters.

A LIMITED NUMBER can be accommodated at "Overlook"; 24 acres; good table supplied from our farm; terms, $8-$12 weekly; references exchanged. Overlook, Morristown, N. J. Telephone 438.

AT BELMAR, with private family, first-class German board; all accommodations; near beach; reasonable. Greenwald, 203 11th Av., Belmar, N. J.

New England.

Hilltop farm. Berkshire. Mass.; rates $10 to $15. References exchanged at 116 East 17th St.

Apartments To Let
FURNISHED

Broadway, 2,731, two minutes from 103d St. Subway, 5 minutes from 104th St. elevated; six all light, unusually pleasant rooms to sublet; all night elevator; respectable, well-kept house; also one apartment of four very desirable rooms; rents of both much reduced.

Cathedral Plaza, 100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th St. and Columbus Av.—One, two, and three rooms, bath, and kitchenette; high-class elevator apartments; elegantly furnished; restaurant in building; monthly, $30 up; open evenings. Telephone 3070 Riverside.

Apartment to sublet by family leaving town for Summer; 7 rooms, handsomely furnished, and bath; all rooms face Riverside Drive and are exceptionally airy and cool; references. For appointment, 'phone 5910 Riverside.

To sublet to October, delightful six-room furnished apartment overlooking the Hudson; every convenience; corner Subway. Call Renting Office or Apt. 45A, 611 West 137th St.

Will take clear and free vacant lots and undeveloped property in any borough and give you good income and big profits on it. Realty Harvest, 176 Times Downtown.

Furnished or unfurnished, for the Summer or longer, Suite 43, The Stanwood, 321 West 55th St., two large rooms, with bathroom and kitchen. Tel. 7211—Columbus.

113TH, 611 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Handsomely furnished, cool apartment; June 20 to October; reduced rate. Apartment 61. Tel. 7144 Morningside.

Parlor floor, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; East 34th St., near Vanderbilt Hotel; private entrance; clean, cool; beautifully furnished. Studio, 1,364 Broadway.

39th, 52 West.—Large suite, two rooms and bath, or three rooms, two baths; electric light; telephone; delightfully cool; $55 up.

W. 72d St.—Seven outside rooms; cool; accessible; fully furnished; bargain till October. Phone Cannon, 3136 Columbus.

Grand Court, 610 West 113th St., near Riverside Drive.—High-class elevator apartments; five, six rooms, beautifully furnished. Supt.

For the Summer, nicely furnished four-room apartment, 99 Claremont Av., Apartment 205; one block from Riverside Drive.

Three-room furnished apartment; kitchenette; pianola; West 111th St., off Broadway; reasonable. Address S. L. Sargeant, 1 Madison Av.

APARTMENT FURNISHED NEW. Subway, "L"; $6.50 weekly; $25 per month. Office, 215 West 145th.

Claremont Av., 99.—Very desirable four rooms; overlooking Hudson; modern, bright, reasonable. Apartment 601.

Riverside Drive, Chesterfield, 98th St., 7 rooms, 2 baths; ideal view; new, artistic furnishings; $125 monthly. Miller.

Quiet, comfortable, attractive six rooms; elevator; $47.50, June-middle September. Snider, 511 West 112th.

80th St., 1,046, Madison Av.—Southerners; high class; two rooms, bath, kitchenette; dainty furnishings.

7 completely furnished rooms; southern exposure; river view. 315 West 97th. Apt. 96.

Apartments To Let
UNFURNISHED

West Side.

Sublet 6-room apartment for balance of lease at sacrifice; Audubon Park Apartments, 156th St. and Broadway; southeast exposure; all open light. Superintendent.

Sublet six-room apartment for balance of lease at half present rent; modern high-class fireproof building. Supt., 39 East 27th St.

Will sublet my apartment, 8 rooms, 2 baths; rent $125, to 1913; will take $100. F. Wilde. Phone 372 Murray Hill.

57th, 332-328 West, (near Broadway.)—Modern elevator apartment, eight large light rooms; very moderate rental.

Room, alcove, and bath, near Riverside; $30 monthly; maid service; gentleman. 302 West 99th St.

46TH ST., 45 WEST.—HANDSOME UNFURNISHED FLOOR; REFERENCE.

153 West 80th.—Seven light, airy rooms; electric lights; $50. Mogs.

East Side.

Cool elevator apartments, 2, 4, and 5 rooms; $25 upward. Tuxedo, 30 East 128th.

Help Wanted

The New York Times does not accept Help Wanted advertisements which do not clearly state the character and conditions of the employment offered. Advertisements calling for purchases of samples or cash deposits are excluded. If employment is on a commission basis advertisements must so state.

The Times endeavors to save applicants seeking employment through its columns the time and expense involved in investigating misleading announcements.

Help Wanted, Female

ASSISTANT wanted in convalescent home; must have knowledge of children and music; salary $20, all found. Z 49 Times.

FIRST-CLASS TRIMMERS wanted. Apply whole week. Sol Schwartz, 29 Division St.

GIRL, general housework; go on ranch for six months; references required; $25 month. Mrs. Thomas Garrett, 101 Bard Av., West New Brighton, Staten Island.

INTELLIGENT WOMEN over 21, with a speaking knowledge of Yiddish or German, for investigation work. Education, R 21 Times.

TRAVELING COMPANION for two ladies; young woman, about 25 years of age; she must be a graduate nurse and a gentlewoman of good appearance, refinement and cultivation. Address Box 372, Mad. Sq. Post Office.

TYPEWRITER.—Intelligent, reliable, for German correspondence and general office work; state experience, recommendations, and salary expected. R. D., 220 Times.

WANTED—Young woman, companion to two children, 12 and 8 years; assist generally; references required; call or address. A. Nelson, 37 Liberty St.

Help Wanted, Male

A FIRST-CLASS SOLICITOR or salesman wanted; salary and commission; a good opening for a permanent position with well-known house. Call 10-12 or 2-4 at 202 East 12th St. Ask for Mr. Maxwell.

COLLEGE STUDENTS.—Men over 25 years of age can earn big vacation pay introducing an educational work, which is a household necessity; traveling expenses, including board and incidentals, guaranteed; liberal commission in addition. Address, giving age and references, M 228 Times Downtown.

ESTABLISHED advertising agency wants man with some experience in rate and order department at once. Reply, stating salary expected. D 168 Times.

INTELLIGENT MEN over 21, with a speaking knowledge of Yiddish or German, for investigation work. Education, R 22 Times.

MEN.—Business solicitors; intelligent; over 25; references; good paying, steady position; chance for advancement. Manager, Room 767, Fifth Avenue Building, corner 23d St.

PROMINENT international banking house requires the services of a first-class bondman with thorough Wall Street experience; would be willing to pay a salary of $5,000 to right man. Please state references and experience to M 208 Times Downtown.

RETIRED MINISTER.—An exceptional opportunity for clergymen who are not engaged, or theological students over 25 years of age, to introduce a high-class educational work, which is a household necessity; living wages and railroad fare guaranteed; liberal commission in addition. Address, giving age and references, M 229 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN WANTED.—A REAL, LIVE SALESMAN, THOROUGHLY ACQUAINTED WITH THE PLATING BUSINESS, (GOLD, SILVER, NICKEL, &C.;) NO OTHER NEED APPLY; ONE WHO COMMANDS TRADE IN THE ABOVE LINE WILL BE GIVEN PREFERENCE; SMALL SALARY TO START UNTIL WORTH IS PROVEN. ADDRESS D 161 TIMES.

SALESMAN wanted to sell best valued Long Island shore front property; every assistance given; liberal commission; expenses advanced. E. D., 1,364 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Experienced spring water salesman wanted. Address 926 Spring, 153 6th Av.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED—Services of a competent man with administrative capacity; experienced in advertising work, who can develop an advertising campaign and construct copy. Address, with references, also state salary desired, W 149 Times.

WANTED—Young man to solicit subscriptions on a high-class weekly financial publication; splendid opportunity for the right party. Box W 99 Times.

WILLING BOY wanted for office work and shipping. G. P., M 211 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 16-18 YEARS, wanted by well-known downtown financial office; must write rapid, legible hand, be well mannered, and reside uptown with parents, convenient to west side Subway preferred; good chance for advancement; state in own handwriting age, residence, experience, if any, and salary expected. Financial, M 209 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 18, of good address and education, as file and mail clerk. M 205 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted
Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

CREDENTIAL EMPLOYMENT CORPORATION, (1904.)—High-grade office, executive, and clerical positions; several immediate openings for the right men. 253 Broadway, (Agency.)

EXPERIENCED female stenographers, typists, bookkeepers, and clerks. Call Credential Employment Corporation, 253 Broadway, (Agency.)

WE AIM TO SUPPLY the individual need of those desiring services of competent stenographers, typists, or office help; we make no charge of any kind. Telephone Employment Department, Royal Typewriter Co., 366 B'way.

Country Board Wanted

Room and board with private family desired June 15 by young man; distance about one hour from city; Rockaway Park if possible, but not necessary; particulars. Douglas, 160 Times.

Couple, five children, 2 maids, commuting distance from New York, wish board in country with private family, July, August. D 159 Times.

Situations Wanted
Male

ADVERTISER.—31; well educated; at present employed as confidential secretary to prominent capitalist at salary of $2,400; seeks opportunity where a first-class business and financial training and experience would prove of commensurate value; unquestionable indorsements. W 155 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up, kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, adjusts, writes up books, $5 monthly up; financial statements, systems; reasonable. Mitchell, 25 East 14th St. Telephone 1807 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systematized, audited, kept part time, $5 up monthly. D 107 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Long, varied experience all lines, desires additional work. P. O. Box 225 Madison Square.

AMERICAN YOUNG MAN desires position as beginner with a conservative bond house. W 113 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, (29,) thoroughly competent; A1 office man; executive ability; ($25.) W 137 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—A capable, experienced business man, German, 26, high-grade executive, expert bookkeeper, manager, correspondent, English, German, French, Italian; smart salesman; conversant with manufacturing, purchasing, foreign exchange, import and export; willing to start at $25; highly recommended present employers. Address Systematizer, 101 Times Downtown.

BOY of 16 wants position in lawyer's office or in a bank. Harold Simmons, 548 9th St., Brooklyn.

BUSINESS MAN requiring aid in sharing burdens and responsibilities can secure college graduate, 25, long, varied experience, an all-around man, one who could eventually take a financial interest if advisable. J. F., 337 East 18th St.

BUTLER.—Thoroughly experienced; 6 years' references from last employer. McDonough, 219 East 120th St.

CHAUFFEUR—GOOD MECHANIC. German; speaks English, French; school graduate; second license; formerly carpenter; understands machines, automobiles thoroughly; $100 worth own tools; does own repairs; able to drive any car; city or country; excellent references; starts for private people entire first month without compensation. W 136 Times.

CHAUFFEUR and wife wish positions; city or country. Dorsey, 46 West 139th St.

Other Situation Wanted Male and Situation Wanted Female advertisements on preceding page.

GERMAN ADMIRAL TOASTS PRESIDENT

Mayor Gaynor Responds by Toasting the Kaiser at the Luncheon on the Moltke.

PRINCE PRAISES AMERICA

Mixes Freely with 2,000 Guests at the Reception, and Is Especially Gallant to Pretty Girls.

Rear Admiral von Rebeur-Paschwitz, commanding the visiting German squadron, was the host of Mayor Gaynor and hundreds of other well-known New Yorkers aboard his flagship, the battle-cruiser Moltke, yesterday afternoon. The occasion was the Admiral's official reception to more than 2,000 invited guests, and the reception was preceded by an official luncheon on board of each of the three visiting warships, the luncheon guests numbering about fifty.

While their officers were meeting big men and explaining to pretty girls the difference between an eleven-inch and a three-inch gun and other details of naval armament, about one-third of the enlisted men were at Coney Island as the guests of the city, taking in the sights, and "hoching" the Kaiser, the President, the Mayor, and everybody connected with the navies of the fatherland and of America.

The guests at the luncheon aboard the Moltke, Stettin and Bremen did not have to listen to any long speeches. On the Moltke the guests were Mayor Gaynor, Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador; Dr. Kurt Ziegler, the acting German Consul General; Cornelius Vanderbilt, ex-Mayor Seth Low, J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., Capt. A. Gleaves, U. S. N.; Capt. Thomas Snowden, U. S. N.; Capt Roger Welles, U S N; Herman Ridder, James Speyer, C Ledyard Blair, President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University, Chancellor E. F. Brown of New York University, Rear Admiral Cameron McR. Winslow, U. S. N.; Brig. Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, U. S. A.; Lieut. Commander K. M. Bennett, U. S. N.; Commander Boyd, the German naval attache in Washington, and Adolph Kuttroff.

There were just two toasts drunk—one to the President of the United States, proposed by Admiral von Rebeur-Paschwitz, and the other to the Kaiser, proposed by Mayor Gaynor.

On the Stettin Commander Krosigk was host to President John Purroy Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen, Gen. Howard Carroll, Erich Hassenfelder, Dr. George F. Kunz, Dr. Otto von Schenck, Edward Adams, Carl von Helmuth, Julius P. Meyer, William Loeb, Jr., Albert Kienlin, Second Secretary of the German Embassy, and Capt. J. A. Hoogewerff of the battleship Kansas.

The guests of Commander Seebohm on the Bremen were Jacob H. Schiff, Theodore Sutro, President of the United German Societies; Paul M. Warburg, Nicholas O. Schmade, Hugo Reisinger, R. A. C. Smith, Herr Kraske, the German Vice Consul General, and Capt. James H. Oliver of the battleship New Hampshire.

All of the ships were elaborately decorated and the ship bands played during the luncheon. As on the Moltke, there were two toasts drunk on the smaller cruisers, one to the President and one to the Kaiser. The menu on each ship was identical and was as follows:

Schwedische Platte gefuellten Oliven
Koeniginsuppe
Rinderzunge garniert
Lachs in Aspik, Sauce Manonaise
Reharuechen
Salat, Kompot
Gefrorenes, Gebaeck
Kaesescangen Kaffee
Sherry, Vermouth
Wermeldinger Citran Koenigsbacher
Deutz and Geldermann Sekt

During the luncheon on the Moltke a cablegram from Emperor William to the President of the German Club was read. The message read:

> June 11, 1912.
>
> From the Imperial Palace, Berlin, to the President of the German Club, care of German Consulate, New York:
>
> To the German Club of New York, which with sincere feeling prepared such a hospitable reception for my ships, my best thanks for its friendly greeting.
>
> WILHELM I. R.

After the luncheon, as he was preparing to leave the Moltke, the reporters cornered Mayor Gaynor on the gun deck and asked him for his official opinion of the city's guests. This is what he said:

"Yes, I have now met all the officers of the German squadron, and also the men. Of course the Admiral is an accomplished gentleman, and a master in his profession. And the same is relatively true of the Captains and the other officers. But the men you want to hear about. They are the finest lot of fellows I ever saw. Every one of them looks as tough as whalebone; yes, as tough as steel. They are simply bone and muscle. And let me tell you that every one of them is a German. They are not made up of different nationalities. Every one of them is a German imbued with the pride of fighting for his country if necessary. That is what tells in the long run."

The official reception on board the Moltke began at 2:45 o'clock, and from then until 6 P. M., all the German launches, reinforced by a fleet of a dozen more from the American battleships, were kept busy taking the guests to and from the flagship. Lieut. Commander Sellers, U. S. N., who is the American aid detailed to Admiral von Rebeur-Paschwitz's staff while the squadron is in American waters, stood at the head of the gangway and welcomed the guests.

The arrangements for the entertainment of the crowd could not have been better. The afterdeck was completely closed in with awnings and around the hand rails ferns and potted flowers in great profusion were displayed, while the entwined colors of Germany and the United States were everywhere in evidence.

The German officers mixed with the guests, explaining everything about the Kaiser's great battle cruiser. German sailors, dressed in costume, sang German folk songs and danced German dances, while the athletes of the crew wrestled, did hair-raising stunts on the horizontal bars, and, finally, with the big gunners and seamen as a foundation, twenty of the Moltke's agile young men set everybody to cheering, when in less time than it takes to tell it they piled up on one another's shoulders into an almost perfect human pyramid.

Admiral von Rebeur-Paschwitz was all about his ship, meeting everybody and seeing to it that no one missed the opportunity of inspecting the Moltke. Young sailors, carrying big trays on which were piled souvenirs, circulated among the guests, disposing of little life rings, in the centres of which were photographs of the Moltke steaming at a speed of twenty-nine knots; little bonbon boxes with boatswain's whistles in them in addition to a piece of candy, and souvenir post cards of the Moltke printed on the finest of transparent papers. Other sailors carried bigger trays laden with the choicest of German wines, cakes, and confections.

The girls perhaps had a better time than anybody else. The junior officers from the American as well as the German ships looked after them. Among the Germans Prince Henry XXXVI. of Reuss was always the centre of a lively crowd. He was busy all afternoon pinning Moltke ribbon on the women, and in excellent English telling them what a fine country America seemed to be. The only reason he had not seen more of the country, he explained, was because he had been on duty as officer of the deck so much of the time since the arrival of the squadron. He found our women particularly charming he found time to say to a visitor of the male sex.

Those at the reception included all of the luncheon guests, and among the many others Mrs. James Speyer, Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Walter L. McCorkle, Mrs. Alice McC. Dunlop of Lexington, Va.; Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, commanding the National Guard of New York; Col. A. F. Townsend, Chief Engineer and Mrs. F. R. Harris, U. S. N.; Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Havey, Louis Windmuller, Judge Morgan J. O'Brien and the Misses O'Brien, John D. Crimmins and the Misses Crimmins, Dr. and Mrs. Louis L. Seaman, Gen. James Grant Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Watjen, Mr. and Mrs. Willard Taylor, and Chief City Magistrate and Mrs. William McAdoo.

During the reception much excitement was caused by the ramming of the Moltke by a crowded shore launch. This craft, having on board about twenty-five people, none of whom had Moltke invitations, was on a sightseeing trip around the ship when her engine got out of order and left the boat at the mercy of the tide, which was ebbing swiftly. The boat was swept head on into the armored side of the Moltke and immediately she began to take in water. The women on board screamed and the men yelled for help.

One of the German officers who witnessed the mishap megaphoned to one of the Moltke launches to steam to the rescue. The Moltke launch steamed alongside the disabled boat and the passengers were taken off, after which the launch took the disabled boat in tow and speeded with her to the boat landing at the foot of Eightieth Street.

The programme arranged for the visitors to-day is as follows:

At 9:30 A. M. the German Admiral and officers to the number of thirty, and the American Admiral and invited officers, will go aboard Commodore C. Ledyard Blair's private yacht Diana at Eighty-first Street for a trip to Scarborough-on-the-Hudson, where they will be privately entertained by Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer at their country place. Returning, they will have supper on board the Diana, and reach their ships at 7 P. M.

At 7:45 P. M. the German Admiral and about forty officers and the American Admiral and about forty officers will land at West Eightieth Street and be taken in automobiles to the Hotel Astor, where they will be entertained at a Kommers, beginning at 8 o'clock, and given by the Deutschen Vereinigungen of the City of New York.

The Kommers to-night will end the round of entertainments arranged for the visitors. To-morrow morning the Moltke and Stettin sail for Germany. The Bremen will sail for the West Indies. The American battleships will leave for Hampton Roads, and the torpedo boat destroyers for Newport to-morrow afternoon.

GERMANS DINE AT YACHT CLUB.

Guests There at Dinner Given in Their Honor by Cornelius Vanderbilt.

The Admirals commanding and the officers of the German and American warships were the guests of Cornelius Vanderbilt at a dinner at the New York Yacht Club last night. The dinner was private, and was followed by a reception and supper at 11 o'clock, at which the visiting officers were introduced to the members of the club.

Those at the dinner were Rear Admirals von Rebeur-Paschwitz and Cameron McR. Winslow, Mayor Gaynor, Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador; Jacob H. Schiff, C. Ledyard Blair, August Belmont, Capt. Thomas Snowden of the dreadnought South Carolina, Capt. Roger Welles of the Louisiana, Capt. James H. Oliver of the New Hampshire, Capt. J. A. Hoogewerff of the Kansas, Capt. Ritter von Mann of the Moltke, Commander Seebohm of the Bremen, Commander von Krosigk of the Stettin, G. A. Cormack, Lieut. Rufus S. Zogbaum, U. S. N.; Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, N. G. N. Y.; Herman Ridder, Prince Christian of Hesse-Philippsthal-Barchfeld, Commander the Baron Senarcens-Grancy, Commander Boy-Ed, the German Naval Attaché in Washington; Prince Henry XXXVII. of Reuss, Lieut. See Reinicke, Flag Officer Commander Prentzel, Lieut. Kirchner, Lieut. Dums, Capt. Albert Gleaves, U. S. N.; Commodore A. C. James, Commodore Frederick G. Bourne, Commodore Wilson Marshall, Lieut. Commander D. F. Sellers, U. S. N., and Lieuts. See Hansen, Wahn, and Gerth.

WAITERS FAIL AGAIN TO SPOIL FLEET VISIT

Union Decides Not to Call Men from Dinner to Sailors at Coney Island.

MAYOR CENSURES LEADERS

Police Will Not Act Unlawfully, Though He Condemns Attempt to Break Up His Dinner.

The striking waiters met another setback last night in their fight to gain recognition for the International Hotel Workers' Union. The second attempt to interfere with the entertainment of guests from the German fleet fell through when they failed last night to call out waiters at the Kaiser Garten, Surf Avenue and Twentieth Street, Coney Island, where several hundred German sailors were entertained. The Master Butchers' Association had their annual dinner at the Kaiser Garten, and 325 waiters were employed. Not a waiter walked out, although the strike leaders promised yesterday to make trouble at this place.

The German officers were the guests last night of the New York Yacht Club, at 37 West Forty-fourth Street, which is only half a block away from the headquarters of the strikers, at Forty-fourth Street and Sixth Avenue. No demonstration was attempted. Strike headquarters was almost deserted.

Mayor Gaynor wrote to Secretary Blochlinger of the Waiters' Union yesterday condemning the attempt to interfere with the dinner to the German officers on Monday night. Here is the Mayor's letter:

> Office of the Mayor, June 11, 1912.
>
> Dear Sir: Your letter of June 11 complaining of the police is at hand. I shall investigate the matter very carefully. Your rights must not be interfered with. The police are not permitted to take sides in the case of a strike. They simply preserve the public peace. I am informed that the arrests were made for breaches of the peace. The Mayor was giving a dinner to the officers of the German squadron, which came here by invitation of the Mayor. You, Sir, and a couple of your associates, who profess to be leaders of the strike, did all you could for several days to break up that dinner by preventing waiters from serving it. That was not the work of honorable men, but of mean, low men. The Mayor had every right to expect, in all decency, that the Hotel Workers' Union would come forward and offer the Mayor waiters enough to serve the dinner, in place of permitting their so-called leaders to try to prevent it. I do not believe that you are the leaders of the men at all. You are the misleaders. I think the members of your organization are too honorable to try to do such a dishonorable thing. The men of the union should stand up for their own interests and rights, but they should scorn to do a mean thing, such as you, Sir, tried your best to do. Such meanness is certain to defeat even a just cause. Notwithstanding your meanness to the Mayor, and through him to the whole city, he will see that the police do not treat you or any of you unlawfully. Very truly yours,
>
> W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.
>
> E. Blochlinger, Esq., Secretary International Hotel Workers' Union.

The Commercial Travelers' National League made public last night a letter appealing for sympathy for the striking waiters and suggesting that hotel proprietors would find the present time opportune for doing away with the tipping system and paying decent wages to their help.

Strike leader Joseph Elster said yesterday that the organization would have recourse to the courts to obtain redress for the wholesale arrests of the strikers who took part in the demonstration at the Waldorf-Astoria Monday night. Damage suits of $10,000 each will be brought against the police, he said, for every waiter arrested.

Forty-eight of the men arrested for rioting at the Waldorf were fined a dollar each and released by Magistrate Corrigan yesterday morning. John Caros, one of the strikers, who was accused of urging others to make a raid on the hotel, was held under bail for examination to-day.

Threats of another demonstration tonight at the Hotel Astor, where a kommers is to be held in honor of guests from the German fleet, led the Hotel Association to arrange to supply head waiters from the other hotels to the Astor.

Evening Courses at Magazine School.

The announcement in THE TIMES of the new department of magazine writing and editing at the New York University has caused many inquiries to be made regarding the evening courses in the school. The demand for these night classes has led the Faculty to extend all of the courses into evening sessions. Students who attend day classes will be able to complete the courses in two years. The evening courses will enable a student to finish in three years. Special students will be allowed to take one or more of the individual courses.

WOMEN TEACHERS TO WED.

Four of Them Will Honeymoon Through the Summer Vacation.

Four school teachers who propose to spend the Summer vacation on honeymoon trips obtained marriage licenses from Deputy City Clerk George Frenz in Long Island City yesterday. One after another they slipped into the Clerk's office, made known their mission, and tried to pledge everybody in the place to secrecy. They were:

Miss Ethalinda Fowler McGarrah, 28 years old, of 73 Harriman Avenue, Jamaica, and a teacher in the Brenton Avenue public school in that place. She is to wed Herbert Rigney Gibbs, 28 years old, a salesman, also of 73 Harriman Avenue, Jamaica.

Miss Hazel Stanton Webb, 21 years old, of 285 Myrtle Avenue, Flushing, and a teacher in the public schools of that place. She is to wed Dr. C. Peer Harrison of 99 Locust Street, Flushing.

Miss Anna May Rued, 25 years old, of 288 Forest Avenue, Ridgewood, and a teacher in the public schools of that section. She is to wed Joseph Philip Coelin, 22 years old, an engraver, of 414 Harmon Street, Brooklyn.

Miss Bessie Andrews Beers, 25 years old, of 35 Clinton Place, Jamaica, and a teacher in the schools in that place. She is to wed Edward Remsen Carman, 27 years old, a lawyer of 32 Ackroyd Street, Jamaica.

It is understood that the four young women named will continue at their duties as teachers until the end of the present term. Whether they will answer the roll call at the opening of the Fall term in September is not known.

SHE SIGHTS SHIPS NO MORE.

Mrs. Adamson Loses Her Post as Providence Quarantine Sentinel.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 11.—The transfer of the Quarantine Department from municipal to Federal authority has abolished the position of quarantine sentinel as a municipal office, and in consequence the services of Mrs. Julia A. Adamson, who has filled the office for a quarter of a century, have been discontinued. Mrs. Adamson performed a similar duty for the Custom House and the Marine Hospital.

From her home at the harbor entrance Mrs. Adamson was able with her glass to sight vessels entering the harbor, and owing to her familiarity with craft frequenting the port, reported to the proper authorities their approach long before the vessels anchored. From the flagstaff in her yard the yellow quarantine flag had floated beneath the United States flag many hundred times, and its location long since became established in maritime circles.

It is believed that some arrangement will be made by Dr. R. H. Creel, the Government officer, who assumed charge of the quarantine service here to-day, to provide for Mrs. Adamson.

SPECTACULAR CHEMICAL FIRE

Explosions and Brilliant Blaze Draw Throngs to Zinsser Works.

HASTINGS, N. Y., June 11.—Hundreds of residents of the surrounding country, many of them in automobiles and carriages, came here late last night to view a fire in the Zinsser Chemical Works. The fire burned fiercely, and there were many explosions of alcohol which could be heard five miles away.

One big tank containing 30,000 gallons of oil blew up about 4 o'clock this morning, and the shock of the explosion was felt in Yonkers. Panes of glass in houses as far as a mile away were shattered. The cover of one oil tank, some 12 feet in diameter, fell a quarter of a mile from the blaze.

Wooden barrels filled with alcohol were tossed into the air by various explosions, there to burst into big balls of flame as they exploded while high above the ground. Traffic on the New York Central Railroad was held up for several hours, the heat of the fire twisting the electric wires and poles so that the power had to be cut off. How the fire started is not known. It did some $60,000 damage.

MARKOE NUPTIALS IN OXFORD

New Yorker to Marry Miss York-Powell on July 6.

The wedding of Miss Mariella York-Powell, daughter of the late Prof. Frederick York-Powell of Oxford, England, to Francis Hartman Markoe of this city, will take place on July 6 in Oxford. Afterward there will be a reception in the hall and quadrangle of All Souls' College.

Mr. Markoe is the son of Mrs. Francis H. Markoe of 15 East Forty-ninth Street and is a graduate of Yale, Class of '06.

The couple's engagement was announced on May 6 in THE TIMES.

CHESTER AN
ARROW Notch COLLAR
Meets close in front and stays so 15¢ 2 for 25¢
Cluett, Peabody & Co., Troy, N. Y.

Wallach Bros.
Third Ave., cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings)
Broadway, cor. 29th St. (The New Store)
246-248 W. 125th St. (Open Evenings)
The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes.
The House That Value Built
OUR business is built on a foundation of value giving, which is the reason for this advertisement—Wallach values have made us grow—Wallach values made necessary the new store at Broadway, cor. 29th St.
We want you to see this store from the inside. There are lots of things in it that will interest you, chiefest among them our splendid Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes. Not room enough here to talk about them at length. But we have some made from a delightfully cool new fabric we call "Summer Ease" that are really worth seeing. They are light, cool, full of style and best of all they FIT. Prices are very modest, $18 $20, $22.50 and $25. Come to-day and see them.

Don't Lose This Opportunity to Save $17.50 on a $40 Coat and Trousers
We have never before been able to offer such values.
A lucky buy made last week's sale possible.
Another lucky buy enables us to add to the serges that are left, a lot of fine Imported English Cheviots and Fancy Mixtures.
Not a piece in the lot that we would hesitate to put right into our $40 line—goods for which other high-class tailors would ask $50 to $60. If this seems like an exaggeration, come in and look at the material—take a sample with you and compare it with what others show.
Made to your measure—not altered to fit. Blue, gray and black Serges, light colored Cheviots and Fancy Mixtures—Coat and trousers.
Silk Lined $22.50
Absolute satisfaction guaranteed.
Arnheim
Broadway and 9th Street
The Largest Tailoring Establishment in the World

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
$3.00 $3.50 & $4.00
Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.00 & $2.50 Shoes. Best in the World
W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. WHY?
BECAUSE he protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes, by stamping his name and price on the bottom and guaranteeing their value.
BECAUSE for style, fit and wear they are superior to ordinary makes of shoes. Don't take a substitute for W. L. Douglas shoes.
If your dealer cannot supply W. L. Douglas shoes, write W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass., for catalog. Shoes sent everywhere delivery charges prepaid.
Call at W. L. Douglas Stores in New York:
93 Nassau St.; 755 Broadway, cor. 8th St.; 853 Broadway, cor. 14th St. (Union Sq.); 1349 Broadway, cor. 36th Street; 1495 Broadway (Times Square); 984 Third Ave.; 1452 Third Ave.; 2202 Third Ave., cor. 120th St.; 2779 Third Ave., bet. 146th and 147th Sts.; 345 Eighth Avenue; 663 Eighth Ave.; 250 W. 125th St.—BROOKLYN 421 Fulton St., cor. Pearl St.; 708-710 Broadway, cor. Thornton St.; 1007 Broadway; 1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Ave.; 478 Fifth Ave., cor. 11th St.; 1779 Pitkin Avenue. NEWARK—831 Broad Street. JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.

BUY
TRADE E&W MARK
or
RED-MAN
Collars
They outwear the ordinary collar.
EARL & WILSON
Teakwood—2 for 25 cents.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
Headquarters for Panamas
We import them direct from South America.
Middleman's Profits Saved.
PANAMAS, $3.90; Elsewhere, $6.00
BANKOKS, $3.90; Elsewhere, $5.00
Every new style.
Other Panamas, $4.80, $5.80, $6.80
Worth $10.00 to $15.00.
Bankoks up to $5.80
Sennit Flat Brim, $1.25, $1.49, $1.90
With Cable Edge and Double Brim
Soft Milans, $1.49, $1.90 & $2.40
With the Smart Pencil Curl
You Save About $1.00 Per Hat

The Yorke Shirt Shop
SHIRT CERTAINTY.
Certainty of fit,
Certainty of service,
Certainty of best values,
and
Certainty of style.
Direct from Maker to Wearer.
$1.50 to $8.50.
All sizes, all sleeve lengths.
If our shirts fade, don't blame the laundry, blame us.
THE YORKE SHIRT SHOP,
1272 Broadway,
Bet. 32d and 33d Streets,
New York.
Factories, Glens Falls, N. Y.
Wholesale Salesroom, 29 Union Square, N. Y.

First Excursion of the "Cool Club"
Today we visit the German Fleet.
Ho, for the Moltke.
Gathering of the *Clans of Good Taste* all day long on Riverside Drive.
Members will display the *Smith Gray & Co.* Badge on the pocket lining of their *new Cool Summer Suit* upon arrival at the pier.
Reception throughout the day.
Overflow meetings in all of our four busy stores in connection with *initiation* ceremonies in progress from 8 to 6.
Initiation *guaranteed* to be the *most delightful* and *satisfying* sensation you will experience this season.
The initiation *fee* is *22.50*.
Bring it with you *early*—name the *fabric* and *color* that is to be your *happy choice*—then sneak up in your *cool* new suit and join the excursionists at the river.
You'll find yourself numbered among the *best dressed* men in New York.
Their garments selected from three hundred *exclusive* and *handsome* fabrics—lots of English stuff—each one cool—oh, so *cool!*
Town and country styles.
Business models.
Full or half skeleton lined—with or without a vest.
The heighth of style.
Remember the amount—22.50.
Let your slogan be—"Join the Cool Club."
Smith Gray & Co.
Home of Bates Street Shirts for Well Dressed Men.
Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Ave. Broadway at Bedford Ave.
Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES
New Amsterdam 42d St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:10 Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:10.
The DE KOVEN OPERA COMPANY in THE NATION'S LIGHT OPERA.
Robin Hood
GREAT CAST OF GRAND OPERA STARS.
ZIEGFELD MOULIN ROUGE FORMERLY N.Y. THEATRE—SMOKING.
MATINEE TO-DAY 400 SEATS $1.00.
"A WINSOME WIDOW"
75—WONDERFUL CHORUS—75
GAIETY Broadway and 46th. Eve. 8:30. Matinees To-day & Sat. 2:30.
Another Cohan & Harris Success. "BIG IN MYSTERY."
OFFICER 666
With George Nash & Wallace Eddinger
LYCEUM 45th St. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tues., Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. 25c. to $1.00.
PAUL J. RAINEY'S AFRICAN HUNT
GLOBE B'way & 46th. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. To-day (Pop. Prices) & Sat. 2:15.
Rose Souvenir Mat. To-day. POP. PRICES.
THE ROSE MAID Bouquet for Every Lady. West Point Night To-night.

IT'S OPEN
MADISON SQ. ROOF GARDEN.
OPEN-AIR DANCING
25c.—NO HIGHER—50c.

F. F. PROCTOR'S THEATRES
5th AVE. B'way, 28th St. Mat. 25c. Ev. 25c-$1. Maclyn Arbuckle & Co., Vanderbilt & Moore, Morton & Moore, and others.
23RD STR. nr. 6th Av. 58TH ST. & 3d Av. 125TH ST. Lex. Av. 3 SOLID HOURS OF EXCELLENT VAUDEVILLE INTERSPERSED with Latest PHOTO PLAYS. 4 Times Daily, 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Change of Bill Mon. & Thurs. Aft. 5, 10, 15; Evs. 10 to 25. Come any time.
B. F. KEITH'S UNION SQ. Theatre, B'way & 14 St. Tel. 1926 Stuy. Aft. 2:15. Evs. 8:15. Back to the Old Policy of High-Class Vaudeville. SAM CHIP & MARY MARBLE, BONITA & Lew Hearn, Bert Fitzgibbon, Chas. Ahearn Troupe, Burnham & Greenwood, and 5 Big Acts.
COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. EVA TANGUAY and 9 other feature acts.
ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. MABEL HITE & her Clowns. and 9 other feature acts.
Columbia B'way & 47th. Evs. & Sat. Mat. 25c-$1. Burlesque THE MERRY GO-ROUNDERS. Smoking Matinee To-day 15c. 25c. & 50c.
WEST END MATINEE DAILY 10, 20, 30c Corse Payton Stock Co. in "THE LILY"
HAMMERSTEIN'S ROOF & REAL ICE CARNIVAL. 17 BIG ACTS & Daily Mats. in Theatre, 25 & 50c.
EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. 55 West 23d St. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. KING OF DENMARK Lying in State.
Academy of Music. Mat. Daily. Pop. Prices THE TYPHOON.
LUNA New Electric City by the Sea
NEW—4TH ANNIVERSARY—12-ACTS-12 Brighton Brighton Beach Ralph Herz, Wish Wynne, Willa Holt Wakefield, Conroy & Lemaire, Bowers, Walter & Crooker, Cross & Josephine, and 6 other stars.
Steeplechase Fun CONEY'S HIGH-CLASS AMUSEMENT PLACE
PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK Opposite W. 130th St. Airship Ascensions Daily. Fireworks Thursday.
YALE vs. PRINCETON BASEBALL
Ticket Office, Astor House, (Downtown.) Telephones 4407-3100 Cortlandt.

WINTER GARDEN
B'way & 50th St. Tel. 411 Columbus.
MAT. TO-MORROW 50c, 75c & Best Seats $1.00.
New Summer Edition of WHIRL OF SOCIETY
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evgs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day 2:15.
3 Weeks More—Star Revival of THE PIRATES OF PENZANCE
PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of Broadway. Evs. 8:10. Mat. To-day 2:10.
BOUGHT AND PAID FOR
Thursday Matinees Suspended for Summer.
LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day 2:15.
JAS. T. POWERS LAST WEEK "TWO LITTLE BRIDES."
39TH ST. Thea., 39th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day 2:15.
Last 2 Weeks A BUTTERFLY ON THE WHEEL
William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-m'w 2:15.
BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS
BROADWAY Thea. Mon. Night, June 17, Actors' Fund Benefit—Seats Now on Sale.
SOTHERN AND MARLOWE
On which occasion they will present
TAMING OF THE SHREW
Prices 50c., 75c., $1 and $1.50.
Manhattan Opera House. MANHATTAN STOCK CO. 34th & 8th Ave. Matinee Daily.
THE LION AND THE MOUSE 10c, 20c, 30c

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.
ORPHEUM BROOKLYN. Mats. Daily, 25c. Valeska Suratt & Co., Nat M. Wills, Valerie Bergere & Co., La Titcomb, 6 American Dancers, others.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

That Friday Night Dinner
Menu of Hungarian Specialties, with excellent wine at - - $1
Each evening our famous Hungarian orchestra and singers. Also special cabaret entertainment from ten o'clock.
OPEN AIR BALCONY.
CAFÉ BOULEVARD
Tenth Street and Second Ave.
Telephone 4040 Orchard

Boston
HOTEL VENDOME
Commonwealth Ave.
Distinguished for its clientele, appointments and location. Attractive for permanent and transient guests, and most convenient for automobile parties.
C. H. GREENLEAF & CO.

A. J. PURSSELL'S LUNCH COUNTER & RESTAURANT IS NOW OPEN AT BROADWAY AND 21ST ST.
STADT KELLER Broadway and Chambers St.